

Layout using Flexbox

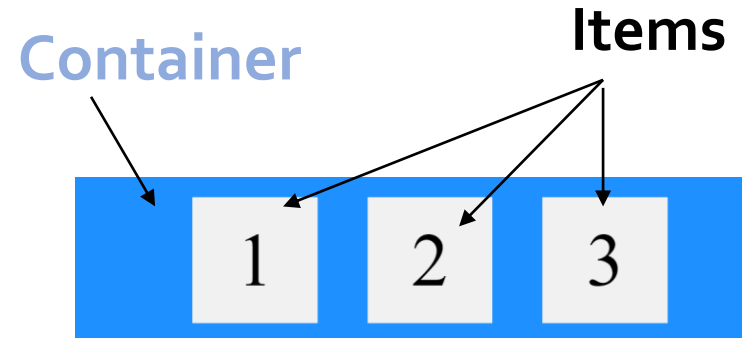


<https://css-tricks.com/snippets/css/a-guide-to-flexbox/>
<https://marina-ferreira.github.io/tutorials/css/flexbox/>

Flexbox

- The Flexbox provide an efficient way to define **one-dimensional layout** that allows easy control of **space distribution** and **alignment** of items in a container
- Enable **responsive design** to accommodate different screen sizes

```
.flex-container {  
  display: flex;  
  justify-content: center;  
}  
  
<div class="flex-container">  
  <div>1</div>  
  <div>2</div>  
  <div>3</div>  
</div>
```



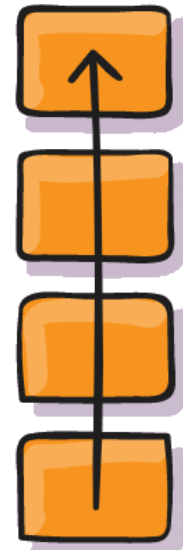
https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3_flexbox.asp

Flex Container Properties

- flex-direction
- flex-wrap
- justify-content
- align-items
- align-content

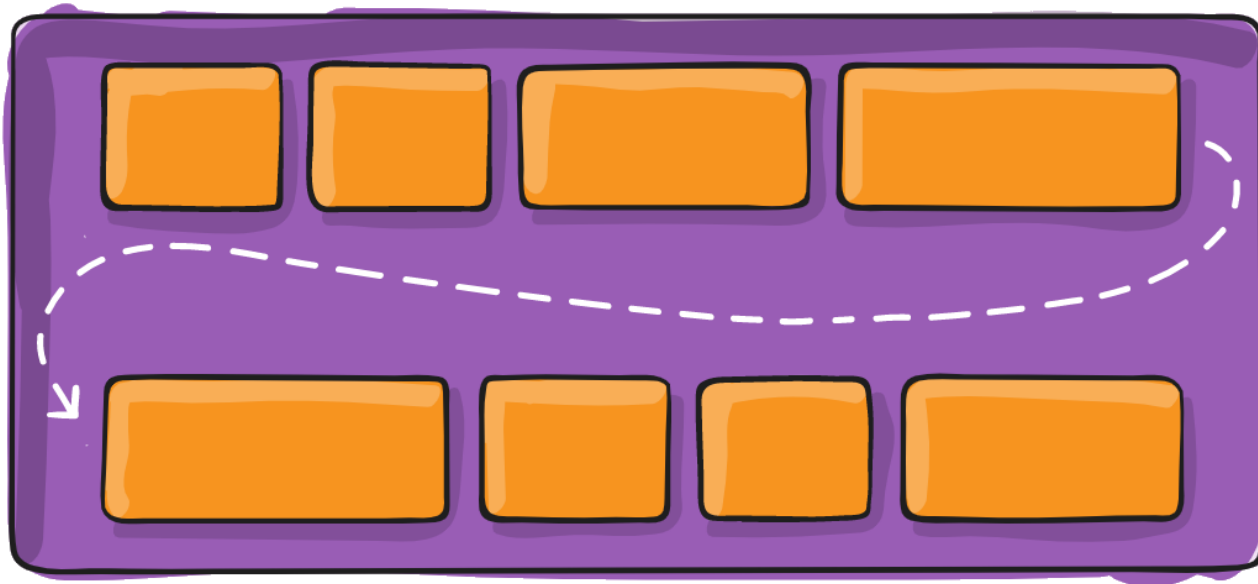
flex-direction

- Lay out Flex items either in **horizontal rows** or **vertical columns**:
 - **row** (**default**): left to right
 - **row-reverse**: right to left
 - **column**: top to bottom
 - **column-reverse**: bottom to top

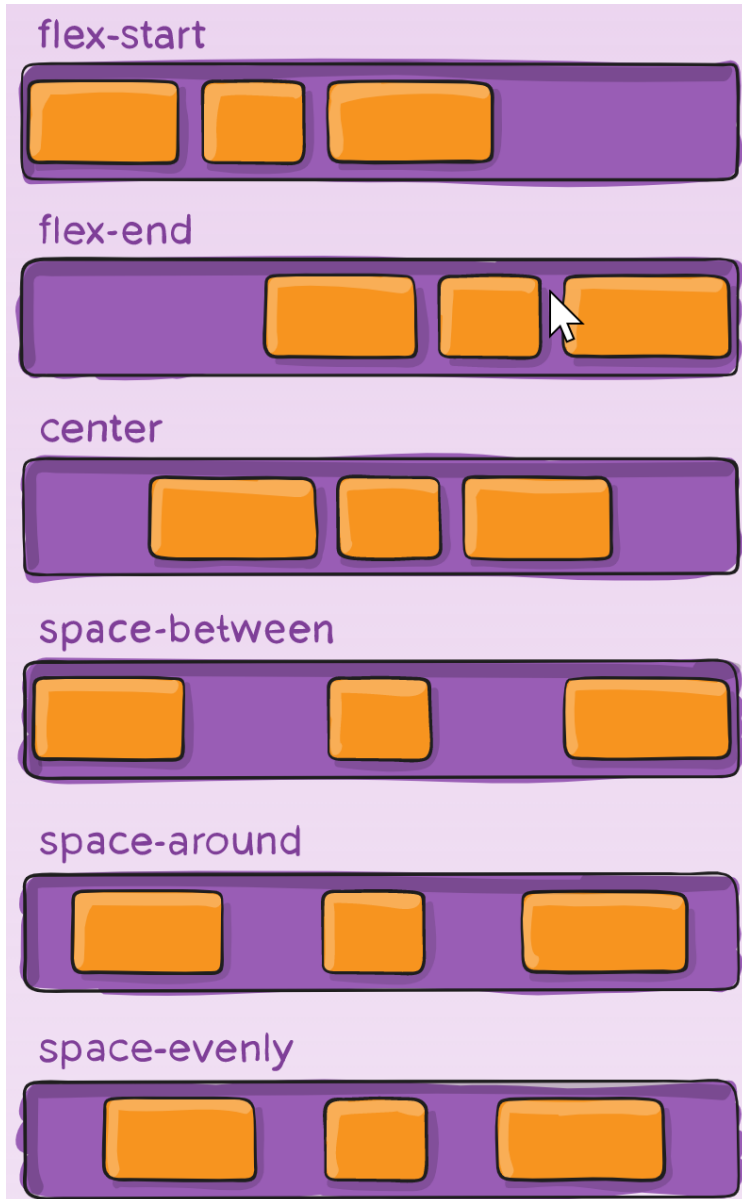


flex-wrap

- **nowrap** (**default**): all flex items will be on one line
- **wrap**: flex items will wrap onto multiple lines, from top to bottom
- **wrap-reverse**: flex items will wrap onto multiple lines from bottom to top



justify-content

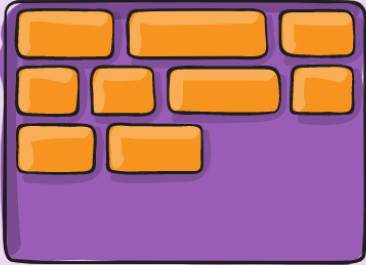


- Distribute extra leftover **free space** along the **main axis**
- **flex-start** is the **default**: items are packed toward the start

