Migrating Metadata

Digital Collections in RDF, PCDM & Fedora 4

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http://github.com/cmh2166/elag16metadata

Slides, Data, Scripts

github.com/cmh2166/elag16metadata

Exercises, Drawings, Notes

bit.ly/elag16metadata

Lots of Big Important Words!

RDF!

Fedora 4!

PCDM!

Assessment!

Operationalize!

Metadata!



Whoa!

Workshop Goals

- Discuss Real World Use Cases & Work
- Engage in these Topics by Diving In
- Build Out Models, Metadata, Tools, Other Needs
- Get More People (YOU) into Community Discussions

My Caveats

I. AM. NOT. A. DEVELOPER and...
THIS. IS. NOT. A. FEDORA. 4.
WORKSHOP.

I am a *metadata wrangler*, however, and...

& this is a 'what I wish I had known before a Fedora 4 migration'

Agenda

```
Day 1: 14:00-15:30
```

```
14:00-14:45 Existing Metadata Assessment
```

14:45-15:30 PCDM & Data Modeling

Day 2: 11:00-13:00

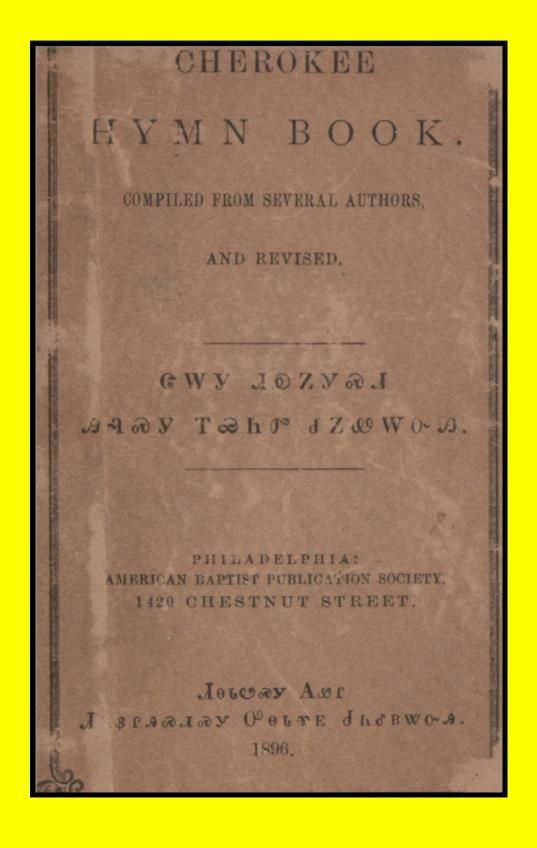
```
11:00-12:00 Modeling => Fedora 4
```

12:00-13:00 RDF Assessment & Enhancement

Groups

For the exercises, we'll break out into 4 groups with distinct archival and special collections object types...

Group 1: Digitized Books



Group 2: Digitized Photographs



Group 3: Digitized Journals

CORNELL

Reading=Course for Farmers' Wives

PUBLISHED BY THE COLLEGE OF AGRICULTURE OF CORNELL UNIVERSITY, FROM NOVEMBER TO MARCH, AND EXTERED AT ITHACA AS SECOND-CLASS MATTER UNDER ACT OF CONGRESS OF JULY 16, 1894.

MARTHA VAN RENSSELAER, Supervisor.

SERIES I. FARMHOUSE AND GARDEN. ITHACA, N. Y., FEBRUARY, 1903.

No. 4. THE KITCHEN-GARDEN.

THE KITCHEN-GARDEN.

BY JOHN CRAIG.

A STATEMENT so common as to have almost acquired the standing of an axiom runs like this: "Every properly appointed kitchen should have as an adjunct a well-planted and thoroughly cared for fruit and vegetable garden." The writer or speaker who promulgates this venerable and apparently unimpeachable platitude rarely thinks it necessary to defend the position, but immediately presses on to tell us what we should plant.

