Data Management using



Course Roadmap Frontend development **Web Client**

HTML for page content & structure



CSS for styling



JavaScript for



Web API



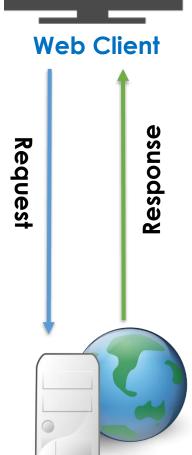
Web Pages



Data Management

HERE





Web Server

Backend

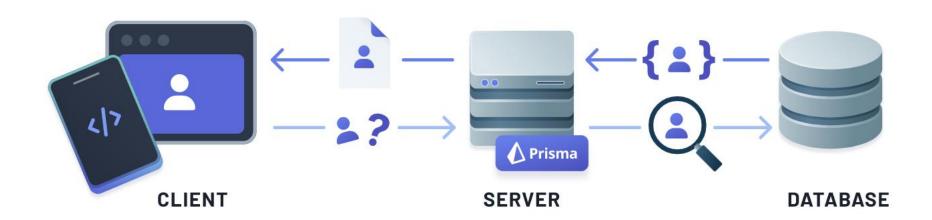
development

interaction

Outline

- 1. What is Prisma?
- 2. Data Model (Prisma Schema)
- 3. Migration (Apply changes to DB)
- 4. Queries (using Prisma Client)
- 5. Aggregation Queries

What is Prisma?



What is Prisma?

- Prisma is a server-side library that simplifies read and write data to the database in an intuitive and efficient way
- Open-source Object-Relational-Mapper (ORM), includes:
 - Prisma Schema: used to define the data model (entities and relations)
 - Prisma Migrate: apply schema changes to DB
 - Prisma Client: auto-generated to query data
 - Prisma Studio: GUI to view and edit data in your DB
- Why Prisma?
 - Facilitates defining the data model
 - Helps reducing the amount of code to read/write to a DB
 - Less or no SQL code to read/write to a DB
 - Abstract database-specific details => makes easier to change from one database to another

schema.prisma

- Data Model is defined in 1 file (schema.prisma)
 - Specifies the app entities and their relations
 - Syntax used is Prisma Schema Language (PSL)
- schema.prisma also specifies:
 - Data source: defines the data source details:
 - Database Provider (e.g., a PostgreSQL or SQLite)
 - Connection Url (e.g., postgresql://janedoe:mypassword@localhost:5432/mydb)
 - Generator: specifies what client should be generated based on the data model (e.g., Prisma Client)

Prisma DB providers



Reminder – Next.js getting started

- Create an empty folder (with no space in the name use dash - instead)
- Create next.js app (select No for all questions except for TypeScript select Yes)

```
npx create-next-app@latest --experimental-app .
```

```
    Would you like to use TypeScript with this project? ... No / Yes
    Would you like to use ESLint with this project? ... No / Yes
    Would you like to use Tailwind CSS with this project? ... No / Yes
    Would you like to use `src/` directory with this project? ... No / Yes
    What import alias would you like configured? ... @/*
```

This creates a new **Next.js** project and downloads all the required packages

Run the app in dev mode: npm run dev

Prisma – Getting started

 Install the Prisma CLI as a development dependency in the project:

npm install prisma --save-dev

- Also install Prisma VS Code Extension
- Set up Prisma with the init command:

npx prisma init --datasource-provider sqlite

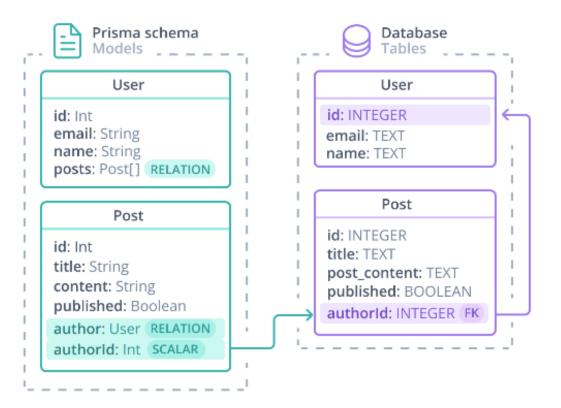
- This creates a new prisma directory with your **Prisma** schema file and configures SQLite as your database
- You can define the data model inside Prisma schema file

