



CMPS 312 Project Phase 2 – Data Management using Firestore, Firebase Storage and local SQLite Database (10% of the course grade)



The project phase 2 submission is due by **12noon Sunday 28th November 2021**. Demos will be organized on the same day.

1. Deliverables

You are required to complete the implementation delivery of YalaPay for managing the payments of invoices. Its purpose is to streamline the financial transactions between a company and its customers by speeding the collection of payments from customers. YalaPay also manages the cashing cheques and provides valuable financial reports to track pending payments.

In this phase, you will extend phase 1 app solution. You are required to manage the app data using Firestore, Firebase Storage and local SQLite Database. Your project phase 2 deliverables include:

Part 1 - Firestore Database Design and Implementation

1. Design and implement [Firestore](#) database to manage YalaPay App data related to Invoices, Payments and Cheque Deposits. All other data such as Customers, Return Reasons and other reference data should be managed in a local SQLite database (see Part 2 for further details).
2. Implement the repository methods to read/write entities using Firbase Firestore as the data source. All **data filtering should be done on the server** using Firestore queries and only the required data should be retrieved.
Also, it is important to ensure that the list of displayed Invoices, Payments and Cheque Deposits are auto-refreshed when even the data is updated in the online Firestore.
3. When adding/updating a Cheque payment to Firestore you need to upload the associated cheque image to Firebase Storage. Also, when you delete a cheque payment you should delete its associated cheque image from Firebase Storage.
4. Provide **Initialize Firebase Database** menu option in the Navigation Drawer. When clicked, if Firestore database is empty, initialize Firestore database with data from *invoices.json*, *payments.json* and *cheque-deposits.json*.
5. Document your database design in a schema diagram.

Important notes: When adding entities (e.g., an Invoice, Payment, Cheque Deposit, Customer) to Firestore you should let Firestore auto-set the **id**.

Part 2 - Sync Reference Data from Firestore to a local YalaPay SQLite database

To lower the cost of using FireStore, the app **reference data** (i.e., data *other than Invoices, Payments and Cheque Deposits*) such as Customers, Return Reasons and other reference data should read and written to a local SQLite database.

1. Implement the needed entity annotations to manage the app reference data in a local SQLite database using Room (no need to store data related to *Invoices, Payments and Cheque Deposits* in the local YalaPay SQLite database).

2. Implement the Data Access Objects (DAO) and repositories to read/write from SQLite using the Room library.
3. When the app starts if the local SQLite database is empty then the app should first populate the local database using the data from Firestore.
4. The app should allow **synching** the reference data from Firestore to the local SQLite database upon request. The synching should be done using a Background Job. A version number could be used to managed the synchronization. Only entries with higher version number should be updated. Also, new data entries not present in the local datastore should be inserted.
5. When a Customer is created using the App, it should be written to Firestore first then it should be added to the local SQLite database.
6. Document your SQLite database design in a schema diagram.

Part 3 – Signup and Signin using Firebase Authentication

Implement signup and authentication using Firebase Authentication. Upon sign-up a user account should be created on Firebase Authentication (using the user email and password) and the user details should be stored in a **users** collection in Firestore. The user details should include: email (should be used as the document id), firstName, lastName, phone, address (buildingNo, street and city), profilePhotoUri.

When creating or updating a user, the app should allow the user to select an existing user profile photo or take a photo using the phone camera. Then it should upload the selected photo to Firebase Storage. The Uri of the uploaded profile photo should be recorded in the user document on Firestore.

Part 4 - Design and Testing Documentation

1. Document 4 **technical** lessons learned by comparing your submitted project phase 1 with the model solution provided. You need to provide detailed reflections about the new concepts and technical lessons learnt.
2. Document the MVVM architecture diagram for your overall solution design.
3. Firestore database schema diagram and SQLite database schema diagram.
4. Write a testing document including screenshots of conducted tests illustrating a working implementation.
5. Every team member should submit a description of their project contribution. Every team member should participate in the solution demo and answer questions during the demo.

Important notes:

- Continue posting your questions to <https://github.com/cmpps312f21/cmpps312-content/issues>
- Do not forget to submit your design and testing document (in Word format) and fill the *Functionality* column of the grading sheet provided in the phase 2 Word template.
- Push your implementation and documentation to your group GitHub repository as you make progress.
- You need to test as you go!
- Seek further clarification about the requirements/deliverables during office hours or by posting questions online.

2. Grading rubric

Criteria	%	Functionality*	Quality of the implementation
1) Cloud Firestore Database Design and Implementation Repositories to interact with Firestore	50		
2) Sync Reference Data from Firestore to a local YalaPay SQLite database	30		
3) Signup and Signin using Firebase Authentication	10		
4) Design and Testing Documentation * Design documentation: - 4 key lessons learned from Phase 1. - MVVM architecture diagram. - Firestore database schema diagram and SQLite database schema diagram. * Testing documentation: with evidence of working implementation using snapshots illustrating the results of your solution testing (you must use the provided template).	10		
6) Discussion of the project contribution of each team member [-10pts if not done]			
Total	100		
Copying and/or plagiarism or not being able to explain or answer questions about the implementation	- 100		

* **Possible grading for functionality** - **Working** (get 70% of the assigned grade), **Not working** (lose 40% of the assigned grade and **Not done** (get 0). The remaining grade is assigned to the quality of the implementation.

In case your implementation is not working then 40% of the grade will be lost and the remaining 60% will be determined based on the code quality and how close your solution to the working implementation.

Solution quality also includes meaningful naming of identifiers (according to Android naming conventions), no redundant code, simple and efficient design, clean implementation without unnecessary files/code, use of comments where necessary, proper code formatting and indentation.

Marks will be reduced for code duplication, poor/inefficient coding practices, poor naming of identifiers, unclean/untidy submission, and **unnecessary complex/poor user interface design**.