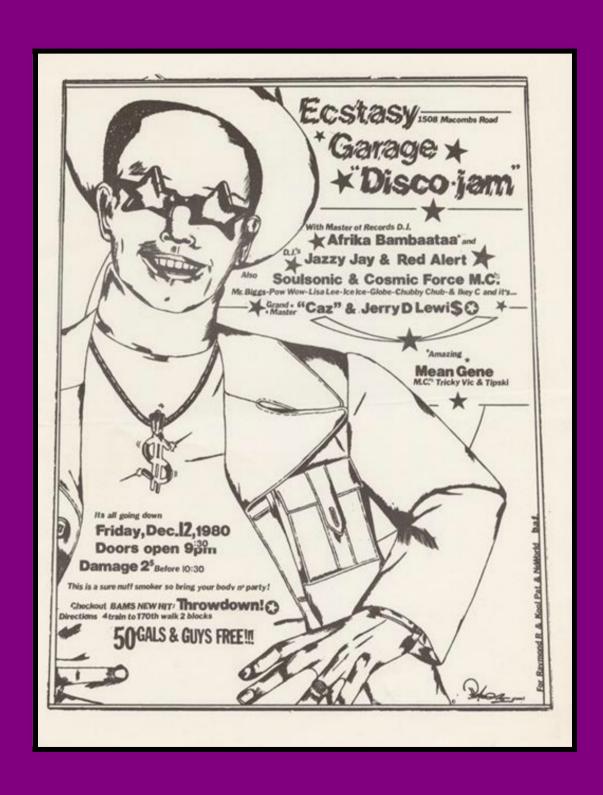


Fig. 29. The farm strawberry-bed.

1. The kitchen-garden is an adjunct of the kitchen.

The kitchen-garden belongs to the domain of the housewife. Why should she plant it at all? Surely she has work enough within doors.

Group 4: Digitized Flyers



Assessing Existing Metadata

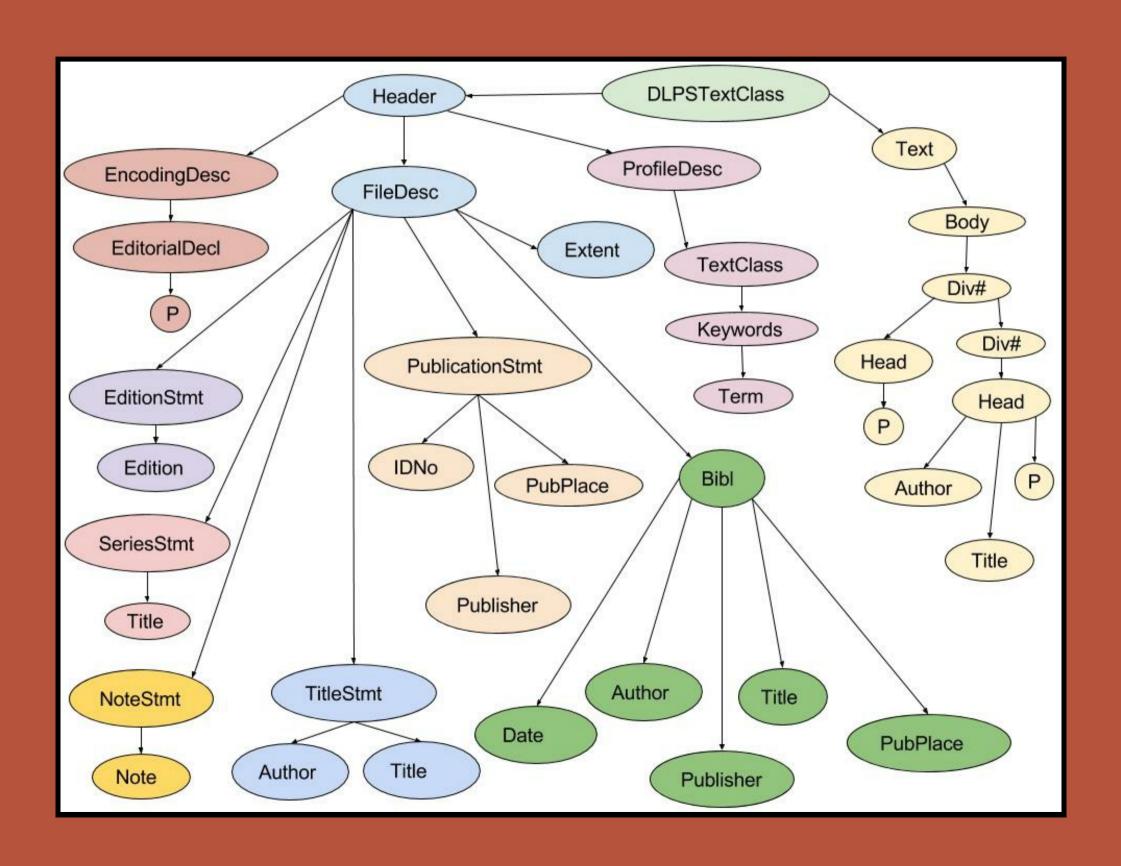
analyze what you've got as part of planning for what you want

