

# Hands-on Lab: Get familiar with fork and pull requests



**Effort** : 30 mins

## Objectives

After completing this lab, you will be able to use git commands to manage upstream repositories:

1. create a personal access token
2. fork existing repository using the UI
3. clone forked repository in the lab environment
4. create a new branch
5. make changes locally
6. add and commit to the local branch
7. push changes to the forked repository
8. create a pull request to the upstream repository

## Pre-requisites

This lab is designed to be run on Skills Network - Cloud IDE which is runs on a Linux system in the cloud and already has git installed. If you intend to run this lab on your own system, please ensure you have git (on Linux or macOS) or GitBash (on Windows) installed.

## Exercise 1: Generate personal access token

The first step is to generate an access token from GitHub.com. Follow the lab named [Generate GitHub personal access token](#) and copy the access token to use as password in the steps below.

## Exercise 2: Fork the repository

To fork a source repository, complete the following steps:

1. Log in to GitHub and go to this project's [sample source repository](#). This is the upstream repository for your project.
2. At the top right of the screen, click **Fork** and select your own GitHub account as the destination for the fork.

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circlePublic

generated from ibm-developer-skills-network/coding-project-template

<> Code

Issues

Pull requests

Actions

Projects

Wiki

Security

Insights

Settings

main1 branch0 tags

Go to fileAdd fileCode

upkarlidderautomatically close PRs729ceb22 days ago5 commits

.github/workflows	Automatically close PRs	2 days ago
.gitignore	Initial commit	3 days ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	3 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	3 days ago
circle.html	Create circle.html	3 days ago
style.css	Create style.css	3 days ago

README.md

Readme

About

css-circle

Readme

Apache-2.0 License

0 stars

2 watching

1 fork

Releases

No releases published

Create a new release

Packages

No packages published

Publish your first package

A copy of the source repository has now been added as one of your GitHub repositories. This is the origin repository for your repository.

upkarliddergkpbt-css-circlePublic

forked from ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle

Pin

Watch0

Fork1

Star0

<> Code

Pull requests

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Settings

main1 branch0 tags

Go to fileAdd fileCode

This branch is up to date with ibm-developer-skills-network:main.

ContributeFetch upstream

upkarlidderautomatically close PRs729ceb22 days ago5 commits

.github/workflows	Automatically close PRs	2 days ago
.gitignore	Initial commit	3 days ago
LICENSE	Initial commit	3 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	3 days ago
circle.html	Create circle.html	3 days ago
style.css	Create style.css	3 days ago

README.md

Readme

About

css-circle

Readme

Apache-2.0 License

0 stars

0 watching

1 fork

Releases

No releases published

Create a new release

Packages

No packages published

Publish your first package

Languages

HTML69.9%

CSS30.1%

# Exercise 3: Clone the forked repository

A clone is a local copy of a repository. Before you can clone the forked repository, you first need its HTTPS URL, which provides secure access to it.

To clone the forked repository, complete the following steps:

- 1. In your list of repositories, click the forked repository. On the repository's main page, click the **Code** button.
- 2. Click the clipboard icon to copy the URL. Make sure the **HTTPS** tab is active.

upkarlidderr / gkpbt-css-circlePublicforked from ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle

<> Code

Pull requests

Actions

Projects

Wiki

Security

Insights

Settings

main1 branch0 tags

Go to fileAdd fileCode

This branch is up to date with ibm-developer-skills-network:main

upkarlidderrAutomatically close PRs

.github/workflows	Automatically close PRs	
.gitignore	Initial commit	
LICENSE	Initial commit	3 days ago
README.md	Update README.md	3 days ago
circle.html	Create circle.html	3 days ago
style.css	Create style.css	3 days ago

README.md

# Readme

Clone

HTTPSSSHGitHub CLI

https://github.com/upkarlidderr/gkpbt-css-circle

Use Git or checkout with SVN using the web URL.

