

JavaScript (4 points)

- What are some advantages of using JavaScript in web development?

JavaScript Syntax (4 points)

- Question 1: Identify and correct the syntax errors in the following code:
 - `var number = 10;`
 - `console.log (Number + 5);`
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `isEven` that takes a number as an argument and returns `true` if the number is even and `false` if it is odd.
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `isPalindrome` that takes a string as an argument and returns `true` if it is a palindrome (reads the same forwards and backwards) and `false` otherwise.

Variables (6 points)

- Question 1: Declare a variable called `name` and assign it a string value of your choice. Then, display a message that says "Hello, [name]!" using the value of the `name` variable.
- Question 2: Create two variables, `x`, and `y`, and assign them numerical values. Swap the `x` and `y` values using a third variable and display the updated values.

Numbers (6 points)

- Question 1: Calculate the square root of a given number and store the result in a variable called `result`.
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `isPrime` that takes a number as an argument and returns `true` if it is a prime number and `false` otherwise.
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `generateRandomNumber` that takes two numbers, `min`, and `max`, as arguments and returns a random number between `min` and `max`.

Operators (6 points)

- Question 1: Given the variables `a = 10` and `b = 3`, what is the value of the following expression: `a % b`?
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `isInRange` that takes a number as an argument and returns `true` if it falls within a specific range (e.g., between 10 and 20) and `false` otherwise.
- Question 3: Given the variables `a = 5`, `b = 3`, and `c = 2`, what is the value of the following expression: `a > b || c < b && a === c`?

Boolean (6 points)

- Question 1: Write a condition that checks whether a variable `isRaining` is `true` and a variable `isSunny` is `false`. Store the result in a variable called `shouldStayInside`.
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `hasPermission` that takes two boolean parameters, `isUserLoggedIn` and `isAdmin`, and returns `true` if the user has permission and `false` otherwise.
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `hasUniqueCharacters` that takes a string as an argument and returns `true` if all characters in the string are unique and `false` otherwise.

Strings (6 points)

- Question 1: Given the string "Hello, World!", write code to convert it to uppercase and store the result in a variable called `uppercaseString`.

- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `countVowels` that takes a string as an argument and returns the number of vowels present in the string.
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `truncateString` that takes a string and a number `maxLength` as arguments and returns a truncated version of the string if it exceeds `maxLength`, appending an ellipsis ("...") at the end.

Math (6 points)

- Question 1: Generate a random number between 1 and 100 (inclusive) using the `Math.random()` function and round it to the nearest integer. Store the result in a variable called `randomNumber`.
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `calculateFactorial` that takes a number as an argument and returns its factorial.
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `calculatePower` that takes two numbers, base and exponent, as arguments and returns the result of base raised to the power of exponent.

Conditionals (6 points)

- Question 1: Write an if-else statement that checks whether a variable `num` is positive, negative, or zero. Print the appropriate message accordingly.
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `getDiscount` that takes a purchase amount as an argument. If the purchase amount is greater than \$100, apply a 10% discount. If it is less than or equal to \$100, apply a 5% discount. Return the discounted amount.
- Question 3: Write an if-else statement that checks whether a year is a leap year. Print "Leap year" if it is divisible by 4 but not divisible by 100, or if it is divisible by 400. Otherwise, print "Not a leap year".

Loops and Iterations (6 points)

- Question 1: Write a while loop that prints the numbers from 1 to 20.
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `calculateSum` that takes a positive integer `n` as an argument and returns the sum of all numbers from 1 to `n`.
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `calculateFactorialIterative` that takes a positive integer `n` as an argument and calculates its factorial using a loop instead of recursion.

Functions (6 points)

- Question 1: Write a JavaScript function called `reverseString` that takes a string as an argument and returns the reversed version of the string.
- Question 2: Write a JavaScript function called `calculateBMI` that takes a person's weight (in kilograms) and height (in meters) as arguments and returns their body mass index (BMI).
- Question 3: Write a JavaScript function called `capitalizeWords` that takes a sentence as an argument and returns the sentence with each word capitalized.