# AN INTRODUCTION TO SQL

## Pre-Requisite

- Workshop Environment
- Dbeaver Sqlite GUI environment
  - https://dbeaver.io/
  - Download and install Community version on local machine (installer available for Windows, Mac and Linux)

#### Outline

- What is SQL
- Creating a table and inserting data
- Querying the database
- Aggregating Data
- Trivia: How to pronounce S-Q-L or SEQUEL?

#### What is SQL

- SQL is acronym for Structured Query Language
- Language specifically designed to access and work with relational databases
- Relational databases are databases that store and provides access to data points that are related to one another.
  Relational databases are based on the relational model, an intuitive, straightforward way of representing data in tables.

#### What are databases

- We are surrounded by data
- The current workshop has data about participants, their email address, what institution they are from
- How do we store and organize the data?
- In DATABASES
- Stores the data
- Provides functionalities for adding, removing and modifying data

#### **Table also called Relation**

Domain

| Primary Key | Ex: NOT NULL |              |
|-------------|--------------|--------------|
|             | ,            | © guru99.com |
| CustomerID  | CustomerNa   | me Status    |
| 1           | Google       | Active       |
| 2           | Amazon       | Active       |
| 3           | Apple        | Inactive     |
| _           |              |              |

#### Tuple OR Row

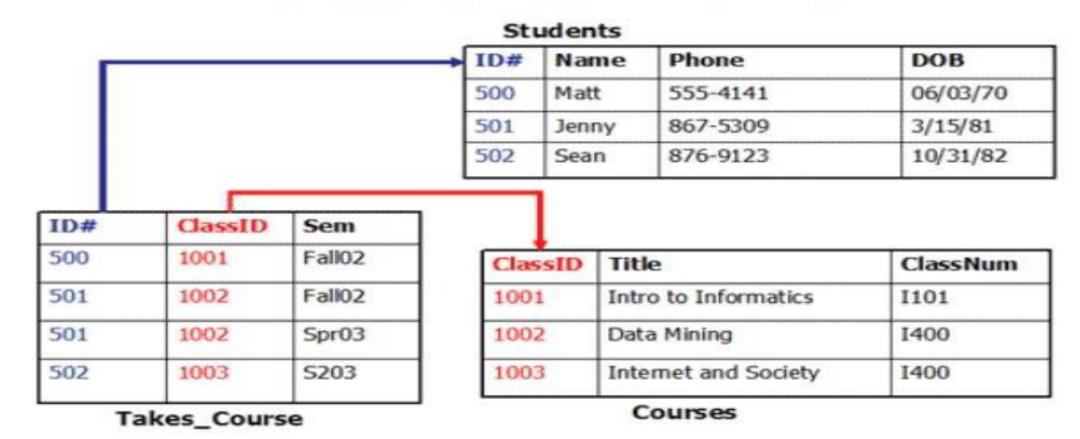
Total # of rows is Cardinality

#### **Column OR Attributes**

Total # of column is Degree

## The Relational Model

#### **Relational DBMS**



# Relating Tables

#### DATABASES

- Like Excel, only organized into many more active 'worksheets' (Tables)
- The rows are the elements or items
- The columns are the attributes or properties of the items
  - The columns, or attributes determine the SCHEMA of the database – how many variables of each item can be stored, and what type of variables they are

#### What is SQL?

- Databases need a method for accessing their content, manipulating and retrieving the information
- These methods called database language
- SQL is the most common and widely uses language for accessing and interacting with databases

## General SQL Vocabulary

- Data Definition Language (DDL): CREATE, DROP, ALTER, TRUNCATE
- Data Manipulation Language (DML): INSERT, UPDATE, DELETE
- Data Control Language (DCL): GRANT, REVOKE
- Data Query Language (DQL): SELECT, JOIN

# SQL Data Types

| SQL Numeric | Data Types                  |                            |
|-------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Datatype    | From                        | То                         |
| /bit        | 0                           | 1                          |
| tinyint     | 0                           | 255                        |
| smallint    | -32,768                     | 32,767                     |
| /int        | -2,147,483,648              | 2,147,483,647              |
| bigint      | -9,223,372,036, 854,775,808 | 9,223,372,036, 854,775,807 |
| decimal     | 1E+38                       | 10^38 -1                   |
| numeric     | 1E+38                       | 10^38 -1                   |
| float       | -1.79E + 308                | 1.79E + 308                |
| real        | -3.40E + 38                 | 3.40E + 38                 |

