

Class 14: RNASeq mini project

Charlize Molitor (PID: A18515740)

Table of contents

Background	1
Data Import	1
Remove the zero count genes	3
DESeq analysis	3
Data Visualization	5
Add annotation	6
Pathways analysis	7
GO terms	10
Reactome	12
Save our results	12

Background

Here we work through a complete RNASeq analysis project. The input data comes from a knock-down experiment of a HOX gene

Data Import

Reading the `counts` and `metadata` CSV files

```
counts <- read.csv("GSE37704_featurecounts.csv", row.names= 1)
metadata <- read.csv("GSE37704_metadata.csv")
```

Check on data structure

```
head(counts)
```

	length	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370
ENSG00000186092	918	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	718	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	1982	23	28	29	29	28
ENSG00000278566	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	939	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	3214	124	123	205	207	212
		SRR493371				
ENSG00000186092		0				
ENSG00000279928		0				
ENSG00000279457		46				
ENSG00000278566		0				
ENSG00000273547		0				
ENSG00000187634		258				

```
head(metadata)
```

	id	condition
1	SRR493366	control_sirna
2	SRR493367	control_sirna
3	SRR493368	control_sirna
4	SRR493369	hoxa1_kd
5	SRR493370	hoxa1_kd
6	SRR493371	hoxa1_kd

Some book-keeping is required as there looks to be a mis-match between metadata rows and counts columns

```
ncol(counts)
```

```
[1] 7
```

```
nrow(metadata)
```

```
[1] 6
```

Looks like we need to get rid of the first “length” column of our `counts` object.

```

cleancounts <- counts[, -1]

colnames(cleancounts)

[1] "SRR493366" "SRR493367" "SRR493368" "SRR493369" "SRR493370" "SRR493371"

metadata$id

[1] "SRR493366" "SRR493367" "SRR493368" "SRR493369" "SRR493370" "SRR493371"

```

Remove the zero count genes

There are lots of genes with zero counts. We can remove these from further analysis

```
head(cleancounts)
```

	SRR493366	SRR493367	SRR493368	SRR493369	SRR493370	SRR493371
ENSG00000186092	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279928	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000279457	23	28	29	29	28	46
ENSG00000278566	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000273547	0	0	0	0	0	0
ENSG00000187634	124	123	205	207	212	258

```

to.keep inds <- rowSums(cleancounts) > 0
nonzero_counts <- cleancounts[to.keep inds,]

```

DESeq analysis

Load the package

```
library(DESeq2)
```

Setup DESeq object

```

dds <- DESeqDataSetFromMatrix(countData= nonzero_counts,
                               colData= metadata,
                               design= ~condition)

```

```
Warning in DESeqDataSet(se, design = design, ignoreRank): some variables in  
design formula are characters, converting to factors
```

Run DESeq

```
dds <- DESeq(dds)
```

```
estimating size factors  
  
estimating dispersions  
  
gene-wise dispersion estimates  
  
mean-dispersion relationship  
  
final dispersion estimates  
  
fitting model and testing
```

Get results

```
res <- results(dds)  
head(res)
```

```
log2 fold change (MLE): condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna  
Wald test p-value: condition hoxa1 kd vs control sirna  
DataFrame with 6 rows and 6 columns  
  baseMean log2FoldChange      lfcSE      stat      pvalue  
  <numeric>      <numeric> <numeric> <numeric>      <numeric>  
ENSG00000279457    29.9136    0.1792571  0.3248216  0.551863 5.81042e-01  
ENSG00000187634   183.2296    0.4264571  0.1402658  3.040350 2.36304e-03  
ENSG00000188976  1651.1881   -0.6927205  0.0548465 -12.630158 1.43990e-36  
ENSG00000187961   209.6379    0.7297556  0.1318599  5.534326 3.12428e-08  
ENSG00000187583    47.2551    0.0405765  0.2718928  0.149237 8.81366e-01  
ENSG00000187642   11.9798    0.5428105  0.5215598  1.040744 2.97994e-01  
  padj  
  <numeric>  
ENSG00000279457 6.86555e-01  
ENSG00000187634 5.15718e-03  
ENSG00000188976 1.76549e-35  
ENSG00000187961 1.13413e-07  
ENSG00000187583 9.19031e-01  
ENSG00000187642 4.03379e-01
```

