



a 16

NOT SUITABLE
FÖR PERSONS
UNDER 16 YEARS

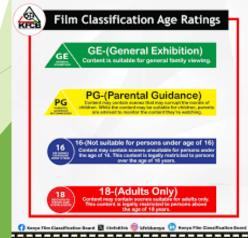
RESTRICTED TO PERSONS AGED 18 YEARS & ABOVE

# Automating Classification of Audio-Visual Content and Rating for Regulation and Personal Use

DSC-PT-10

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## PROJECT OVERVIEW

- Develop a machine learning model to automate film classification based on genre, synopsis, platform, and other metadata.
- Enhance regulatory efficiency by providing intelligent rating suggestions aligned with Kenya's classification guidelines.
- Support parental control tools and age-based content filtering for safer content consumption.
- Promote discoverability and categorization of local content to increase visibility of Kenyan productions.

# **Objectives**

This project is aimed at assisting the regulator in automating the classification of audiovisual content in Kenya.

- 1. Automate film classification using machine learning to predict appropriate age ratings.
- 2. Improve regulatory efficiency by providing Al-based rating suggestions.
- Support parental controls through age-based content filtering tools.
- 4. Promote and recommend local content through enhanced categorization and discoverability.

## **DATA USED**

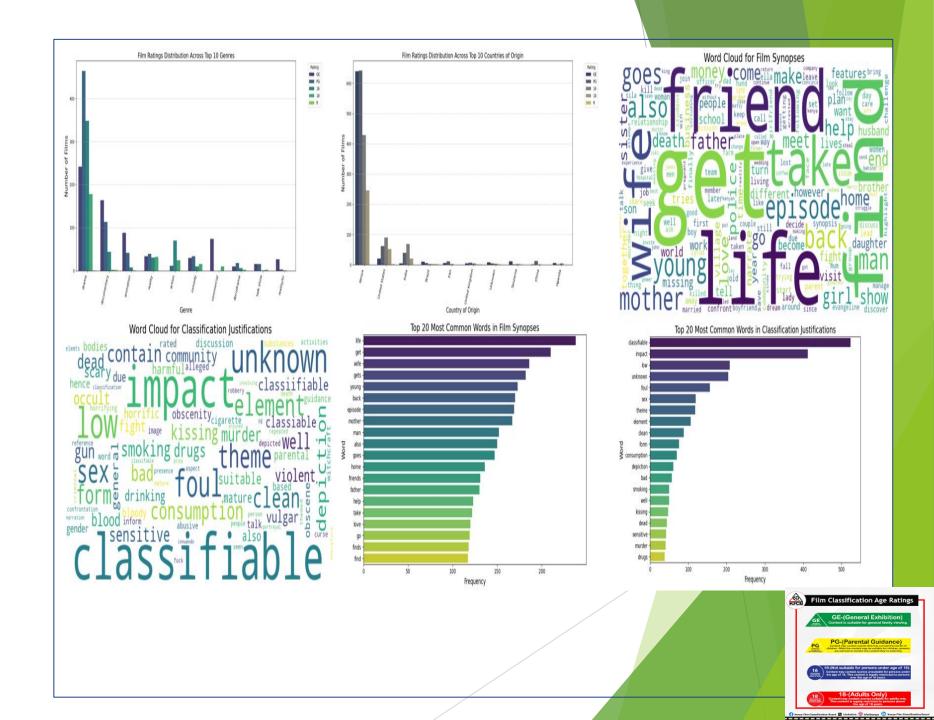
The data used for this project was collected by the Kenya Film Classification Board (KFCB) between July 2022 and June 2025.

It was sourced from official classification records containing film metadata and regulatory decisions across different platforms (cinema, TV, online streaming).

For purposes of this study, the data was consolidated and structured as follows:

A unified dataset comprising 2,574 film records with 15 key attributes, including film title, genre, classification, synopsis, rating, and origin. The data was cleaned and standardized to support analysis of content patterns, classification trends, and audience suitability.

# **EDA Summary**



## MODELLING

## Logistic Regression Model(Baseline)

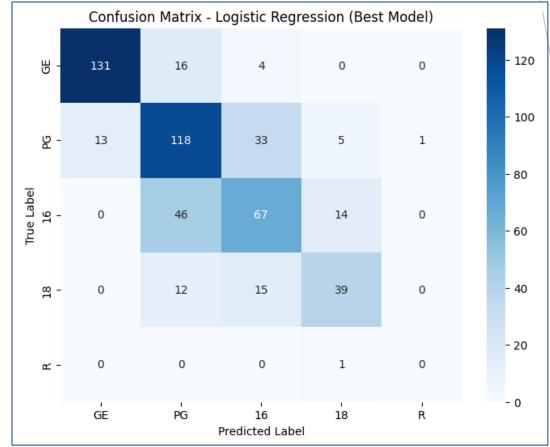
#### 1. Logistic Regression

- Best Parameters: `C=1`, `solver='lbfgs'`

- **Accuracy**: 0.69

- Best F1-Weighted Score (CV): 0.69

- **Notes**: Serves as a solid baseline with decent precision for 'GE' and 'PG' classes. Underperforms for rare classes like 'R'.