# SQL Data Types

| SQL Date and Time Data Types |   |  |
|------------------------------|---|--|
| Datatype                     | Description   |  |
| DATE                         | Stores date in the format YYYY-MM-<br>DD  |  |
| TIME                         | Stores time in the format HH:MI:SS  |  |
| $I)AI\vdash IIMI\vdash$      | Stores date and time information in the format YYYY-MM-DD HH:MI:SS  |  |
| TIMESTAMP                    | Stores number of seconds passed since the Unix epoch ('1970-01-01 00:00:00' UTC)  |  |
| YEAR                         | Stores year in 2 digit or 4 digit format.<br>Range 1901 to 2155 in 4-digit format.<br>Range 70 to 69, representing 1970 to<br>2069. |  |

| SQL Character and String Data Types |  |  |
|-------------------------------------|--|--|
| Datatype                            | Description  |  |
| CHAR                                | Fixed length with maximum length of 8,000 characters                         |  |
| VARCHAR                             | Variable length storage with maximum length of 8,000 characters              |  |
| VARCHAR(ma<br>x)                    | Variable length storage with provided max characters, not supported in MySQL |  |
| TEXT                                | Variable length storage with maximum size of 2GB data                        |  |

# SQL Data Types

#### SQL Unicode Character and String Data Types

| Datatype      | Description   |
|---------------|---|
| NCHAR         | Fixed length with maximum length of 4,000 characters            |
| NVARCHAR      | Variable length storage with maximum length of 4,000 characters |
| NVARCHAR(max) | Variable length storage with provided max characters            |
| NTEXT         | Variable length storage with maximum size of 1GB data           |

#### **SQL Binary Data Types**

| Datatype       | Description  |
|----------------|--|
| BINARY         | Fixed length with maximum length of 8,000 bytes              |
| VARBINARY      | Variable length storage with maximum length of 8,000 bytes   |
| VARBINARY(max) | Variable length storage with provided max bytes              |
| IMAGE          | Variable length storage with maximum size of 2GB binary data |

#### SQL or SEQUEL?

- Originally developed in the 1970s at IBM
- Original acronym SEQUEL Structured English QUEry Language
- Acronym changed to SQL because SEQUEL trademark belonged to British aircraft production company Hawker Siddeley Dynamics Engineering Limited (later part of British Aerospace, now BAE Systems)

## Workshop Activities

- Create a data table called Covid\_Data
- Insert data from Our World in Data (owid) on COVID by country and by continent into the Covid\_Data table
- Query the Covid\_Data table using the SELECT statement
- Filter your query using the WHERE clause
- Create another data table called Stability\_Data
- Insert World Stability index data from Fund for Peace
- Relate the two tables using the JOIN connector

#### Additional Resources

- Dbeaver Wiki <a href="https://github.com/dbeaver/dbeaver/wiki">https://github.com/dbeaver/dbeaver/wiki</a>
- W3schools <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp</a>
- CodeAcademy <a href="https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp">https://www.w3schools.com/sql/default.asp</a>
- Learn SQL <a href="https://learnsql.com/">https://learnsql.com/</a>
- Khan Academy <a href="https://www.khanacademy.org/">https://www.khanacademy.org/</a> (fee-based learning platform)
- Tutorialspoint <a href="https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/?utm\_source=7\_&utm\_medium=affiliate&utm\_cont\_ent=5f34cd37cdf1050001b09537&utm\_campaign=Admitad&utm\_term=0bf9452ff94420\_6eb94731a49408c3b8">https://www.tutorialspoint.com/sql/?utm\_source=7\_&utm\_medium=affiliate&utm\_cont\_ent=5f34cd37cdf1050001b09537&utm\_campaign=Admitad&utm\_term=0bf9452ff94420\_6eb94731a49408c3b8</a>
- SQLZoo <a href="https://sqlzoo.net/">https://sqlzoo.net/</a>
- Udacity <a href="https://www.udacity.com/course/intro-to-relational-databases--ud197">https://www.udacity.com/course/intro-to-relational-databases--ud197</a>
- Essential SQL <a href="https://www.essentialsql.com/">https://www.essentialsql.com/</a>
- Learn SQL the hard way <a href="https://learncodethehardway.org/sql/">https://learncodethehardway.org/sql/</a>
- Udemy SQL Tutorials <a href="https://www.udemy.com/courses/search/?q=sql">https://www.udemy.com/courses/search/?q=sql</a> (fee-based)
- SoloLearn SQL Fundamentals <a href="https://www.sololearn.com/Course/SQL/">https://www.sololearn.com/Course/SQL/</a>

#### PRACTICE QUESTIONS

From the COVID 19 Data table write queries to show the following:

- What country has the lowest number of total cases?
- What country has the largest population density
- What is the total population of the continent Europe?
- What country has the highest number of new cases?
- What country in South America has the highest number of total cases?