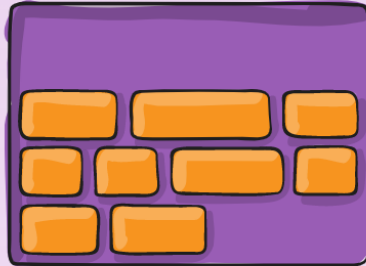
align-content

align-content

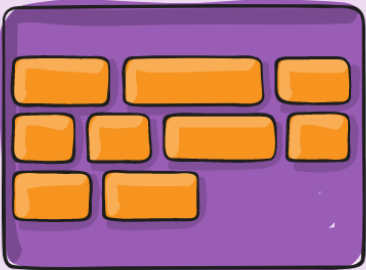
flex-start



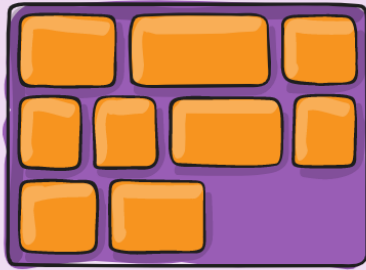
flex-end



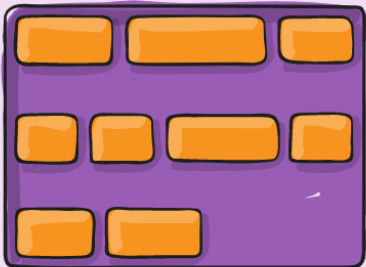
center



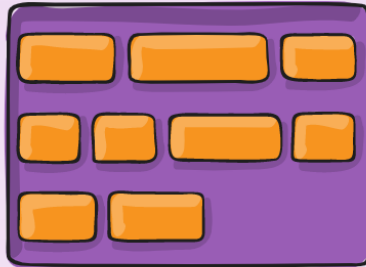
stretch



space-between



space-around

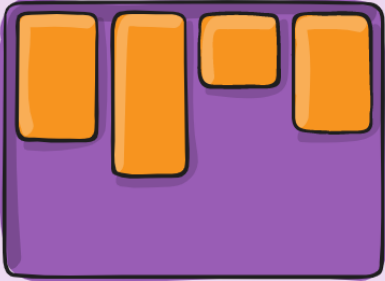


- Distribute extra leftover free space along the **cross axis**
- stretch is the **default**: lines stretch to take up the remaining space

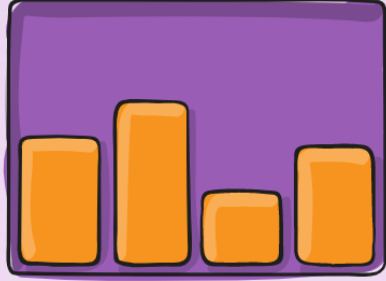
align-items

align-items

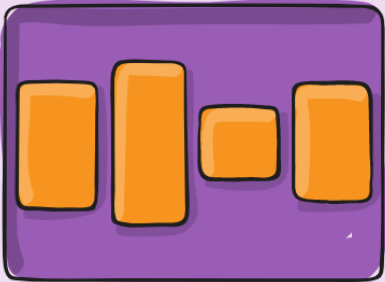
flex-start



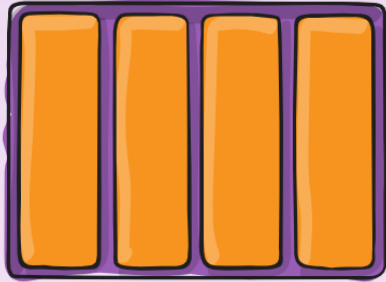
flex-end



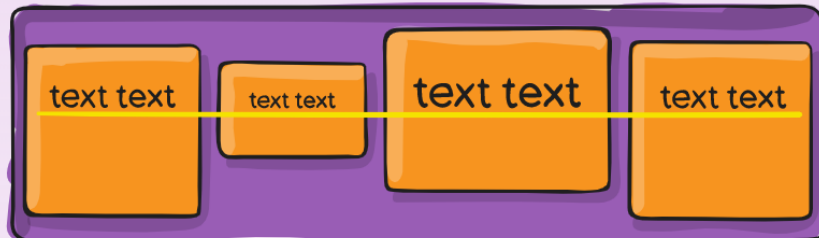
center



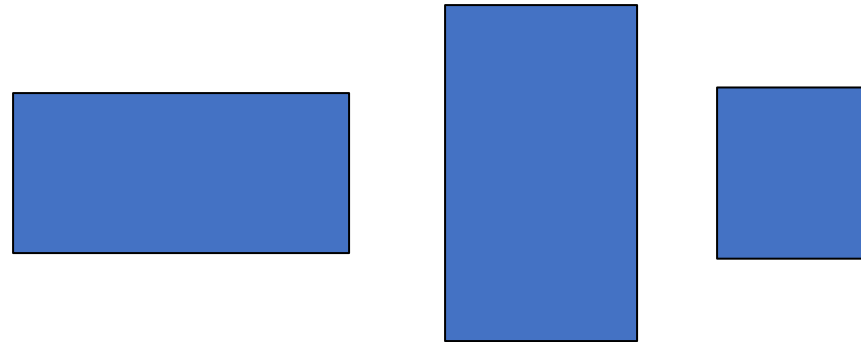
stretch



baseline



- Defines how flex items are laid out along the cross axis
- Stretch is the **default**: flex items stretch to fill the container



Properties for flex items

- order
- flex-grow
- flex-shrink
- flex-basis
- align-self

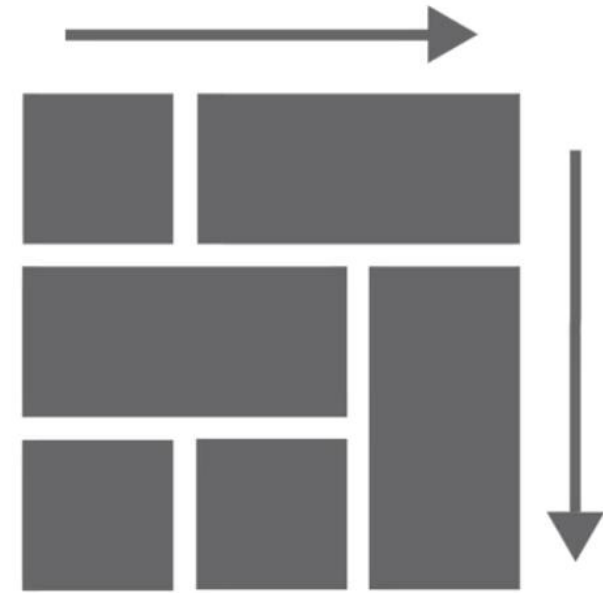
https://www.w3schools.com/css/css3_flexbox_items.asp

