

CMPS 251





Graphical User Interfaces (GUI)

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Outline

- Common JavaFX UI Components
- Properties and Bindings
- Dialog Boxes
- Custom Dialog Box

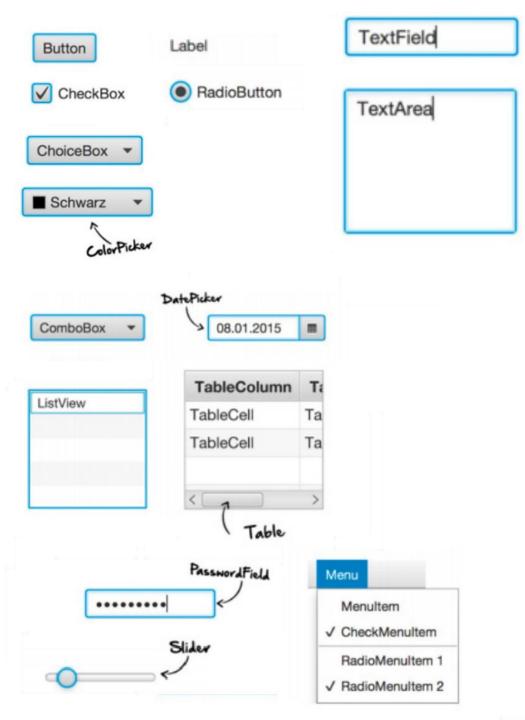


Common JavaFX UI Components

EXAMPLES

- → ♣ > _6.controls.combobox
- > # > _6.controls.listview
- \$\frac{1}{48} > _6.controls.piechart
- > # > _6.controls.radiobutton
- > # > _6.controls.registrationform





Commonly used JavaFX UI Components

See posted examples ...

Radio Button

 To group radio button and allow the user the make mutually exclusive choice, select the radio buttons to group and assign them the same 'Toggle Group' name

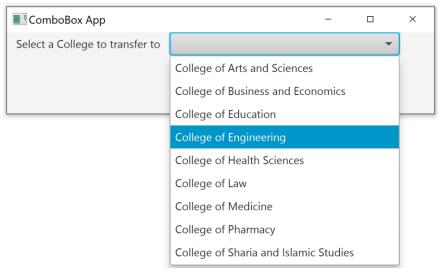


Fill a ComboBox using an ObservableList

```
@FXML private ComboBox<String> collegesCombo;

public void initialize() {
   ObservableList<String> colleges =
    FXCollections.observableArrayList(CollegeRespository.getColleges());
   collegesCombo.setItems(colleges);
}
```

Observable = notifies (1) the ComboBox when the list changes (e.g., a new value is added)





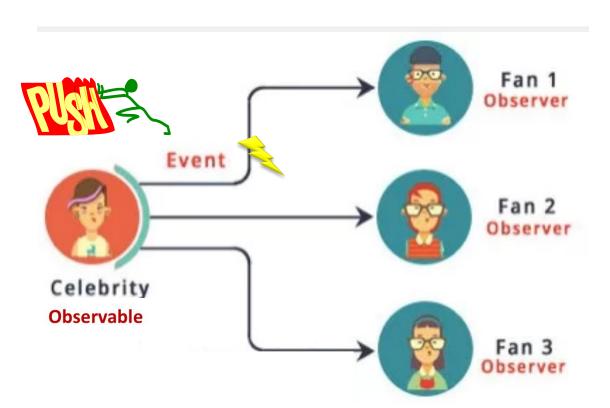
JavaFX automatically updates the UI whenever the observable list is updated

ObservableList

- The previous example uses a ComboBox control to display a list of names
- To fill a ComboBox you can pass an ObservableList object to the ComboBox using setItems methods
 - If you make changes to an ObservableList, its observer (the ComboBox in this app) will automatically be notified of those changes
- FXCollections. observableArrayList static method can be used to create an ObservableList from a List

Observerable - Real-Life Example

A celebrity who has many fans on Instagram.
 Fans want to get all the latest updates (photos, videos, posts etc.). Here fans are Observers and celebrity is an Observable



Getting the Selected Item

 To get a selected item from a ComboBox, ListView of a TableView you can use:

```
getSelectionModel().getSelectedItem();
e.g.,
continentCombo.getSelectionModel().getSelectedItem();
```

To get the selected index then use:

