1. 
$$\frac{1}{1-i} = \frac{1+i}{2} = \frac{1}{2} \cdot \frac{1}{2}i$$
;  $Rez = \frac{1}{2}$ ,  $Imz = \frac{1}{2}$ 

2.  $(\frac{1-i}{1+i})^3 = (\frac{(1-i)^3}{2})^3 = (-i)^3 = i$ ;  $Rez = 0$ ,  $Imz = 1$ 

3.  $(\frac{1}{2} - i \frac{13}{2})^3 = (\frac{1}{2} - i)^3 = e^{5\pi i}$ 
 $Rez = -1$ ,  $Imz = 0$ 

4.  $(\frac{i5+2}{i^{15}+1})^2 = (\frac{2+i}{1-i})^2 = (\frac{(2+i)(1+i)}{2})^2 = (\frac{1+3i}{2})^2 = \frac{-8+6i}{2} = -2 + \frac{3}{2}i$ ;  $Rez = -2$ ,  $Imz = \frac{3}{2}$ 

5.  $(1+i)^5 = (1+i)^3 = (1+i)^3 = (\frac{12}{2} - 2)^3 = \frac{24e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}s}}{2^3} = \frac{24e^{i\frac{\pi}{4}s}}$ 

$$(1.06)$$

1.  $z = i = e^{\frac{\pi}{2}i}$ ,  $|z| = 1$ ,  $arg^{z} = \frac{\pi}{2}$ 

2. 
$$Z=-3=3e^{+\pi i}$$
;  $|Z|=3$ ,  $argZ=\pi$ 

3. 
$$1+i^{123}=Z=1+i^{120}i^2.i=1-i=$$

$$= \sqrt{2}(\frac{2}{2}-i\frac{2}{2})=\sqrt{2}e^{\frac{2\pi}{4}i}, |Z|=\sqrt{2}, \text{ ang } Z=\frac{7\pi}{4}$$

$$4. -\frac{1}{2} + i \frac{13}{2} = 8^{\frac{37}{4}}; |7| = 1, \text{ cwys} = \frac{27}{3}$$

5. 
$$\frac{1-i}{1+i} = \frac{(1-i)^2}{2} = -i = e^{\frac{3\pi}{2}i}$$
;  $|2| = 1$ ,  $avg = \frac{3\pi}{2}$ 

G. 
$$-\cos\frac{\pi}{7} + i\sin\frac{\pi}{7} = \cos[\pi - \frac{\pi}{7}] + i\sin(\pi - \frac{\pi}{7}) =$$

$$= \cos\frac{6\pi}{7} + i\sin\frac{6\pi}{7} = e^{\frac{6\pi}{7}} |Z| = 1, \ \text{cwg} = \frac{6\pi}{7}$$

7. 
$$(44831)^{2} = (88649(4))^{2} = 12861(8049(4)) =$$

$$= 825161(8) = (58649(4))^{2} = 1286(6)(4)(4) =$$

$$= (-4+3i)^{3} = (58640(4))^{3} = 1286(6)(4)(4) =$$

$$= 1286(137 + 34049(4))^{3} = 1286(1-7) + 360449(4) =$$

$$= 1286(1-7) + 36449(4) = 1286(1-7) + 364449(4) =$$

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(1.21 (1,4,5)) I. Tpasp. pemerne Barremun, 2mo 17-11+12+11=4 anavorurum yanobuno (AOI + 1013 | = 4  $\Rightarrow$  Nama observe unem fug  $\Rightarrow$  Nama observe  $\frac{3c^2}{a^2} + \frac{y^2}{8^2} = 1$ . Nama observe  $\Rightarrow$  Nama observe de n Bs nie Lborbonner. С осью Оу эмшис пер. в тогках (0,2) и (0,-2) C ocho Ox shunc nep. 6 vormer (13,0) 4 (-13,0),
Tho monomo nonsmu nonsmu uz puc. 1401=2=1801 by avaion 4.1. They public segp + Taxme gui -13. > Uz am. -reum. a² = 3 u b² = 4 Buy Trus  $\frac{3}{3} + \frac{y^2}{4} = 1$ .  $\sqrt{2}$ .  $\sqrt{2}$   $\sqrt{2}$ 4. 11+2/<11-2/ (=> (x3+1)2+y2 < ((1-x)2+y2)

Pacenoques 11+2/=11-2/ us nor margine => (x+1)2+y2< (1-x)2+y2 xs +5x +1 + Ast 1-5x + 2cs + As A A >> x < 0 Ombem: Toughiockocmo cieba or by Therpureau un nougheren pass yarobue, umo Hair nignente republit, emanistre ner paccim. of the xoren (1,0) u (-1,0) na perturn paccim, T. e. yourself colon c 20 mutual who e oy.