Layout using Grid



CSS Grid

- CSS Grid is a **two-dimensional layout** system to design the page layout
- Two Steps to use CSS Grid:
 1. Define a grid
 2. Place items within the grid



CSS Grid
TWO DIMENSIONS

Watch and practice @

<https://mozilladevelopers.github.io/playground/css-grid>

Grid container

- Grid **container** is defined by setting the *display* property of the container element to *grid*

- CSS:

```
.page {  
    display: grid;  
}
```

```
.page  
<div class="page">  
  <header class="page-header">  
  </header>  
  
  <main class="main-content">  
  </main>  
  
  <aside class="sidebar">  
  </aside>  
  
  <footer class="footer">  
  </footer>  
</div>
```

This creates a grid container

Grid item

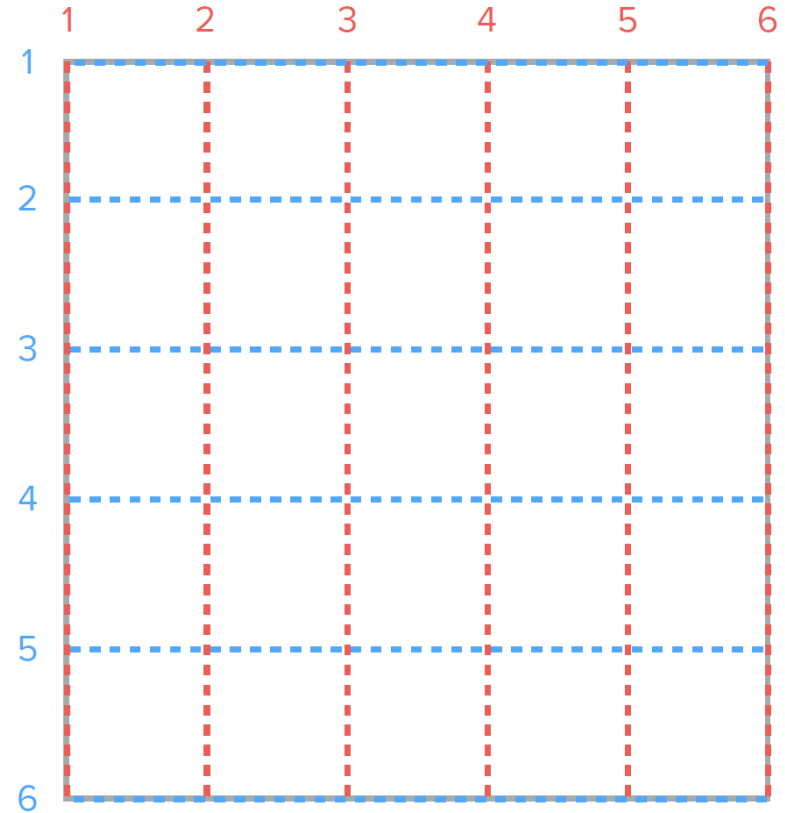
- Grid item = *Element that is a direct descendant of the grid container*

```
<div class="page">  
  <header class="head">  
  </header>  
  <main class="main-content">  
  </main>  
  <aside class="sidebar">  
  </aside>  
  <footer class="footer">  
  </footer>  
</div>
```



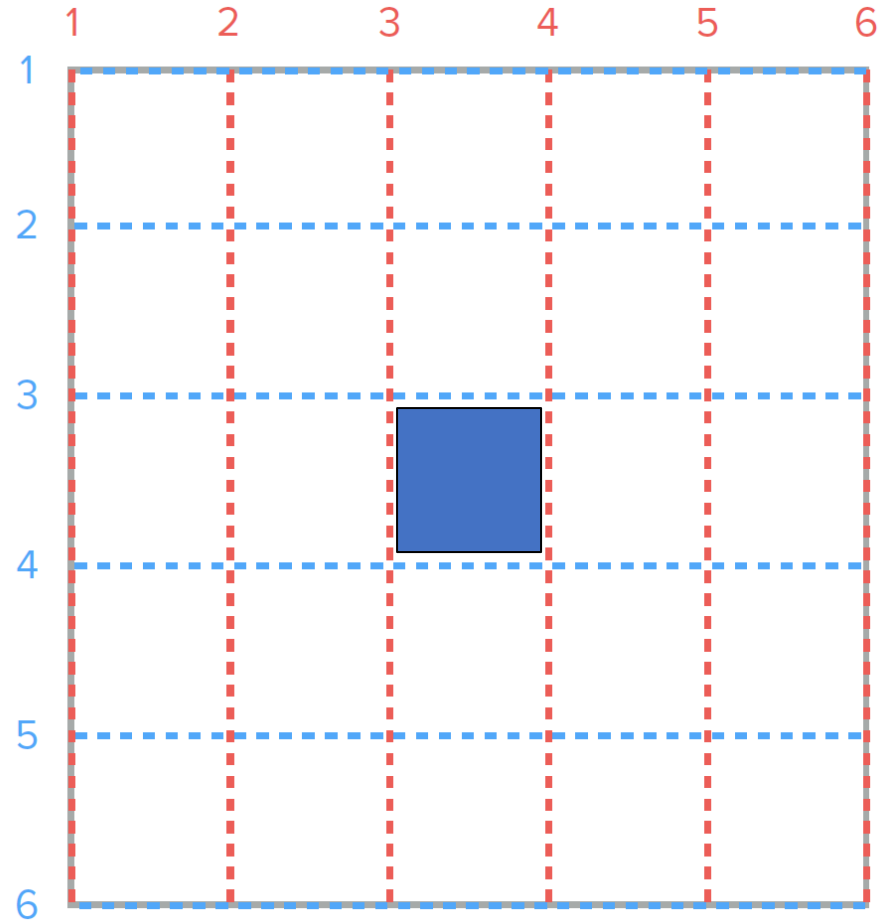
Grid line

- Horizontal (**row**) or vertical (**column**) line separating the grid into sections
- Grid lines are referenced by numbers, starting and ending with the outer borders of the grid



