

E. M. Hughes

Hughes family

August 31, 2014

This document describes the life of (Edward) Michael Hughes (Grandad). It was originally written with great affection by his eldest grandson, Chris, based on a few discussions in late 2013; after his death, further additions were made by the rest of Grandad's family, most notably by his son, Richard. Most folks that read this document would probably have known Grandad as 'Mike' or 'Michael'. We all remember him very fondly, and will miss him dearly; we hope that this memoir will help to highlight some of his many achievements, and the various chapters of his life.

March Grandad was born in Balham, London.
21st 1925

1928 Grandad moved out to Ash Road in Morden with his parents where his Dad was working on the telephone exchange; Grandad remembers the advert said, 'Come and live in rural Surrey'; the lifestyle and commute was facilitated by the tube which had been extended from inner London and enabled a whole wave of people to move out to Surrey. Grandad remembers being asked by his mother, 'Do you like it here, Michael?', to which he responded, 'Yes, let's go home now'.

Grandad lived here in Ash road with his parents from 1927–1959, apart from the four years he served in the RAF from 1943-1947. The area was built up over a long period of time; the house was surrounded by fields—Grandad named the fields: 'the chicken's field', 'the rabbit's field', 'the builder's field', but he said that they all became 'builder's' fields eventually. At the end of the garden there was an orchard which was the last bit to be developed. On one occasion Grandad went under the fence with his Dad to pick apples for his Mum to make jam—the old lady that owned the field found them out and waved her walking stick and yelled, 'trespassers', and his Dad said, 'Come on Michael, let's run for it'.

- 1930** Grandad met Ron, who would be his life-long best friend, at primary school—the teacher asked Grandad to sit next to Ronny Lewis. Grandad and Ron were key members of a gang that shared many similarities with the outlaws from ‘Just William’, by Richal Compton.
- 1933** Grandad was a boy scout around this time; he progressed to patrol leader of the Peanut patrol, and recalled reciting, ‘Dib, dib, dib, dob, dob, dob’.
- 1942** Grandad volunteered for the RAF at the age of seventeen and a half, but was rejected as he did not have his father’s written permission.
- 1943-** Now aged eighteen, and not needing permission, Grandad reapplied to the
1947 RAF. There was no national service—soldiers were simply called up for the ‘the present emergency’. Grandad reported to the recruit center in central London (near Lord’s cricket ground); marched up the road to a nice block of flats opposite Regent’s Park with London Zoo. All the furniture had gone, and there were only beds. The drill corporal regularly compared the recruits with the monkeys on the other side of the canal. After three weeks of exercises (such as marching up the road, standing at ease), they were transferred to a training center in Newquay (Cornwall) which coincided with the middle of the summer; it was one of the best summers England had seen in years. As long as they (the recruits) reported to duty when they needed to, they could go in the sea whenever they liked.

They would do physical training on the beach, ending with an hour’s swimming in the (very rough) sea. On one occasion Grandad and a friend of his decided that they would run along the beach to explore—they found a cove. The rising water trapped them on the cliff, so they spent the night on the side of the cliff, which the weather allowed as it was a nice summer. As they returned to the camp they saw that the squadron was lined up outside; it turned out that the entire squadron was looking for them. Grandad and his friend were charged with irresponsible behaviour and marched before the commanding officer, still only with their bathing trunks. The commanding officer wanted to avoid the paper work, so just gave them a reprimand and told them to ‘piss off’.

The recruits were shipped out from Newquay to Manchester (in a grounds that was a public park during peace time), then to Liverpool Lyme-street station on a train where they marched through the town onto a ship, and onto South Africa. As they marched through Liverpool girls would open their windows from the offices and cheer them on, sometimes crudely.

The ship sailed via the Atlantic ocean and the Gilbralta Straights as part of a convoy with one cruiser and many corvettes to Durban (South Africa). There was a a horrendous storm where the stern of the ship came out of the water (including the propeller); the ships were rocking so hard that some of the ships were on their side.

They slept in hammocks on board ship; a lot of the soldiers didn't like sleeping in hammocks, so the folks that did like it had quite a lot room. Grandad describes this as one of the more pleasant experiences—the hammock would lessen the amount of rocking from the sea, so by and large he didn't feel sick. The food on the troop ship was quite good compared to what the folks at home were getting—the bread was baked fresh every day but the flour was infested with weevils, so they would have to go through it and pick them out.

On one occasion in South Africa, Grandad went to the cinema; at the end of the film the (British) National anthem was played (as was the tradition at this time), and several of the locals protested their disapproval by putting their hats on and sitting down.



Squadron
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104



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and then travelled by troop ship to Foggia, a poverty-stricken part of southern Italy.

