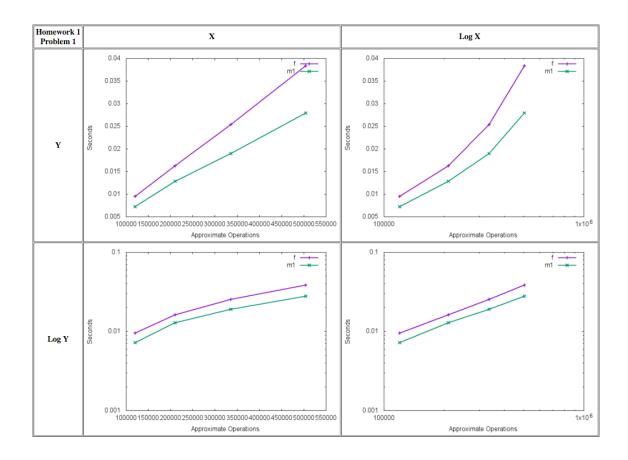
# **Homework 2 Analysis Report**

**HPC Spring 2016** 

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#### Iteration #1:

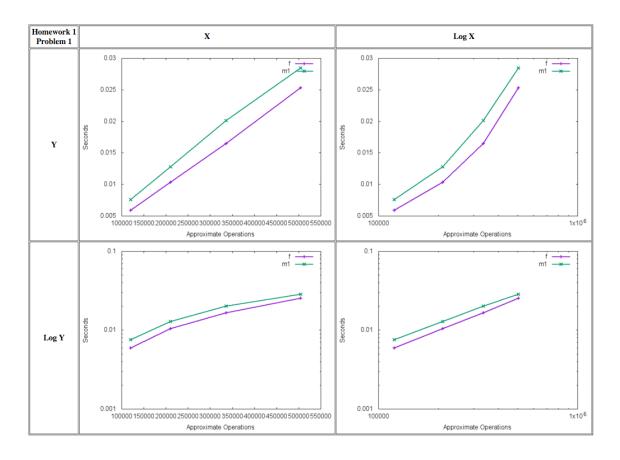


| real | 0m15.854s |
|------|-----------|
| user | 0m15.807s |
| sys  | 0m0.027s  |

# **Techniques:**

- Increment result matrix element directly (no accumulator)
- i < size() calls in all for loops

#### Iteration #2:



| real | 0m13.116s |
|------|-----------|
| user | 0m13.059s |
| sys  | 0m0.031s  |

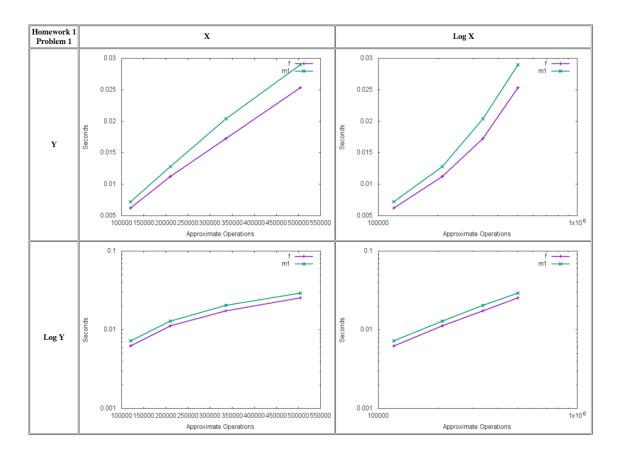
### **Techniques:**

- sum accumulator in register
- no function call in for loop every time. i < var

#### **Analysis:**

These small changes made a significant difference in the timing vs the boost timing. However, I am unsure why this is not reflected in the charts.

#### **Iteration #3:**



| real | 0m13.026s |
|------|-----------|
| user | 0m12.987s |
| sys  | 0m0.022s  |

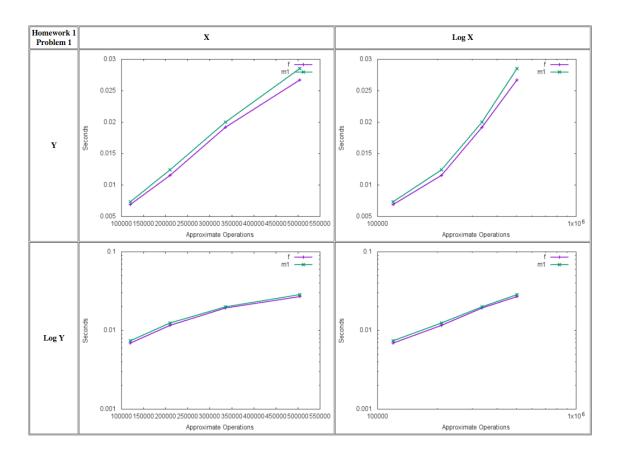
### **Technique:**

Transpose rhs matrix using boost method

## **Analysis:**

Transposing the matrix using the boost method decreased the timing by a little bit, but not much.