DLXS

- Digital Library eXtension Service
- XML-focused digital library toolset/platform
- Meant to be extensible...
- ... but means modeling can be convoluted
- No longer maintained/supported

http://www.dlxs.org/

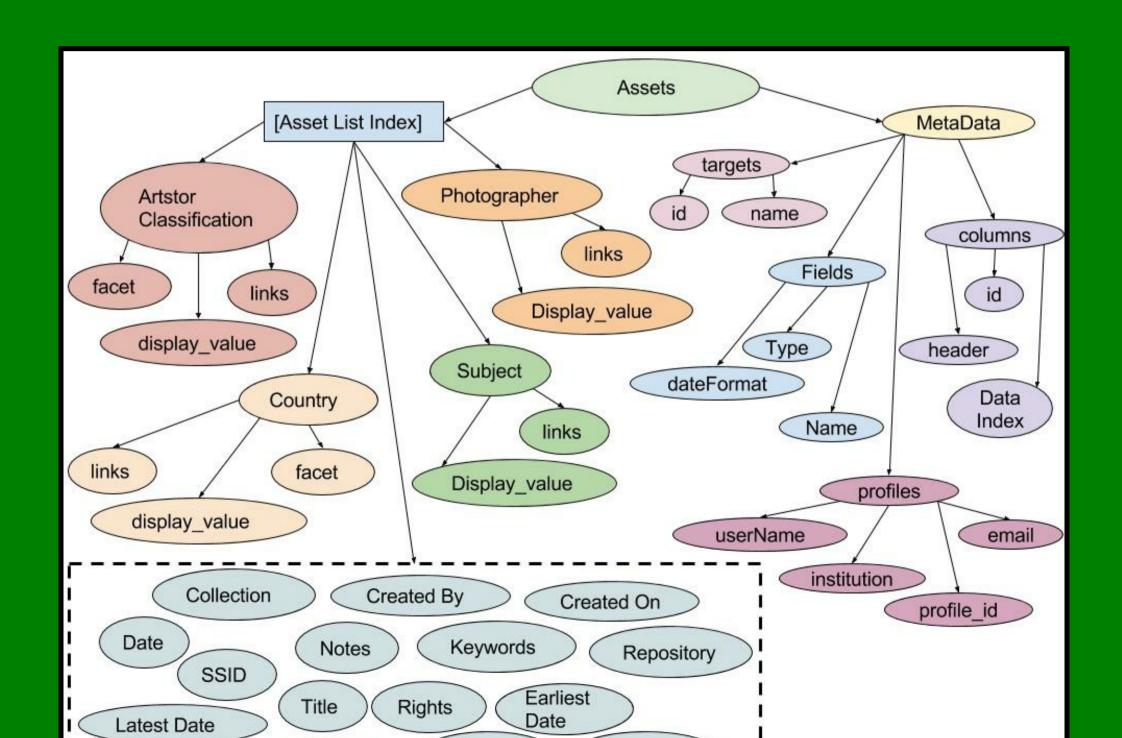
DLXS Cornell "Model"



SharedShelf

Artstor's digital assets platform, with API we pipe to Solr.

Cornell's SharedShelf "Model"



Metadata Assessment

Hop topic right now:

- Europeana Metadata QA Efforts/Work
- Various DPLA Hub Metadata QA Efforts
- DLF AIG Metadata Assessment Working Group
- Other scripts, projects, efforts...?

Assessment Scripts

Metadata Assessment with Python & Unix Pipes, Filters:

- find field usage frequencies
- get unique lists of field values
- generate other field usage stats

Built off of Mark Phillips' Metadata Breakers.

Metadata Assess Python Scripts Preparation

- 1. Open your shell
- 2. Change (cd) into where you downloaded the GitHub Repository/Materials
- 3. run:

```
$ pip install -r scripts/requirements.txt
```

4. let that process finish

Metadata Assess Python Scripts Overview

These scripts (dlxsexport_analysis.py and artstor_analysis.py) work by:

- 1. Loading metadata dump into memory
- 2. For each record in metadata:
 - finding record identifier
 - if non-empty, storing field for analysis

Metadata Assess Python Scripts Overview

With analysis for each record (previous slide)...

