

Lab 2

Relatório Final



Mestrado Integrado em Engenharia Informática e Computação

Redes de Computadores

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21 de Dezembro de 2015

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1 Sumário

Este relatório tem como objetivo explicar o segundo projeto da Unidade Curricular de Redes de Computadores bem como analisar os resultados obtidos na realização das experiências especificadas no enunciado do mesmo.

2 Introdução

Este projeto encontra-se dividido em duas grandes partes. Em primeiro lugar, é-nos pedido que desenvolvamos uma aplicação de *download* que proceda à transferência de um ficheiro e que implemente o protocolo *FTP*. Em segundo lugar, é-nos pedido que configuremos e estudemos uma Rede de Computadores seguindo a estrutura das experiências abaixo enumeradas:

1. Configuração de um *IP* de rede;
2. Configuração de duas Redes *LAN* virtuais num *switch*;
3. Configuração de um *router* em *Linux*;
4. Configuração de um *router* comercial implementando *NAT*;
5. *DNS*;
6. Conexões *TCP*.

3 Parte 1 - Aplicação de download

Como referido anteriormente, a primeira parte deste trabalho consiste numa aplicação que transfere um ficheiro utilizando o protocolo *FTP* descrito no ficheiro RFC959. Como método de *input* é utilizada a sintaxe mostrada na figura abaixo como descrito no ficheiro RFC1738.

```
joao@joao-VirtualBox:~/Documents/Github/RCOM-code/ftpDownloader$ ./download ftp://
PROGRAM: Entering anonymous Mode
ERROR - Wrong paramater -> URL | Expected something like: ftp://[<user>:<password>@]<host>/<url-path>
```

Figura 1: Input

A aplicação desenvolvida permite que seja feito um download em modo anónimo. Para tal basta não colocar os caracteres '@' e ':' e não colocar nome de utilizador e password. Neste caso a aplicação irá assumir o utilizador *anonymous* e a palavra-passe vazia.

3.1 Arquitetura

A *UrlStruct* é a estrutura definida responsável por guardar a informação necessária que depende do *input* do utilizador.

```
1 typedef struct{
2     char * user;
3     char * password;
4     struct hostent * h;
5     char * urlPath;
6     char * hostIp;
7 }urlStruct;
```

urlStruct

Ao correr o programa é chamada a função *getUrlInfo* que é responsável por pegar na *string* que o utilizador forneceu como argumento e interpretar toda a informação necessária.

```

1 #include "utilities.h"
2
3 void getUrlInfo(char * completeString, urlStruct * url);

```

Url Header

Depois de interpretar a informação introduzida pelo utilizador, e após verificar que esta informação é válida é chamada a função *startConection* responsável por ligar o cliente *FTP* ao servidor através de um *socket*. Com a ligação estabelecida é então necessário chamar função *getControl*, responsável por enviar a informação necessária para o *login* e por enviar o comando **PASV**, o que vai permitir que haja comunicação em ambos os sentidos.

```

1 int getControl(FTP * ftp, urlStruct * url, FTP * receiverFtp) {
2     if (sendAndReceiveControl(CMD_USER, ftp, receiverFtp, url) != 0) {
3         return -1;
4     }
5     if (strlen(url->password) != 0) {
6         msg("Entering in anonymous mode");
7     }
8     if (sendAndReceiveControl(CMD_PASS, ftp, receiverFtp, url) != 0) {
9         return -1;
10    }
11    if (sendAndReceiveControl(CMD_PASSV, ftp, receiverFtp, url) != 0) {
12        return -1;
13    }
14    return 0;
15 }

```

getControl

É também feita uma nova conexão através da função *startReceiverConection* para permitir a receção do ficheiro. pedido pelo utilizador. Por fim é enviado o comando **RETR** e recebido o ficheiro a ser guardado. A função *receiveFile* é responsável por enviar o comando, receber o ficheiro e escrevê-lo no disco.

Terminada a receção do ficheiro resta apenas fechar os *sockets* abertos e libertar a memória alocada para terminar o programa.

As funções acima referidas e outras auxiliares estão definidas abaixo, bem como nos anexos.

```

1 #include "url.h"
2
3 typedef struct
4 {
5     int socketFd; // file descriptor to control socket
6     int dataSocketFd; // file descriptor to data socket
7
8     int passvAnswer[6];
9     int port;
10    char ip[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
11
12 } FTP;
13
14 int startConection(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp);
15 int showResponse(FTP * ftp);
16 int sendAndReceiveControl(int cmd, FTP * ftp, FTP * receiverFtp, urlStruct * url);
17 int receivePassvAnswer(FTP * ftp);
18 int getControl(FTP * ftp, urlStruct * url, FTP * receiverFTP);
19 int startReceiverConection(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp);
20 int receiveFile(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp, FTP * receiverFtp);

```

conection.h

Durante o desenvolvimento da aplicação foi implementado um modo de *debug* que é ativo ao alterar a Macro *DEBUG* de 0 para 1. Este modo faz com que haja mais impressões na consola, o que permite controlar com maior exatidão o modo como a aplicação está a funcionar.

```

1 #define DEBUG_MODE 0
2 #define MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE 100
3 #define PORT_FTP 21
4
5 #define CMD_USER 0
6 #define CMD_PASS 1
7 #define CMD_PASSV 2

```

Macros

3.2 Resultados

Esta aplicação foi testada com diversos ficheiros, tanto em modo anónimo como em modo não anónimo. A transferência dos vários ficheiros foi verificada tendo sido o máximo ficheiro testado um ficheiro de vídeo com cerca de 200MB.

Em caso de erro, para além da aplicação terminar é impresso na consola o erro em causa, de modo a que o utilizador tenha o máximo controlo possível sobre o sucedido.

4 Parte 2 - Configuração de Redes

4.1 Configuração de um IP de rede

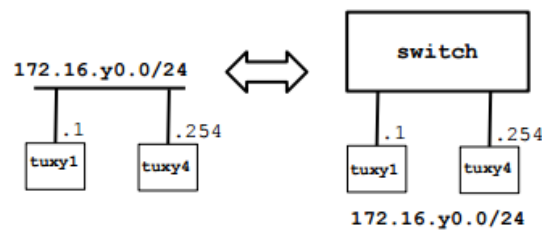


Figura 2: Experiment 1

Esta primeira experiência tem como objetivo configurar duas máquinas numa só rede e compreender o seu funcionamento. Foram então configurados os dois computadores **tux41** e **tux44** para que estes assumissem os endereços de **IP** de **172.16.40.1** e **172.16.40.254**, respetivamente.