#### **Iteration #4:**



| real | 0m13.133s |
|------|-----------|
| user | 0m13.080s |
| sys  | 0m0.031s  |

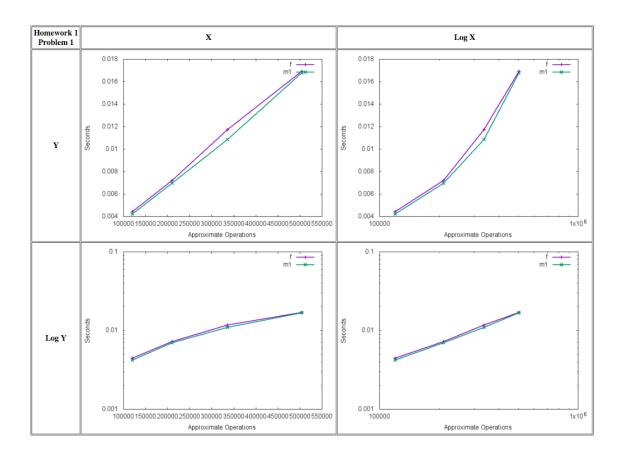
# **Technique:**

Manually transpose matrix- no difference really

# **Analysis:**

Transposing the matrix manually made no significant difference in the timing from not transposing at all.

#### **Iteration #5:**



# With boost transpose:

| real | 0m7.690s |
|------|----------|
| user | 0m7.662s |
| sys  | 0m0.015s |

# With manual transpose:

| real   | 0m7.585s |
|--------|----------|
| user   | 0m7.562s |
| system | 0m0.013s |

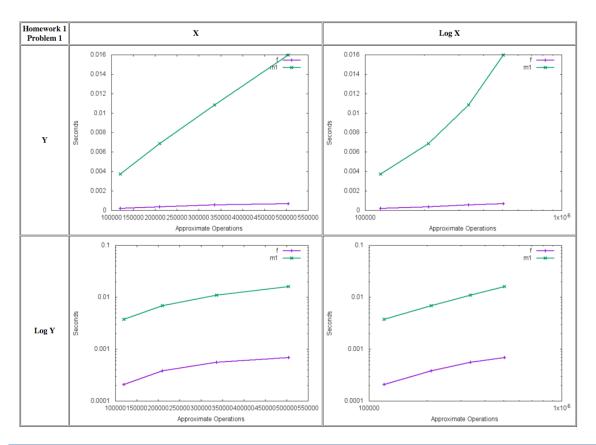
### **Technique:**

• Threw optimization flag on there -O3

#### **Analysis:**

The optimization flag significantly decreased both methods with transposes, almost by 50%. The manual transpose is now the quicker method. This may be because my manual transpose is possibly simpler, enabling the compiler to do more optimization.

#### **Iteration #6:**



| real | 0m3.927s |
|------|----------|
| user | 0m3.882s |
| sys  | 0m0.018s |

## **Technique:**

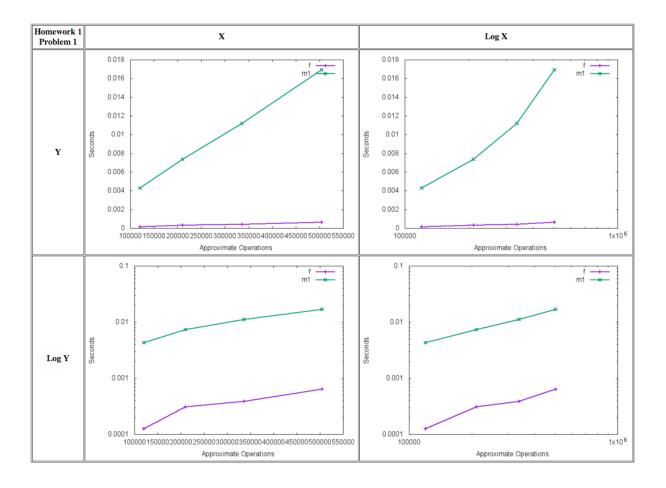
• Changed all boost matrix referencing to pointer lookups

# **Analysis:**

The boost matrix method of looking up has more memory accesses and depends on other classes to do work:

```
const_reference operator () (size_type i, size_type j) const {
return data () [layout_type::element (i, size1_, j, size2_)];
}
```

#### **Iteration #7**:



| real | 0m4.123s |
|------|----------|
| user | 0m4.080s |
| sys  | 0m0.014s |

### Technique:

Used pointers in my manual transpose of rhs matrix

### Analysis:

No significant difference from before. It is hard to tell if actual slowdown or about the same.