## BCBGSO Basic UNIX Workshop Reference Sheet

## Mar 1 2017

Command	What it does
ssh <your-netid>@training.las.iastate.edu</your-netid>	Logs into the server through SecureShell
bash	Open Bash Shell
git clone	Clone the workshop files to your workspace
https://github.com/cmmann/basic-unix-	
workshop.git	
Tips and Tricks	
[Up] Arrow	Previous Command
	Next Command
[Down] Arrow	
[Ctrl]+[C]	Stop command execution autofill name
[Tab]	
history	display history
man <commandname></commandname>	Display the manual and options for <commandname></commandname>
Lesson 1. Navigation	
Lesson 1: Navigation	Display present weeking directory noth
pwd	Display present working directory path
ls .	list files and folders in present working directory
ls -a	list all files and folders, including hidden
ls -l	list long format files and folders - extra info displayed
Is -R	list files recursively - including files buried in folders
ls -S	list files ordered by size
cd <directory-name></directory-name>	change directory to directory name
cd	change directory up one level
cd ~	change directory to home directory
cd -	change back to previous directory
1	
Lesson 2:	Create a new directory called edirectory names
mkdir <directory-name></directory-name>	Create all directories in path to «directory»
mkdir -p	Create all directories in path to <directory>  Create a file called <filename> if <filename> doesn't</filename></filename></directory>
touch <filename></filename>	exist
rm <filename></filename>	Delete <filename></filename>
rm -r <directory-name></directory-name>	Delete <directory-name> and all its contents</directory-name>
rm *	Delete everything in the current directory
Lesson 3:	
cp <source-file> <destination name=""></destination></source-file>	copies <source-file> to <destination> and names the new copy <name></name></destination></source-file>

mv <source-file> <destination name=""></destination></source-file>	moves <source-file> to <destination> and names it</destination></source-file>
·	<name></name>
mv <source-file> <new-name></new-name></source-file>	renames <source-file> to <new-name></new-name></source-file>
mv -r <source-directory></source-directory>	moves <source-directory> and all its contents to</source-directory>
<destination folder=""></destination>	<folder></folder>
cat <filename></filename>	prints out the contents of filename to the terminal
head -n <filename></filename>	prints out the first n lines of <filename>; if n is unspecified, default is 10</filename>
tail -n <filename></filename>	prints out the last n lines of <filename>; if n is unspecified, default is 10</filename>
less <filename></filename>	open' <filename> in console - allows you to scroll</filename>
q	quit out of the less display
Lesson 4:	
find <search-space> <criteria></criteria></search-space>	Search <search-space> for things matching <criteria></criteria></search-space>
find <search-space> -iname *.txt</search-space>	Search <search-space> for all files/folders ending in '.txt'</search-space>
find <search-space> -iname *text* -type -f</search-space>	Search <search-space> for filenames containing 'text'</search-space>
findiname *text* -type -d	Search the current directory for folder names containing 'text'
chmod <permission> <filename></filename></permission>	Set <filename> permissions to <permission></permission></filename>
chmod <permission> <filename> Permission: Read</filename></permission>	Set <filename> permissions to <permission> 4</permission></filename>
<u>'</u>	
Permission: Read	4
Permission: Read Permission: Write	2

## Miscellaneous:

. Current directory

/ all directories

.. Directory one level above you

<sup>\*</sup> any