Para tal, utilizamos o comando **ifconfig**, atribuindo estes mesmos valores e ativando as portas **eth0** às quais foram ligados os cabos de rede.

Apos a configuração, através do comando **ping** verificou-se que existia a ligação entre as duas máquinas. Após esta verificação foram apagadas todas as entradas na tabela **ARP** através do comando **arp -d 'ip address'**. Por fim repetiu-se o comando **ping** registando o processo através do programa **wireshark**.

Analisando o *log* do **wireshark** da figura 8 nos Anexos, podemos verificar que, tendo apagado as entradas na tabela **ARP** é perguntado à rede qual o endereço **MAC** com um endereço de **IP** igual a **172.16.40.254**. Este computador responde com o seu endereço **MAC** e, a partir de aí, sempre que o primeiro faz um request **ICMP**, este é seguido de uma resposta do segundo. Verifica-se também que, como o endereço **MAC** do segundo se encontra na tabela **ARP** do primeiro, não é necessário haver mais nenhum **broadcast** como o da linha 5 do *log* acima.

4.2 Configuração de duas redes *LAN* virtuais num *switch*

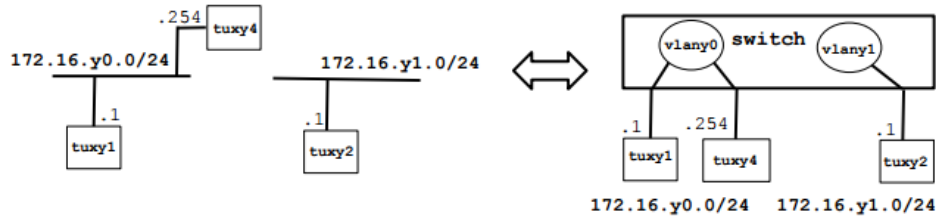


Figura 3: Experiment 2

Esta experiência consiste na criação de duas *vlan's* diferentes:

- *VLAN 40* - *172.16.40.0/24* - à qual pertencem os computadores *tux1* e *tux4*;
- *VLAN 41* - *172.16.41.0/24* - à qual pertence o computador *tux2*.

De notar que no final da configuração das máquinas e do *switch* o computador *tux2* deixará de ter acesso aos computadores que pertencem à rede *VLAN 40*, à qual não pertence.

Para configurar os computadores da forma referida basta proceder do mesmo modo que se procedeu para a primeira experiência, mas desta vez fazê-lo no computador *tux2* e atribuindo **172.16.41.1** como endereço de *IP* (tendo em conta que os outros dois computadores continuam com a configuração da primeira experiência).

Para configurar o *switch* acede-se à sua consola através da aplicação *gkterm* e corre-se os comandos especificados em anexo.

Estando os dois computadores na mesma rede, então, ao fazer **ping** do *tux1* para o *tux4*, não é enviado o pacote *ARP* para saber o endereço *MAC*, como se pode verificar na figura 9.

Pode também verificar-se, na análise das figuras 10, 11, 12, 13, 14 e 15 que cada *vlan* tem um *broadcast domain* diferente, tendo em conta que o *tux2* não detetou o pacote enviado, como tal, conclui-se que a configuração destas rede foi feita da forma correta pois verifica-se a falta de comunicação entre as redes, como foi referido no início desta experiência. Nas primeiras três figuras foi feito um *broadcast* na *vlan 41* enquanto que nas últimas três foi feito na *vlan 41*.

4.3 Configuração de um *router* em *Linux*

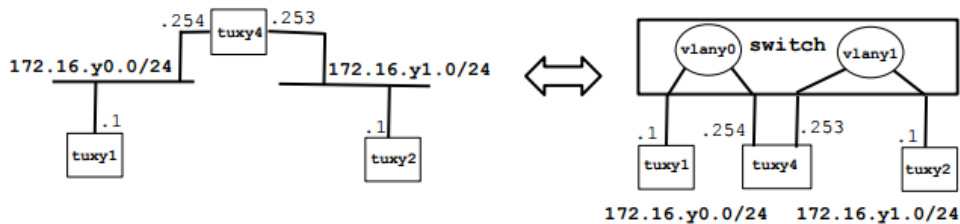


Figura 4: Experiment 3

Esta experiência consiste na configuração do computador *tux4* como *router* por forma a ligar as duas *vlan's* existentes:

- **172.16.40.0/24** - *vlan 40*;
- **172.16.41.0/24** - *vlan 41*.

Em primeiro lugar ativa-se a porta *eth1* do *tux4* i liga-se ao *switch*. Esta porta será a que será ligada à *vlan 41*. Configura-se esta mesma porta com o endereço *IP 172.16.41.253/24*. Sendo este computadorro aquele que pretendemos que sirva de *router*, é necessário ativar o reencaminhamento de *IP's* através do comando:

```
1 echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
```

Shell Command

Por fim, adicionou-se as rotas necessárias no *tux1* e no *tux2* por forma a que estes, através do *tux4* pudessem aceder à rede a que não pertencem. Estas rotas forma adicionadas utilizando o comando:

```
1 route add -net _ _
```

Shell Command

Como é possível analisar através da figura 16, agora é possível a comunicação entre qualquer uma das três máquinas.

4.4 Configuração de um *router* comercial implementando *NAT*

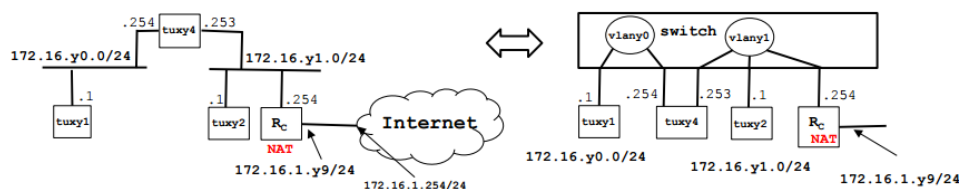


Figura 5: Experiment 4

Esta experiência tem como objetivo a configuração do *CISCO* dentro da rede 41 de forma a que tanto os computadores na *vlan40* como na *vlan41* tenham acesso à Internet.

Para configurar o router, depois de fazer *login* na linha de comandos corre-se o *script* do Anexo 9. Os comandos referidos em anexo começam por configurar duas interfaces do *router*, atribuindo corretamente as configurações *NAT*. A configuração correta do *NAT* é essencial pois a falta desta poderia resultar em falta de acesso à Internet em qualquer um dos computadores pois, como sabemos, *NAT* tem a função de traduzir endereços, resultando neste caso na tradução do endereço de sub-rede de cada computador no endereço do *router* comercial.