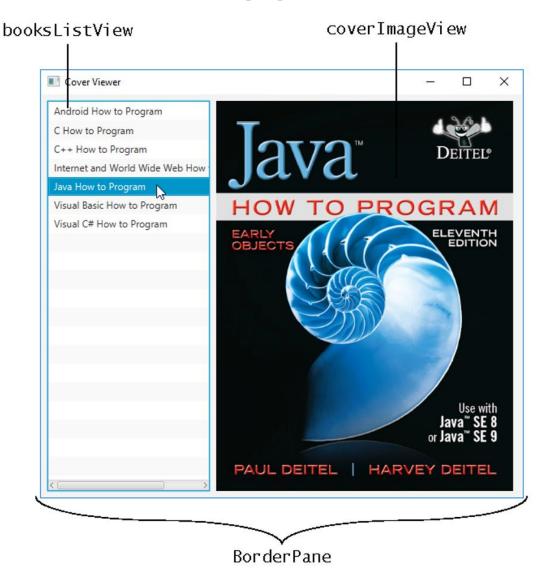
```
continentCombo.getSelectionModel().getSelectedIndex();
```

Fill a ListView using an ObservableList

```
@FXML private ListView<String> collegesList;
@FXML private Button deleteButton;
public void initialize() {
  ObservableList<String> colleges =
         FXCollections. <a href="mailto:observableArrayList">observableArrayList</a> (CollegeRespository.getColleges());
  collegesList.setItems(colleges);
  //If no student selected then disable to delete button
  deleteButton.disableProperty().bind( Bindings.isNull(
         collegesList.getSelectionModel().selectedItemProperty()) );
   TableView App
                                       X
                                         Delete
                           + Add
                                                           When no name is selected
   College of Arts and Sciences
                                                         the delete button is disabled
   College of Business and Economics
   College of Education
   College of Engineering
   College of Health Sciences
    Callaga of Law
```

Cover Viewer App

- Binds a list of Book objects to a ListView
- When the user selects an item in the ListView, the corresponding Book's cover image is displayed in an ImageView.
 - Property listener is used to display the correct image when the user selects an item from the ListView



TableView

```
@FXML private TableView<Student> studentsTable;
@FXML private TableColumn<Student, Integer> idCol;
@FXML private TableColumn<Student, String> firstNameCol;
private ObservableList<Student> students = null;
public void initialize() {
    studentsTable.setItems(students);
    //Link table columns to student attributes
    idCol.setCellValueFactory(new PropertyValueFactory("id"));
    firstNameCol.setCellValueFactory(new
              PropertyValueFactory("firstName"));
```

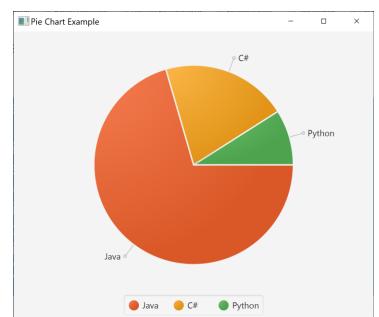
■ TableView App – □ >								
☐ Delete								
ld	First name	Last name	Email					
12	Ali	Faleh	ali@example.com					
15	Khadija	Saleh	khadija@example.com					
100	Mariam	Salem	mariam@example.com					
<	i e	i						

TableColumn Cell Value Factory

- A TableColumn must have a cell value factory to extract the values of the object attribute to be displayed in each cell column.
- The PropertyValueFactory can extract a property value from a Java object
 - The name of the object attribute is passed as a parameter to the PropertyValueFactory constructor
- PropertyValueFactory factory = new
 PropertyValueFactory<>("firstName");
- The property name firstName will match the getter method getFirstName() of the Person objects to get the values to display on each row

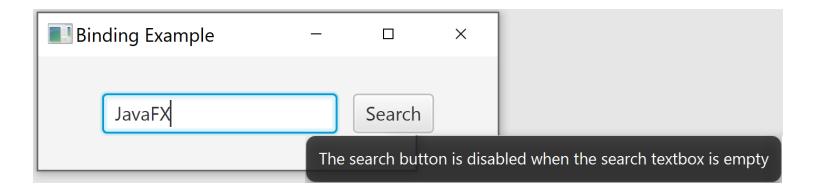
Pie Chart

```
@FXML private PieChart pieChart;
public void initialize() {
    pieChart.setData( Model.getChartData() );
public class Model {
 public static ObservableList<Data> getChartData() {
   ObservableList (Data > data =
       FXCollections.observableArrayList();
   data.add(new Data("Java", 70.5));
   data.add(new Data("C#", 20.5));
   data.add(new Data("Python", 9));
    return data;
```

