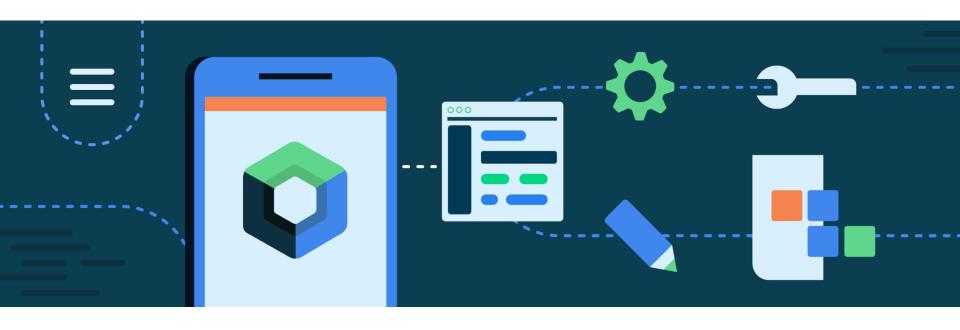
### **CMPS 312**



# **UI Components and Layouts**

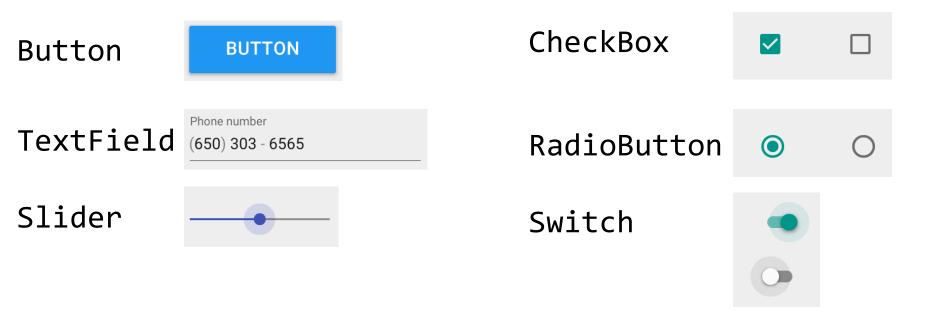
Dr. Abdelkarim Erradi CSE@QU

### **Outline**

- 1. UI Components
- 2. Layouts

**Examples** are available @ cmps312-content\examples\05.ui-components-layouts

# **UI Components**



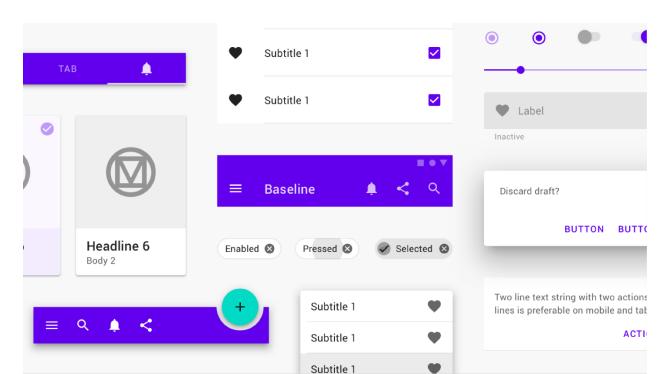


# **UI Components**

 Built-in Jetpack Compose UI Components follow Google Material design system

https://material.io/

 Provides a consistent experience across all platforms and applications (Android, Web, Flutter, iOS)



### **Text**

### Text() displays a text

```
Text(
    text = "Jetpack Compose",
    style = MaterialTheme.typography.h5
)
```

Jetpack Compose

```
Text(
    ر"سور القرآن الكريم" = text
    textAlign = TextAlign.Center,
    modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth(),
    style = TextStyle(
        fontWeight = FontWeight.Bold,
        fontSize = 24.sp,
        color = Color.Blue,
        textDirection = TextDirection.Rtl
```

سور القرآن الكريم

# **Styled Text**

 To set different styles within the same Text composable, use an <u>AnnotatedString</u>, a string annotated with styles using <u>buildAnnotatedString()</u>