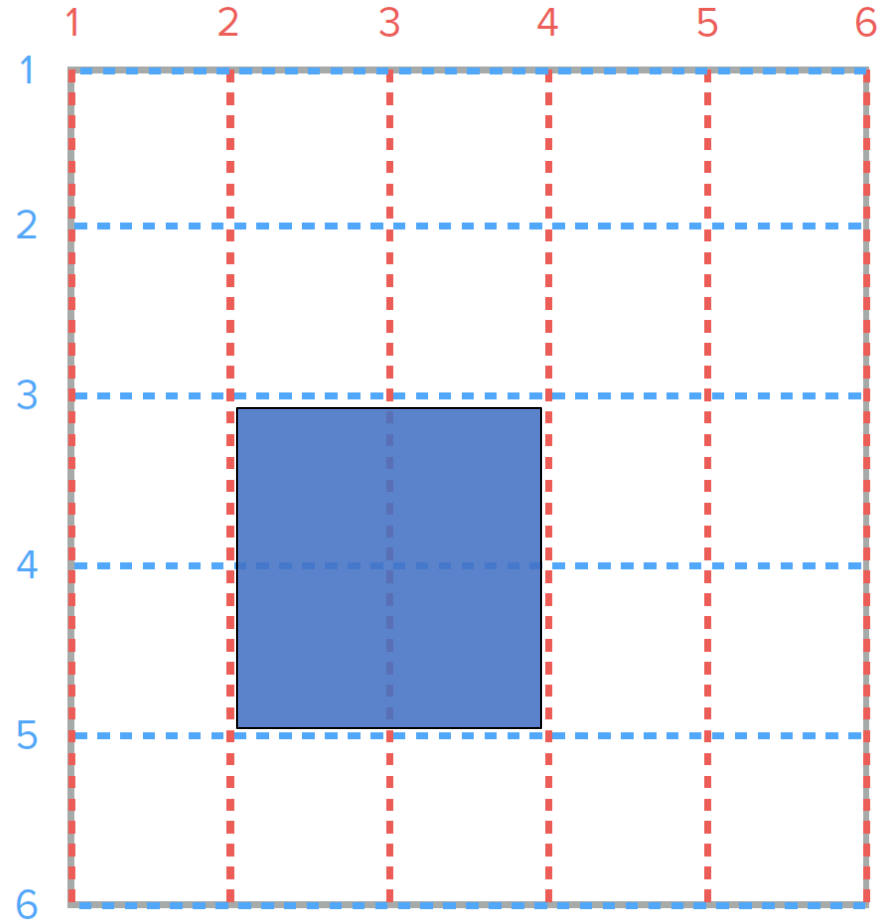
Grid *cell*

- The *intersection* between a grid row and a grid column



Grid *area*

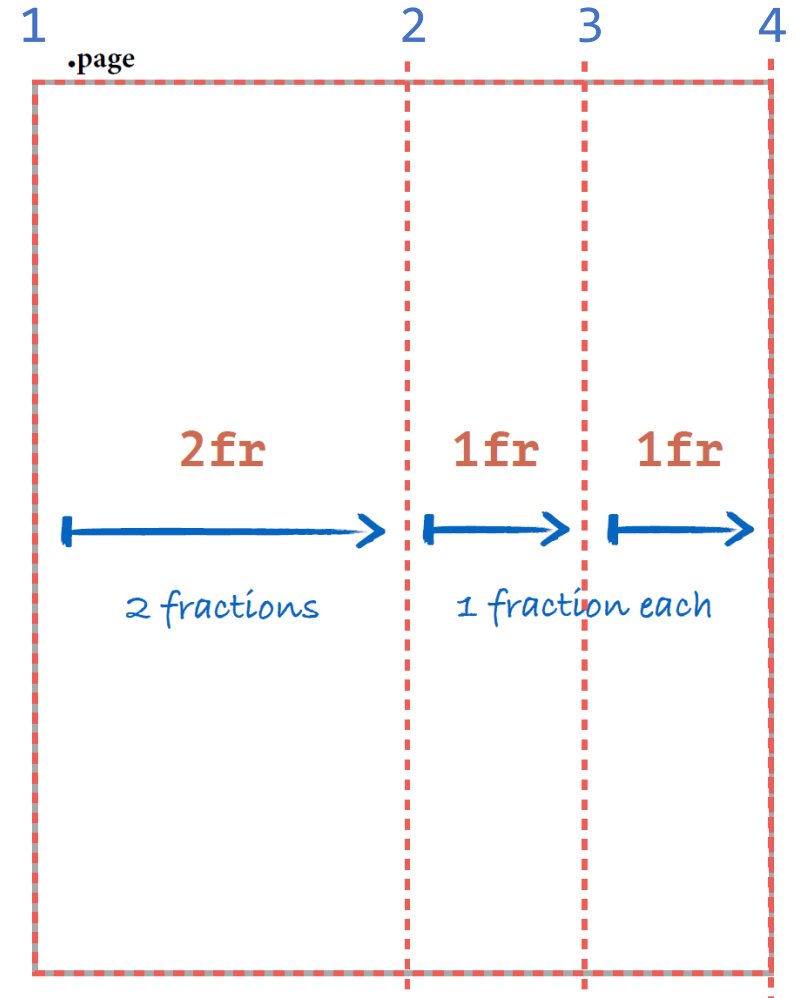
- *Rectangular area* between four specified grid lines
- Grid areas can cover one or more cells
- E.g., blue area between row lines 3 and 5 and column lines 2 and 4



Grid columns

`grid-template-columns:`
2fr 1fr 1fr;

Draws grid lines. Takes list of length values (em, px, %, **fr**, etc.) denoting the distance between each line.

