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Given a 2D integer array `nums` where `nums[i]` is a non-empty array of **distinct** positive integers, return *the list of integers that are present in **each array** of `nums` sorted in **ascending order***.

Example 1:

Input: `nums = [[3,1,2,4,5], [1,2,3,4], [3,4,5,6]]`
Output: `[3,4]`
Explanation:
The only integers present in each of `nums[0] = [3,1,2,4,5]`, `nums[1] = [1,2,3,4]`, and `nums[2]`

User Accepted:	8226
User Tried:	8525
Total Accepted:	8429
Total Submissions:	12757
Difficulty:	Easy

Example 2:

Input: `nums = [[1,2,3], [4,5,6]]`
Output: `[]`
Explanation:
There does not exist any integer present both in `nums[0]` and `nums[1]`, so we return an empty list `[]`.

Constraints:

- `1 <= nums.length <= 1000`
- `1 <= sum(nums[i].length) <= 1000`
- `1 <= nums[i][j] <= 1000`
- All the values of `nums[i]` are **unique**.

Discuss (<https://leetcode.com/problems/intersection-of-multiple-arrays/discuss>)

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```
func intersection(nums [][]int) []int {  
      
      
}
```

☐ Custom Testcase

Use Example Testcases

Run

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