Depois de permitir que os computadores das redes criadas tenham acesso, é configurada uma rota predefinida para o endereço da Internet. Da mesma forma é adicionada aos computadores a rota predefinida para o endereço **172.16.41.254**, endereço do *router* comercial.

Como é possível verificar na figura 17, mesmo o computador da rede 10 tem acesso ao *router* comercial.

4.5 DNS

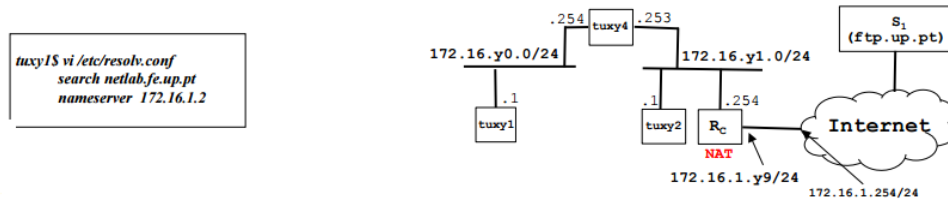


Figura 6: Experiment 5

Esta experiência consiste apenas em adicionar um *DNS*, como tal, basta colocar duas linhas no ficheiro **resolv.conf** situado no diretório **/etc** nos computadores com o sistema operativo em *Linux*. Este ficheiro ficou então com as linhas abaixo:

```
1 search lixa.netlab.fe.up.pt
2 nameserver 172.16.1.1
```

resolv.conf

Por fim foi testada a funcionalidade desta alteração acedendo, através do *browser* a um *website* o que, como podemos verificar na figura 18 se verificou sem problemas.

4.6 Conexões TCP

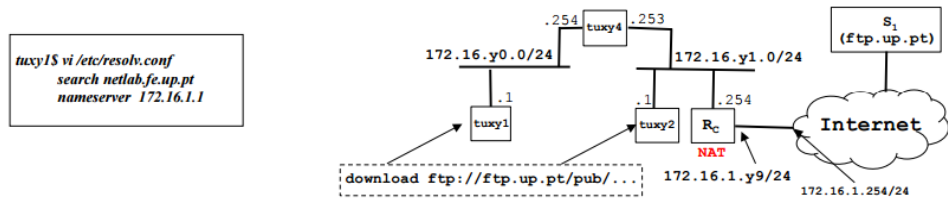


Figura 7: Experiment 6

Esta experiência tinha como objetivo juntar as duas partes deste trabalho, pondo em prática a aplicação de *download* desenvolvida na Parte 1 deste trabalho na rede cobfigurada ao longo destas experiências. A aplicação foi testada em modo anónimo e não anónimo, com ficheiros de imagem e de vídeo sendo que o ficheiro testado com maior tamanho tinha cerca de 200Mb. Foi também testada esta aplicação em simultâneo no *tux1* e no *tux2*, não tendo ocorrido qualquer tipo de problema na transferência do ficheiro.

Podemos ver o gráfico de pacotes transferidos em função do tempo durante a transferência realizada pelo *tux1* na figura 19.

5 Conclusões

6 Anexos

6.1 Headers

6.1.1 conection.h

```
1 #include "url.h"
2
3 typedef struct
4 {
5     int socketFd; // file descriptor to control socket
6     int dataSocketFd; // file descriptor to data socket
7
8     int passvAnswer[6];
9     int port;
10    char ip[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
11 } FTP;
12
13
14 int startConection(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp);
15 int showResponse(FTP * ftp);
16 int sendAndReceiveControl(int cmd, FTP * ftp, FTP * receiverFtp, urlStruct *
    url);
17 int receivePassvAnswer(FTP * ftp);
18 int getControl(FTP * ftp, urlStruct * url, FTP * receiverFTP);
19 int startReceiverConection(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp);
20 int receiveFile(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp, FTP * receiverFtp);
```

Anexo 1 - conection.h

6.1.2 url.h

```
1 #include "utilities.h"
2
3 void getUrlInfo(char * completeString, urlStruct * url);
```

Anexo 2 - url.h

6.1.3 utilities.h

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <stdlib.h>
3 #include <errno.h>
4 #include <netdb.h>
5 #include <sys/types.h>
6 #include <netinet/in.h>
7 #include <string.h>
8 #include <unistd.h>
9 #include <signal.h>
10 #include <sys/types.h>
11 #include <sys/socket.h>
12 #include <arpa/inet.h>
13
14 #define DEBUG_MODE 0
```

```

15 #define MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE 100
16 #define PORT_FTP 21
17
18 #define CMD_USER 0
19 #define CMD_PASS 1
20 #define CMD_PASSV 2
21
22
23 typedef struct{
24     char * user;
25     char * password;
26     struct hostent * h;
27     char * urlPath;
28     char * hostIp;
29 }urlStruct;
30
31 void debug(char * msg1, char * msg);
32 void msg(char * m);
33 void stringMsg(char * m, char * m2);
34 void getName(char * url, char ** filename);
35 void responseMsg(char * m, char * m2);

```

Anexo 3 - utilities.h

6.2 *.c files

6.2.1 main.c

[illegible]

```

28
29     if (startReceiverConection(receiverUrl, &receiverFtp) < 0) {
30         msg("Error starting receiver connection");
31         return -1;
32     }
33
34     if (receiveFile(url, &ftp, &receiverFtp) < 0) {
35         msg("Error receiving file");
36         return -1;
37     }
38
39     close(receiverFtp.socketFd);
40     close(ftp.socketFd);
41     msg("Sockets Closed, Terminating...");
42
43     free(url->user);
44     free(url->password);
45     free(url->urlPath);
46     free(url);
47
48     return 0;
49 }

```

Anexo 4 - main.c

6.2.2 conection.c

```

1  #include "conection.h"
2
3  int startConection(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp) {
4      debug("##### DEBUG START CONNECTION #####", "
5          BEGIN");
6      int socket_fd;
7      struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
8
9      // Configuring server address
10     bzero((char*)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));
11     server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
12     server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(url->hostIp); // 32
13     // bit Internet address network byte ordered
14     server_addr.sin_port = htons(PORT_FTP); // server
15     // TCP port (21) must be network byte ordered
16
17     // Opening the control TCP socket
18     socket_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
19     if(socket_fd < 0) {
20         printf("Error opening control TCP socket\n");
21         return -1;
22     } else {
23         char temp[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
24         sprintf(temp, "%d", socket_fd);
25         debug("Opened control TCP socket with Fd ", temp);
26     }
27
28     // Connecting to the server...
29     int connectRet;

```