- -x/-e: runs XPath/ObjectPath on record & return values
- -i: returns record identifier for value returned
- -p: returns 'True/None' if XPath or ObjectPath does/does not return value
- No flags, returns field analysis for all records

Running Metadata Assess Python Example

\$ python [location of scripts] [location of data dump]

\$ python scripts/dlxsexport_analysis.py data/hunt_books.xml

Running Assessment Scripts: Overview

```
$ python scripts/dlxsexport analysis.py data/hunt books.xml
       /record/ENCODINGDESC/EDITORIALDECL/P: 124/124
                                                        100%
                    /record/FILEDESC/EXTENT: 124/124
                                                        100%
      /record/FILEDESC/PUBLICATIONSTMT/IDNO: 124/124
                                                        100%
 /record/FILEDESC/PUBLICATIONSTMT/PUBLISHER: 124/124
                                                        100%
  /record/FILEDESC/PUBLICATIONSTMT/PUBPLACE: 124/124
                                                        100%
                                                        100%
    /record/FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/AUTHOR: 124/124
      /record/FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/DATE: 124/124
                                                        100%
      /record/FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/NOTE: 124/124
                                                        100%
 /record/FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/PUBLISHER: 124/124
                                                        100%
  /record/FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/PUBPLACE: 124/124
                                                        100%
     /record/FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/TITLE: 124/124
                                                        100%
          /record/FILEDESC/TITLESTMT/AUTHOR: 124/124
                                                        100%
           /record/FILEDESC/TITLESTMT/TITLE: 124/124
                                                        100%
/record/PROFILEDESC/TEXTCLASS/KEYWORDS/TERM: 124/124
                                                        100%
                /record/TEXT/BODY/DIV1/HEAD: 124/124
                                                        100%
```

All Values at XPath w/Record ID

\$ python [location of scripts] [location of data dump] [id flag] [xpath value]

\$ python scripts/dlxsexport_analysis.py data/chla_journals.xml -i
-x 'FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/AUTHOR'

All Values at XPath w/Record ID

```
$ python scripts/dlxsexport analysis.py data/chla journals.xml -i
  -x 'FILEDESC/SOURCEDESC/BIBL/AUTHOR'
  5075626 4287 001
                        Rural Sociological Society.
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4287 002
  5075626 4287 003
                        Rural Sociological Society.
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4287 004
  5075626 4288 001
                        Rural Sociological Society.
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4288 002
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4288 003
  5075626 4288 004
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4289 001
                        Rural Sociological Society.
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4289 002
  5075626 4289 003
                        Rural Sociological Society.
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4289 004
  5075626 4290 001
                        Rural Sociological Society.
  5075626 4290 002
                        Rural Sociological Society.
```

If There Is Value for OPath

\$ python [location of scripts] [location of data dump] [present flag] [opath value]

```
$ python scripts/artstor_analysis.py data/hiphop_flyers.json
-p -e 'Performers'
```

If There Is Value for OPath

```
$ python scripts/artstor analysis.py data/flyers/hiphop flyers.json -p
167 1334196 True
167 1334194 True
167 455428 True
167 1333885 True
167 455357 True
167 1335132 True
167 1334244 True
167 1335130 True
167 1335136 True
167 1335134 True
167 1334327 True
167 1335138 True
167 1334323 True
167 455297 True
167 1334095 True
167 1334116 True
```

Use Pipes & Filters to Target Analysis

```
$ python scripts/dlxsexport_analysis.py data/hunt_books.xml
    -x 'FILEDESC/EXTENT' | sort | uniq -c

# All the unique values in 'FILEDESC/EXTENT', organized by count
$ python scripts/dlxsexport_analysis.py data/hunt_books.xml -p
    -x 'FILEDESC/EXTENT' | grep None

# All the record identifiers for the Promoter field is missing
$ python scripts/artstor_analysis.py data/hiphop_flyers.json
    -i -p -e 'Promoter' | grep None
```

These can help you quickly assess a fields value for review, enhancement or mapping.

And Now You...

- 1. Review your dataset's values;
- 2. Note objects, fields, values;
- 3. Confirm preliminary mappings;
- 4. What fields apply to:
 - the physical resource?
 - the digital resource?
 - the files?
 - other related entities?

PCDM & Data Modeling

Let's start modeling our digital repository objects

RDF (Resource Description Framework)

Briefly...

- Standard model for data exchange on Web
- RDF is made up of triples, i.e.