Grandad
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104

in
February
1945;

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it
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well
known
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war
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close

to
finishing, which meant that some folks felt some relief. The squadron stayed in tents on the edge of a field; the Sergeant's mess was set up in a farm house where the soldiers would get food, and there were couches to rest upon. The previous occupants of the farm house were forced to live with their livestock.

Missions

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fused with the Lancaster bomber). They took supplies (mainly underwear and warm clothing, not guns and ammunition, which surprised Grandad) and materials to Serbia. Their drop site would be marked in a field with a big white 'X', and they would fly over at about 1000ft, and push the parachute-prepared crates out. They often watched people emerge from the woods with carts, who would then collect the supplies, and disperse. The night-time missions were to bomb railway stations in various small towns in Serbia and northern Italy (Verona), as the Germans were using them to bring in supplies. One place outside Verona had a movable bridge—the intelligence had not reported that the bridge could move, which resulted in 104 squadron dropping bombs into the river.

1947

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into society to prevent the labour market being flooded, so when the war had finished the squadron was moved to Egypt (Grandad preferred the Italians, though). During this time, a representative from the civil service spoke to the soldiers about opportunities once their service had finished. Grandad took the exam, and was offered the job. Each soldier was given a number, and told to wait until their number came up.

Grandad and Ron arranged to meet during his time in Egypt. Ron had a job in air transport, and was responsible for organizing planes travelling from England to the middle East. Grandad arranged a fortnight's leave, as did Ron, who managed to arrange free transport to Cairo (Grandad had to pay for his from the Canal zone). They stayed in the 'Woes and Joes', a Bed and Breakfast where RAF members could stay without fear of being assaulted. They took a bus out to the pyramids, a place that was (and is still) popular with tourists.



Grandad and Ron met Eric Schofield, whom they knew from their school days. They took him out for some drinking, and felt duty bound to bring him back to his tent (he was at a transit camp in the desert). They shoved him into his tent, assuming that the floor would be soft; they were duly surprised when Eric arrived the next day covered in bruises—it transpired that the tents had concrete floors. After this, Grandad and Ron stayed in a posh hotel in Alexandria, where they were given a list of safe places to stay. They spent their time swimming in the sea and sitting in the sunshine.

On Grandad's 21st birthday he remembers deliberately *not* telling anyone, as he wished to avoid the tradition of having to buy everyone a drink.

Grandad finished his tour and had six weeks leave, so went back to live with his parents, which was very common at the time—young men typically lived with their parents until they married.

- 1947** One of Grandad's fondest memories is coming home from the RAF in 1947; his Dad knew he was coming home as the country had relaxed from the tension of the war. One could phone a number and ask for the status of a ship. Grandad arrived home at 11 o'clock at night; his Dad said, 'Hello Son' as if he'd only been away for a couple of days (even though he had been away for four years); he heard a noise behind him and it was his Mum coming down the stairs to greet him.

Grandad worked at a station controlling fighter aircraft in Essex, in a stately manner at a table with holes and strings; he would take calls from lost pilots, triangulate their position and help them go in the correct direction.

During this period, Grandad's 'number' came up, and he travelled to Blackpool for civil service training. On the way *to* the training, the soldiers were loaded from the train into a lorry, and had to clamber over the sides to enter it. On the way back *from* the training, they were treated like civilians, and were given a set of steps to exit and enter the vehicle—they had been 'de-mobbed' (de-mobilized).

- 1947–1952** Grandad tried to get Ron elected as an MP to the Labour party.

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- 1952** Grandad met Granny Hat, joined the revenue and worked in an office in the west end of London; the building has since been demolished, and in its stead stands the new Scotland Yard. Grandad used to have work-hosted Christmas parties at an old pub called, 'The Feathers', which still stands by its side. It was at one such party that Grandad introduced Granny Hat to his colleagues—one woman assumed that she was his sister.
- 1956** Grandad moved into his first house in Beulah Road with Granny Hat and their son, Richard.
- 1967** The family moved to 34 East Drive, which followed from Grandad's promotion within the Inland Revenue Service.

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| 1969 | Grandad's Dad had good health up until the few weeks before he died; one of the things that Grandad felt guilty about for quite a time was leaving him on his own. Granny Hat wanted a place to raise a family in her own place. |
| 1988 | Grandad and Granny Hat Moved to Southbourne to be closer to the family. Grandad has lived in Southbourne longer than anywhere else since he was de-mobbed. |
| August 28th, 2014 | Grandad died peacefully in his sleep in his favourite chair at 4 South Lane, Southbourne; he will be missed by all of those who knew and loved him, and remembered dearly as a man who approached life with a wonderful attitude towards life. |