```

27     if((connectRet = connect(socket_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&server_addr, sizeof
28         (server_addr))) < 0) {
29         perror("connect()");
30         printf("Error connecting to the server to open the control connection\n
31             ");
32         return -1;
33     } else {
34         char temp[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
35         sprintf(temp, "%d", connectRet);
36         debug("Connected to server with return      ", temp);
37     }
38
39     ftp->socketFd = socket_fd;
40
41     msg("Connected");
42     debug("##### DEBUG START CONNECTION #####", "
43         END");
44
45     return 0;
46 }
47
48 int showResponse(FTP * ftp) {
49     char answerFromServer[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE] = "";
50     if(read(ftp->socketFd, answerFromServer, MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE) > 0) {
51         responseMsg("Server response", answerFromServer);
52         return 0;
53     }
54     msg("Could not read response form server");
55     return -1;
56 }
57
58 int receivePassvAnswer(FTP * ftp) {
59     char passvAnswer[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
60     if(read(ftp->socketFd, passvAnswer, MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE) > 0) {
61         responseMsg("Server response", passvAnswer);
62         if(6 != sscanf(passvAnswer, "%*[^()(%d,%d,%d,%d,%d,%d)\n", &(ftp->
63             passvAnswer[0]), &(ftp->passvAnswer[1]), &(ftp->passvAnswer[2]), &(
64             ftp->passvAnswer[3]), &(ftp->passvAnswer[4]), &(ftp->passvAnswer[5])
65             ))
66         {
67             stringMsg("Could not read the 6 bytes from the server response",
68                 passvAnswer);
69             return -1;
70         }
71         return 0;
72     }
73
74     msg("Could not read response form server socket - PASSV");
75     return -1;
76 }
77
78 int getControl(FTP * ftp, urlStruct * url, FTP * receiverFtp) {
79     if(sendAndReceiveControl(CMD_USER, ftp, receiverFtp, url) != 0) {
80         return -1;
81     }
82 }

```

```

76     if (strlen(url->password) != 0) {
77         msg("Entering in anonymous mode");
78     }
79
80     if(sendAndReceiveControl(CMD_PASS, ftp, receiverFtp, url) != 0) {
81         return -1;
82     }
83
84     if(sendAndReceiveControl(CMD_PASSV, ftp, receiverFtp, url) != 0) {
85         return -1;
86     }
87
88     return 0;
89 }
90
91
92 int sendAndReceiveControl(int cmdSelector, FTP * ftp, FTP * receiverFtp,
93     urlStruct * url) {
94     debug("##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL
95         #####", "BEGIN");
96     char cmd[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
97     switch(cmdSelector) {
98         case CMD_USER:
99             strcpy(cmd, "user \0");
100             strcat(cmd, url->user);
101             break;
102         case CMD_PASS:
103             strcpy(cmd, "pass \0");
104             strcat(cmd, url->password);
105             break;
106         case CMD_PASSV:
107             strcpy(cmd, "pasv \0");
108             break;
109         default:
110             break;
111     }
112     strcat(cmd, "\n");
113     debug("Command to Send", cmd);
114     if(write(ftp->socketFd, cmd, strlen(cmd)) < 0) {
115         perror("write()");
116         return -1;
117     } else {
118         debug("Command Sent", cmd);
119     }
120     sleep(1);
121     switch(cmdSelector) {
122         case CMD_PASSV:
123             if(0 == receivePassvAnswer(ftp)) {
124                 // Parse new IP address
125                 receiverFtp->port = ftp->passvAnswer[4] * 256 + ftp->
                    passvAnswer[5];
126                 memset(receiverFtp->ip, 0, MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE); // clearing
                    the array, "just in case"
127                 sprintf(receiverFtp->ip, "%d.%d.%d.%d", ftp->passvAnswer[0],
                    ftp->passvAnswer[1], ftp->passvAnswer[2], ftp->passvAnswer
                    [3]);

```

```

126         stringMsg("IP address to receive file", (char *) &receiverFtp->
127             ip);
128         char temp[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
129         sprintf(temp, "%d", receiverFtp->port);
130         stringMsg("Port to receive file", temp);
131
132         debug("##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL
133             #####", "END");
134         return 0;
135     }
136
137     msg("Could not receive the 'passvAnswer' response");
138     return -1;
139
140     default:
141         showResponse(ftp);
142         break;
143 }
144
145 int startReceiverConection(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp) {
146     debug("##### DEBUG START RECEIVER CONECTION
147         #####", "BEGIN");
148     struct sockaddr_in server_addr;
149     char *host_ip;
150     int socket_fd;
151
152     if (NULL == (url->h = gethostbyname(ftp->ip))) {
153         msg("Could not get host");
154         return -1;
155     }
156
157     host_ip = inet_ntoa(*(struct in_addr *)url->h->h_addr));
158
159     stringMsg("Host name ", url->h->h_name);
160     stringMsg("IP Address ", host_ip);
161
162     // Configuring server address
163     bzero((char*)&server_addr, sizeof(server_addr));
164     server_addr.sin_family = AF_INET;
165     server_addr.sin_addr.s_addr = inet_addr(host_ip); //32 bit Internet
166     address network byte ordered
167     server_addr.sin_port = htons(ftp->port); //server TCP port
168     must be network byte ordered | this is the new port received from the
169     control TCP connection!
170
171     // Opening the receiver TCP socket
172     socket_fd = socket(AF_INET, SOCK_STREAM, 0);
173     if (socket_fd < 0) {
174         msg("Error opening receiver TCP socket");
175         return -1;
176     }
177
178     int connectRet;

```

```

175     if((connectRet = connect(socket_fd, (struct sockaddr *)&server_addr, sizeof
176         (server_addr))) < 0) {
177         perror("connect()");
178         msg("Error connecting to the server to open the control connection");
179         return -1;
180     } else {
181         char temp[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
182         sprintf(temp, "%d", connectRet);
183         debug("Connected to server with return      ", temp);
184     }
185
186     ftp->socketFd = socket_fd;
187     ftp->dataSocketFd = socket_fd;
188     msg("Connected to receiver");
189     debug("##### DEBUG START RECEIVER CONECTION
190         #####", "END");
191
192     return 0;
193 }
194
195 int receiveFile(urlStruct * url, FTP * ftp, FTP * receiverFtp) {
196     debug("##### DEBUG RECEIVE FILE #####", "
197         BEGIN");
198     msg("Receiving File...");
199     char cmd[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE] = "";
200     strcpy(cmd, "retr ");
201     strcat(cmd, url->urlPath);
202     strcat(cmd, "\n");
203     stringMsg("Command to be sent", cmd);
204     if(write(ftp->socketFd, cmd, strlen(cmd)) < 0){
205         msg("ERROR - retr command could not be sent");
206         return -1;
207     }
208     stringMsg("Command sent", cmd);
209
210     char * filename;
211     getName(url->urlPath, &filename);
212     debug("Filename is", filename);
213
214     FILE* file;
215     int bytes;
216
217     if (!(file = fopen(filename, "w"))) {
218         msg("ERROR: Cannot open file.");
219         return -1;
220     }
221
222     char temp[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
223     sprintf(temp, "%d", receiverFtp->dataSocketFd);
224     debug("Receiver Data Socket fd", temp);
225
226     char buf[1024];
227     while ((bytes = read(receiverFtp->dataSocketFd, buf, sizeof(buf)))) {
228         if (bytes < 0) {
229             msg("ERROR: Nothing was received.");

```