Download ZIP

About

css-circle

Readme

Apache-2.0 License

0 stars

0 watching

1 fork

Releases

No releases published

Create a new release

Packages

No packages published

Publish your first package

Languages

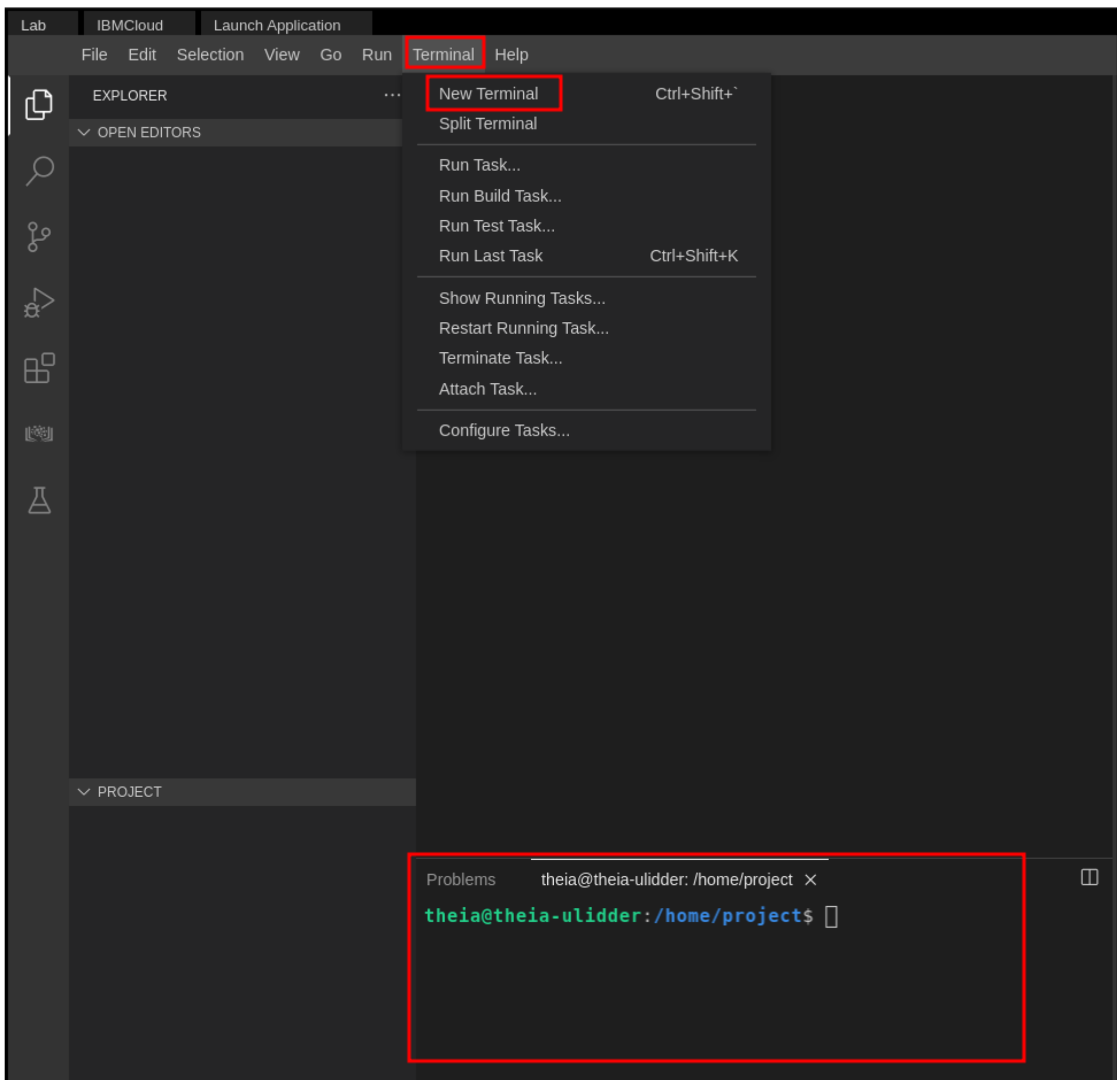
HTML69.9%

CSS30.1%

- 3. Let's export this URL in an environment variable so it's available for us to use in the later steps:

```
export ORIGIN=<your repository HTTPS URL>
```

- 4. Open the terminal in the lab environment by using the menu in the editor: Terminal > New Terminal.



5. Run the following command with the [HTTPS](#) URL you copied earlier:

```
git clone $ORIGIN
```

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project$ export ORIGIN=https://github.com/upkarlidder/gkpbt-css-circle.git
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project$ git clone $ORIGIN

Cloning into 'gkpbt-css-circle'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 22, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (22/22), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (17/17), done.
remote: Total 22 (delta 5), reused 7 (delta 1), pack-reused 0
Unpacking objects: 100% (22/22), done.

