

```
# Chaitanya Mangla AI - DS B1
# Car insurance Claim Prediction
# Predict whether a customer will make an insurance claim next year 9 feature: Age, car age, annual premium, region, previous claimset
```

[136]

✓ 0.0s

Python

```
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

[137]

✓ 0.0s

Python

```
# Making the Synthetic dataset
np.random.seed(42)
n = 5000
data = pd.DataFrame({
    'Age': np.random.randint(18, 70, n),
    'Gender': np.random.choice(['Male', 'Female'], n),
    'Vehicle_Age': np.random.randint(1, 15, n),
    'Vehicle_Type': np.random.choice(['Sedan', 'SUV', 'Truck'], n),
    'Annual_Premium': np.random.randint(20000, 80000, n),
    'Region_Code': np.random.randint(1, 50, n),
    'Driving_Experience': np.random.randint(1, 30, n),
    'Previous_Claims': np.random.randint(0, 5, n),
    'Policy_Tenure': np.random.randint(1, 10, n)
})
data
# The whole data is printed in tabular form
```

[138]

✓ 0.0s

...

	Age	Gender	Vehicle_Age	Vehicle_Type	Annual_Premium	Region_Code	Driving_Experience	Previous_Claims	Policy_Tenure
0	56	Male	6	Sedan	73974	44	22	3	9
1	69	Female	5	Truck	36925	48	12	0	7
2	46	Female	1	Sedan	26033	23	17	4	7
3	32	Male	6	Truck	22665	6	24	2	7
4	60	Male	1	Sedan	47025	24	14	3	2
...
4995	24	Male	9	Truck	27944	14	19	2	8
4996	66	Female	10	SUV	68702	10	12	0	2
4997	26	Female	3	Truck	32747	45	23	3	1
4998	53	Female	8	SUV	30505	33	29	4	4
4999	36	Female	1	Truck	66217	42	27	2	9

5000 rows × 9 columns

```
# Simulated Trget = Probability of claim increases with the previous claims, vehicles, age etc
data['Claim'] = (data['Previous_Claims']*0.2 + (data['Vehicle_Age'] / 15 * 0.3) +
| (np.random.rand(n) * 0.2)
)
data['Claim'] = (data['Claim'] > 0.35).astype(int)

data.head()
```

[139]

	Age	Gender	Vehicle_Age	Vehicle_Type	Annual_Premium	Region_Code	Driving_Experience	Previous_Claims	Policy_Tenure	Claim
0	56	Male	6	Sedan	73974	44	22	3	9	1
1	69	Female	5	Truck	36925	48	12	0	7	0
2	46	Female	1	Sedan	26033	23	17	4	7	1
3	32	Male	6	Truck	22665	6	24	2	7	1
4	60	Male	1	Sedan	47025	24	14	3	2	1

```
# Encoding the categorical variabes
data = pd.get_dummies(data, columns=['Gender', 'Vehicle_Type'], drop_first=True)
data
# The categorical data gets converted to Numerical type
```

✓ 0.0s

Python

	Age	Vehicle_Age	Annual_Premium	Region_Code	Driving_Experience	Previous_Claims	Policy_Tenure	Claim	Gender_Male	Vehicle_Type_Sedan
0	56	6	73974	44	22	3	9	1	True	True
1	69	5	36925	48	12	0	7	0	False	False
2	46	1	26033	23	17	4	7	1	False	True
3	32	6	22665	6	24	2	7	1	True	False
4	60	1	47025	24	14	3	2	1	True	True
...
4995	24	9	27944	14	19	2	8	1	True	False
4996	66	10	68702	10	12	0	2	1	False	False
4997	26	3	32747	45	23	3	1	1	False	False
4998	53	8	30505	33	29	4	4	1	False	False

Python

[142] ✓ 0.0s

x # x dataset is being printed here

	Age	Vehicle_Age	Annual_Premium	Region_Code	Driving_Experience	Previous_Claims	Policy_Tenure	Gender_Male	Vehicle_Type_Sedan	Vehicle_Type_SUV
0	56	6	73974	44	22	3	9	True	True	False
1	69	5	36925	48	12	0	7	False	False	True
2	46	1	26033	23	17	4	7	False	True	False
3	32	6	22665	6	24	2	7	True	False	True
4	60	1	47025	24	14	3	2	True	True	False
...
4995	24	9	27944	14	19	2	8	True	False	True
4996	66	10	68702	10	12	0	2	False	False	True
4997	26	3	32747	45	23	3	1	False	False	True
4998	53	8	30505	33	29	4	4	False	False	True
4999	36	1	66217	42	27	2	9	False	False	True

5000 rows × 10 columns

▶ y # The data y is being printed here

[143] ✓ 0.0s

... 0 1

1 0

2 1

3 1

4 1

..

4995 1

4996 1

4997 1

4998 1

4999 1

Name: Claim, Length: 5000, dtype: int64