471 Artworks

```
Text(
   text = buildAnnotatedString {
        withStyle(
            style = SpanStyle(fontWeight = FontWeight.ExtraBold,
                              color = Color.Blue)
        ) {
            append("${artist.artWorksCount}")
        withStyle(style = SpanStyle(fontWeight = FontWeight.Normal)) {
            append(" Artworks")
                                                          cmps312.compose
```

### **TextField**

 TextField() collects input from the user. For more styling options, use OutlinedTextField()

Android Android

```
@Composable
fun NameEditor(name: String, onNameChange: (String) -> Unit) {
    OutlinedTextField(
        value = name,
        onValueChange = onNameChange,
        label = { Text("Your name") }
    )
}
```

# **Keyboard options**

- TextField lets you set <u>keyboard configurations</u> options, such as the keyboard layout, or enable the autocorrect, capitalization, autoCorrect, keyboardType
- Also, it lets you to set a visual formatting of the input value, like replacing characters with \* for passwords

```
@Composable
fun PasswordTextField() {
   var password by remember { mutableStateOf("") }

OutlinedTextField(
   value = password,
   onValueChange = { password = it },
   label = { Text("Password") },
   visualTransformation = PasswordVisualTransformation(),
   keyboardOptions = KeyboardOptions(keyboardType = KeyboardType.Password)
   )
}
```

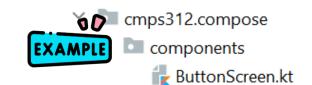
### **Image**

Displays an image from the res/drawable folder

```
Image(painter =
    painterResource(R.drawable.img_compose_logo),
    contentDescription = "Jetpack compose logo",
    modifier = Modifier.height(300.dp))
```



### **Button**



```
Button(onClick = {}) {
    Text("Button")
OutlinedButton(onClick = {}) {
    Text("OutlinedButton")
TextButton(onClick = {}) {
    Text("TextButton")
// Search icons @ https://fonts.google.com/icons
IconButton(onClick = {}) {
    Icon(
        Icons.Outlined.Search,
        contentDescription = "Search",
```



OutlinedButton

**TextButton** 

Q



### **Radio Button**

A <u>Radio Button</u> is used to select a **single** option

from a list of options

```
radioOptions.forEach { option ->
   Row(
       Modifier
            .fillMaxWidth()
            .selectable(
                selected = (option == selectedOption),
                onClick = { onOptionSelected(option) }
            .padding(horizontal = 16.dp, vertical = 4.dp)
        RadioButton(
            selected = (option == selectedOption),
            onClick = { onOptionSelected(option) }
        Text(
           text = option,
           modifier = Modifier.padding(start = 8.dp)
```

```
EXAMPLE

cmps312.compose

components

RadioButtonScreen.kt
```

Which is your most favorite language?

Java

Kotlin

JavaScript

### **Switch**

A <u>Switch</u> toggle the state of a single item on or off

```
Turn on dark theme
Row {
    Text(
        text = "Turn on dark theme",
        modifier = Modifier.padding(end = 8.dp)
    Switch(
        checked = isDarkMode,
        onCheckedChange = { isDarkMode = it }
                                                cmps312.compose
                                                  components
```

SwitchScreen.kt

- Checkbox is used to represent two states i.e., either checked or unchecked
- When grouped multiple values can be selected

### Checkbox

```
Which are your most favorite language?

✓ Kotlin

☐ Java
✓ JavaScript
```

```
Kotlin (true)
options.forEach { (option, isChecked) ->
                                                                       Java (false)
    Row(
                                                                     JavaScript (true)
        Modifier
            .fillMaxWidth()
             .selectable(
                selected = isChecked,
                onClick = { onCheckedChange(option, !isChecked) }
    ) {
        Checkbox(
            checked = isChecked,
            onCheckedChange = { onCheckedChange(option, it) }
        Text(
            text = option,
                                                                         cmps312.compose
            modifier = Modifier.padding(start = 8.dp)
                                                                         components
                                                                            CheckBoxScreen.kt
```