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project$ ls -la

total 16

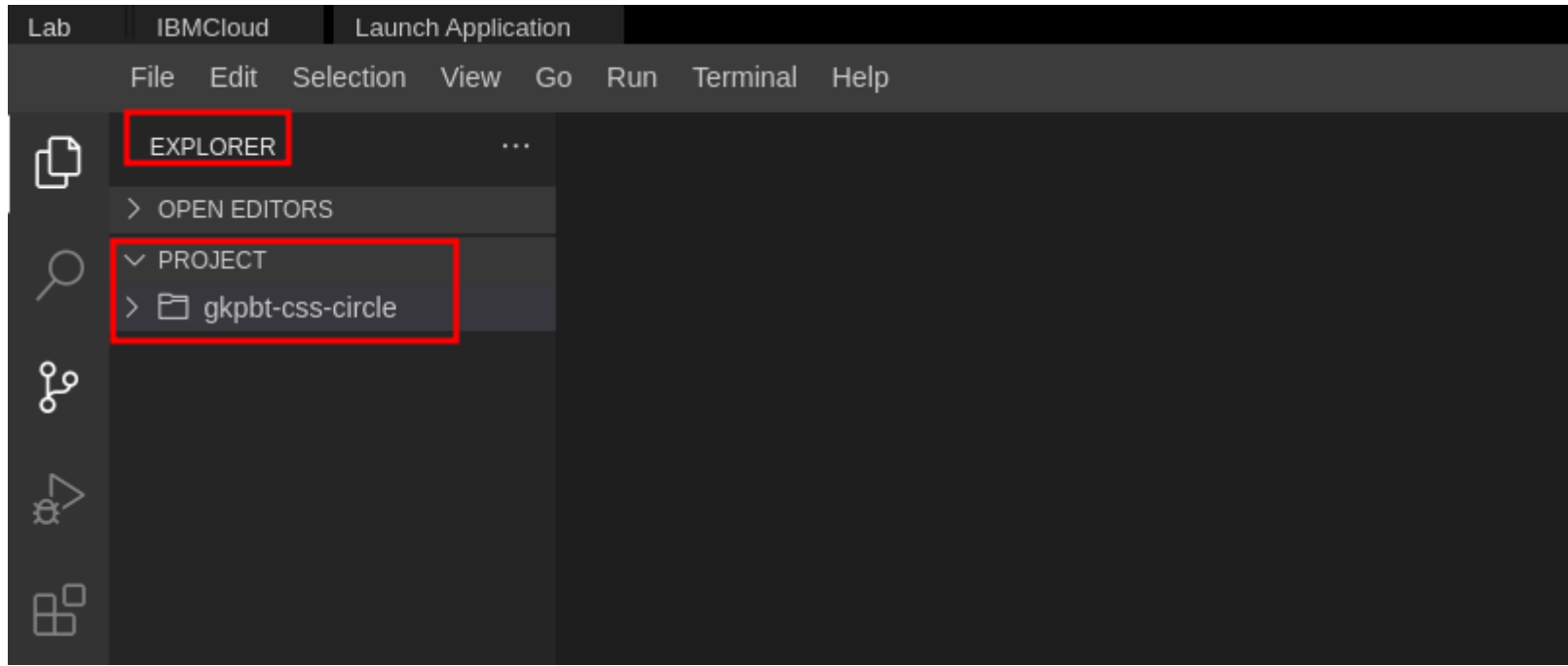
drwxrwsrwx 3 root  users 4096 Jan 18 16:41 
drwxrwxr-x 1 root  root  4096 Jan 10 21:57 ..
drwxr-sr-x 4 theia users 4096 Jan 18 16:41 gkpbt-css-circle
```

The command clones the repository that is on GitHub into your current directory.

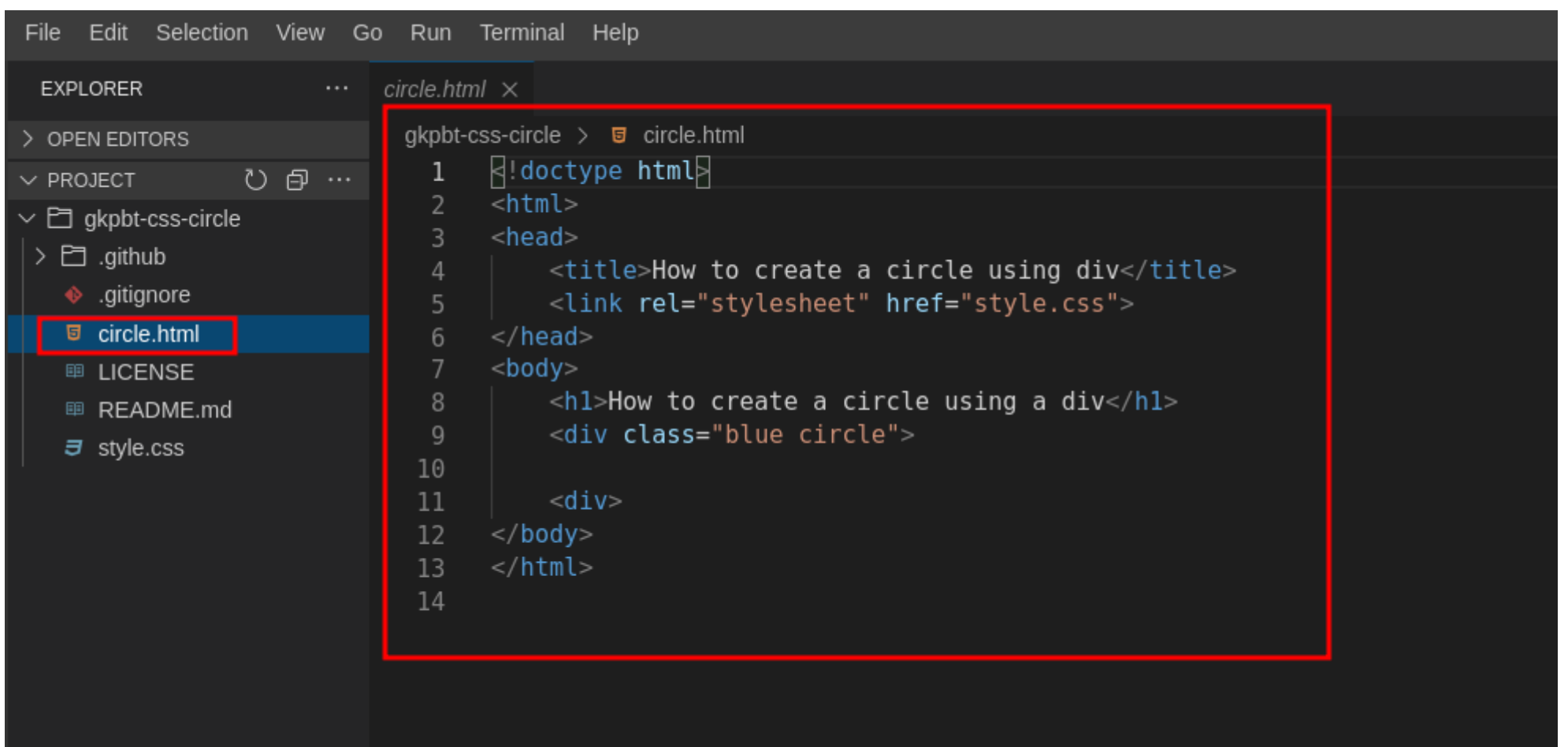
# Exercise 4: Explore the cloned repo

To become familiar with the cloned repo, complete the following steps:

- 1. Click on the Explorer icon as shown in the following image:



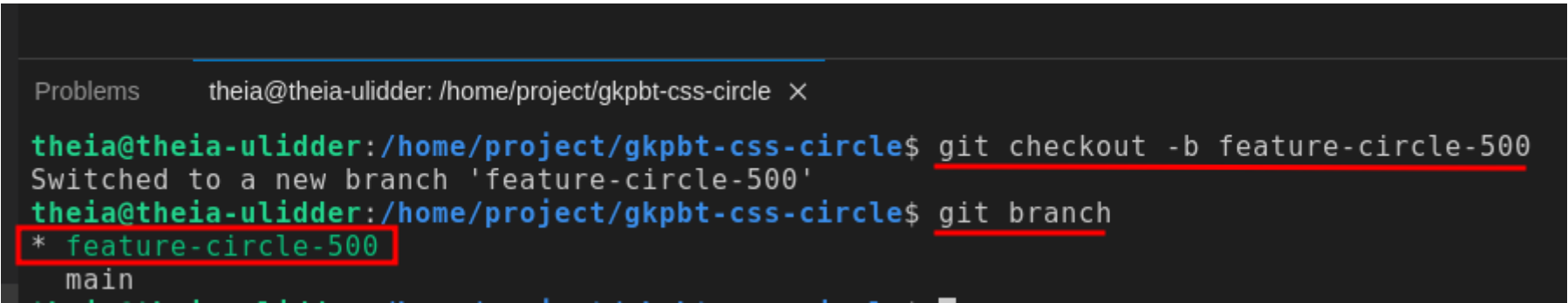
- 2. Click on Project and expand the folder of the project you just cloned. You can open the files in the editor on the right side by clicking on the file name.



## Exercise 5: Create the feature-circle-500 branch

We will now add a new feature to the source code. We are asked to make the circle bigger with a size of 500x500. Before we make this change, we will create a new branch.

1. Navigate to our repository using `cd gkpbt-css-circle` {codeblock}
2. Create a new branch using the `git checkout -b feature-circle-500` {codeblock} command. Notice that we used a single command instead of creating a branch and then checking it out. The `-b` flag creates the branch if it does not already exist.
3. You can check that you are in the new branch by using the `git status` command.

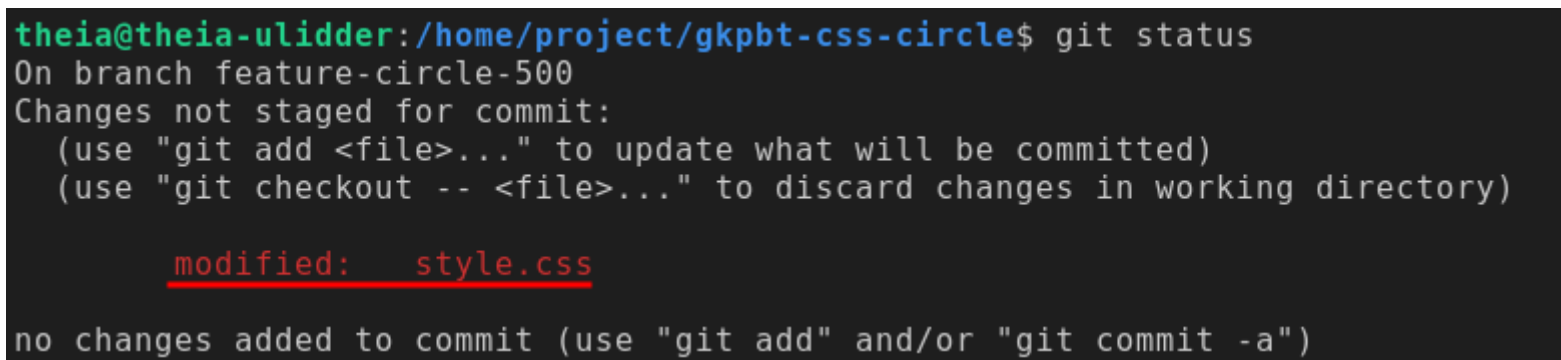


## Exercise 6: Make required code changes

1. Let's change the width and height to 500px each. Open the `style.css` file from the file explorer and change the code as follows:

