

## **Correlation Coefficients**

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Correlation coefficients provide a measure of the **strength** and **direction** of a **linear** relationship.

We can tell the direction based on whether the correlation is positive or negative.

A rule of thumb for judging the strength:



$$\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{Strong} & \textbf{Moderate} & \textbf{Weak} \\ 0.7 \leq |r| \leq 1.0 & 0.3 \leq |r| < 0.7 & 0.0 \leq |r| < 0.3 \end{array}$$

$$0.3 \leq |r| < 0.7$$

$$0.0 \le |r| < 0.3$$

## **Calculation of the Correlation Coefficient**

$$r=rac{\sum\limits_{i=1}^n(x_i-ar{x})(y_i-ar{y})}{\sqrt{\sum(x_i-ar{x})^2}\sqrt{\sum(y_i-ar{y})^2}}$$

It can also be calculated in Excel and other spreadsheet applications using CORREL(col1, col2), where col1 and col2 are the two columns you are looking to compare to one another.

Have questions? Head to the **forums** for discussion with the Udacity Community.