## Assignment 4

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Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/cmaspi/EE3900/blob/main/ Assignment-4/main.tex

## 1 Problem

(Matrix Q 2.40) Find the equation of the plane passing through the line of intersection of the planes

$$(1 \ 1 \ 1)\mathbf{x} = 1 \text{ and}$$
 (1.0.1)

$$(1 1 1)\mathbf{x} = 1 and$$
 (1.0.1)  
 $(2 3 -1)\mathbf{x} = -4$  (1.0.2)

and parallel to x-axis

## 2 Solution

The equations of planes are

$$\mathbf{n_1}^T x = 1 \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\mathbf{n_2}^T x = -4 \tag{2.0.2}$$

where

$$\mathbf{n_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}^T \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$\mathbf{n_2} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 3 & -1 \end{pmatrix}^T \tag{2.0.4}$$

The line of intersection of the given planes will have a slope parallel to  $n_1 \times n_2$ . Further we have to find a plane which contains this line and is parallel to x-axis.

Let

$$\mathbf{n_3} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \end{pmatrix}^T \tag{2.0.5}$$

Assume a vector **a** lies on both the planes, this means that it lies on the intersecting line and on the required plane The normal vector of the desired plane is perpendicular to  $\mathbf{n_1} \times \mathbf{n_1}$  and x-axis.

$$\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{n}_3 \times (\mathbf{n}_1 \times \mathbf{n}_2) \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = \mathbf{n}_1 \left( \mathbf{n}_3^T \mathbf{n}_2 \right) - \mathbf{n}_2 \left( \mathbf{n}_3^T \mathbf{n}_1 \right) \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\mathbf{n} = 2\mathbf{n}_1 - \mathbf{n}_2 \tag{2.0.8}$$

The equation of plane is given by

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{x} = c \tag{2.0.9}$$

1

$$\mathbf{n}^T \mathbf{a} = 2 + 4 = 6 \tag{2.0.10}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -1 & 3 \end{pmatrix}^T \mathbf{x} = 6 \tag{2.0.11}$$