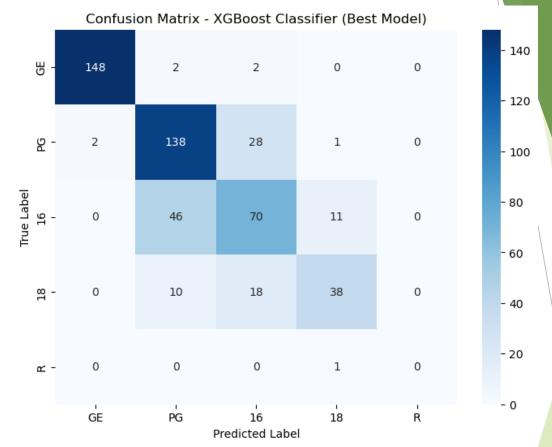
• The model performs well in predicting GE ratings, with minimal misclassifications. However, PG, 16, and 18 show significant overlap many PG films are misclassified as 16, and vice versa suggesting feature similarity in borderline content. The model struggles to correctly classify Restricted films due to the very limited training data in that class. Improving class balance and incorporating more discriminative features could enhance overall rating accuracy.

## XGBoost Classifier Best Model

#### **XGBoost Classifier**

- Accuracy: 77.48%
- F1-Weighted Score (Cross-Validation): **0.76**
- Excellent balance between performance and interpretability
- Robust against overfitting and handles both categorical and numerical features effectively





**High True Positives** across major classes like "PG" and "GE", indicating strong classification performance on the most frequent categories.

- **Misclassifications** are more common between similar or adjacent rating classes (e.g., "16" misclassified as "18"), suggesting overlap in content characteristics.
- The "R" and "18" classes, which are less represented, show slightly lower recall—typical in imbalanced datasets.

#### MODELS EVALUATION TABLE

Model	Best Parameters	Accuracy	F1-Weighted	Notes
Logistic Regression	C=1, solver=lbfgs	0.69	0.69	Baseline; weak on rare class "R"
Decision Tree	max_depth=None	0.70	0.71	Captures "18"; risk of overfitting
Random Forest	n_estimators=200	0.76	0.76	Balanced; strong overall
XGBoost	lr=0.1, n_estimators=200	0.77	0.76	Top performer; efficient
LightGBM	lr=0.1, n_estimators=200	0.75	0.75	Fast; comparable to XGBoost
Naive Bayes	alpha=1.0	0.75	0.75	Great with text; good for "16"

### CONCLUSION

- Successfully built a machine learning model to classify films based on age-appropriateness using KFCB guidelines.
- XG Boost classifier performed best (Accuracy: 77.48%, F1: 0.772).
- Text features like synopses and justifications were key in improving prediction.
- EDA revealed rating patterns across genres, platforms, and countries.
- The solution supports regulators, parents, and content platforms in faster, scalable, and objective classification.

# **Project Challenges**

- •Missing Data: Key columns like VENUE and CONTACT had many null values.
- •Data Cleaning: Inconsistent formats in fields like DURATION(MINS) required extensive preprocessing.
- •Class Imbalance: Rare ratings like 'R' had very few samples, hurting model recall.
- •Similar Class Overlap: Models confused PG, 16, and 18 due to feature similarity.
- •Text Feature Complexity: High-dimensional TF-IDF features from SYNOPSIS increased model complexity.
- •Evaluation Limitation: Low support for rare classes affected confusion matrix reliability.

## RECOMMENDATIONS

- •Use the ML model as a pre-screening tool for faster content review.
- •Integrate API with KFCB or streaming platforms for real-time classification.
- •Switch to transformer models (e.g., BERT) for better text analysis.
- •Apply SMOTE or class weighting to handle rating imbalance.
- •Add human-in-the-loop feedback to improve accuracy over time.
- •Build a parental control app to help filter content by rating.
- •Include image/audio features for richer content classification.
- •Perform regular audits to detect and correct model bias.



# Next Steps

Advanced NLP: Use BERT/RoBERTa

for better text understanding

**Multimodal**: Add image/audio features

API & Dashboard: Deploy for real-time

use

Bias Audit: Fix class imbalance,

monitor fairness

Human Feedback: Improve model via

user input

Scaling: Localize for other

countries/languages