# Dropdown

Qatar

14

 A Dropdown is used to select a single option from a list of options

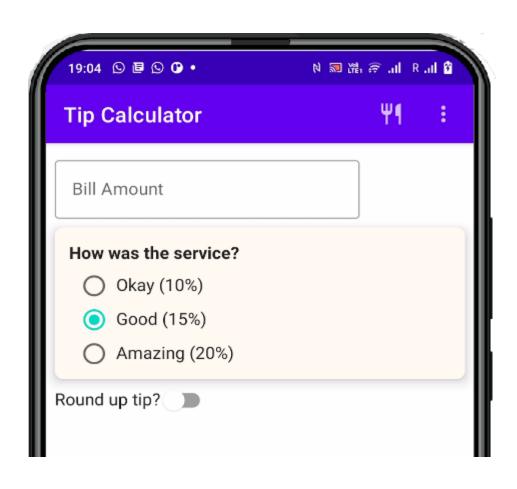
```
DropdownMenu(
                                                      Australia
    expanded = expanded,
                                                      Qatar
    onDismissRequest = { expanded = false },
                                                      Japan
                                                      United States
    options.forEach { option ->
                                                      India
         DropdownMenuItem(onClick = {
             expanded = false
             onSelectionChange(option)
         }) {
             Text(text = option)
                                                          cmps312.compose
                                                            components
                                                               🗽 DropdownScreen.kt
```

### Slider

 Slider allows the user to select a value from a range along a bar. It is deal for adjusting settings such as volume and brightness.

```
fun ColorSlider(colorName: String, colorValue: Int, onValueChange: (Int) -> Unit) {
    Row {
        Text(text = colorName, modifier = Modifier.weight(1.5F))
        Slider(
            value = colorValue/100f,
            onValueChange = { onValueChange((it * 100).roundToInt()) },
            valueRange = 0.0f..2.55f,
            modifier = Modifier.weight(8F)
                                                         Red
                                                                                           255
                                                         Blue
                                                                                           50
        Text(
            text = "$colorValue",
                                                                                          129
                                                         Green
            modifier = Modifier.weight(1F)
                                                                         cmps312.compose
                                                                         components
                                                                            🔂 SliderScreen.kt
```

# **Tip Calculator Example**





# Layouts



https://developer.android.com/jetpack/compose/layouts/basics



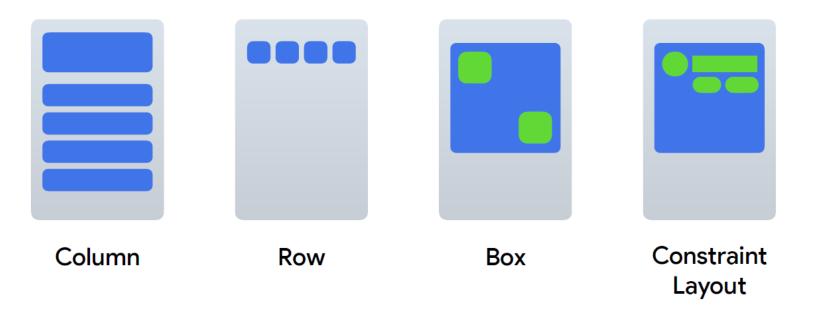
### **Responsive UI**



- Layout automatically controls the size and placement (position and alignment) of UI elements to create a Responsive UI
  - Layouts provide an efficient way to distribute space among items while accommodating different screen sizes
  - Frees programmer from handling/hardcoding the sizing and positioning of UI elements
  - Responsive UI = When the screen is resized, the views reorganize themselves based on the rules of the layout

### **Layouts**

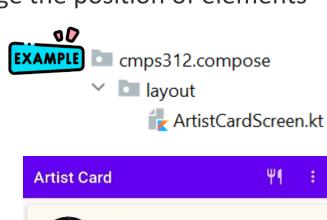
- Use a Layout to position UI elements on the screen
  - Control of space distribution and alignment of items in a container
- Row position elements horizontally
- Column position elements vertically
- Box position elements in the corners of the screen or stack them on top of each other
- Use <u>Constraint Layout</u> (self-study) for complex layouts