resource_uri predicate_uri object_uri

Can be serialized/stored in number of ways

PCDM

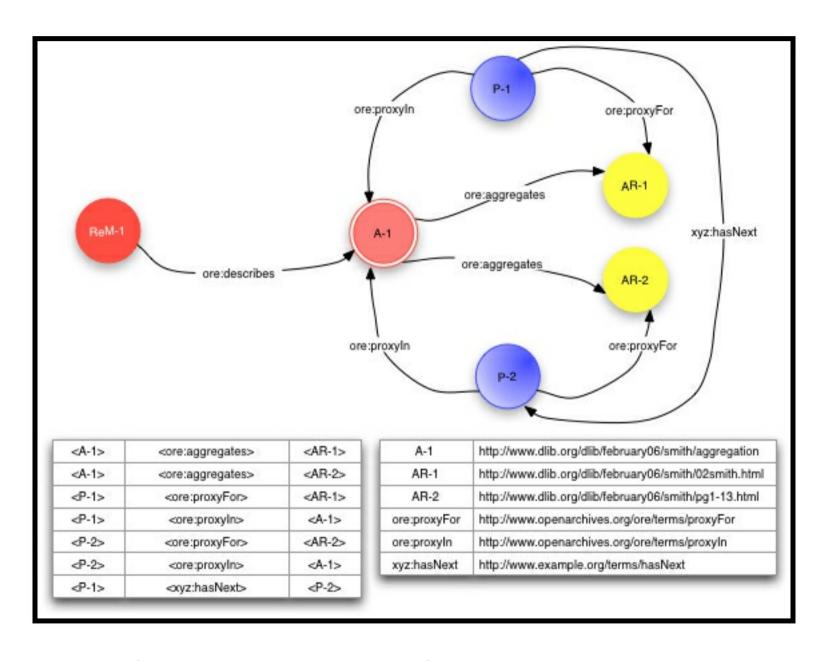
Portland Common Data Model

- Started Officially in 2015
- Community Effort to Make Digital Repository Objects More Interoperable
- Ongoing work & Discussion at:
 - pcdm.org
 - github.com/duraspace/pcdm
 - groups.google.com/forum/#!forum/pcdm

PCDM Continued

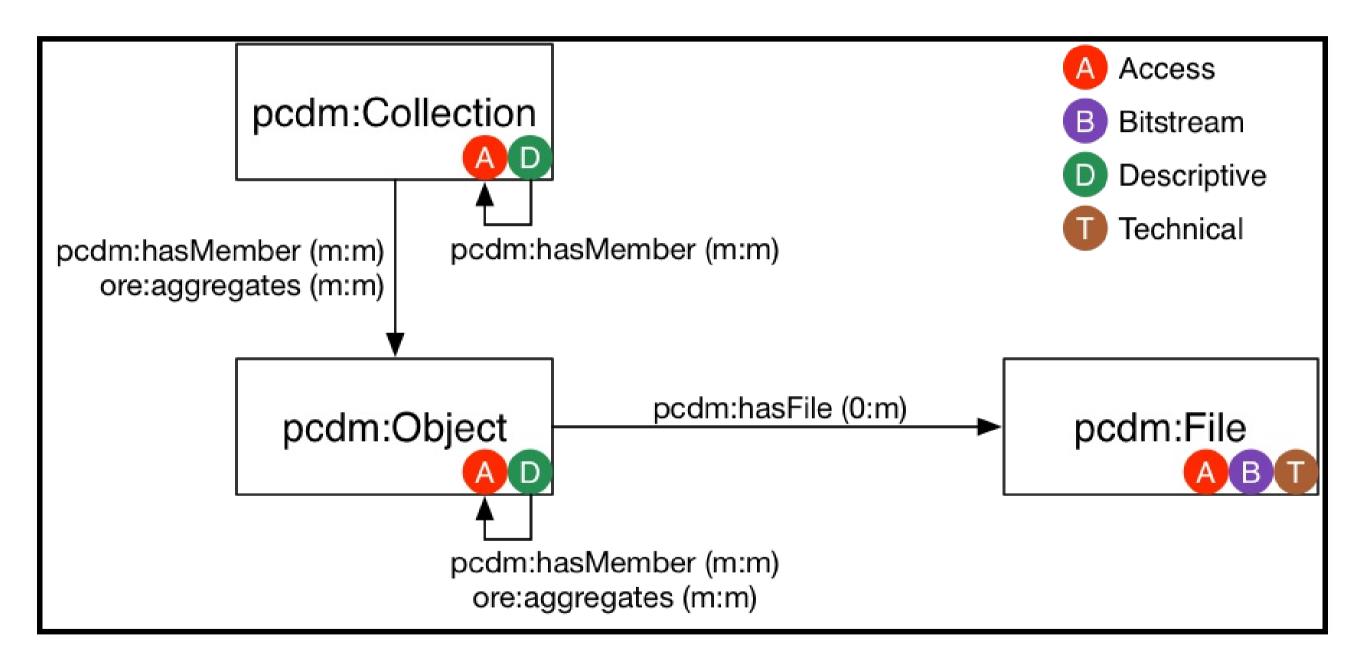
- http://pcdm.org/models#
- github.com/duraspace/pcdm/blob/master/models.rdf
- Builds off Object Reuse & Exchange (ORE) Data Model
- Interacts with other specifications (LDP), platforms (Fedora 4), but is meant to be neutral