```
# Train test and split
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
x_train, x_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(
    | x, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42, stratify=y
)
```

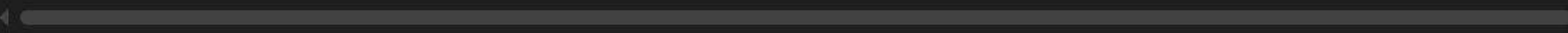
[144] ✓ 0.0s


```
x_train # Data on which the model is trained
```

[145] ✓ 0.0s Python

	Age	Vehicle_Age	Annual_Premium	Region_Code	Driving_Experience	Previous_Claims	Policy_Tenure	Gender_Male	Vehicle_Type_Sedan	Vehicle_Type_SUV
2502	38	12	61800	38	26	3	3	False	False	True
4448	21	13	37221	21	24	2	6	False	True	False
1782	51	9	28117	5	12	0	2	True	True	False
3194	68	13	53427	10	26	1	3	True	False	False
2884	28	10	78334	1	9	4	3	False	False	True
...
2681	20	3	78609	34	28	4	7	True	False	True
3866	24	5	55939	12	12	0	5	False	False	True
4222	28	2	39861	38	29	3	6	False	False	True
1478	34	4	76088	12	16	2	7	True	True	False
793	23	13	44668	49	22	2	7	False	False	True

4000 rows × 10 columns





[146]

x_test # Data on which the model is tested

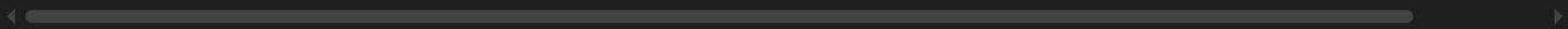
✓ 0.0s

Python

...

	Age	Vehicle_Age	Annual_Premium	Region_Code	Driving_Experience	Previous_Claims	Policy_Tenure	Gender_Male	Vehicle_Type_Sedan	Vehicle_Type_SUV
3402	23	4	61604	34	21	3	9	False	False	True
1601	36	3	23089	17	7	3	6	False	False	True
3348	39	2	31848	5	20	2	2	False	True	True
3792	46	13	77558	34	25	2	2	True	True	True
1071	21	11	63950	16	28	0	5	True	True	True
...
4907	58	13	45280	5	16	0	1	True	False	True
1710	62	6	32631	3	18	0	2	False	False	True
3732	58	11	76679	20	14	2	7	False	True	True
639	58	9	78755	37	13	2	9	True	False	True
3880	64	10	20589	48	12	2	2	True	False	True

1000 rows × 10 columns



▶ y_train # Data on which the model is trained

[147] ✓ 0.0s

...

2502	1
4448	1
1782	0
3194	1
2884	1
..	
2681	1
3866	0
4222	1
1478	1
793	1

Name: Claim, Length: 4000, dtype: int64

y_test # Data on which the model is tested

[148] ✓ 0.0s

...

3402	1
1601	1
3348	1
3792	1
1071	0
..	
4907	1
1710	0
3732	1
639	1
3880	1

Name: Claim, Length: 1000, dtype: int64


```
# Scaling the features
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
scaler = StandardScaler()
x_train_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(x_train)
x_test_scaled = scaler.transform(x_test)
```

[149] ✓ 0.0s

x_train_scaled

[150] ✓ 0.0s

```
... array([[ -0.37745591,  1.10033821,  0.68185175, ..., -1.00551521,
          -0.70300067, -0.71055675],
        [-1.51563167,  1.34824589, -0.73629409, ..., -1.00551521,
          1.42247376, -0.71055675],
        [ 0.49291379,  0.35661519, -1.26157176, ...,  0.99451504,
          1.42247376, -0.71055675],
        ...,
        [-1.04697106, -1.37873853, -0.5839728 , ..., -1.00551521,
          -0.70300067,  1.40734713],
        [-0.64526197, -0.88292318,  1.50623304, ...,  0.99451504,
          1.42247376, -0.71055675],
        [-1.38172863,  1.34824589, -0.30662112, ..., -1.00551521,
          -0.70300067, -0.71055675]], shape=(4000, 10))
```

x_test_scaled

[151]

✓ 0.0s