```
.blue {
    background-color:blue
}
.circle{
    border-radius:50%;
    width:500;
    height:500px;
}
```

2. If you do a `git status` {codeblock} at this point, you will see a change is shown. This change is not staged at this point, but Git is aware of it.



3. Optionally, you can use the `git diff` command to see the changes in more detail:



```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git diff ./style.css
diff --git a/style.css b/style.css
index bla4e3b..2309246 100644
--- a/style.css
+++ b/style.css
@@ -3,6 +3,6 @@
 }
 .circle{
     border-radius:50%;
-    width:300px;
-    height:300px;
+    width:500px;
+    height: 500px;
 }
```

Notice the text in red was deleted and the text in green was added. Essentially, we changed the height and width from 300px to 500px each.

## Exercise 7: Add and commit your changes

A commit is Git's way of recording your file changes, similar to how you might save an edited document. To commit the change that you made in the previous exercise, you first need to add it to a staging area. Git will then take the staged snapshot of changes and commit them to the project. Remember, Git will never change files unless you explicitly ask it to.

To commit your new file, complete the following steps:

1. To move the changes from your working project directory to the staging area, type the following command in the Terminal window:

```
git add .
```

The `git add` command has several options. The single `.` adds all untracked files in the current directory and subdirectories to the staging area. Alternatively, you can add the single file you created by using the `git add style.css` command. Finally, you can use `git add -A` to recursively add all files from the top level git folder.

2. If you check the status at this point, you will see the file has changed from Untracked to **Changes to be committed**:

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git add .
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git status
On branch feature-circle-500
Changes to be committed:
  (use "git reset HEAD <file>..." to unstage)

    modified:   style.css
```

3. To commit the new file to the local repository, you need to first tell git who you are. Type in the following commands to set your email and username. The email should be the same as your GitHub email.

Set your email:

```
git config --global user.email "email@example.com"
```

Set your name:

```
git config --global user.name "Your Name"
```

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X

theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git config --global user.email "email@example.com"
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git config --global user.name "Upkar Lidder"
```

4. Type the following command in the Terminal window to commit the file. **Note:** It's always a good practice to add a description for the commit so you can remember what the change was if you have to refer to it later. We add a description using `-m`, followed by our message:

```
git commit -sm "Changing the height and the width of the circle"
```

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git commit -sm "Changing the height and the width of the circle"
[feature-circle-500 4a5a882] Changing the height and the width of the circle
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git status
On branch feature-circle-500
nothing to commit, working tree clean
```

As you can see, `git status` now says there is nothing to commit and the working tree is clean. The new file is now ready to be pushed from your local system to origin on GitHub.