5.  $0 < ang \frac{i-z}{z+i} < \frac{\pi}{z}$   $o < ang \left(-\frac{z-i}{z+i}\right) < \frac{\pi}{z}$ Tpapureauxe peulenne. Hac unt your y=d-13. (T.r. npu gerenning aprizhenmin bar.) /B as unmerecynolisal new o Siereme - moughpyr c usensport & tome (0,0) Kpone stow Ham negythings gernen uponogume reper somme si u-i=> => paginge nongryngrig perben egunnige: Mac unm. melas newbung nelympiges c yempen 8 somme (870) Z=3 4 r=1. Ancumurecnoe pernenne: or any i-z = 1 ( -x + i(1-y) = i = x + i(1+y) => 1 < -x2+ix(1-y)+i(1+y)x+1-y2 x i=> => 1< - x2+(12y)2 +1 x2+(0+y)2 =1  $-\frac{\chi^{2}-y^{2}+1}{8\chi^{2}+11+y^{2}}=0 \Rightarrow \chi^{2}+y^{2}+1$ 2.  $\frac{23c}{3!} = 0 = 3 \times = 0$ Orchya orche, umo nue unm. odd. 2x>0 = Siongrypp, conditionerment

J. 
$$\sum_{n} \sin n\alpha = \operatorname{Im} (\sum_{n} e^{in\theta}) = \operatorname{Im} / e^{ii\theta} \frac{e^{in\theta} - 1}{e^{i\alpha} - 1}$$

$$e^{i\theta} - 1 = e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}} (e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}} - e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{2}}) = e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}} (e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{2}} - e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{2}}) = e^{i\frac{2\pi}{2}} (e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{2}} - e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{2}}) = e^{-i\frac{2\pi}{2}} (e^{-i\frac{2\pi$$

(1.52) 1. cnocod

1. 
$$\sum_{n}^{\infty} \cos(2n-1)\theta = Re \left[\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} e^{i(2n-1)\theta}\right] =$$

$$= Re \left[e^{i\theta} \left[\sum_{i=1}^{\infty} e^{i2\theta} + e^{i4\theta}\right] =$$

$$= Re \left[e$$

2. cm co5.

ws 8+ ws 38+ -- + ws (2n-1)0=

= 2 sin & cos 2 + 2 sin & sos 3 & + - - + 2 sin & cos (2 m - 1) & =

= sin29 + (sin40 - sin20) + (sin60 - sin40) + ... sin2no

 $= \frac{\sin 2n9}{2\sin 9} \quad 7.m.5$ 

2.  $\sum_{n} (-1)^{n+1} \sin(2n-1) \mathcal{I} = \lim_{n} \left[ \sum_{i=1}^{n} (-1)^{n+i} e^{i(2n-1)n} \right] =$   $= \lim_{n} \left[ e^{i0} \Big|_{1-e^{i20} + e^{i40} + \dots} \right] = \lim_{n} \left[ e^{i0} \frac{(-e^{i20})^{n} - 1}{-e^{i20} - 1} \right] =$   $= \lim_{n} \left[ e^{i0} \frac{(-1)^{n+i} e^{i20n}}{2 \cos \theta e^{i0}} \right] = \lim_{n} \left[ e^{i0} \frac{(-e^{i20})^{n} - 1}{-e^{i20} - 1} \right] =$ 

 $= \frac{1}{2\cos\theta} \operatorname{Im} \left[ (-1)^{n+1} (\cos 2\theta n + i \cos \sin 2\theta n) + 1 \right] =$ 

 $= \frac{(-1)^{n+1}}{2\cos\theta} \sin 2\theta n = (-1)^{n+1} \frac{\sin 2\theta n}{2\cos\theta}$  7. m.G