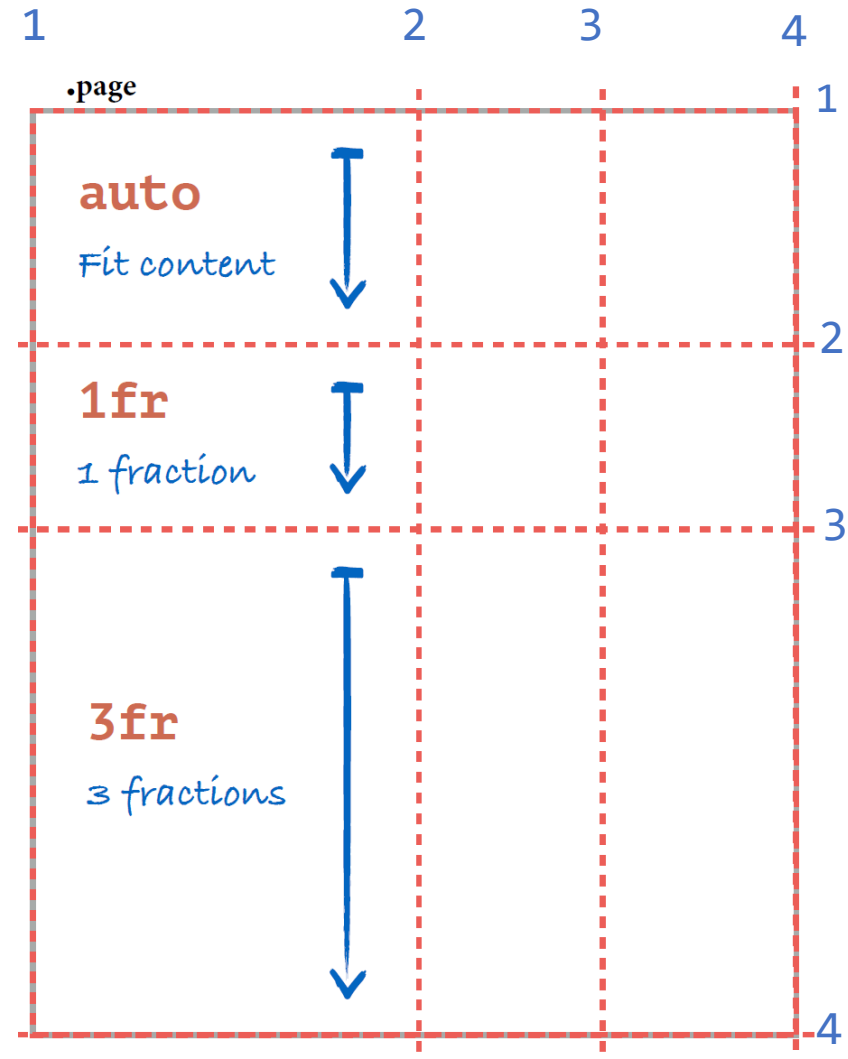


Grid rows

`grid-template-rows:`

`auto 1fr 3fr;`

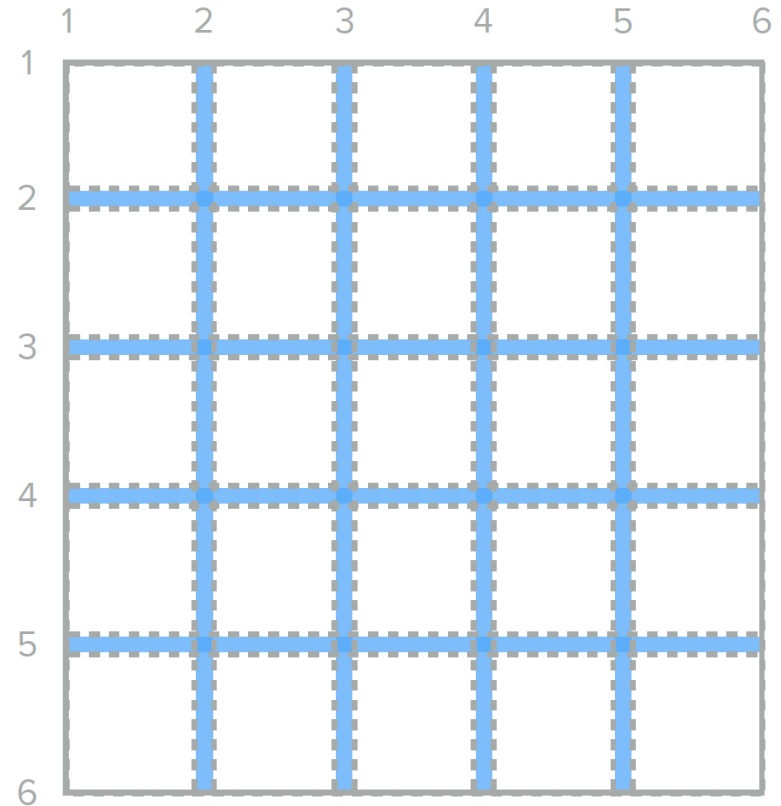
Draws grid lines. Takes list of length values (em, px, %, **fr**, etc.) denoting the distance between each line.



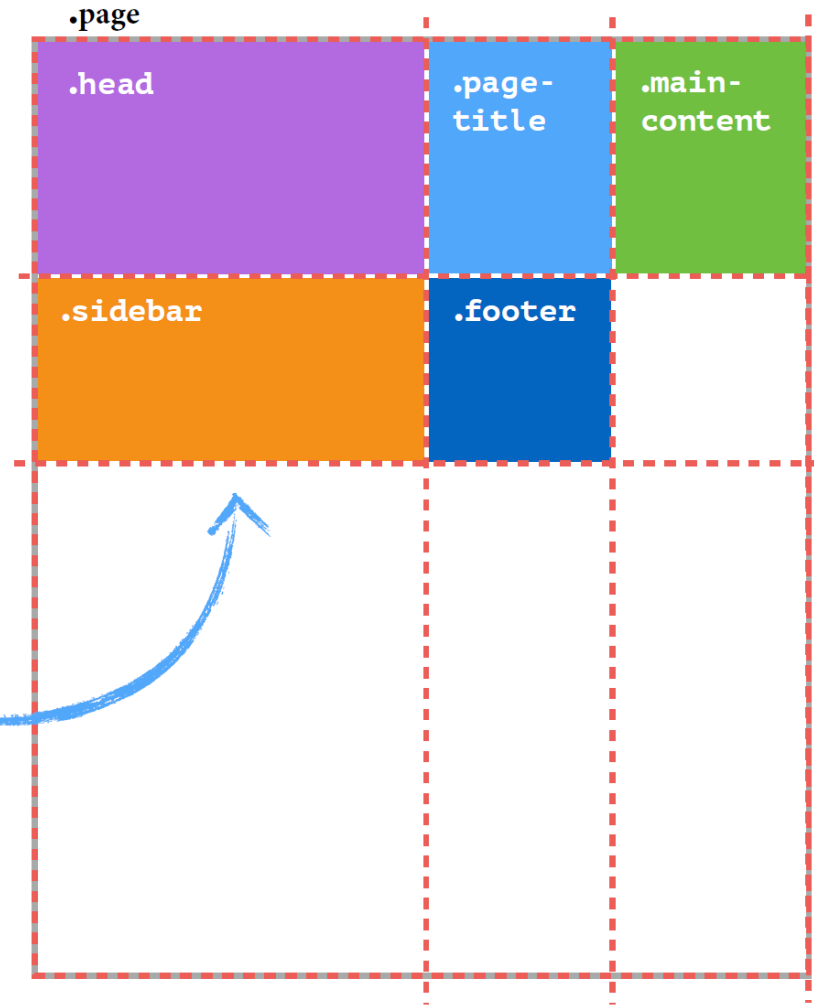
Grid gap

- Empty space between grid tracks (shown in **blue**)
- Commonly called *gutters*

```
.page {  
    display: grid;  
    grid-gap: 10px;  
}
```



Grid items automatically populate grid from top left to bottom right based on HTML source order.