## Exercise 8: Merge your branch back into main branch

If you are happy with your changes in the `feature-circle-500` branch, you can now merge it back into your local `main` branch by following these steps:

1. Confirm that you are currently in the `feature-circle-500` branch.

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch
* feature-circle-500
main
```

2. Check out the `main` branch

```
git checkout main
```

If you run `git branch` again, you should see the `*` against the `main` branch.

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git checkout main
Switched to branch 'main'
Your branch is up to date with 'origin/main'.
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch
feature-circle-500
* main
```

3. Merge the ``branch into `main`.

```
git merge feature-circle-500
```

```
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git merge feature-circle-500
Updating 729ceb2..4a5a882
Fast-forward
 style.css | 4 ++--
1 file changed, 2 insertions(+), 2 deletions(-)
```

4. Confirm the change was merged by using the `git log` command. We are using `--oneline` flag to display logs more concisely.

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git log --oneline
4a5a882 (HEAD -> main, origin/feature-circle-500, feature-circle-500) Changing the height and the width of the circle
729ceb2 (origin/main, origin/HEAD) Automatically close PRs
0169944 Update README.md
8f09fd1 Create style.css
2d31fb1 Create circle.html
11bec50 Initial commit
```

## Exercise 9: Delete the `feature-circle-500` branch

Since you are done making the change, let's delete the `feature-circle-500` branch. Follow these steps:

1. Ensure you are on the `main` branch. If not, check it out first



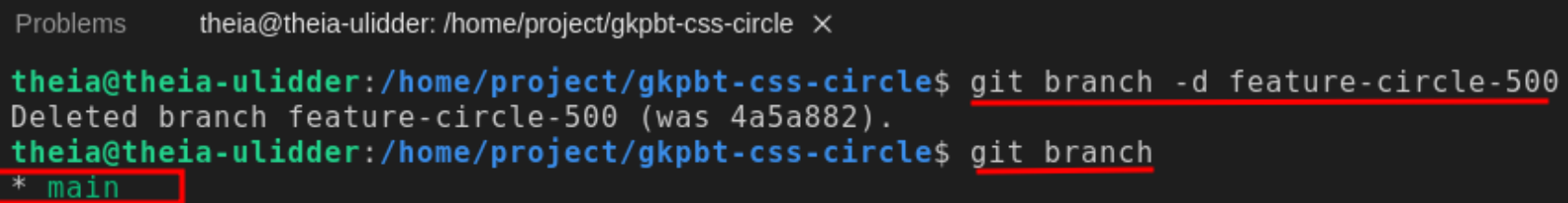
```
git checkout main
```

2. Delete the `feature-circle-500` branch

```
git branch -d feature-circle-500
```

3. You can confirm the branch was deleted by listing all branches

```
git branch
```



The screenshot shows a terminal window with the following text:

```
Problems theia@theia-ulidder: /home/project/gkpbt-css-circle X
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch -d feature-circle-500
Deleted branch feature-circle-500 (was 4a5a882).
theia@theia-ulidder:/home/project/gkpbt-css-circle$ git branch
* main
```

## Exercise 10: Push your changes to origin

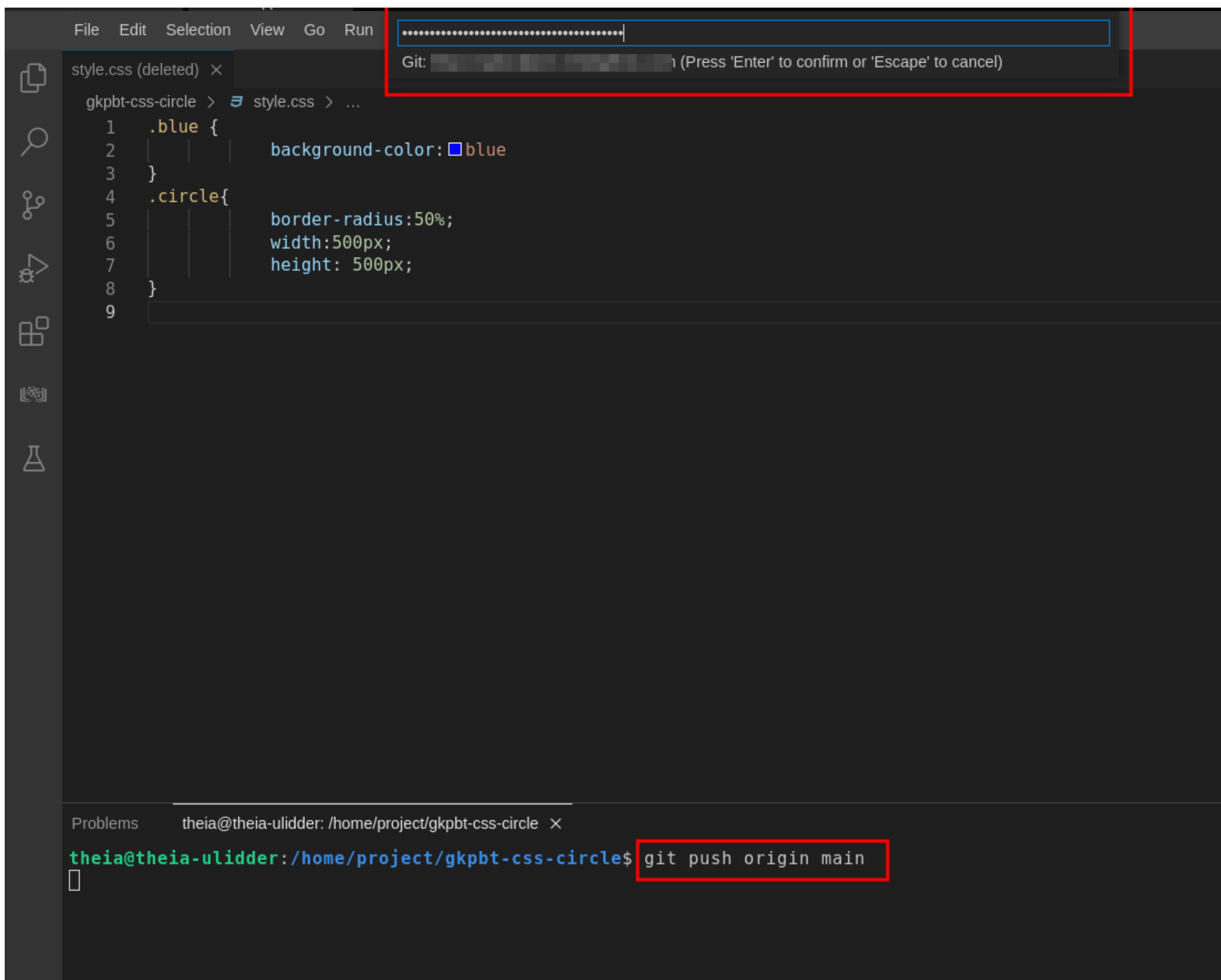
This push will synchronize all the changes you made on your local system with your fork repository on GitHub.

To push your update to GitHub, complete the following steps:

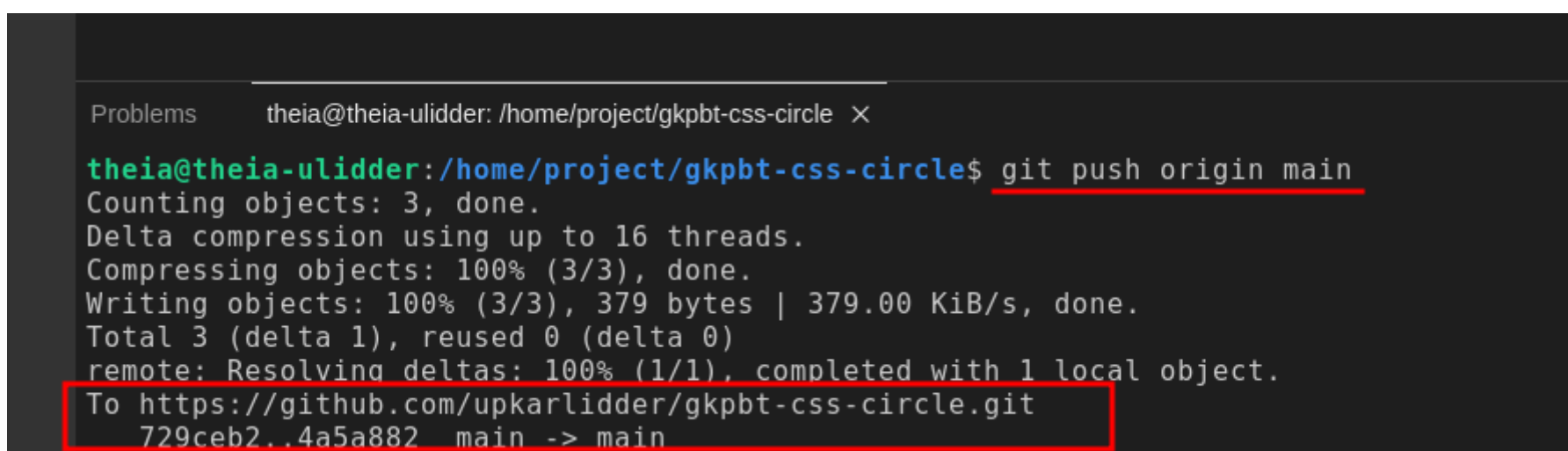
1. In the Terminal window, run the following command:

```
git push origin main
```

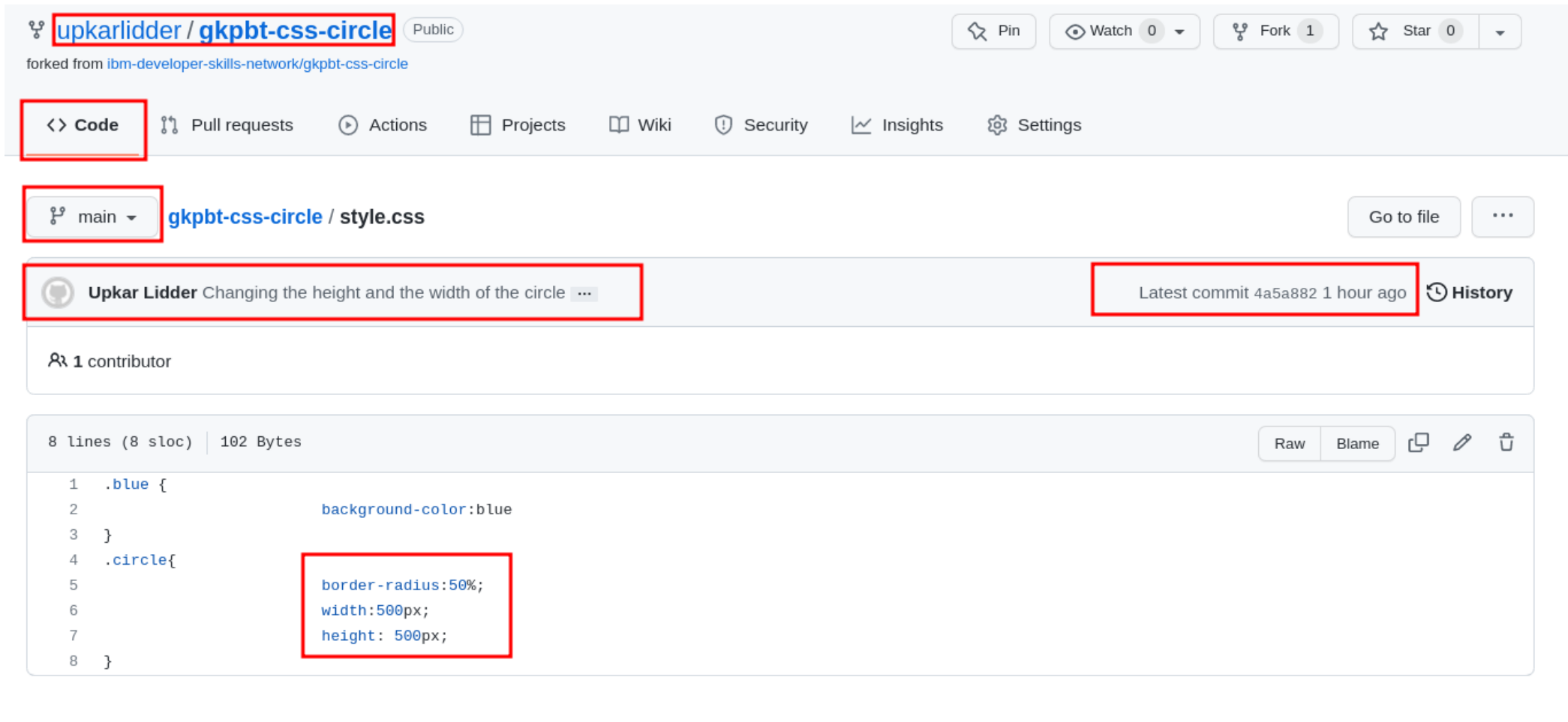
Once you submit that command, vs code will bring up a dialog on the top of the screen for your username and password. The username is your GitHub email The password is the token you created in **Exercise 1**.



If your username and password were accepted, you should see the changes pushed to GitHub in the terminal.



2. Go to the fork repository in your GitHub account and verify that the local changes have now been added to the main branch.

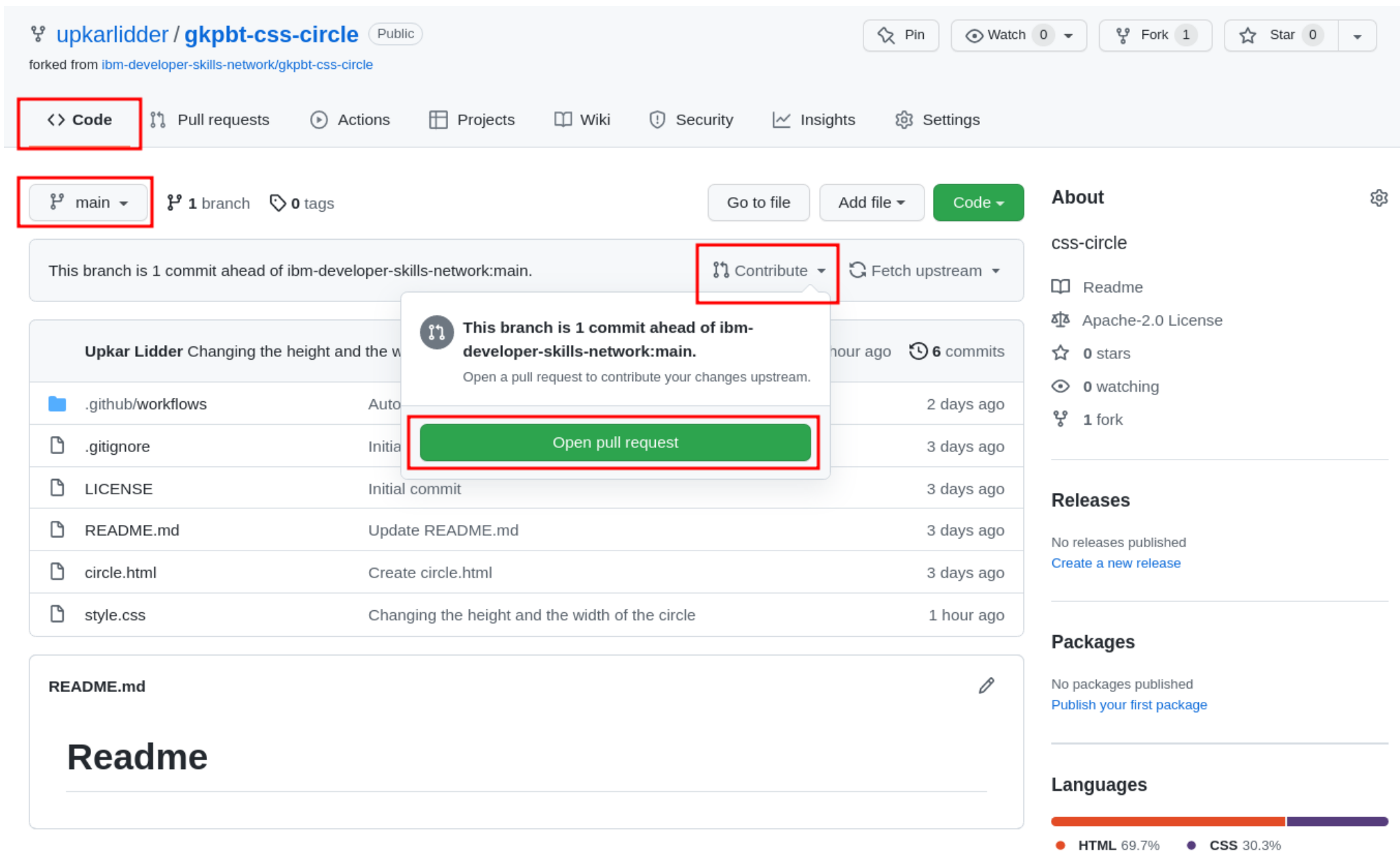


## Exercise 11: Create a pull request

The final step is to request that the original project pull in the changes you've made to your fork. To merge your changes to the original repository, you need to create a pull request.

To create a pull request, complete the following steps:

1. Ensure you are on the **Code** tab. Click on the **Contribute** button and then on **Open pull request**.



2. In the "Comparing changes" panel, GitHub shows you that it is comparing the main branch of your fork to the main branch of the original repository, and that your changes can be merged. Click the **Create pull request** button.

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circlePublic

Unwatch2Fork1Star0

<> CodeIssuesPull requestsActionsProjectsWikiSecurityInsightsSettings

## Comparing changes

Choose two branches to see what's changed or to start a new pull request. If you need to, you can also [compare across forks](#).

base repository: ibm-developer-skills-network/gk...base: main

head repository: upkarliddar/gkpbt-css-circlecompare: main

✓ **Able to merge.** These branches can be automatically merged.

Discuss and review the changes in this comparison with others. [Learn about pull requests](#)

Create pull request

1 commit1 file changed1 contributor

Commits on Jan 17, 2022

Changing the height and the width of the circleUpkar Liddar committed 1 hour ago

Showing 1 changed file with 2 additions and 2 deletions.

style.css

3 }  
4 .circle{  
5 border-radius:50%;  
6 - width:300px;  
7 - height:300px;  
8 }

3 }  
4 .circle{  
5 border-radius:50%;  
6 + width:500px;  
7 + height: 500px;  
8 }

3. You are taken to the **Open pull request** screen. Notice that your commit message appears as the title of the pull request. Since we signed the commit, the body contains the email you configured in the previous step.

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circlePublic

Unwatch2Fork1Star0

<> CodeIssuesPull requestsActionsProjectsWikiSecurityInsightsSettings

## Open a pull request

Create a new pull request by comparing changes across two branches. If you need to, you can also [compare across forks](#).

base repository: ibm-developer-skills-network/gk...base: main

head repository: upkarliddar/gkpbt-css-circlecompare: main

✓ **Able to merge.** These branches can be automatically merged.

Changing the height and the width of the circle

WritePreview

Signed-off-by: Upkar Liddar <email.example.com>

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them.

☒ Allow edits by maintainersRecord a Loom

Create pull request

Reviewers

Suggestions

ravahujaRequest

Assignees

No one—assign yourself

Labels

None yet

Projects

