# Introduction to Parallelism & Parallelism on HPC Examples in Julia and Python

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## What is parallelism?

- ► The common idea of divide and conquer
- Works extremely well in many relevant scenarios
  - Large dimension linear algebra, (i.e. ML)
  - Monte Carlo
  - Ordinary/Partial/Stochastic Differential equations (big linear algebra + Monte Carlo)
- ▶ Not a panacea!
  - ▶ Inefficient code can be inefficient and consume plenty of cpu-hours on the HPC

## When should you care?

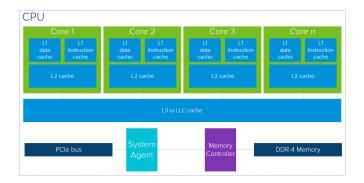
- ▶ When the benefits outweigh the costs!
- Costs
  - Human costs: Coding, debugging, refactoring
  - Computational Costs: parallelism requires coordination between threads, and/or nodes. When this coordination is required often, or significant data is passing between threads, parallel benefits may be outweighed.
- Benefits
  - Computation speed
  - Smaller memory overheads per thread
  - Process independence

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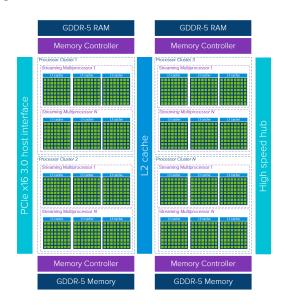
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Many of the costs are mitigated by modern languages providing thread-safe, optimized libraries.

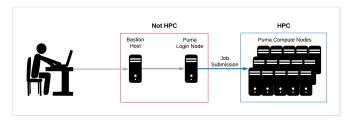
# Parallel paradigms: CPU



## Parallel paradigms: GPU



## Parallel paradigms: Multi-node





## Word of warning

- ▶ Not all code is parallelizable! Improper implementations can lead to
  - Race conditions
  - Deadlock
  - Memory Corruption

```
badParallel.jl
a = 0:
for i in 1:1000
    global a += 1;
end
println("serial a = $(a)");
a = 0:
Threads. Othreads for i in 1:1000
    global a += 1;
end
println("parallel a = $(a)");
\# serial a = 1000
# parallel a = 881
```

#### CPU Thread parallelism

#### Julia: helloWorld.jl

```
numThreads = Threads.nthreads(); im
Threads.@threads for i in 1:numThreads fr
    println("Hello World!"* im
"This is thread # $(Threads.threadid())");
end de

# Hello World! This is thread # 1
# Hello World! This is thread # 6
# Hello World! This is thread # 3
# Hello World! This is thread # 4
# Hello World! This is thread # 4
# Hello World! This is thread # 5
# Hello World! This is thread # 2
```

#### Python: helloWorld.py

```
import threading;
from time import sleep;
import numpy as np;
def helloWorld():
    sleep(np.random.random());
    print("Hello world! This is {}"
          .format(threading.current_thre
if name == " main ":
   for i in range(6):
        t = threading.Thread(
            target=helloWorld,args=[]);
        t.start()
# Hello world! This is Thread-4
# Hello world! This is Thread-1
# Hello world! This is Thread-6
# Hello world! This is Thread-2
```

# Hello world! This is Thread-5 # Hello world! This is Thread-3

# GPU Thread parallelism

► Even easier introduction to Cuda

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## Node parallelism via Slurm

#### monteCarlo.jl

## Node parallelism via Slurm

monteCarlo slurm

```
#!/bin/bash
# ------
### PART 1: Requests resources to run your job.
# -----
### Optional. Set the job name
#SBATCH -- iob-name=test test
### Optional. Set the output filename.
### SLURM reads %x as the job name and %i as the job ID
#SBATCH --output=%x-%j.out
### REQUIRED. Specify the PI group for this job
###SBATCH --account=chertkov
### Optional. Request email when job begins and ends
### SBATCH --mail-type=ALL
### Optional. Specify email address to use for notification
### SBATCH --mail-user=<YOUR NETID>@email.arizona.edu
### REQUIRED. Set the partition for your job.
#SBATCH --partition=windfall
### REQUIRED. Set the number of cores that will be used for this job.
#SBATCH --ntasks=20
### REQUIRED. Set the number of nodes
#SBATCH --nodes=1
### REQUIRED. Set the memory required for this job.
#SBATCH --mem=64gb
### REQUIRED. Specify the time required for this job, hhh:mm:ss
#SBATCH --time=02:00:00
#SBATCH --array=1-20
# ------
### PART 2: Executes bash commands to run your job
# ------
### Load required modules/libraries if needed
module load python/3.8
module load julia/1.7.2
### change to your script's directory
cd /home/u1/cmhyett/.julia/dev/LDM/results/pi512/
julia ../tbnnFamilyTrainScript.j1 512 /xdisk/chertkov/cmhyett/tbnnFamilyTraining/pi512/latent_space/task_${SLURM_ARRAY_TASK_ID}/
   cmhvett@math.arizona.edu
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```

## References & Further Reading

- https://core.vmware.com/resource/exploring-gpu-architecture
- https://public.confluence.arizona.edu/display/UAHPC/Puma+Quick+Start
- https://www.tensorflow.org/guide/gpu
- https://developer.nvidia.com/blog/even-easier-introduction-cuda/
- $\textcolor{red}{\blacktriangleright} \ \, \text{https://public.confluence.arizona.edu/display/UAHPC/Using+and+Installing+Python} \\$