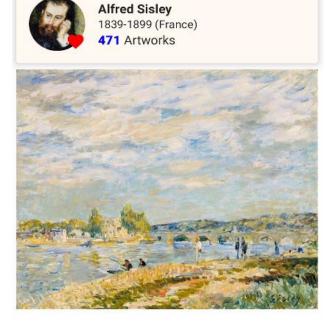


### **Composing Multiple Layouts**

- Compose multiple basic layouts to create a more complex screen
  - Use vertical or horizontal alignment to change the position of elements
  - Use modifiers to style UI elements

```
@Composable
fun ArtistCard(artist: Artist) {
    Column {
        Card {
            Row {
                 Box {
                     Image(...)
                     Icon (...)
                Column {
                     Text("${artist.lastName}")
                     Text("${artist.country}")
        Image (...)
```





# **Box Layout**

- The children of the Box layout are stacked over each other
  - You can use the align modifier to specify the position of child element
  - E.g., the Favorite icon is overlayed over the image and aligned to the bottom right (Alignment.BottomEnd)

```
Box {
    Image(
        painter = painterResource(id = R.drawable.img_alfred_sisley),
        contentDescription = "${artist.firstName} ${artist.lastName}",
    )
    Icon(
        imageVector = Icons.Filled.Favorite,
        contentDescription = "Favorite",
        modifier = Modifier.align(Alignment.BottomEnd),
    )
}
```

# Box Example (1 of 3)

```
Box(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth()) {
    Column(
        modifier = Modifier
                                                                       cmps312.compose
            .padding(16.dp)
            .fillMaxWidth()
    ) {
                                                                            BoxLayoutScreen.kt
        Text("Column Text 1")
        Text("Column Text 2")
            modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth().
            horizontalArrangement = Arrangement.SpaceEvenly
            Text(text = "Row Text 1")
            Text(text = "Row Text 2")
    Text(
        "Stack Text",
                                                       Column Text 1
                                                                                    Stack Text
        modifier = Modifier
                                                       Column Text 2
            .align(Alignment.TopEnd)
                                                              Row Text 1
                                                                             Row Text 2
            padding(end = 16.dp, top = 16.dp)
```

# Box Example (2 of 3)

```
Box(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth()) {
        modifier = Modifier
            .fillMaxWidth()
        Text("Column Text 1")
        Text("Column Text 2")
        Row(
            modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth(),
            horizontalArrangement = Arrangement.SpaceEvenly
        ) {
            Text(text = "Row Text 1")
            Text(text = "Row Text 2")
        }
    Text(
        "Stack Text",
                                                        Column Text 1
                                                                                     Stack Text
        modifier = Modifier
                                                        Column Text 2
            .align(Alignment.TopEnd)
                                                               Row Text 1
            padding(end = 16.dp, top = 16.dp)
```

# Box Example (3 of 3)

```
Box(modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth()) {
        modifier = Modifier
            .padding(16.dp)
            .fillMaxWidth()
        Text("Column Text 1")
        Text("Column Text 2")
            modifier = Modifier.fillMaxWidth(),
            horizontalArrangement = Arrangement.SpaceEvenly
            Text(text = "Row Text 1")
            Text(text = "Row Text 2")
    Text(
        "Stack Text",
                                                        Column Text 1
        modifier = Modifier
                                                        Column Text 2
            .align(Alignment.TopEnd)
                                                               Row Text 1
                                                                              Row Text 2
            padding(end = 16.dp, top = 16.dp)
```

### **Surface & Card**

- A Surface can hold only one child with an option to add a border and elevation
  - Add a layout inside Surface to position multiple elements
- A Card is a just a Surface with default parameters