Items placement in Grid

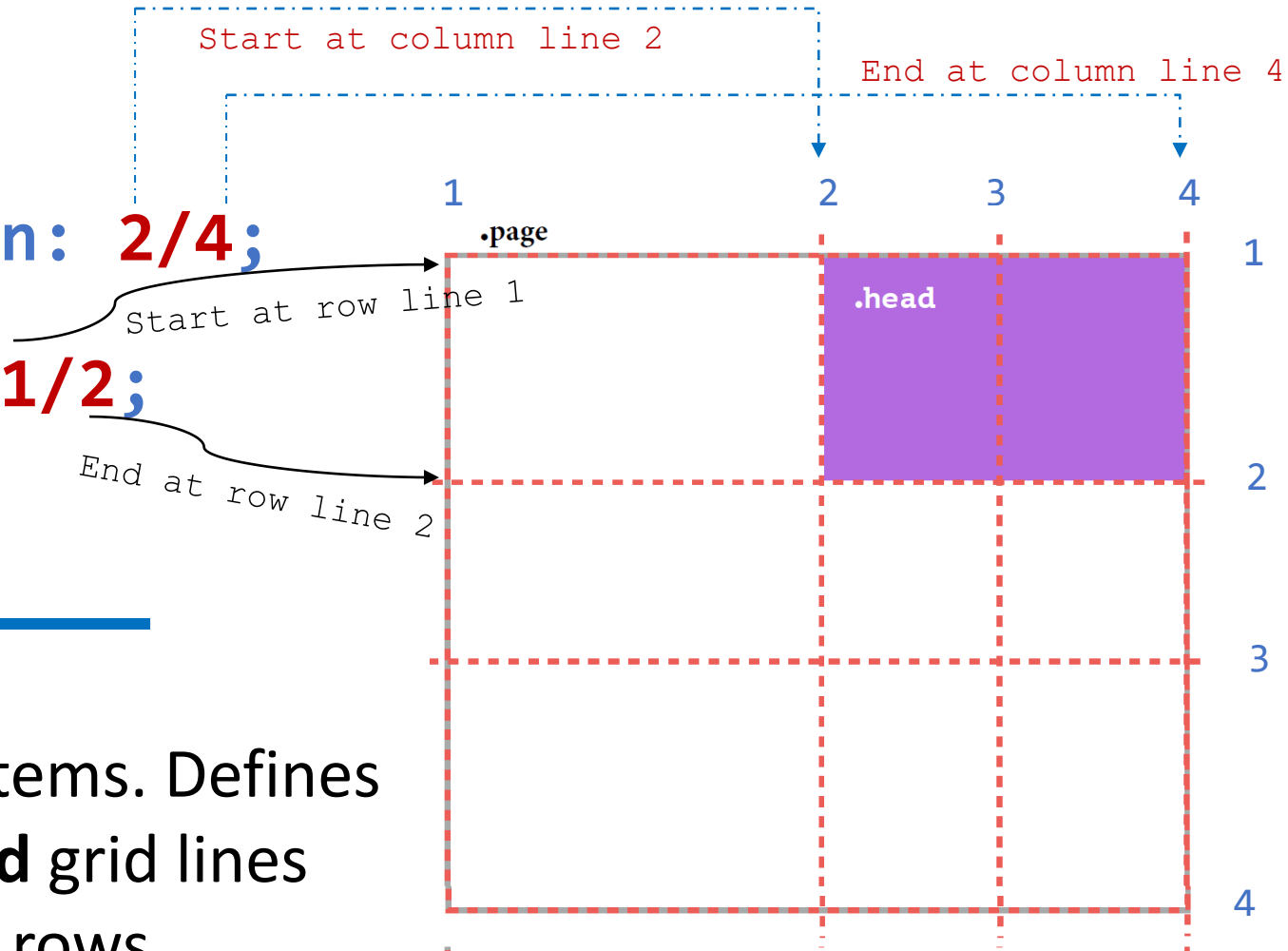
```
.head {
```

```
  grid-column: 2/4;
```

```
  grid-row: 1/2;
```

```
}
```

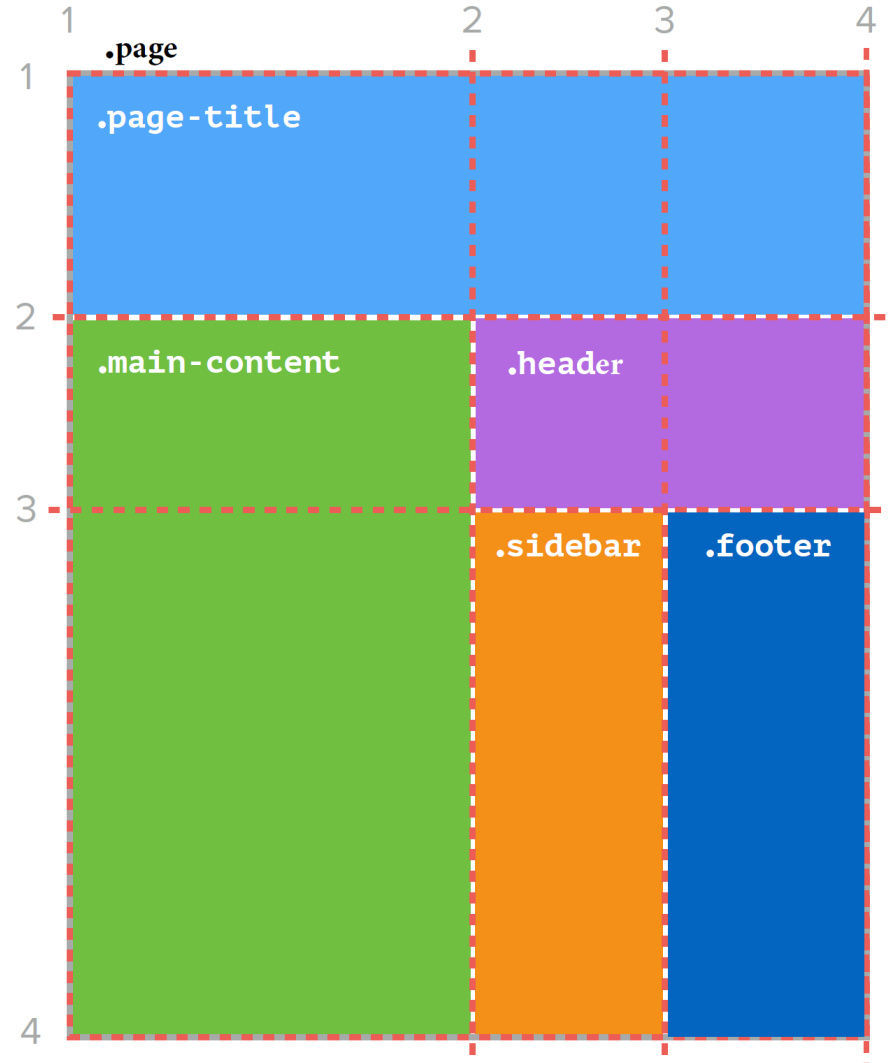
Applied to grid items. Defines the **start** and **end** grid lines for columns and rows



Example

```
.page {  
  display: grid;  
  grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr 1fr;  
  grid-template-rows: auto 1fr 3fr;  
}  
  
.page-title {  
  grid-column: 1/4;  
  grid-row: 1/2;  
}  
  
.header {  
  grid-column: 2/4;  
  grid-row: 2/3;  
}  
  
.main-content {  
  grid-column: 1/2;  
  grid-row: 2/4;  
}  
/* etc etc */
```