```
... array([[ -1.38172863, -0.88292318,  0.67054305, ..., -1.00551521,
          -0.70300067, -0.71055675],
          [-0.51135894, -1.13083086, -1.55167458, ..., -1.00551521,
          -0.70300067,  1.40734713],
          [-0.31050439, -1.37873853, -1.04630254, ..., -1.00551521,
           1.42247376, -0.71055675],
          ...,
          [ 0.9615744 ,  0.85243054,  1.54033224, ..., -1.00551521,
           1.42247376, -0.71055675],
          [ 0.9615744 ,  0.35661519,  1.66011217, ...,  0.99451504,
          -0.70300067,  1.40734713],
          [ 1.36328349,  0.60452286, -1.69591823, ...,  0.99451504,
          -0.70300067, -0.71055675]], shape=(1000, 10))
```

```
from xgboost import XGBClassifier
model = XGBClassifier(
    n_estimators=200,
    learning_rate=0.1,
    max_depth=5,
    random_state=42,
    eval_metric='logloss'
)
model.fit(x_train, y_train)
```

XGBClassifier			?
Parameters			
	objective	'binary:logistic'	
	base_score	None	
	booster	None	
	callbacks	None	
	colsample_bylevel	None	
	colsample_bynode	None	
	colsample_bytree	None	
	device	None	
	early_stopping_rounds	None	
	enable_categorical	False	
	eval_metric	'logloss'	
	feature_types	None	
	feature_weights	None	
	gamma	None	
	grow_policy	None	
	importance_type	None	
	interaction_constraints	None	
	learning_rate	0.1	
	max_bin	None	
	max_cat_threshold	None	
	max_cat_to_onehot	None	
	max_delta_step	None	
	max_depth	5	

```
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, roc_auc_score, confusion_matrix
```

✓ 0.0s

```
print("Accuracy:" , accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

✓ 0.0s

... Accuracy: 0.421

```
print("Classification Report\n", classification_report(y_test, y_pred))
```

✓ 0.0s

... Classification Report

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
0	0.26	1.00	0.41	200
1	1.00	0.28	0.43	800
accuracy			0.42	1000
macro avg	0.63	0.64	0.42	1000
weighted avg	0.85	0.42	0.43	1000


```
print("ROC AUC Score\n", roc_auc_score(y_test, y_prob))
```

[159] ✓ 0.0s

... ROC AUC Score

0.6541124999999999

```
print("Confusion matrix\n", confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred))
```

[160] ✓ 0.0s

... Confusion matrix

[[200 0]

[579 221]]

```
# Feature Importance
```

```
importance = pd.DataFrame({  
    'Feature': X.columns,  
    'Importance': model.feature_importances_  
}).sort_values(by='Importance', ascending=False)
```

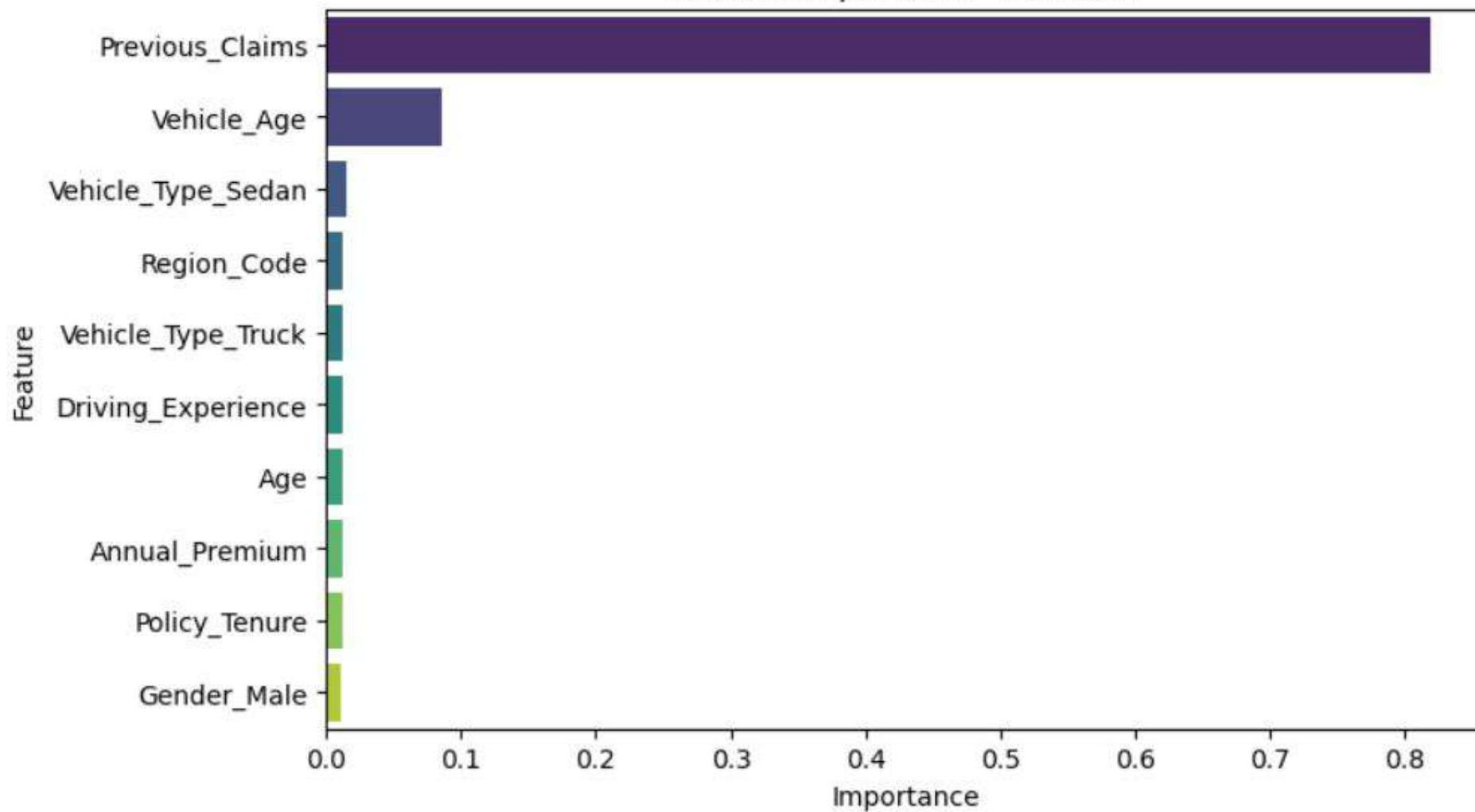
```
print("\n🔍 Feature Importance:")  
print(importance)
```

```
plt.figure(figsize=(8, 5))  
sns.barplot(data=importance, x='Importance', y='Feature', palette='viridis')  
plt.title("Feature Importance - XGBoost")  
plt.show()
```

