#### 1

# Assignment 7

# Chirag Mehta - AI20BTECH11006

# Download all python codes from

https://github.com/cmapsi/AI1103-Probability-and-random-variables/tree/main/Assignment-7/codes

## and latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/cmapsi/AI1103-Probability-and-random-variables/blob/main/Assignment-7/main.tex

#### 1 Problem

(GATE ME-2014-SET-2 Q4-ME section) A box contains 25 parts of which 10 are defective. Two parts are being drawn simultaenously in a random manner from the box. The probability of both parts being good is

being good is 
$$(A)\frac{7}{20} (B)\frac{42}{125} (C)\frac{25}{29} (D)\frac{5}{9}$$

## 2 solution

Let  $X_1, X_2 \in \{0, 1\}$  represent the parts, where 0 represents good part, 1 represent defective part. From the given information

$$\Pr(X_1 = 0) = \frac{15}{25} = \frac{3}{5} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\Pr(X_2 = 0|X_1 = 0) = \frac{14}{24} = \frac{7}{12}$$
 (2.0.2)

Then,

$$Pr(X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0)$$

$$= Pr(X_2 = 0 | X_1 = 0) \times Pr(X_1 = 0) = \frac{7}{20} \quad (2.0.3)$$

The graph for theoretical result vs simulation is given below

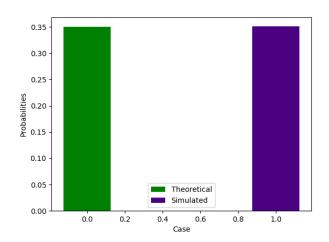


Fig. 0: Theoretical vs simulation