## CS 4124

## Solutions to Homework Assignment 3 Collin McDevitt

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[25] 1. Let

$$M_1 = (Q^{(\text{poll,acc})}, Q^{(\text{poll,rej})}, Q^{(\text{aut})}, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, q_0)$$

be the OTM with the following algebraic specification

$$Q^{\text{(poll,acc)}} = \{q_0\}$$

$$Q^{\text{(poll,rej)}} = \{q_1\}$$

$$Q^{\text{(aut)}} = \emptyset$$

$$\Sigma = \{0, 1\}$$

$$\Gamma = \{0, 1, \boxed{\mathbb{B}}\},$$

where the specification of  $\delta$  is given in a transition table; see Table 1.

- A. On input w = 01100, give the computation (sequence of configurations) that  $M_1$  goes through.
- B. Let  $L_1$  be the language accepted by  $M_1$ . What is  $L_1$ ? Explain.

The sequence of configurations is

$$C_0^{M_1}(01100) = \langle \varepsilon, \boxed{B} q_0 \boxed{B} \boxed{B} \rangle$$

$$C_1^{M_1}(01100) = \langle 0, \boxed{B} 0 q_1 \boxed{B} \rangle$$

$$C_2^{M_1}(01100) = \langle 01, \boxed{B} 0 1 q_0 \boxed{B} \rangle$$

$$C_3^{M_1}(01100) = \langle 011, \boxed{B} 0 1 1 q_1 \boxed{B} \rangle$$

$$C_4^{M_1}(01100) = \langle 0110, \boxed{B} 0 1 1 0 q_0 \boxed{B} \rangle$$

$$C_5^{M_1}(01100) = \langle 01100, \boxed{B} 0 1 1 0 0 q_1 \boxed{B} \rangle$$

Table 1: Transition table for Problem 1.

[25] 2. Let  $L_2 \subseteq \{a,b\}^*$  be the language

$$L_2 = \{(aab)^i \mid i \ge 0\}.$$

Three example strings in  $L_2$  are  $\epsilon$ , aabaab, and aabaabaabaabaabaab. Three example strings not in  $L_2$  are baa, aaaab, and aabaa.

Design an OTM  $M_2$  that accepts  $L_2$ . Give the complete algebraic specification for  $M_2$ :

$$M_2 = (Q^{(\text{poll,acc})}, Q^{(\text{poll,rej})}, Q^{(\text{aut})}, \Sigma, \Gamma, \delta, q_0).$$

You may want to put  $\delta$  in a transition table; otherwise, you can specify all the transitions as equations in an equatray\* or a displaymenth environment.

HINT: You will need a dead state that is in  $Q^{(poll,rej)}$ .

[20] 3. Let D be a set of cards from a standard deck, 52 cards in all. Let C be a set of 50 pennies, each with a different year so they are easily distinguished.

Prove by contradiction that there is no injection

$$h: D \to C$$
.

HINT: Assume that such a injection h exists and derive a contradiction. Think about the Pigeonhole Principle.

[30] 4. Let A be any nonempty set. Let  $\mathcal{P}(A)$  be the power set of A, the set of all subsets of A; see Page 492.

Prove by contradiction (diagonalization) that there is no bijection

$$h: A \to \mathcal{P}(A)$$
.

HINT: Assume that such a bijection h exists and derive a contradiction. Be careful with your argument.