



**Using Maven with XML projects**

# Introduction

- **We all organize our work in projects**
  - Third-party library use
  - Unit tests
  - Deliveries definition
- **In Java world, Maven is widely used since 2007**
- **Maven provides a common way to work**
  - A Project Model
  - Strong conventions, mainly on directory tree structure
  - Dependency management
  - A lifecycle

- **We should share constraints between Java and XML projects**
  - We should not duplicate code
  - All our code should be unit tested
  - Deliveries should be build all time in the same manner
- **XML projects have their own constraints**
  - XML technologies do not produce runnable deliveries
  - XML code have to be embeded in Java wrappers (engines) to be run
  - We deploy Java programs, even if XML technologies are mainly used
    - Exception, we may deliver XQuery or other XML code to database engines

- **I'm a Java developer, surprised that XML has no build standard**
  - Each team does it's own stuff
    - build.bat, build.sh
    - how\_to\_build.txt
  - There is no standard build environment
    - Saxon version
    - Java version
    - Platform encoding
  - There is no simple way to re-use existing code without duplicating
  - There is no standard definition of a delivery
- **I've decided to make Maven work correctly for XML technologies**

# Using Maven

- **We wanted to address many requirements**

- Avoid code duplication
- Being able to generate code
- Run successfully unit tests before building delivery
- Produce full set of deliveries
  - Deployable artifact
  - Source code documentation

- **We wanted to still use Oxygen as an IDE**

- All stuff must run perfectly when developing XSL or XSpec under Oxygen
- vi was not an option...

- **Maven has a dependency management system**
  - If you need code from other project, just declare a dependency to that project
- **Artifact is smallest referenceable part**
  - Identified by `groupId:artifactId:version`
  - Deployed in repositories
  - Actually a jar file
- **Just declare dependency**

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>net.sf.saxon</groupId>
  <artifactId>Saxon-HE</artifactId>
  <version>9.8.0-8</version>
</dependency>
```

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>top.mcn.xml.lib</groupId>
  <artifactId>xslLib</artifactId>
  <version>1.3.2</version>
</dependency>
```

- **Maven knows how to get dependencies and give them to project**
  - It adds jar file to project classpath



- **In XML code we reference resources via URI**
    - XSL, XQuery
    - DTD, Relax NG, XML Schema
    - XSpec, XProc, ...
  - **We must be able to reference a dependency resource via URI**
    - We use **artifactId:/** as URI protocol
- ```
<xsl:import href="xslLib:/dateFormat.xsl"/>
```
- **We use a catalogBuilder-maven-plugin**
    - To map **artifactId:/** to jar file location
    - Based on dependency declarations
    - This generates a catalog, platform dependant

- **Catalog is a rewriteURI list**

- Maven has downloaded dependency artifact jar file to local repository
- Each dependency artifact is map to dependency jar file

```
<rewriteURI
  uriStartString="xf-lib:/"
  rewritePrefix="jar:file:~/ .m2/repo/top/mcn/xml/lib/xslLib/1.3.2/xslLib-1.3.2.jar!/"
/>
```

- **Catalog is platform dependant**

- Each developer has its own
- It is generated at each build

- **Catalog is always generated at the same place**

- Convention
- Oxygen uses this location : `${pdu}/catalog.xml`
- Resources can be resolved in the project context

- We have a way to re-use code from external libraries
  - Declare a dependency
    - Let Maven resolve dependency
  - Use URI based on the **artifactId:/** protocol
    - Let XMLResolver resolve these URIs, based on generated catalog

```
<dependencies>
  <dependency>
    <groupId>top.mcn.xml</groupId>
    <artifactId>xslLib</artifactId>
    <version>1.3.2</version>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
<build>
  <plugins>
    <plugin>
      <groupId>top.marchand.xml.maven</groupId>
      <artifactId>catalogBuilder-maven-plugin</artifactId>
    </plugin>
  </plugins>
</build>
```

- XSpec is a unit testing framework for XSLT & XQuery
- Let's use a **xspec-maven-plugin** to run XML unit tests

```
<build>
  <plugins>
    <plugin>
      <groupId>io.xspec.maven</groupId>
      <artifactId>xspec-maven-plugin</artifactId>
      <configuration>
        <catalogFile>catalog.xml</catalogFile>
      </configuration>
      <executions>
        <execution>
          <phase>test</phase>
          <goals>
            <goal>run-xspec</goal>
          </goals>
        </execution>
      </executions>
    </plugin>
  </plugins>
</build>
```

- If one XSpec fails, plugin execution fails, build fails

- 
- **xspec-maven-plugin** actually only supports XSLT
  - Testing XQuery and Schematron will be quickly available
  - A report is generated for each XSpec file
  - A index is generated and shows a resume of each file
  - A Junit report will be quickly available
    - This simplifies integration in Jenkins

- **Maven produces an artifact**
  - All things produced by build
  - No dependency included
- **Artifacts are deployed on enterprise repository**
  - Available for other projects
- **We do produce and deploy code documentation**
  - `xslDoc-maven-plugin` for XSLT code
  - `xquerydoc-maven-plugin` for Xquery
- **To deploy a program on a server, we produce a fat jar**
  - It includes generated artifact, and all dependencies packaged with
  - We are able to start program from command line
  - `java -jar our-program-with-dependencies-3.1.2.jar ...`
  - We do generate a special catalog, which maps `artifactId:/` to classpath

**Demo !**

# Questions ?