USING NATURAL LANGUAGE PROCESSING TO PREDICT PATENT CLASSIFICATION

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BUSINESS UNDERSTANDING

- Various types of information on patents are connected at various stages in a patent's life, one being the classification of a patent's technology (e.g. mechanical, chemistry, electrical, etc.)
- Classification is assigned by the patent Office some time after a patent is filed
- Could be useful to automate the classification process.

DATA UNDERSTANDING

- 4 main parts to a patent:
 - Coverpage bibliographic information
 - Specification technical background
 - Drawings
 - Claims aspects of an invention that having legal protection
- Use 1st Claim

(12) United States Patent

(54) COHERENT LADAR USING INTRA-PIXEL OUADRATURE DETECTION

- (71) Applicant: Raythoon Company, Waltham, MA
 (US)
- (72) Inventor: Joseph Marron, Manhattan Beach, CA (US)
- (73) Assignee: Raytheon Company, Waltom, MA (US)
- (*) Notice: Subject to any disclaimer, the term of this parent is extended or adjusted under 35 U.S.C. 154(b) by 430 days.
- (21) Appl. No.: 14/643,719
- (22) Filed: Mar. 10, 2015
- (65) Prior Publication Data US 2016/0266243 A1 Sep. 15, 2016
- (51) Int. Cl.

 G01S 7/48 (2006.01)

 G01S 7/48 (2006.01)

 G01S 7/491 (2006.01)

 G01S 13/89 (2006.01)

(10) Patent No.: US 10,000,000 B2

(45) Date of Patent: Jun. 19, 2018

References Cited

U.S. PATENT DOCUMENTS

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5,751,830 2003/0076485	AI.	4/2003	Hutchinson Ruff et al.	250/201.9
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FOREIGN PATENT DOCUMENTS

WO WO 2005/080928 A1 9/2005

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

Li; "Time-of-Hight Camera—An Introduction"; Texas Instruments White Paper; SLOA190B; Jun. 2014; revised May 2014; 10 pp. (Continued)

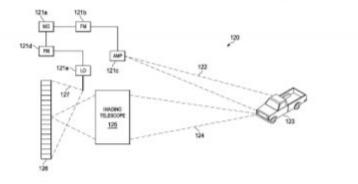
Primary Examiner - Luke D Ruteliffe

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(57) ABSTRACT

A frequency modulated (coherent) laser detection and range ing system includes a read-out integrated circuit formed with a two-dimensional array of detector elements each including a photosensitive region receiving both return light reflected from a target and light from a local oscillator, and local processing circuitry sampling the output of the photosensitive region four times during each sample period clock cycle to obtain quadrature components. A data bus coupled to one or more outputs of each of the detector elements receives the quadrature components from each of the detector elements for each sample period and serializes the received quadrature components. A processor coupled to the data bus receives the serialized quadrature components and determines an amplitude and a phase for at least one interfering frequency corresponding to interference between the return light and the local oscillator light using the quadrature components.

20 Claims, 6 Drawing Sheets



CLAIM EXAMPLE

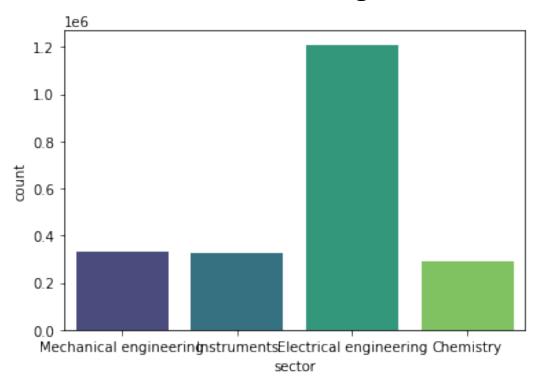
- One sentence per claim
- Focused on invention
- Structured around features of invention