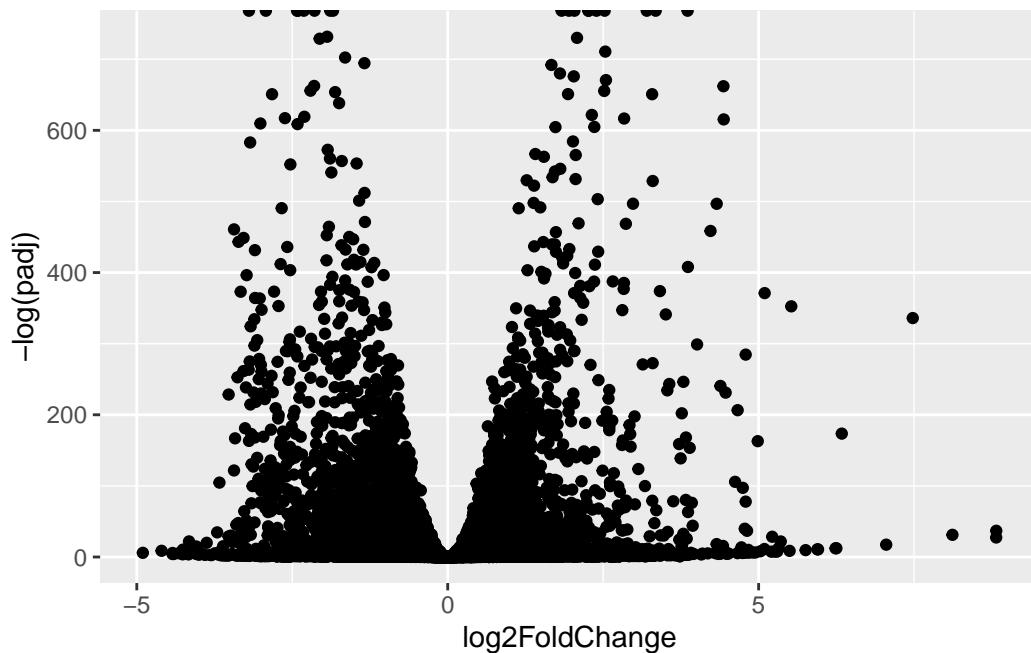
Data Visualization

Volcano plot

```
library(ggplot2)

ggplot(res) +
  aes(log2FoldChange, -log(padj)) +
  geom_point()
```

Warning: Removed 1237 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range
(`geom_point()`).