None yet

Milestone

No milestone

Remember, contributions to this repository should follow our [GitHub Community Guidelines](#).

**Note:** For the purposes of this lab, your pull request will be processed and closed automatically. **Copy the URL of this pull request as you will need to submit it for peer review.**

You should see the following message in your pull request after a few minutes:

ibm-developer-skills-network / gkpbt-css-circlePublic

generated from ibm-developer-skills-network/coding-project-template

<> Code

Issues

**Pull requests** 1

Actions

Projects

Wiki

Security

Insights

Settings

Unwatch2

Fork1

Star0

Changing the height and the width of the circle #2

Edit<> Code

Closed

upkarlidderpulls wants to merge 1 commit into ibm-developer-skills-network:main from upkarlidderpulls:main

Conversation0

Commits1

Checks0

Files changed1

+2-2

upkarlidderpullscommented 14 seconds ago

Collaborator

Signed-off-by: Upkar Lidder <email.example.com>

Changing the height and the width of the circle

4a5a882

github-actionsbotcommented now

Congratulations! You have completed the lab. Closing for maintenance purpose.

github-actionsbotclosed this now

Pull request closed

If you wish, you can delete this fork of ibm-developer-skills-network/gkpbt-css-circle in the settings.

WritePreview

HBI<>LinkListListCheck@ShareReply

Leave a comment

Attach files by dragging & dropping, selecting or pasting them.

Record a LoomReopen pull requestComment

Reviewers

No reviews

Assignees

No one—assign yourself

Labels

None yet

Projects

None yet

Milestone

No milestone

Linked issues

Successfully merging this pull request may close these issues.

None yet

Notifications

Customize

Unsubscribe

You're receiving notifications because you're watching this repository.

1 participant

## Exercise 12: Practice on your own

1. Create a new branch called `feature-add-color`.

▼ Click here for the solution

```
git branch feature-add-color
```

2. Make `feature-add-color` the active branch.

▼ Click here for the solution

```
git checkout feature-add-color
```

3. Add another css rule as follows:

```
.red {
  background-color:red
}
```

4. Stage this change.

▼ Click here for the solution

```
git add -A
```

5. Commit the changes in your `feature-add-color`.

▼ Click here for the solution

```
git commit -sm 'adding red color feature'
```

6. Merge the changes in `feature-add-color` into `main`.

▼ Click here for the solution

```
git checkout main && git merge feature-add-color
```

7. delete the `feature-add-color` branch.

▼ Click here for the solution

```
git branch -d feature-add-color
```

8. Create a new pull request for this feature in the upstream repository using the GitHub UI.

## Summary

In this lab, you have learned how to fork an upstream repository into your own account and then clone it locally in the lab environment. You then learned how to synchronize changes in your local repository with remote GitHub repositories using pull requests.

## Author(s)

Upkar Lidder

## Other Contributor(s)

Richard Ye

## Changelog

Date	Version	Changed by	Change Description
2022-01-17	1.0	Upkar Lidder	Initial version created
2022-01-27	1.1	Richard Ye	Corrected and added instructions