(8.51) 1. H=Ref=x3+6x2y-3xy2-zy3, f(0)=0 = 3x2+15xy-3y2 = 3y >> =>V= 3502 y +6xy2-y3+((x)  $\frac{\partial V}{\partial y} = 6xy + 6y^2 + C'(x) = \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} = -6x^2 + 6y^2 + 6y^2$  $\Rightarrow ('(x) = -6x^2 \Rightarrow C(x) = -2x^3$ Tonga: N=3x2y+6xy2-y3-2x3+C f(0)=0 => C=0 6 named alyrane. T = x3+6x2y-3xy2-2y3+ i(3x2y+6xy2-y3-2x3)=  $= 36^{3} + i3x^{2}y - 3xy^{2} - i3y^{3} + 6x^{2}y - 2y^{3} + 6xy^{2}i - 2x^{3}i =$ =  $(x + iy)^3 - 2i(x^3 + i3x^2y - 3xy^2 - iy^3) =$ =  $(x+iy)^3 - zi(x+iy)^3 = (1-zi)Z^3$ = (1-2i) = 3

2. U = ex(xwsy-ysiny), f(0)=0 Du = (x wsy - ysinylex + ex cxy = oy > >> V= exsiny + ex (-y siny) dy + exsiny & C(x)= = e\*xsiny = ex (ywsy - siny) + exsiny = C(x) = = (sesing + y cosy) ex + ((x) Doc = (x siny + ywsyle + e siny + c'isc) =  $= -\frac{\partial y}{\partial y} = e^{x}(x \sin y + \sin y + y \cos y)$  $\Rightarrow$   $C'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow C(\infty) = 0$ D= (xsiny+ycosy) ex+C T.K. f(0), to B name ucyrae C=0 = f= ex[(xcosy-ysiny) + i(xsiny+ywsy)] = ex[xwsy+isiny.x+i/ywsy+iysiny]= = ex[x eig + i y eig] = (x + iy) ex + ig = Z ez

If 
$$I = (x^2 + y^2) e^x$$

$$f = If I e^{i a w y^2}$$

en  $If I = e m [x^2 + y^2] e^x ] = e m (x^2 + y^2) + x$ 

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = \frac{2x}{x^2 + y^2} + 1 = \frac{\partial y}{\partial y} \Rightarrow$$

$$V = 2 \frac{x}{x^2} = a w d y d + y + C (x)$$

$$\frac{\partial y}{\partial x} = 2 \frac{1}{1 + (\frac{y^2}{x^2})} \left( -\frac{y}{x^2} \right) + C'(x) =$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2} + C'(x) =$$

$$= -\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2} + C'(x) = 0 \Rightarrow C = const$$

$$V = 2 \operatorname{ancty}(\sqrt[3]{x}) + y + c = 0$$

$$e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}} = e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}} + c = e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}} = e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}} + c = e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}} = e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}} + c = e^{-\frac{2y}{x^2$$

9.16) C. Zeit+1, Oste1; w=Z2 Hanger gung mulou, sagamon nemeromeran kan x=1-t2, y=2t: 1. w= (i+1)2 = (1-t2) + izt l= [(x'+12+(y'+)2) dt = [(-2t)2+22) dt = = 2 / [1+t2 dt Nangur I= JII+t2 dt:  $\hat{I} = \begin{cases} t = tg.9 & = \\ dt = sec^{3}9d9 & = \end{cases}$  Sec<sup>3</sup>9d9 = du = 450 seco = N = 499 = \$ sec 0499 - [4g' sec 0 69] = = \$[ sec 2 + 99 - | sec 3 + | sec 9 d 9 | => D I = €[sestg9 - I + [sesd9] =] = = [secstg9 + + [sec 988] = = [sec 0 + g + ] + fg 9 sec 9 + sec 0 d 9] = = \frac{1}{2} [sec 94y9 + \int \frac{d(4y9 + sec 9)}{4y9 + sec 9}] = \frac{1}{2} [sec 94y9 + cn | 4y9 + sec 9] = \frac{1}{2} [sec 9 = 1 + \frac{1}{2}] = \frac{1}{2} [ = = 1 [t[1+t2 + ln | [1+t2 + t]] Torga: C=2 St+t2dt=2.1[ts++2]+en Vi++2+t] == = 12 + ln(12+1)