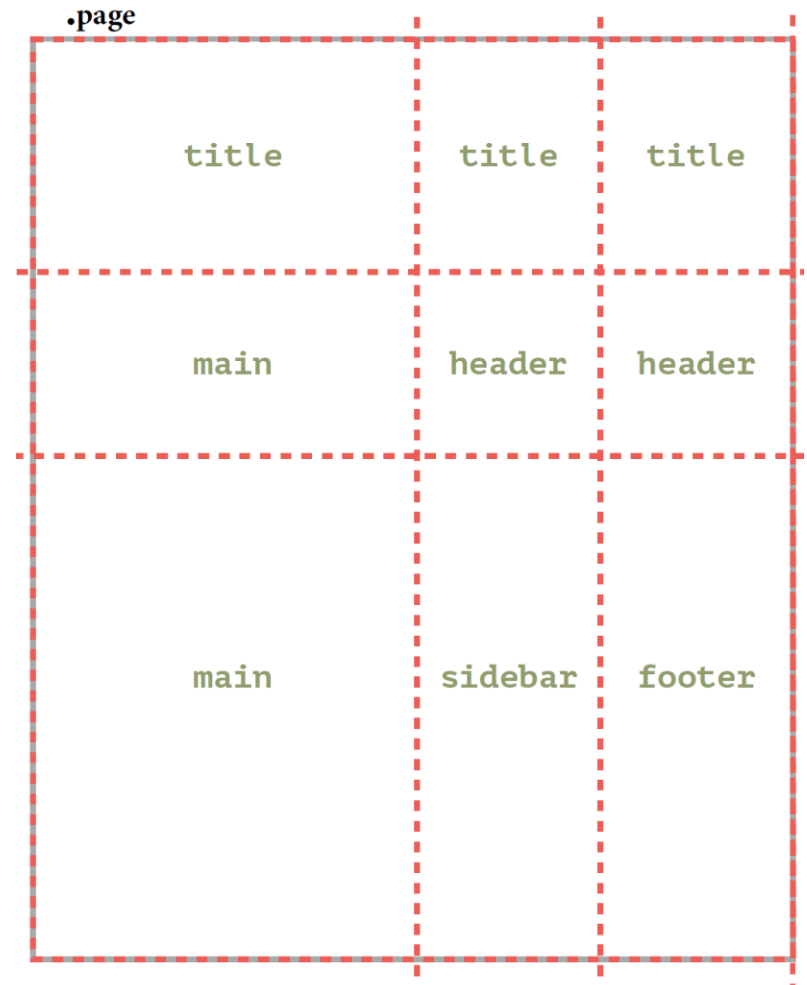
Ok, but remembering what lines to target seems tricky... especially when the site is responsive



Define grid areas

```
.page {  
  display: grid;  
  grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr 1fr;  
  grid-template-rows: auto 1fr 3fr;  
  grid-template-areas:  
    "title title title"  
    "main header header"  
    "main sidebar footer";  
}
```

grid-template-areas
is used to define named grid areas



Placing items in the grid areas

```
.page {  
  display: grid;  
  grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr 1fr;  
  grid-template-rows: auto 1fr 3fr;  
  grid-template-areas:  
    "title title title"  
    "main header header"  
    "main sidebar footer";  
}
```

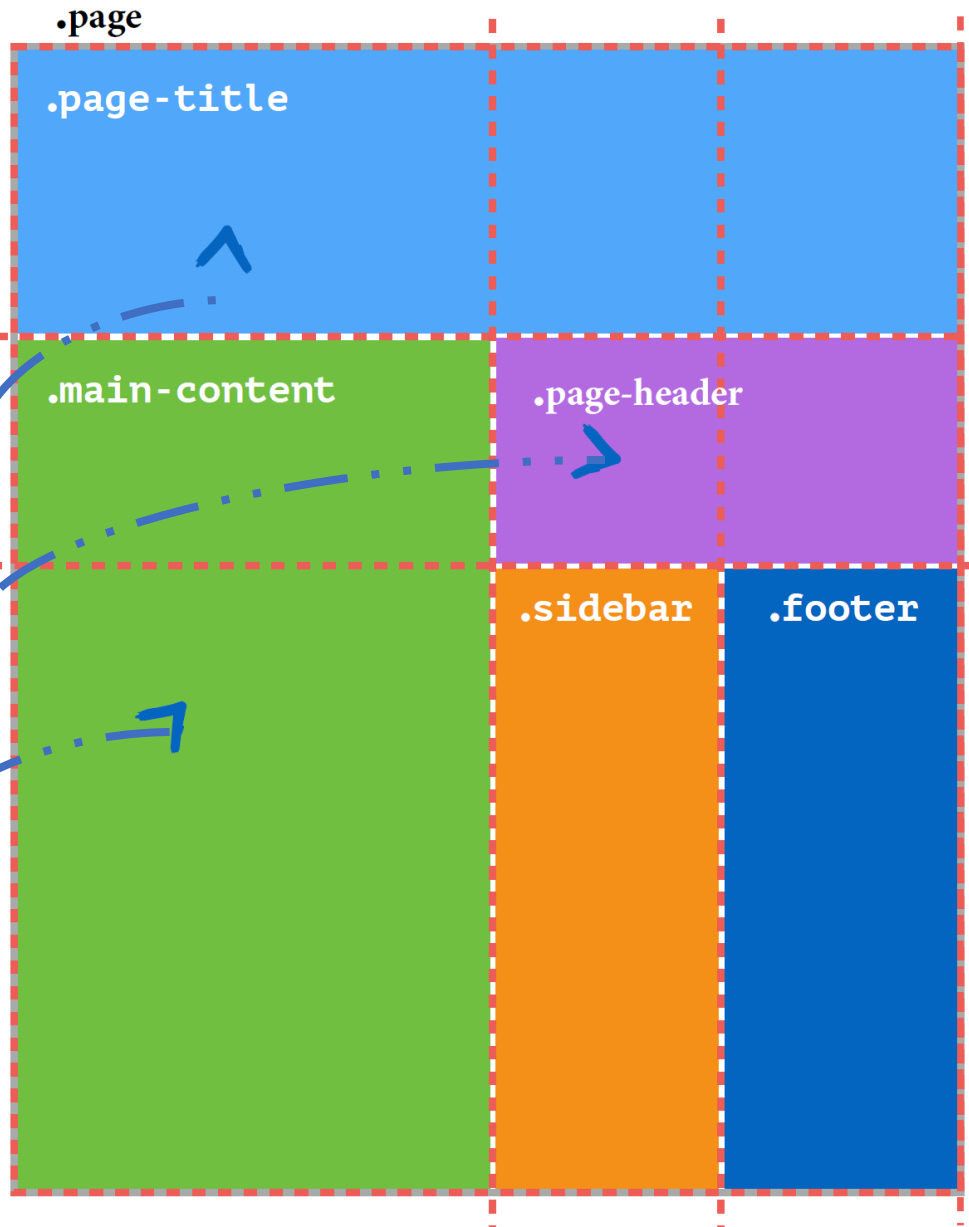
/ Placing items in the grid areas: */*

```
.page-title {  
  grid-area: title;  
}
```

```
.page-header {  
  grid-area: header;  
}
```