ORE Abstract Model



http://www.openarchives.org/ore/1.0/

PCDM Overview



https://github.com/duraspace/pcdm/wiki

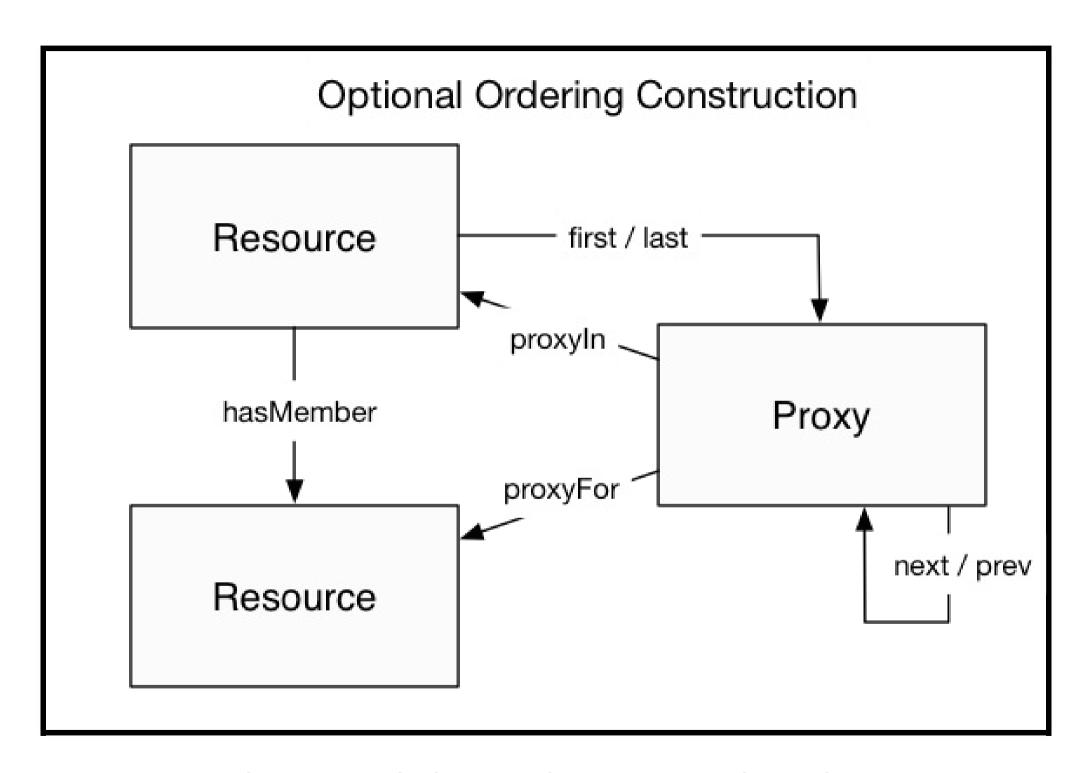
PCDM Classes

- pcdm:Object: An Object is an intellectual entity, sometimes called a "work", "digital object", etc...
- pcdm:Collection: A Collection is a group of resources...
- pcdm:File: A File is a sequence of binary data and is described by some accompanying metadata...
- pcdm:AlternateOrder: An AlternateOrder is an alternate ordering of its parent's members. It should only order the parent's members...
- pcdm:AdministrativeSet