```

228         return -1;
229     }
230
231     if ((bytes = fwrite(buf, bytes, 1, file)) < 0) {
232         msg("ERROR: Cannot write data in file.\n");
233         return -1;
234     }
235     debug("In read cycle", "Read 1 byte");
236 }
237
238 fclose(file);
239
240 msg("File received");
241 debug("##### DEBUG RECEIVE FILE #####", "END");
242
243 return 0;
244 }

```

Anexo 5 - conection.c

6.2.3 url.c

```

1  #include "url.h"
2
3  void getUrlInfo(char * completeString, urlStruct * url) {
4      debug("##### DEBUG URL INFO #####", "BEGIN");
5
6      if(strncmp(completeString, "ftp://", 6)) {
7          printf("Wrong Url on argument, expected begining like: 'ftp://'\n");
8          exit(1);
9      }
10     //##### debug code #####
11     char debugString[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
12     char debugString_2[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
13     char debugString_3[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
14     char debugString_4[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
15     char debugString_5[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
16     //##### debug code #####
17
18     char * at = strchr(completeString, '@');
19     if (at == NULL) {
20         msg("Entering anonymous Mode");
21     }
22
23     char * toTwoPoints = strchr(completeString + 6, ':');
24     char * slashAfterAt = strchr(completeString + 7, '/');
25
26     if (slashAfterAt == NULL) {
27         printf("ERROR - Wrong paramater -> URL | Expected something like: ftp
28             ://[<user>:<password>@]<host>/<url-path>\n");
29         exit(1);
30     }
31
32     int lengthOfUserAndPassword;
33     int lengthOfUser;

```

```

33     int lengthOfPassword;
34     int lengthOfHost;
35     int lengthOfUrlPath;
36
37     if (at != NULL) {
38         lengthOfUserAndPassword = (int) (at - completeString - 6);
39         lengthOfUser = (int) (toTwoPoints - completeString - 6);
40         lengthOfPassword = lengthOfUserAndPassword - lengthOfUser - 1;
41         lengthOfHost = (int) (slashAfterAt - at - 1);
42         lengthOfUrlPath = strlen(completeString) - (9 + lengthOfUser +
            lengthOfPassword + lengthOfHost);
43     } else {
44         lengthOfUserAndPassword = 0;
45         lengthOfUser = (int) 0;
46         lengthOfPassword = 0;
47         lengthOfHost = (int) (slashAfterAt - completeString - 6);
48         lengthOfUrlPath = strlen(completeString) - (7 + lengthOfUser +
            lengthOfPassword + lengthOfHost);
49     }
50
51     if(lengthOfHost <= 0 || lengthOfUrlPath <= 0) {
52         printf("ERROR - Wrong paramater -> URL | Expected something like: ftp
            ://[<user>:<password>@]<host>/<url-path>\n");
53         exit(1);
54     }
55
56     //##### debug code #####
57     sprintf(debugString, "%d", lengthOfUser);
58     sprintf(debugString_2, "%d", lengthOfPassword);
59     sprintf(debugString_3, "%d", lengthOfHost);
60     sprintf(debugString_5, "%d", lengthOfUrlPath);
61     debug("Number of characters of the User ", debugString);
62     debug("Number of characters of the Password ", debugString_2);
63     debug("Number of characters of the Host ", debugString_3);
64     debug("Number of characters of the Url Path ", debugString_5);
65     //##### debug code #####
66
67     url->password = malloc(sizeof(char) * lengthOfPassword);
68     url->urlPath = malloc(sizeof(char) * lengthOfUrlPath);
69     char hostTemp[MAX_STRING_DEBUG_SIZE];
70     if (at != NULL) {
71         url->user = malloc(sizeof(char) * lengthOfUser);
72         strncpy(url->user, completeString + 6, lengthOfUser);
73         strncpy(url->password, completeString + lengthOfUser + 7,
            lengthOfPassword);
74         strncpy(hostTemp, at + 1, lengthOfHost);
75     } else {
76         url->user = malloc(sizeof(char) * strlen("anonymous"));
77         strncpy(url->user, "anonymous", strlen("anonymous"));
78         strncpy(hostTemp, completeString + 6, lengthOfHost);
79     }
80     strncpy(url->urlPath, slashAfterAt + 1, lengthOfUrlPath);
81     hostTemp[lengthOfHost] = '\0';
82
83     //##### debug code #####
84     debug("User field ", url->user);

```

```

85     debug("Password field", "<password>");
86     debug("Host field", hostTemp);
87     debug("Url Path field", url->urlPath);
88     //##### debug code #####
89
90     if ((url->h=gethostbyname(hostTemp)) == NULL) {
91         perror("gethostbyname");
92         exit(1);
93     }
94
95     sprintf(debugString_4, "%s", inet_ntoa(*(struct in_addr *)url->h->h_addr));
96     url->hostIp = malloc(sizeof(char) * strlen(debugString_4));
97     strncpy(url->hostIp, debugString_4, strlen(debugString_4));
98
99     //##### debug code #####
100    debug("Host name", url->h->h_name);
101    debug("IP Address", url->hostIp);
102    //##### debug code #####
103
104    debug("##### DEBUG URL INFO #####", "END");
105    return;
106 }

```

Anexo 6 - url.c

6.2.4 utilities.c