[161] ✓ 0.1s

```
sns.barplot(data=importance, x=importance, y=feature, palette=viridis)
```

Feature Importance - XGBoost




```

# New data with same columns as training set
new_customers = pd.DataFrame({
    'Age': [28, 45, 36, 62, 50],
    'Gender': ['Female', 'Male', 'Male', 'Female', 'Male'],
    'Vehicle_Age': [2, 8, 5, 12, 4],
    'Vehicle_Type': ['Sedan', 'SUV', 'Truck', 'SUV', 'Sedan'],
    'Annual_Premium': [35000, 62000, 47000, 55000, 40000],
    'Region_Code': [14, 27, 35, 9, 22],
    'Driving_Experience': [4, 20, 10, 35, 15],
    'Previous_Claims': [0, 1, 2, 3, 0],
    'Policy_Tenure': [2, 6, 4, 9, 5]
})

print(new_customers)

# Encode categorical features using same encoders from training

new_customers = pd.get_dummies(new_customers, columns=['Gender', 'Vehicle_Type'], drop_first=True)

# Ensure same column order as training
new_customers = new_customers[X.columns]

# Scale features using the same scaler
new_customers_scaled = scaler.fit_transform(new_customers)

# Predict class and probability
preds = model.predict(new_customers_scaled)
probs = model.predict_proba(new_customers_scaled)[: , 1]

# Add predictions to the DataFrame
new_customers['Predicted_Claim'] = preds
new_customers['Claim_Probability'] = probs

print("\n Prediction Results:")

```

[170]

```
...
  Age  Gender  Vehicle_Age  Vehicle_Type  Annual_Premium  Region_Code  \
0   28  Female         2         Sedan         35000         14
1   45   Male         8         SUV          62000         27
2   36   Male         5         Truck         47000         35
3   62  Female        12         SUV          55000          9
4   50   Male         4         Sedan         40000         22
```

```

  Driving_Experience  Previous_Claims  Policy_Tenure
0                  4                 0              2
1                 20                 1              6
2                 10                 2              4
3                 35                 3              9
4                 15                 0              5
```

Prediction Results:

```

  Age  Vehicle_Age  Annual_Premium  Region_Code  Driving_Experience  \
0   28           2         35000         14              4
1   45           8         62000         27             20
2   36           5         47000         35             10
3   62          12         55000          9             35
4   50           4         40000         22             15
```

```

  Previous_Claims  Policy_Tenure  Gender_Male  Vehicle_Type_Sedan  \
0                0              2         False              True
1                1              6          True              False
...
1              False              0         0.010046
2               True              0         0.007888
3              False              1         0.946591
4              False              0         0.012659
```

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