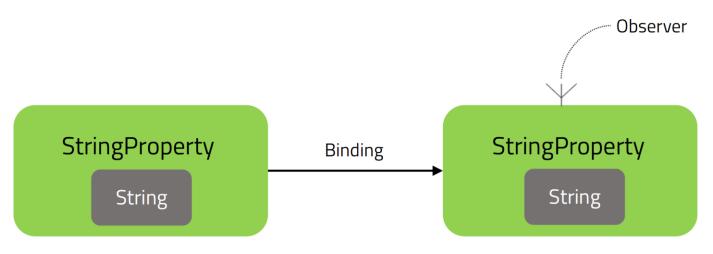


Tool Tips

- A tool tip provides a short pop-up description when the mouse cursor rests momentarily on a component
- A tool tip is assigned using the setTooltip method of a JavaFX control



Properties and Bindings







Properties

- A JavaFX property is an object that holds a value
 - So, instead of holding an int value in integer primitive type,
 we store it in a property object of type IntegerProperty
- Most attributes of JavaFX classes are defined as properties, such as the textProperty of a TextField
 - o E.g., nameTextField.textProperty()
 - a ChangeListener can be registered with an object's property to monitor its old and new values
- A property is observable: when a property's value changes, listing objects get notified and can respond accordingly
 - Properties fire property change events to registered listeners
- A key benefit of properties is property binding

Converting Class Attributes to Properties

- Change the data type of attributes to property data type:
 - String -> StringPropertyint -> IntegerProperty ...
- Change the constructor method to instantiate and initialize the class properties. E.g.,

```
this.code = new SimpleStringProperty(code);
```

 Change the getters and setters to get/set the property value. E.g.,

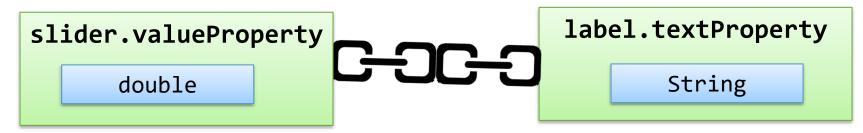
```
public String getCode() {
    return code.getValue();
}
public void setCode(String code) {
    this.code.setValue(code);
}
```

 Add public property getter methods consisting of the property name followed by the word "Property"

```
public StringProperty codeProperty() { return code; }
```

Property Binding

- Property binding enables propagating changes
 - The target listens for changes in the source and updates itself when the source changes
 - Binding syntax: target.bind(source);



EXAMPLE # > _8.binding.slider

Binding Example	-		×	
Project Completion Slider	0 10 20 30 40 50 60	70	80 90	100
Project Completion TextField	60			
	60 % done			

Property Binding

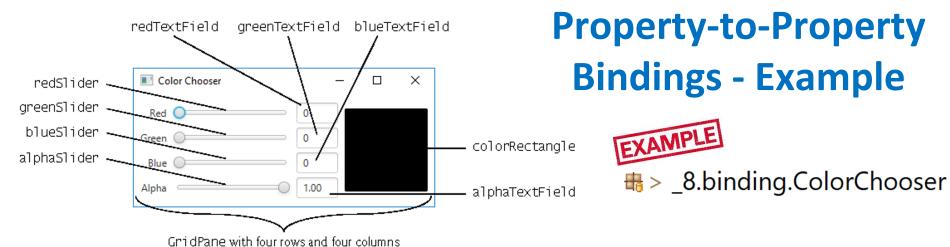


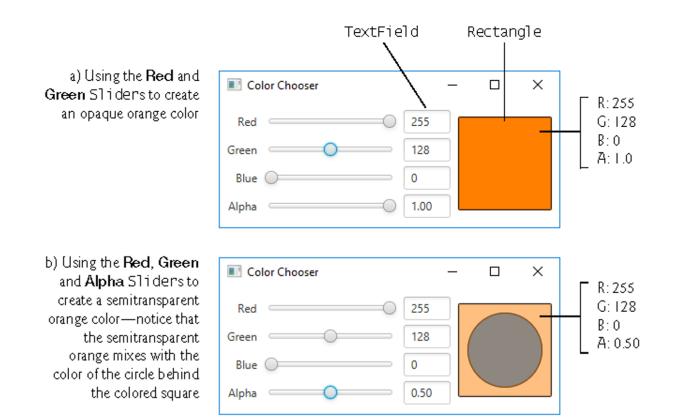
- Binding lets you succinctly express dependencies among object properties without registering change listeners
 - When slider.valueProperty is bound to label.textProperty then changes to the slider value will be reflected in the label text
 - Property Binding is used to synchronize the values of associated objects
- Property binding is a better alternative that listening to the slider value change events

```
slider.valueProperty().addListener((prop, oldVal, newVal) -> {
    label.setText(
        String.format("%3.0f %% done", newVal.doubleValue()) );
});
```