Add threshold lines for fold-change and P-value and color to our subset of genes that make these threshold cut-offs in the plot

```
mycols <- rep("gray", nrow(res))
mycols [ abs(res$log2FoldChange) > 2 ] <- "blue"
mycols[ res$padj > 0.05 ] <- "gray"

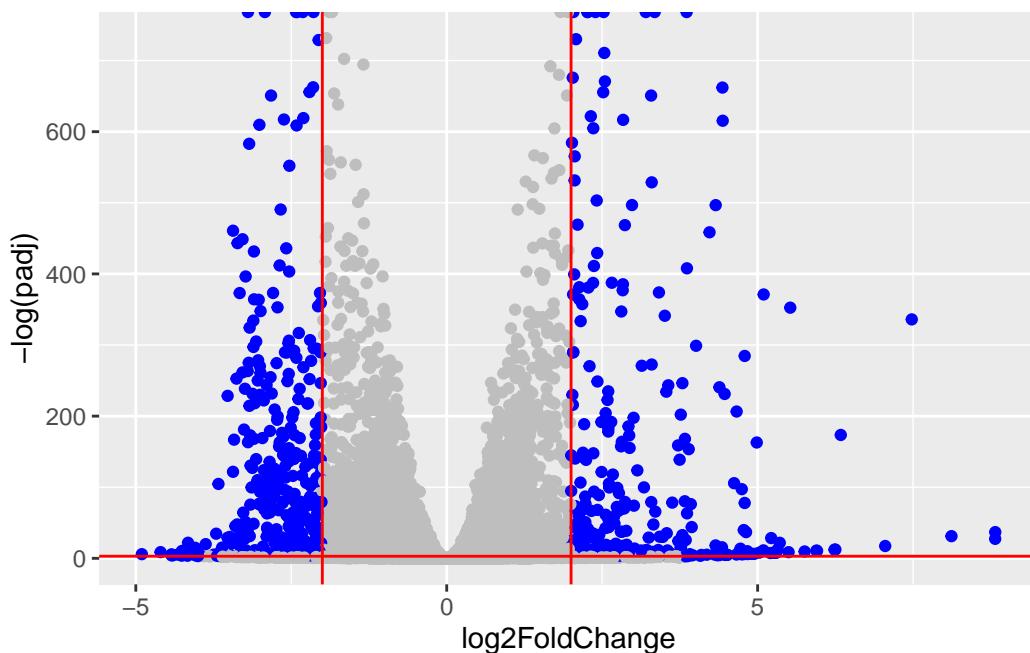
ggplot(res) +
  aes(log2FoldChange, -log(padj)) +
```

```

geom_point(col=mycols) +
geom_vline(xintercept = c(-2,2), col = "red") +
geom_hline(yintercept = -log(0.05), col = "red")

```

Warning: Removed 1237 rows containing missing values or values outside the scale range (`geom_point()`).



Add annotation

Add gene symbols and entrez ids

```

library(AnnotationDbi)
library(org.Hs.eg.db)

```

```

res$symbol <- mapIds(x = org.Hs.eg.db,
                      keys = row.names(res),
                      keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                      column = "SYMBOL"
)

```

```
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

```
res$entrez <- mapIds( x = org.Hs.eg.db,
                      keys = row.names(res),
                      keytype = "ENSEMBL",
                      column= "ENTREZID")
```

```
'select()' returned 1:many mapping between keys and columns
```

Pathways analysis

Run gage analysis with KEGG

```
library(gage)
library(gageData)
library(pathview)
```

We need a named vector and fold-change values as input for gage

```
foldchanges = res$log2FoldChange
names(foldchanges) = res$entrez
head(foldchanges)
```

```
<NA>      148398      26155      339451      84069      84808
0.17925708  0.42645712 -0.69272046  0.72975561  0.04057653  0.54281049
```

```
data(kegg.sets.hs)

keggres = gage(foldchanges, gsets = kegg.sets.hs)