# **Responsive Layout**

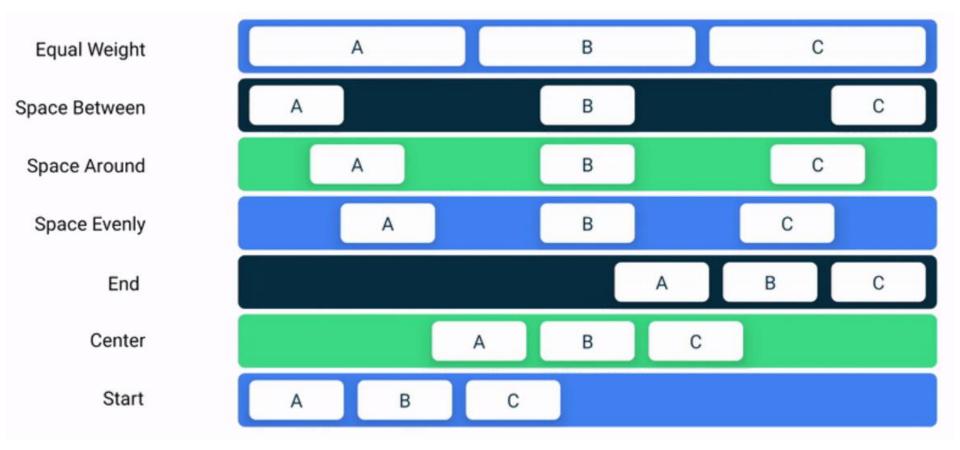


- Use the weight modifier in Row and Column layouts to change the proportion of the screen child elements will use
  - Distribute space among items in a container while accommodating different screen sizes
- Modifier.fillMaxWidth() fill available width
- Modifier.fillMaxHeight() fill available height
- Modifier.fillMaxSize() fill available width and height
- For more control use <u>Constraint Layout</u> (self-study) for complex scenarios

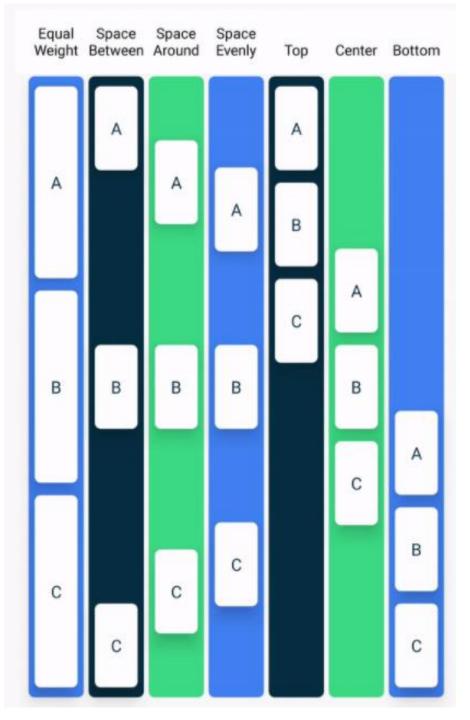
### Responsive Layout using Arrangement & Alignment

- Layout parameters can be used to configure the alignment of the elements within it
- To set children's position within a Row, set the horizontalArrangement and verticalAlignment arguments
- For a Column, set the verticalArrangement and horizontalAlignment arguments

# **Horizontal Arrangement**



- Distribute extra leftover free space along the horizontal axis
- You also you can use spacedBy(space: Dp) to specify the space between child elements
- More details available at thin link



# Vertical Arrangement

 Distribute extra leftover free space along the vertical axis

# **Summary**

- Use TextField for collecting input from the user
- Use RadioButtons for single item selection from a small set of options
- Use **Dropdown** for single item selection from a larger set of options
- Use Checkboxes for multi-item selection
- Use Slider for picking a value from a range
- Use a Layout to position UI elements on the screen
  - Row position elements horizontally
  - Column position elements vertically
  - Use vertical or horizontal alignment to change the position of elements
  - Use modifiers to style UI elements

### Resources

Jetpack compose tutorial

https://developer.android.com/jetpack/compose/tutorial

Jetpack compose Code Labs

https://developer.android.com/courses/pathways/compose

- Compose Samples

https://github.com/android/compose-samples