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- A laser detection and ranging (LADAR) system, comprising:
 - a two-dimensional array of detector elements, each detector element within the array including:
 - a photosensitive region configured to receive return light reflected from a target and oscillating local light from a local light source, and
 - local processing circuitry coupled to an output of the respective photosensitive region and configured to 20 receive an analog signal on the output and to sample the analog signal a plurality of times during each sample period clock cycle to obtain a plurality of components for a sample during each sample period clock cycle;
 - a data bus coupled to one or more outputs of each of the detector elements and configured to receive the plurality of sample components from each of the detector elements for each sample period clock cycle; and
 - a processor coupled to the data bus and configured to 30 receive, from the data bus, the plurality of sample components from each of the detector elements for each sample period clock cycle and to determine an amplitude and a phase for an interfering frequency corresponding to interference between the return light 35 and the oscillating local light using the plurality of sample components.
- The system according to claim 1, wherein the twodimensional array of detector elements comprises a large format array.

DATA PREPARATION

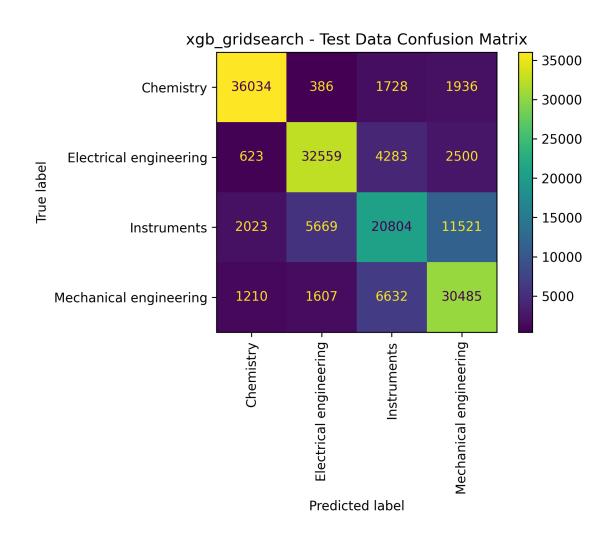
Distribution of Classes for Patents granted since 2011



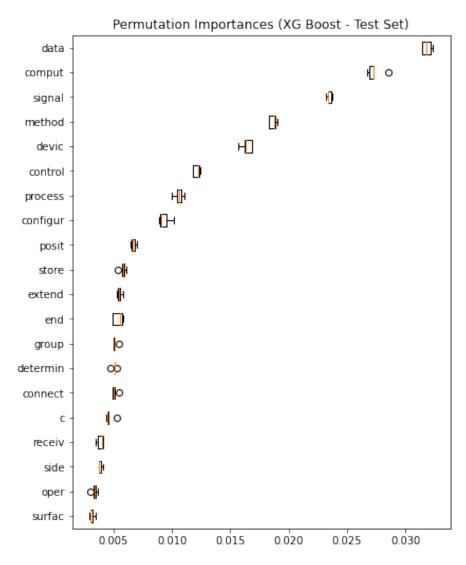
- Classifications:
 - Mechanical
 - Electrical
 - Chemical
 - Instruments
- Data imbalance EE

MODEL - XG BOOST

- Best Model: XG Boost
- Captures classifications
- Training Accuracy is: 72.1%
- Validation Accuracy is: 72.0%



EVALUATION



- From these importances, we can see the top 5 words are:
 - data
 - comput (stem of computer, computing, computation, etc.)
 - signal
 - method
 - devic (stem of device, devices, etc.)
- Ramifications for instruments class

RECOMMENDATIONS

- Use machine learning to help automate the classification process for patent Offices or third parties.
- Proof of concept for usefulness of machine learning

FUTURE WORK

- 1. Apply model to more complex classification systems
- 2. Finalize deep learning model

THANK YOU

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ADDITIONAL INFORMATION CAN BE FOUND AT

HTTPS://GITHUB.COM/CMFRITZ/PROJECT_4_NLP