head(keggres$less, 5)
```

	p.geomean	stat.mean
hsa04110 Cell cycle	8.995727e-06	-4.378644
hsa03030 DNA replication	9.424076e-05	-3.951803
hsa05130 Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection	1.405864e-04	-3.765330
hsa03013 RNA transport	1.246882e-03	-3.059466
hsa03440 Homologous recombination	3.066756e-03	-2.852899

p.val q.val

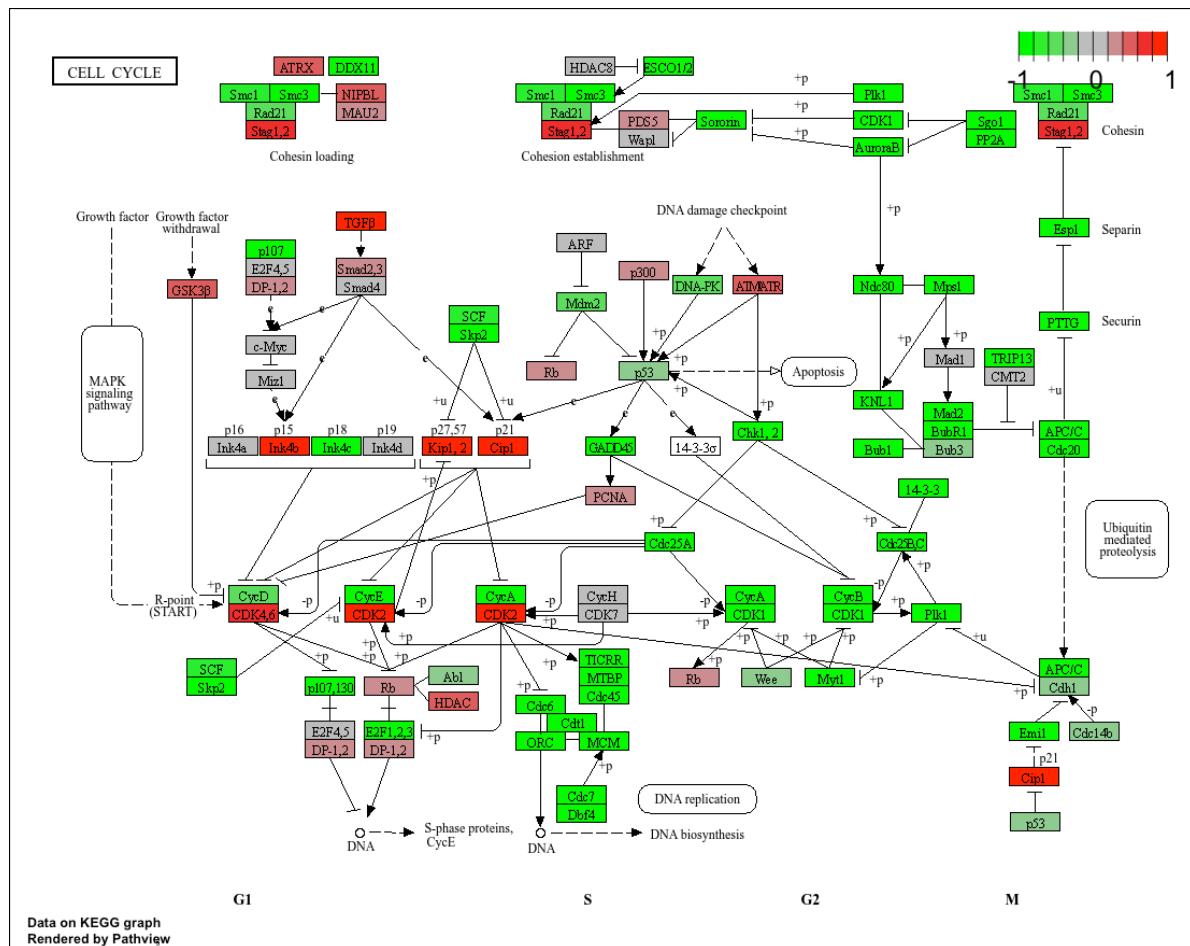
```
hsa04110 Cell cycle                      8.995727e-06 0.001889103
hsa03030 DNA replication                  9.424076e-05 0.009841047
hsa05130 Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection 1.405864e-04 0.009841047
hsa03013 RNA transport                   1.246882e-03 0.065461279
hsa03440 Homologous recombination        3.066756e-03 0.128803765
                                         set.size    exp1
hsa04110 Cell cycle                      121 8.995727e-06
hsa03030 DNA replication                  36 9.424076e-05
hsa05130 Pathogenic Escherichia coli infection 53 1.405864e-04
hsa03013 RNA transport                   144 1.246882e-03
hsa03440 Homologous recombination        28 3.066756e-03
```