Data Model



Data Model

- Data Model (aka. Schema) have two main purposes:
 - Represent the tables in the underlying database: Data Model is used to create the database tables using Prisma Migrate
 - Serve as foundation to generate Prisma Client API



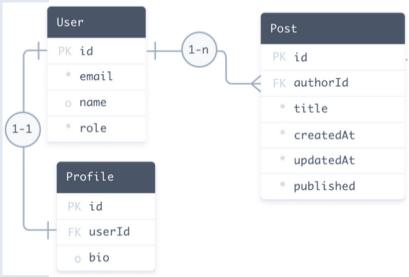
Defining fields

- Each model entity defines fields
- Each field in the model has a type, e.g. the id has the type Int
 - A field type could be scalar type such as Int, String, Boolean or could be another Model
 - Optional type modifiers: [] Makes a field a list
 - ? Makes a field optional
- Fields may contain field attributes to define:
 - Primary keys with the @id attribute
 - Unique keys with the @unique attribute
 - Default values with the @default attribute
- More <u>info</u>

Data Model Example

```
model User {
                   @id @default(autoincrement())
          Int
  id
          String
                   @unique
  email
          String?
  name
          Role
                   @default(USER)
  role
       Post[]
  posts
  profile Profile?
model Profile {
                @id @default(autoincrement())
  id
         Int
  bio
        String
                @relation(fields: [userId], references: [id])
  user
        User
                                                                   1-1
                @unique
  userId Int
model Post {
  id
                        @id @default(autoincrement())
             Int
  createdAt
             DateTime
                        @default(now())
  updatedAt DateTime
                        @updatedAt
  title
             String
  published
            Boolean
                        @default(false)
                        @relation(fields: [authorId], references: [id])
  author
             User
  authorId
             Int
enum Role {
  USER
  ADMIN
```

DB Schema



Modeling relations

- User / Post relation is made up of:
 - The scalar authorId field, which is referenced by the @relation attribute, is the foreign key that connects Post and User
 - The two relation fields: author and posts do not exist in the database table.
 - Relation fields define connections between models at the Prisma level and exist only in the Prisma schema and generated Prisma Client, where they are used to access the relations

@@unique & @@id

Composite primary key

```
model User {
  firstName String
  lastName String
  email String @unique
  isAdmin Boolean @default(false)

  @@id([firstName, lastName])
}
```

```
Composite
Unique key
```



- By default, model filed names are the same as the DB table column names
- @map attribute can be used for mapping between model fields and table columns
 - e.g., the content field maps to the post_content database column

Migration (Apply changes to DB)



Migration

- Prisma Migrate auto-generates SQL migrations from the Prisma schema:
 - Keep your database schema in sync with your Prisma schema
 - Maintain existing data in your database

Workflow:

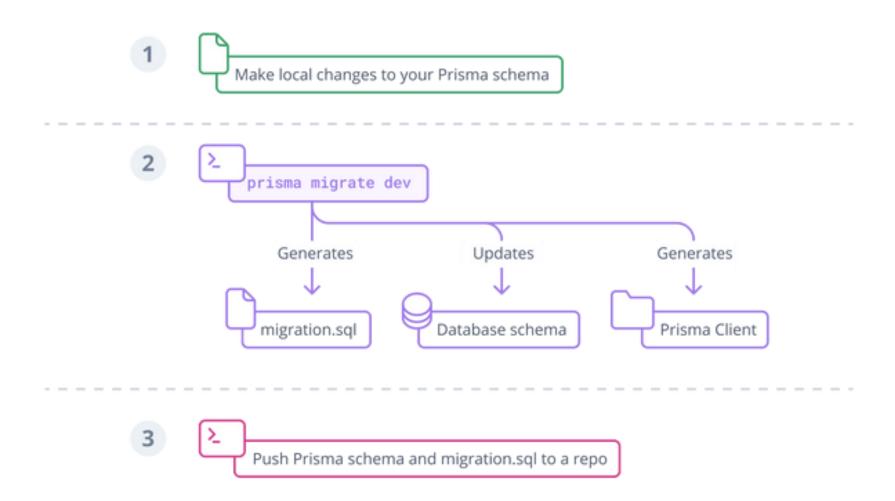
- 1. Update your Prisma schema
- 2. Run migration command: npx prisma migrate dev
 - a. It checks your db and your schema
 - b. It creates a sql file to apply the changes

