## BCBGSO Advanced UNIX Workshop Reference Sheet

## Mar 2 2017

Setup	What it does
ssh <your-netid>@training.las.iastate.edu</your-netid>	Logs into the server through SecureShell
bash	Open Bash Shell
git clone	Clone the workshop files to your workspace
https://github.com/cmmann/basic-unix-	
workshop.git	
Tips and Tricks	
[Up] Arrow	Previous Command
[Down] Arrow	Next Command
[Ctrl]+[C]	Stop command execution
[Tab]	autofill name
history	display history
man <commandname></commandname>	Display the manual and options for <commandname></commandname>
Lesson 1: Nano	
nano <file></file>	Opens <file> (or creates it if it doesn't exist) and allows</file>
	you to edit <file></file>
[Ctrl]+[x]	Close nano
[Ctrl]+[y]	Scroll up in nano
[Ctrl]+[v]	Scroll down in nano
Lesson 2: Shell Scripts	
chmod u+x	Give owner execute permission
chmod 755	Give owner execute, group read and execute, and
(ab allo asist ale	global read and execute permissions
./shellscript.sh	Execute shellscript.sh
Bash shellscript.sh	Have bash read shellscript.sh and then execute the commands within it
#	At the beginning of a line in a script, creates a
"	comment
echo "words"	Prints "words" to the console
Lesson 3: wc, grep, sort, uniq	
wc <filename></filename>	Outputs number of lines, words, bytes, and <filename></filename>
wc –l	Output only the number of lines and the filename
wc –w	Output only the number of words and the filename
wc -m	Output only the number of characters and the
	filename
Command1   Command2	Pipes the output of command1 to command2

sort <file></file>	Sorts the contents of <file> alphabetically</file>
sort –n	Sort numerically, lowest to highest
sort -r	Sort in reverse order
sort –u	Sort only unique items
Text   uniq	Finds unique occurrences in Text
uniq –c	Count the occurrences of the unique line
uniq –d	Print only non-unique lines
uniq –u	Print only unique lines
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GREP	
grep <pattern> <filename></filename></pattern>	Looks for <pattern> in the contents of <filename></filename></pattern>
grep –c	Count how many lines on which pattern occurs
grep –o	Show only the part of a line that matches a pattern
grep -v	Invert match to select things that DON'T match
	pattern
grep –i	Case insensitive matching
grep –I	List the files with a match
grep –L	List the files that don't have a match
Lesson 4: Regular Expressions	
grep –E OR egrep	Grep using regular expressions
[A-Z]	Match any single character, A-Z
[0-9]	Match any single digit, 0-9
\b	Match only if the match occurs at the beginning of a
	word
^A	Match 'A' only if it is the beginning of a line
This   That	Match This or That
[]{n}	Match the preceding item n times
[]{n,m}	Match the preceding item at least n times, but not
[]*	more than m times  Match the preceding item 0 or more times
[]+	Match the preceding item 1 or more times
[]?	Match the preceding item 1 of more times  Match the preceding item once if it happens, but
u:	matching is optional
	0 1
Lesson 5: AWK	
awk 'condition {procedure}'	Perform procedure if condition is true
awk '{print \$1}'	Print the first field
awk –F '\t' '{print \$1}'	Change the delimiter to a tab and print the first field
awk '\$1 > 10 {print \$1}'	Print \$1 if it is larger than 10

## Miscellaneous:

. Current directory

/ all directories

.. Directory one level above you

\* any