```
pathview(pathway.id = "hsa04110", gene.data = foldchanges )
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/charlizemolitor/Desktop/class04/Class 14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa04110.pathview.png
```

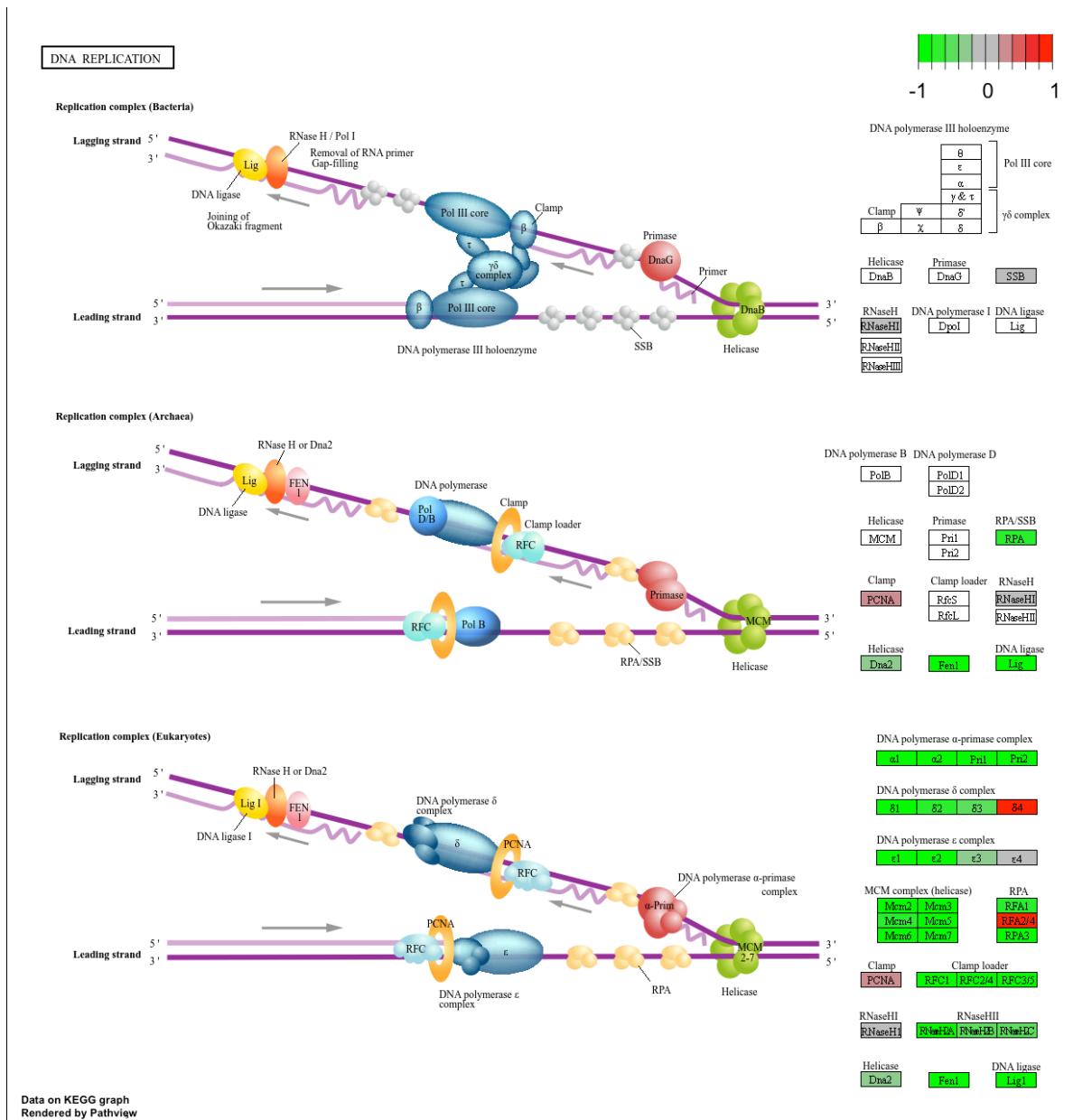


