Quie Problem 8

$$\sum = \left[\begin{cases} 5 \\ 5 \\ 5 \\ 2 \end{aligned} \right]$$

$$\times = \left[\begin{cases} 0 \\ -1 \\ 2 \end{cases} \right]$$

$$\det \left(\Sigma - \lambda I \right) = 0$$

$$(\lambda - 6)(\lambda - 4) = 0$$

$$\lambda_1 = 6, \ \lambda_2 = 4$$

$$V_{1} := \begin{bmatrix} 5-6 \\ 1 \\ 5-6 \end{bmatrix} \quad V_{2} := \begin{bmatrix} 5-4 \\ 1 \\ 5-4 \end{bmatrix} \quad V_{2} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad V_{1} = 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad V_{2} = 0$$

$$V_{2} := \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \quad V_{2} = 0$$

$$V_{2} := \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$V_{2} := \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Since $\lambda_1 > \lambda_2$, than V_2 corresponds to second PC.

$$P_{rog} = \chi_1 \cdot \sqrt{2} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1/\sqrt{2} \\ 1/\sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ -2 \end{bmatrix}$$