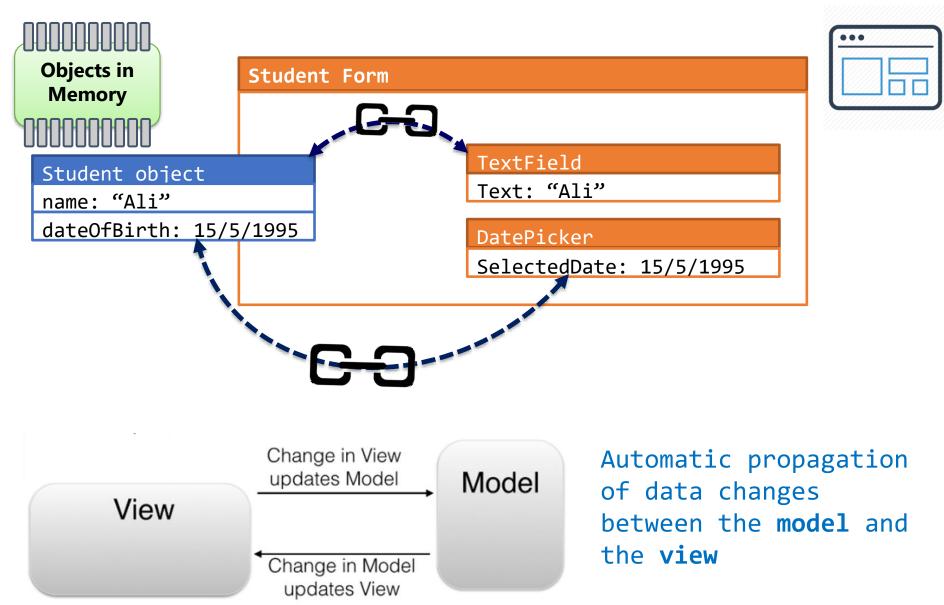
Unidirectional vs. Bidirectional Binding

- Property-to-Property Bindings can be either Unidirectional (1-Way) vs. Bidirectional (2-Way)
- For example if a TextField textProperty and Slider valueProperty are binded bidirectionaly then any changes of the TextField text or the Slider value will be synchronized
- On the other hand, if a Label textProperty is binded unidirectionaly to a Slider valueProperty then only changes in the Slider value will be reflected in the Label text.





Two-way binding to UI components



Binding UI components to Object Properties

EXAMPLE > _6.controls.tableview

```
public class Student {
    private final SimpleStringProperty firstName;
    private final SimpleStringProperty lastName;
    public SimpleStringProperty lastNameProperty()
      { return lastName; }
    public SimpleStringProperty emailProperty()
      { return email; }
//Bind the student properties to the UI controls
firstNameField.textProperty().bindBidirectional(
      student.firstNameProperty() );
lastNameField.textProperty().bindBidirectional(
      student.lastNameProperty());
```

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Dialog Boxes

EXAMPLES

- > # > _6.controls.combobox
- > # > _6.controls.listview

- > ___6.controls.registrationform
- > # > _6.controls.tableview



Info/Warn/Error Dialog

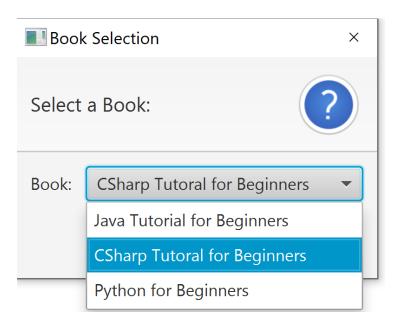
```
public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception
 Alert alert = new Alert(AlertType. ERROR);
 alert.setTitle("Error Dialog");
 alert.setHeaderText("Header-Text for Error Dialog");
 alert.setContentText("Content-Text. Attention!\n" +
  "There was an error opening the students.json file\n" +
  "Make sure the file exists and try again");
 alert.showAndWait();
                                Error Dialog
                                                                X
                                 Header-Text for Error Dialog
                                 Content-Text. Attention!
                                 There was an error opening the students.json file
                                 Make sure the file exists and try again
                                                            OK
```