Prisma migrate

npx prisma migrate dev --name init

- This command did 3 things:
 - It creates a new SQL migration file under prisma/migrations directory
 - It runs the SQL migration file against the database
 - Generates Prisma Client
- Because the SQLite database file didn't exist before, the command also created it inside the prisma directory with the name dev.db as defined via the environment variable in the .env file

Prisma migrate



Queries (using Prisma Client)



Prisma Client

Run npx prisma migrate or npx prisma generate

To generate a Prisma Client that is tailored to data models defined in **schema.prisma**

Offers auto-completion to help write the queries to read/write to DB

```
import { PrismaClient } from '@prisma/client'

const prisma = new PrismaClient()

const newAuthor = await prisma.author.create({
   data: {
      firstName: 'John',
      lastName: 'Doe',
   },
  })

const authors = await prisma.author.findMany()
```



DB Operations

Prisma client offers the following operations for each model:

- create/createMany
- update/updateMany
- delete/deleteMany
- findUnique/findMany/findFirst
- aggregate
- count
- groupBy
- upsert (create or update)

Example Query

```
Query
                                         Table
                                         id firstName
// Creating a new record
                                                          email
await prisma.user.create({
                                             Bobby
                                                          bobby@tables.io
 firstName: "Alice",
                                            Nilufar
                                                          nilu@email.com
                                            Jürgen
  email: "alice@prisma.io"
                                                          jums@dums.edu
})
                                            Alice
                                                          alice@prisma.io
```

```
const user = await prisma.user.findUnique({
   where: {
     email: 'alice@prisma.io',
   },
})
```

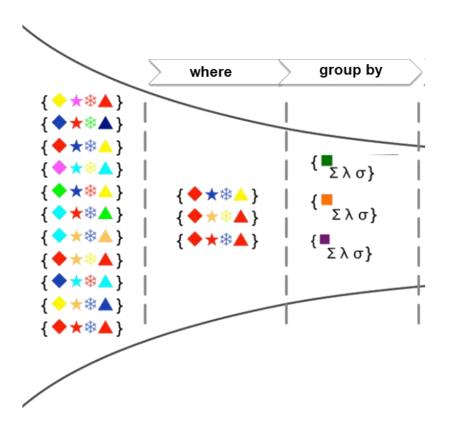
All queries return plain old JavaScript objects

Fetching relations

- By default, Prisma will return all the scalar fields of a model
- Fetch relations with Prisma Client is done with the include option. For example, to fetch a user and their posts would be done as follows:

```
const user = await prisma.user.findUnique({
   where: {
     email: 'alice@prisma.io',
   },
   include: {
     posts: true,
   },
})
```

Aggregation Queries





Aggregation Queries

- Summarize data typically for reports
- How would we solve this in SQL?

SELECT GROUP BY HAVING

To do – more info

Prisma Studio



- GUI to view, explore and edit the data in the DB
 - Browse across tables, filter, paginate, traverse relations and edit data

npx prisma studio

User × +			
C Filters None Fields	All Showing 2 of 2	Add record	
id #	email A	name A?	posts []
1	alice@prisma.io	Alice	0 Post
2	ali@prisma.io	ali	0 Post

DB Seeding

- Allows initialing the database with some data
 - Add DB init code seed.js file
 - Run it using: npx prisma db seed
- ToDo more info

Resources

Prisma Documentation

https://www.prisma.io/docs/gettingstarted/quickstart

Prisma Playground

https://playground.prisma.io/examples/

Prisma Examples

https://github.com/prisma/prisma-examples

Aggregation Queries

https://www.prisma.io/docs/concepts/components/prisma-client/aggregation-grouping-summarizing