```

1  #include "utilities.h"
2
3  void debug(char * msg1, char * msg) {
4      if (DEBUG_MODE == 1) {
5          printf("DEBUG: %s: %s\n", msg1, msg);
6      }
7  }
8
9  void msg(char * m) {
10     printf("PROGRAM: %s\n", m);
11 }
12
13 void stringMsg(char * m, char * m2) {
14     printf("PROGRAM: %s: %s\n", m, m2);
15 }
16
17 void getName(char * url, char ** filename) {
18     char * temp = url;
19     int i = 0;
20     while(temp != NULL) {
21         if(i > 0)
22             *filename = temp + 1;
23         else
24             *filename = temp;
25         temp = strchr(*filename, '/');
26         i++;
27     }
28 }

```

```

29
30 void responseMsg(char * m, char * m2) {
31     printf("PROGRAM: %s\n%sRESPONSE END\n", m, m2);
32 }

```

Anexo 7 - utilities.c

6.3 Makefile

```

1 all: main.c utilities.c url.c conection.c
2     gcc -Wall -o download main.c utilities.c url.c conection.c

```

Anexo 8 - Makefile

6.4 Configuration Scripts

6.4.1 Router Configuration

```

1 conf t
2 interface gigabitethernet 0/0
3 ip address 172.16.11.254 255.255.255.0
4 no shutdown
5 ip nat inside
6 exit
7 interface gigabitethernet 0/1
8 ip address 172.16.1.19 255.255.255.0
9 no shutdown
10 ip nat outside
11 exit
12
13 ip nat pool ovrlld 172.16.1.19 172.16.1.19 prefix 24
14 ip nat inside source list 1 pool ovrlld overload
15 access-list 1 permit 172.16.10.0 0.0.0.255
16 access-list 1 permit 172.16.11.0 0.0.0.255
17 ip route 0.0.0.0 0.0.0.0 172.16.1.254
18 ip route 172.16.10.0 255.255.255.0 172.16.11.253
19 end

```

Anexo 9 - Router Configuration

6.4.2 Switch Configuration

```
1  conf t
2  vlan 10
3  end
4
5  conf t
6  vlan 11
7  end
8
9  conf t
10 interface fastethernet 0/1
11 switchport mode access
12 switchport access vlan 10
13 end
14
15 conf t
16 interface fastethernet 0/4
17 switchport mode access
18 switchport access vlan 10
19 end
20
21 conf t
22 interface fastethernet 0/2
23 switchport mode access
24 switchport access vlan 11
25 end
26
27 conf t
28 interface fastethernet 0/5
29 switchport mode access
30 switchport access vlan 11
31 end
32
33 conf t
34 interface gigabitethernet 0/1
35 switchport mode access
36 switchport access vlan 11
37 end
```

Anexo 10 - Switch Configuration

6.4.3 tux1 Configuration

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 ifconfig eth0 up
4 ifconfig eth0 172.16.40.1/24
5
6 route add default gw 172.16.40.254
```

Anexo 11 - tux1 Final Configuration

6.4.4 tux2 Configuration

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 ifconfig eth0 up
4 ifconfig eth0 172.16.11.1/24
5
6 ifconfig eth1 down
7 ifconfig eth2 down
8
9 route add default gw 172.16.11.254
10 route add -net 172.16.10.0/24 gw 172.16.11.253
```

Anexo 12 - tux2 Final Configuration

6.4.5 tux4 Configuration