Input Dialog

```
public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception
 TextInputDialog dialog = new TextInputDialog();
 dialog.setTitle("Name input dialog");
 dialog.setHeaderText("Enter your name");
Optional<String> result = dialog.showAndWait();
 result.ifPresent(name ->
      System.out.println("Your name: " + name));
                   Name input dialog
                                   X
                    Enter your name
                        OK
                               Cancel
```

Choice Dialog

```
List<Book> books = List.of(java, csharp, python);
Book defaultBook = csharp;
ChoiceDialog<Book> dialog = new ChoiceDialog<Book>(defaultBook, books);
dialog.setTitle("Book Selection");
dialog.setHeaderText("Select a Book:");
dialog.setContentText("Book:");
Optional<Book> result = dialog.showAndWait();
result.ifPresent(book -> System.out.println(book.getName()) );
```

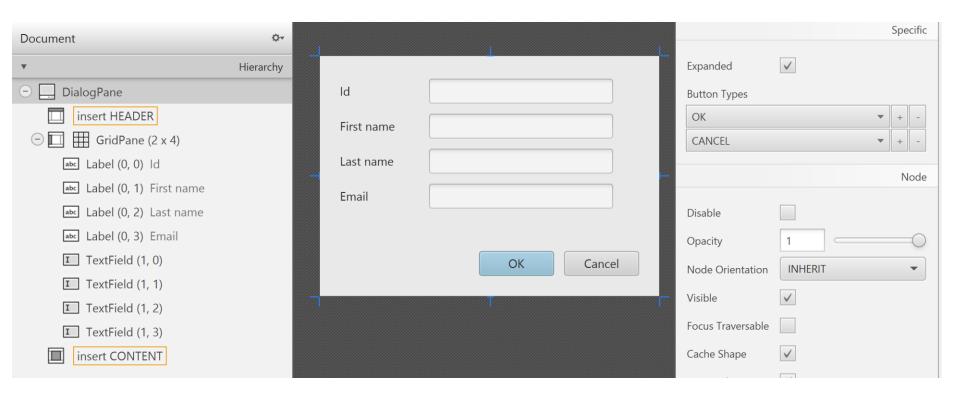


Custom Dialog Box



Create a DialogPane using SceneBuilder

EXAMPLE > _6.controls.tableview



Open the DialogPane when Add/Update button is clicked

```
//Load the fxml file and create a new popup dialog.
FXMLLoader fxmlLoader = new FXMLLoader();
fxmlLoader.setLocation(getClass().getResource("StudentView.fxml"));
DialogPane studentDialogPane = fxmlLoader.load();
//Get the student controller associated with the view
StudentController studentController = fxmlLoader.getController();
//Pass the new student / student to the update the controller
associated with the studentDialogPane
studentController.setStudent(student);
Dialog<ButtonType> dialog = new Dialog<>();
dialog.setDialogPane(studentDialogPane);
dialog.setTitle("Add new student");
Optional<ButtonType> isOk = dialog.showAndWait();
if (isOk.get() == ButtonType.OK) {
    System.out.println("User selected ok");
} else {
    System.out.println("User selected cancel");
```

Summary

- JavaFX provides a set of UI components to ease building GUI applications.
- The key expected learning outcome is gaining a good understanding and some hands on experience with:
 - UI components
 - Layout panes
 - UI event handlers
 - Building GUI Applications using the Model-viewcontroller (MVC) Pattern
 - Properties and Bindings



Resources



JavaFX Tutorial

https://code.makery.ch/library/javafx-tutorial/

Video Tutorials

https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLoodc-fmtJNYbs-gYCdd5MYS4CKVbGHv2

Scene Builder Guide

https://docs.oracle.com/javafx/scenebuilder/1/user_guide/jsbpub-user_guide.htm https://www.youtube.com/playlist?list=PLpFneQZCNR2ktqseX11XRBc5Kyzdg2fbo

 A curated list of awesome JavaFX libraries, books, frameworks, etc...

https://github.com/mhrimaz/AwesomeJavaFX