PCDM Properties

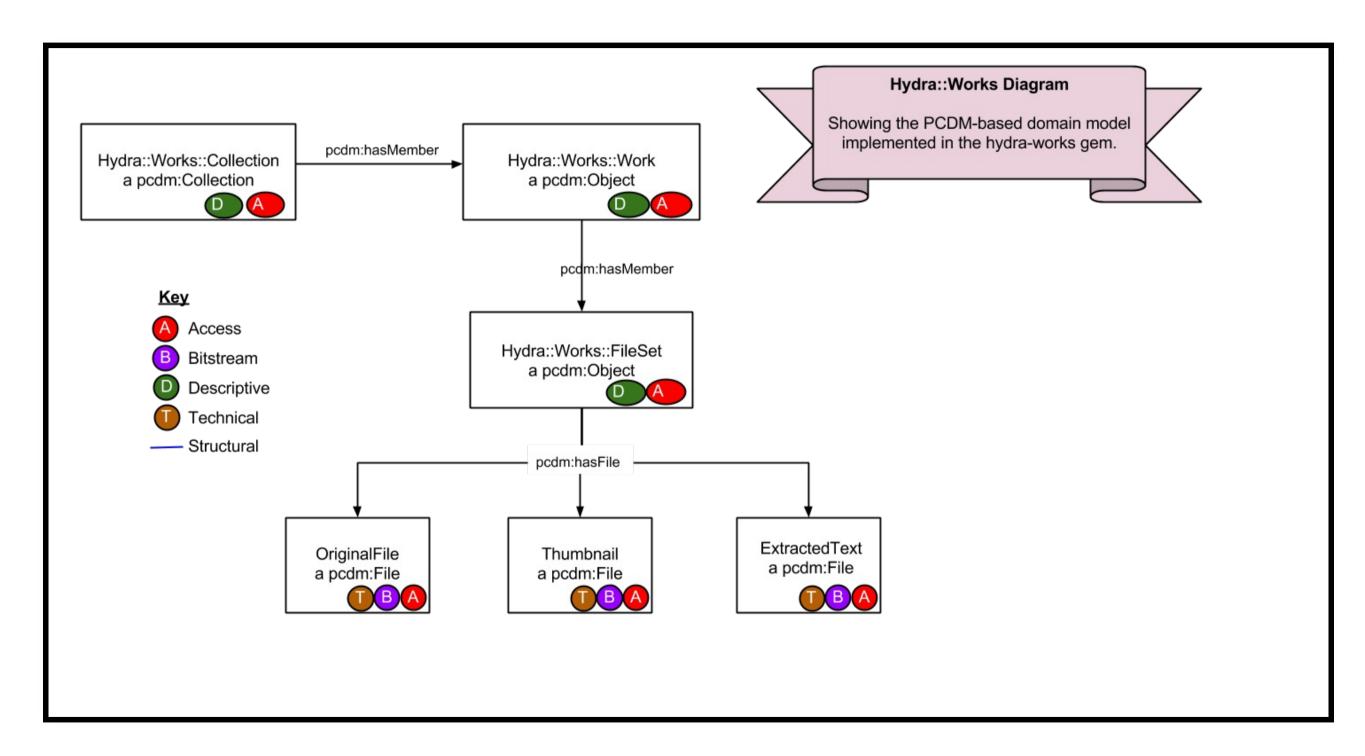
- pcdm:memberOf
 - Domain: ore:Aggregation | Range: ore:Aggregation
- pcdm:hasMember
 - Domain: ore:Aggregation | Range: ore:Aggregation
- pcdm:fileOf
 - Domain: pcdm:File | Range: pcdm:Object
- pcdm:hasFile
 - Domain: pcdm:Object | Range: pcdm:File
- pcdm:relatedObjectOf
 - Domain: pcdm:Object | Range: ore:Aggregation
- pcdm:hasRelatedObject
 - Domain: ore:Aggregation | Range: pcdm:Object