```
pathview(pathway.id = "hsa03030", gene.data = foldchanges )
```

```
'select()' returned 1:1 mapping between keys and columns
```

```
Info: Working in directory /Users/charlizemolitor/Desktop/class04/Class 14
```

```
Info: Writing image file hsa03030.pathview.png
```



GO terms

Same analysis but using GO genesets rather than KEGG

```
data(go.sets.hs)
data(go.subs.hs)
```

```

# Focus on Biological Process subset of GO
gobpsets = go.sets.hs[go.subs.hs$BP]

gobpres = gage(foldchanges, gsets=gobpsets, same.dir=TRUE)

lapply(gobpres, head)

```

\$greater

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	8.519724e-05	3.824205	8.519724e-05
GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	1.396681e-04	3.653886	1.396681e-04
GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	1.432451e-04	3.643242	1.432451e-04
GO:0007610 behavior	1.925222e-04	3.565432	1.925222e-04
GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	5.932837e-04	3.261376	5.932837e-04
GO:0035295 tube development	5.953254e-04	3.253665	5.953254e-04
	q.val	set.size	exp1
GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion	0.1951953	113	8.519724e-05
GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium	0.1951953	339	1.396681e-04
GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis	0.1951953	424	1.432451e-04
GO:0007610 behavior	0.1967577	426	1.925222e-04
GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis	0.3565320	257	5.932837e-04
GO:0035295 tube development	0.3565320	391	5.953254e-04

\$less

	p.geomean	stat.mean	p.val
GO:0048285 organelle fission	1.536227e-15	-8.063910	1.536227e-15
GO:0000280 nuclear division	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
GO:0007067 mitosis	4.286961e-15	-7.939217	4.286961e-15
GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.169934e-14	-7.797496	1.169934e-14
GO:0007059 chromosome segregation	2.028624e-11	-6.878340	2.028624e-11
GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.729553e-10	-6.695966	1.729553e-10
	q.val	set.size	exp1
GO:0048285 organelle fission	5.841698e-12	376	1.536227e-15
GO:0000280 nuclear division	5.841698e-12	352	4.286961e-15
GO:0007067 mitosis	5.841698e-12	352	4.286961e-15
GO:0000087 M phase of mitotic cell cycle	1.195672e-11	362	1.169934e-14
GO:0007059 chromosome segregation	1.658603e-08	142	2.028624e-11
GO:0000236 mitotic prometaphase	1.178402e-07	84	1.729553e-10

\$stats

stat.mean	exp1
-----------	------

```

GO:0007156 homophilic cell adhesion      3.824205 3.824205
GO:0002009 morphogenesis of an epithelium 3.653886 3.653886
GO:0048729 tissue morphogenesis          3.643242 3.643242
GO:0007610 behavior                     3.565432 3.565432
GO:0060562 epithelial tube morphogenesis 3.261376 3.261376
GO:0035295 tube development              3.253665 3.253665

```

Reactome

Lots of folks like the reactome web interface. You can also run this as an R function but lets look at the website first < <https://reactome.org/user/guide> >

The website wants a text file with one gene symbol per line of the genes you want to map to pathways

```

sig_genes <- res[res$padj <= 0.05 & !is.na(res$padj),] $symbol
head(sig_genes)

```

```

ENSG00000187634 ENSG00000188976 ENSG00000187961 ENSG00000188290 ENSG00000187608
    "SAMD11"           "NOC2L"          "KLHL17"         "HES4"        "ISG15"
ENSG00000188157
    "AGRN"

```

```
#res$symbol
```

and write out to a file:

```

write.table(sig_genes, file="significant_genes.txt", row.names=FALSE, col.names=FALSE, quote=

```

Save our results

```

write.csv(res, file = "myresults.csv")

```