```
1 #!/bin/bash
2
3 ifconfig eth0 up
4 ifconfig eth0 172.16.40.254/24
5
6 ifconfig eth1 up
7 ifconfig eth1 172.16.41.253/24
8
9 route add default gw 172.16.41.254
10
11 echo 1 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/ip_forward
12 echo 0 > /proc/sys/net/ipv4/icmp_echo_ignore_broadcasts
```

Anexo 13 - tux4 Final Configuration

6.5 Wireshark Logs

6.5.1 Configuração de um *IP* de rede

3	4.009607	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/1/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
4	6.014517	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/1/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
5	6.330459	G-ProCom_8c:af:...	Broadcast	ARP	42	Who has 172.16.40.254? Tell 172.16.40.1
6	6.330803	HewlettP_5a:7b:...	G-ProCom_8c:af:...	ARP	60	172.16.40.254 is at 00:21:5a:5a:7b:ea
7	6.330822	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0f19, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 8)
8	6.331078	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f19, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 7)
9	7.329464	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x0f19, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 10)
10	7.329678	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x0f19, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 9)

Figura 8: Experiment 1 - log

6.5.2 Configuração de duas Redes *LAN* virtuais num *switch*

8	10.913047	CiscoInc_04:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
9	12.917839	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
10	13.017550	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x10eb, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 11)
11	13.017761	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x10eb, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 10)
12	13.706702	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60	Reply
13	14.016555	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x10eb, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
14	14.016923	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x10eb, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 13)
15	14.922868	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
16	15.015557	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x10eb, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 17)
17	15.015821	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x10eb, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 16)
18	16.014559	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x10eb, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 19)
19	16.014805	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x10eb, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 18)
20	16.927594	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
21	17.014059	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x10eb, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 22)
22	17.014269	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x10eb, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (request in 21)
23	18.014063	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.254	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x10eb, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 24)
24	18.014303	172.16.40.254	172.16.40.1	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) reply id=0x10eb, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (request in 23)

Figura 9: Experiment 2 - Point 6

30	46.111027	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
31	47.179101	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (no response found!)
32	48.115818	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
33	48.186156	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (no response found!)
34	49.194152	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (no response found!)
35	50.120827	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
36	50.202147	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)
37	51.210165	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)
38	52.125525	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
39	52.218157	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (no response found!)
40	53.227813	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (no response found!)
41	54.130383	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003
42	54.234169	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (no response found!)
43	54.617024	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60	Reply
44	55.242166	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98	Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (no response found!)
45	56.135077	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60	Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003

Figura 10: Experiment 2 - Point 9 - tux1

9	11.651879	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
10	13.332851	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
11	15.337478	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
12	17.369398	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
13	19.372362	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
14	21.377325	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
15	21.659472	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
16	23.382195	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
17	25.387035	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
18	27.392055	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
19	29.396805	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
20	31.401756	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
21	31.662061	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				

Figura 11: Experiment 2 - Point 9 - tux2

19	24.139971	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
20	25.148033	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
21	26.064738	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
22	26.156060	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
23	27.165752	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
24	28.070276	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
25	28.172151	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
26	28.555298	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
27	29.180181	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
28	30.073563	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
29	30.188218	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
30	31.196259	172.16.40.1	172.16.40.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1154, seq=11/2816, ttl=64 (no response found!)				

Figura 12: Experiment 2 - Point 9 - tux4

12	18.325375	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
13	20.048272	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
14	22.053009	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
15	24.057876	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
16	26.062717	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
17	28.067541	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
18	28.332920	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
19	30.072387	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
20	32.077137	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
21	34.082061	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
22	36.086791	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
23	38.091636	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
24	38.340023	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
25	40.096444	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
26	42.101266	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
27	44.106139	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		

Figura 13: Experiment 2 - Point 10 - tux1

17	26.090647	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
18	26.792505	172.16.41.0	172.16.41.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1197, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
19	27.800692	172.16.41.0	172.16.41.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1197, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
20	28.093575	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
21	28.808684	172.16.41.0	172.16.41.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1197, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
22	29.816687	172.16.41.0	172.16.41.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1197, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
23	30.098463	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/41/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8004		
24	30.824676	172.16.41.0	172.16.41.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1197, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (no response found!)				
25	31.832684	172.16.41.0	172.16.41.255	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request id=0x1197, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (no response found!)				

Figura 14: Experiment 2 - Point 10 - tux2

5	6.296122	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
6	8.019163	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
7	10.024252	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
8	12.029523	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
9	14.034519	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
10	16.039552	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
11	16.304033	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
12	18.044825	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
13	20.048210	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
14	22.053299	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
15	24.058352	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
16	26.063820	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		
17	26.311496	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
18	28.068834	CiscoInc_d4:1c:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/40/30:37:a6:d4:1c:00	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8006		

Figura 15: Experiment 2 - Point 10 - tux4

6.5.3 Configuração de um router em Linux

41	28.876088	172.16.30.1	172.16.30.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12e3, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (reply in 42)			
42	28.876432	172.16.30.254	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12e3, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (request in 41)			
43	30.072100	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
44	32.085006	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
45	33.821157	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 46)			
46	33.821520	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (request in 45)			
47	33.855344	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
48	34.081667	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
49	34.820164	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 50)			
50	34.820308	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (request in 49)			
51	35.820087	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 52)			
52	35.820320	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (request in 51)			
53	36.086620	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
54	36.820095	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 55)			
55	36.820460	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (request in 54)			
56	37.820110	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 57)			
57	37.820349	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (request in 56)			
58	38.096347	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
59	38.820092	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 60)			
60	38.820454	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (request in 59)			
61	39.820092	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (reply in 62)			
62	39.820328	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=7/1792, ttl=64 (request in 61)			
63	40.096161	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
64	40.820095	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (reply in 65)			
65	40.820237	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=8/2048, ttl=64 (request in 64)			
66	41.820089	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (reply in 67)			
67	41.820320	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=9/2304, ttl=64 (request in 66)			
68	42.101008	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
69	42.820103	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.253	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12ed, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (reply in 70)			
70	42.820247	172.16.31.253	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12ed, seq=10/2560, ttl=64 (request in 69)			
71	43.862613	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	LOOP	60 Reply				
72	44.110814	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
73	46.110572	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80	Cost = 0	Port = 0x8003		
74	47.549000	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x12f4, seq=1/256, ttl=64 (reply in 75)			
75	47.549619	172.16.31.1	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x12f4, seq=1/256, ttl=63 (request in 74)			

Figura 16: Experiment 3 - tux1

6.5.4 Configuração de um *router* comercial implementando NAT

5	2.572720	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x1733, seq=2/512, ttl=64 (reply in 6)
6	2.573395	172.16.31.254	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x1733, seq=2/512, ttl=254 (request in 5)
7	2.734763	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	LOOP	60 Reply	
8	3.571761	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x1733, seq=3/768, ttl=64 (reply in 9)
9	3.572531	172.16.31.254	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x1733, seq=3/768, ttl=254 (request in 8)
10	4.009679	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003	
11	4.571761	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x1733, seq=4/1024, ttl=64 (reply in 12)
12	4.572440	172.16.31.254	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x1733, seq=4/1024, ttl=254 (request in 11)
13	5.571762	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x1733, seq=5/1280, ttl=64 (reply in 14)
14	5.572454	172.16.31.254	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x1733, seq=5/1280, ttl=254 (request in 13)
15	6.014340	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	Spanning-tree-(...	STP	60 Conf. Root = 32768/30/fc:fb:fb:3a:fa:80 Cost = 0 Port = 0x8003	
16	6.571759	172.16.30.1	172.16.31.254	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) request	id=0x1733, seq=6/1536, ttl=64 (reply in 17)
17	6.572434	172.16.31.254	172.16.30.1	ICMP	98 Echo (ping) reply	id=0x1733, seq=6/1536, ttl=254 (request in 16)

Figura 17: Experiment 4 - tux1

6.5.5 DNS

3	2.995794	172.16.30.1	172.16.1.1	DNS	67 Standard query 0xbdd2 A sapo.pt	
4	2.995813	172.16.30.1	172.16.1.1	DNS	67 Standard query 0x37ab AAAA sapo.pt	
5	3.005182	172.16.1.1	172.16.30.1	DNS	290 Standard query response 0x37ab AAAA sapo.pt AAAA 2001:8a	
6	3.009414	172.16.1.1	172.16.30.1	DNS	278 Standard query response 0xbdd2 A sapo.pt A 213.13.146.13	
7	3.012309	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	74 44127 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PER	
8	3.019739	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	60 80 → 44127 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=14600 Len=0 MSS=14	
9	3.019780	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44127 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0	
10	3.019922	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	HTTP	346 GET / HTTP/1.1	
11	3.026824	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	60 80 → 44127 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=293 Win=15544 Len=0	
12	3.027100	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	HTTP	163 HTTP/1.1 302 Found	
13	3.027116	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44127 → 80 [ACK] Seq=293 Ack=110 Win=29200 Len=0	
14	3.044184	172.16.30.1	172.16.1.1	DNS	71 Standard query 0x7f16 A www.sapo.pt	
15	3.044200	172.16.30.1	172.16.1.1	DNS	71 Standard query 0x7bab AAAA www.sapo.pt	
16	3.044986	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	CiscoInc_3a:fa:...	LOOP	60 Reply	
17	3.045615	172.16.1.1	172.16.30.1	DNS	282 Standard query response 0x7f16 A www.sapo.pt A 213.13.14	
18	3.045637	172.16.1.1	172.16.30.1	DNS	294 Standard query response 0x7bab AAAA www.sapo.pt AAAA 200	
19	3.045884	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	74 44128 → 80 [SYN] Seq=0 Win=29200 Len=0 MSS=1460 SACK_PER	
20	3.053396	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	60 80 → 44128 [SYN, ACK] Seq=0 Ack=1 Win=5840 Len=0 MSS=146	
21	3.053419	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=1 Win=29200 Len=0	
22	3.080938	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	HTTP	350 GET / HTTP/1.1	
23	3.088004	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	60 80 → 44128 [ACK] Seq=1 Ack=297 Win=6432 Len=0	
24	3.089042	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	15... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
25	3.089064	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=297 Ack=1461 Win=32120 Len=0	
26	3.089297	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	29... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
27	3.089312	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=297 Ack=4381 Win=37960 Len=0	
28	3.096440	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	29... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
29	3.096468	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=297 Ack=7301 Win=43800 Len=0	
30	3.096714	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	15... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
31	3.096725	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=297 Ack=8761 Win=46720 Len=0	
32	3.096965	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	29... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
33	3.096974	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=297 Ack=11681 Win=52560 Len=0	
34	3.103795	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	15... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	
35	3.103830	172.16.30.1	213.13.146.138	TCP	54 44128 → 80 [ACK] Seq=297 Ack=13141 Win=55480 Len=0	
36	3.104042	213.13.146.138	172.16.30.1	TCP	44... [TCP segment of a reassembled PDU]	

Figura 18: Experiment 5 - tux1

6.5.6 Conexões *TCP*

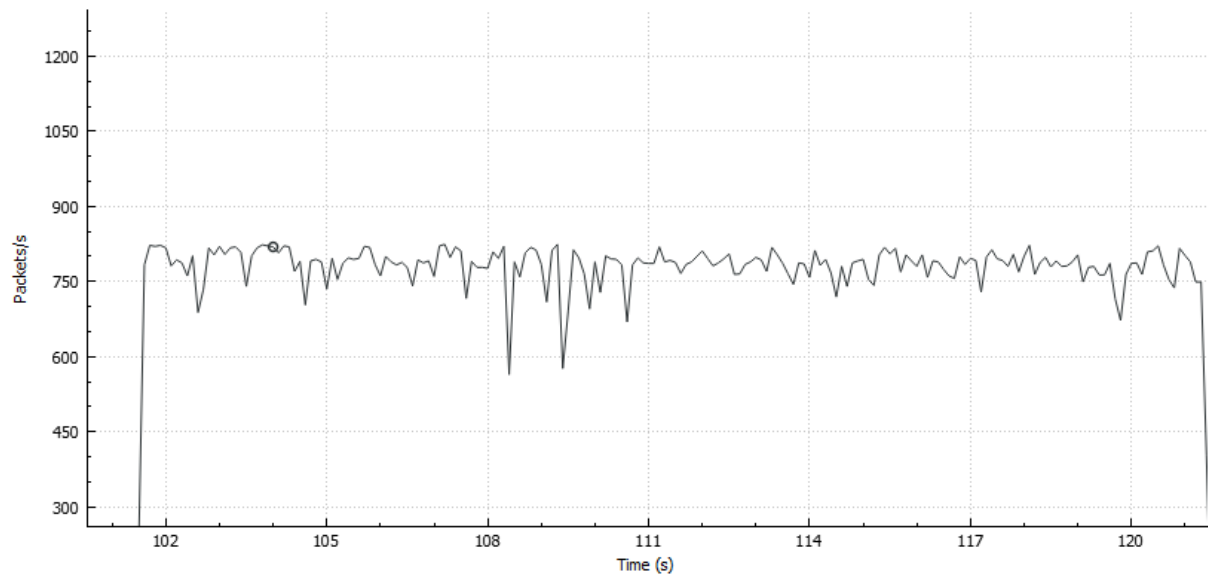


Figura 19: Experiment 6 - tux1

6.6 Application Screenshots