PCDM Ordering



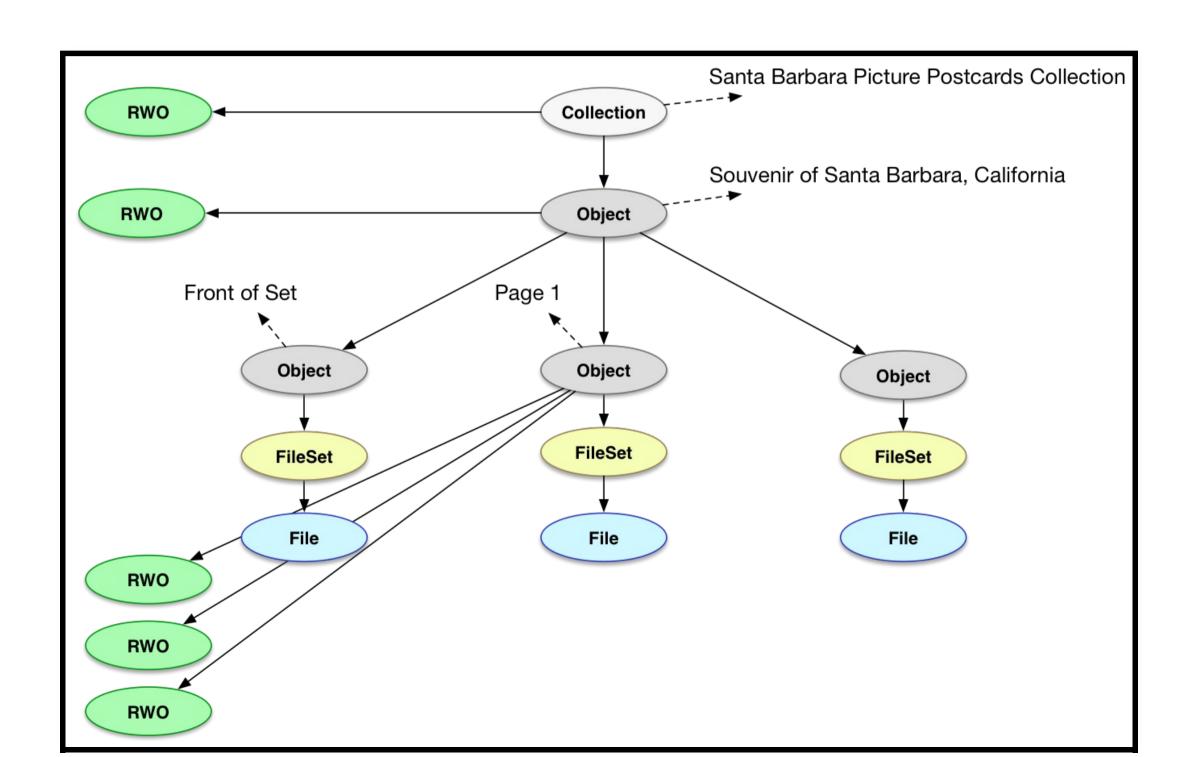
https://github.com/duraspace/pcdm/wiki

PCDM (Works) ... TBD?

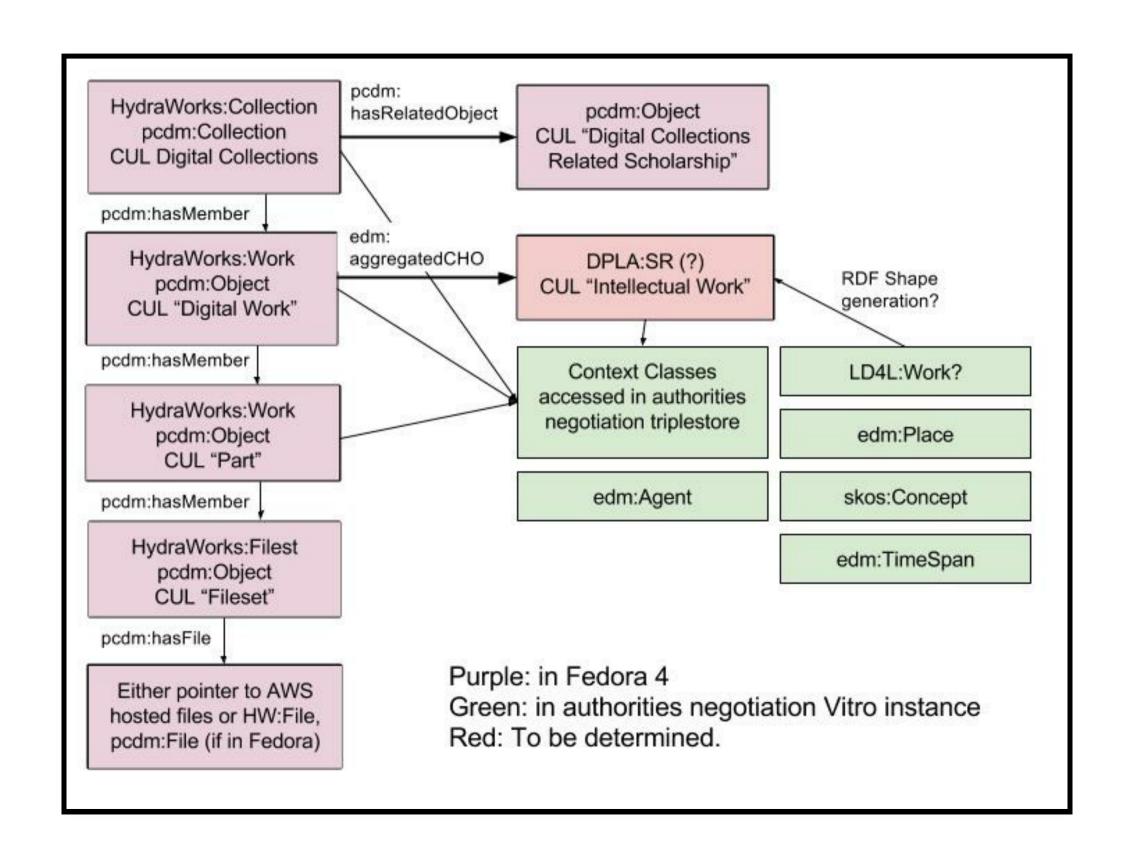


https://github.com/projecthydra/hydra-works

Classic Example: Postcards



Cornell's PCDM...so far



Cornell's PCDM...so far

Bringing it all together...

And Now You...

Building off the metadata review for your objects:

- 1. Group Your Entities into Possible PCDM Classes;
- 2. Map fields to relationships between Objects;
- 3. Try Drawing Model in Google Drawings;
- 4. What Fits? What Doesn't?
- 5. Start thinking about properties: Linked Open Vocabs can help! http://lov.okfn.org/