```
DEBUG: IP Address : 193.136.37.8
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG URL INFO #####: END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG START CONNECTION #####: BEGIN
DEBUG: Opened control TCP socket with Fd : 3
DEBUG: Connected to server with return : 0
PROGRAM: Connected
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG START CONNECTION #####: END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL #####: BEGIN
DEBUG: Command to Send: user anonymous

DEBUG: Command Sent: user anonymous

PROGRAM: Server response
220 Bem-vindo à Universidade do Porto
331 Please specify the password.
RESPONSE END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL #####: END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL #####: BEGIN
DEBUG: Command to Send: pass

DEBUG: Command Sent: pass

PROGRAM: Server response
230 Login successful.
RESPONSE END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL #####: END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL #####: BEGIN
DEBUG: Command to Send: pasv

DEBUG: Command Sent: pasv

PROGRAM: Server response
227 Entering Passive Mode (193,136,37,8,202,162)
RESPONSE END
PROGRAM: IP address to receive file: 193.136.37.8
PROGRAM: Port to receive file : 51874
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG SEND AND RECEIVE CONTROL #####: END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG START RECEIVER CONECTION #####: BEGIN
PROGRAM: Host name : 193.136.37.8
PROGRAM: IP Address : 193.136.37.8
DEBUG: Connected to server with return : 0
PROGRAM: Connected to receiver
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG START RECEIVER CONECTION #####: END
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG RECEIVE FILE #####: BEGIN
PROGRAM: Receiving File...
PROGRAM: Command to be sent: retr pub/robots.txt

PROGRAM: Command sent: retr pub/robots.txt

DEBUG: Filename is: robots.txt
DEBUG: Receiver Data Socket fd: 4
DEBUG: In read cycle: Read 1 byte
PROGRAM: File received
DEBUG: ##### DEBUG RECEIVE FILE #####: END
PROGRAM: Sockets Closed, Terminating...
```

Figura 20: Downloader output - DEBUG mode ON

```
joao@joao-VirtualBox:~/Documents/Github/RCOM-code/proj2/ftpDownloader$ ./download ftp://ftp.up.pt/pub/robots.txt
PROGRAM: Entering anonymous Mode
PROGRAM: Connected
PROGRAM: Server response
220 Bem-vindo à Universidade do Porto
331 Please specify the password.
RESPONSE END
PROGRAM: Server response
230 Login successful.
RESPONSE END
PROGRAM: Server response
227 Entering Passive Mode (193,136,37,8,198,237)
RESPONSE END
PROGRAM: IP address to receive file: 193.136.37.8
PROGRAM: Port to receive file      : 50925
PROGRAM: Host name   : 193.136.37.8
PROGRAM: IP Address  : 193.136.37.8
PROGRAM: Connected to receiver
PROGRAM: Receiving File...
PROGRAM: Command to be sent: retr pub/robots.txt

PROGRAM: Command sent: retr pub/robots.txt

PROGRAM: File received
PROGRAM: Sockets Closed, Terminating...
```

Figura 21: Downloader output - DEBUG mode OFF

```
GNU nano 2.2.6
User-agent: *
Allow: /
```

Figura 22: Downloaded file's content