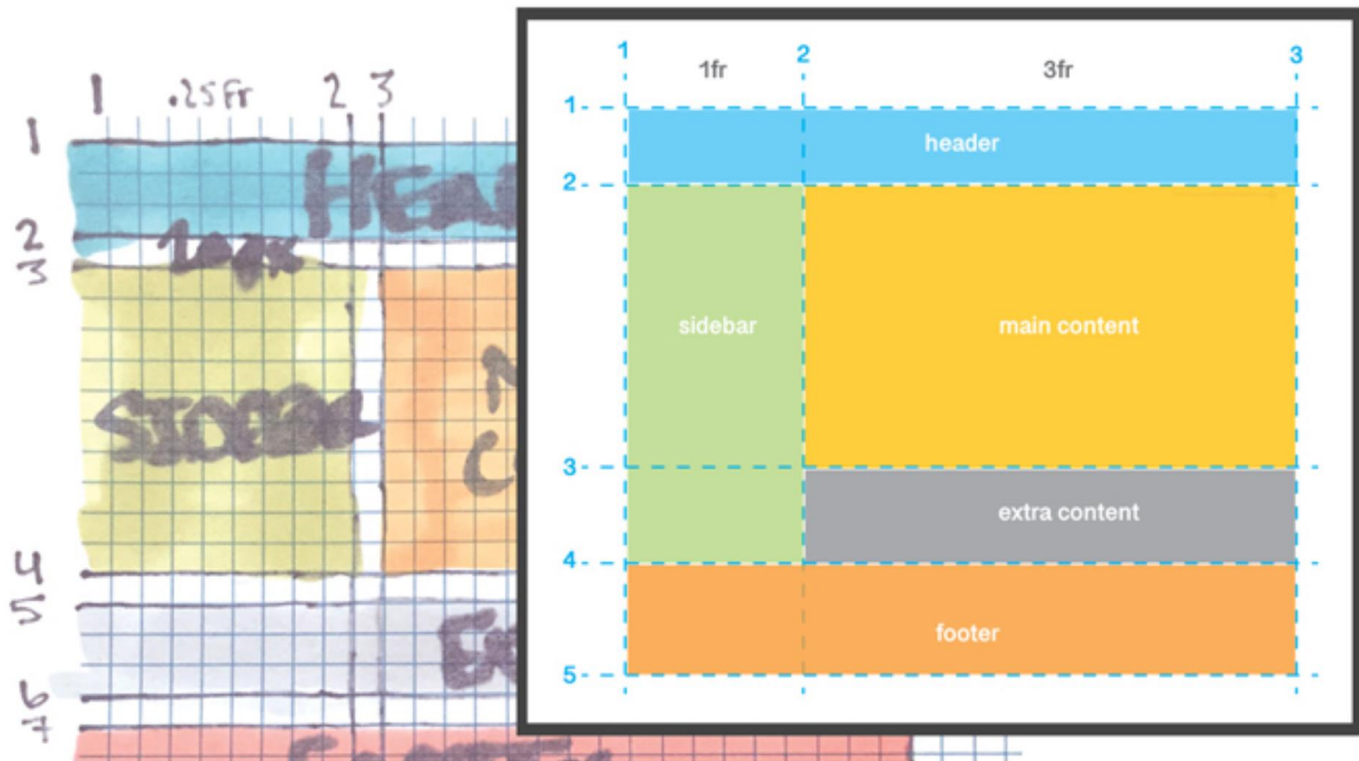
```
.main-content {  
  grid-area: main;  
}
```

/ etc etc */*



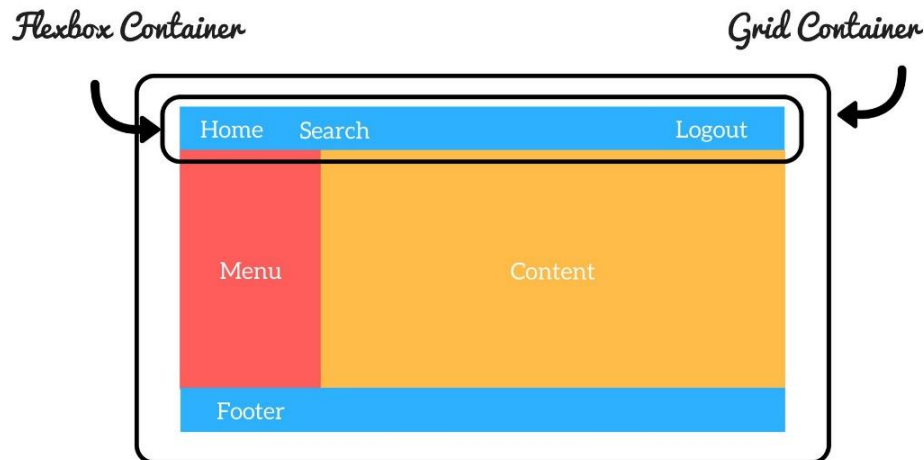
Grid areas

- Defining grid areas and using them to place elements is **best way** to design the page layout as it allows direct translation of the paper-based design to a CSS grid



Grid vs Flexbox

- Grid Layout is a **two-dimensional** system with columns and rows, unlike flexbox which is a **one-dimensional system** (either in a column or a row).
- In practice you combine these layout models. Often you can use a Flexbox container inside a Grid container
 - Grid is often used for the overall page layout of the homepage (i.e., **larger scale** layout) while the **flexbox** is used for **small-scale** one-dimensional layouts (e.g., menu or card layout)



Responsive Web Design (RWD)



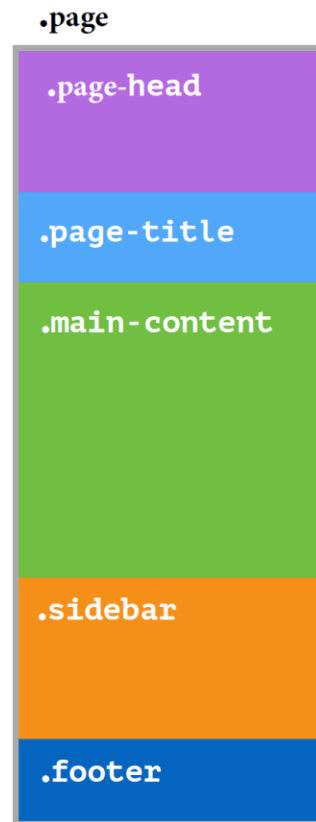
- RWD is an approach to **serve different layouts for different screen sizes**
 - **Optimize the viewing experience on range of devices:** mobile, desktop, tablet, TV...
 - Can be accomplished using CSS **media queries** and **grid/flexbox**
 - Mobile-first layouts work well on all screen widths

Responsive page layout using grid

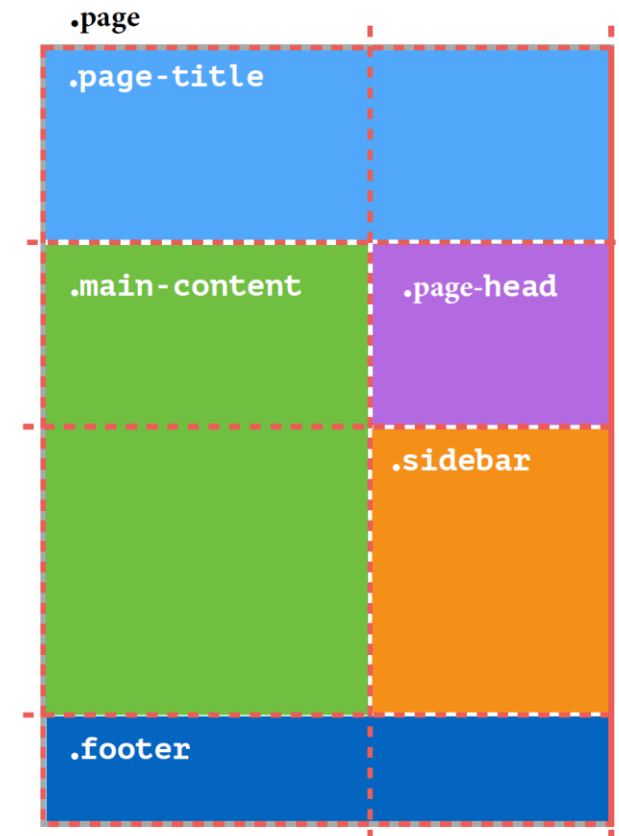
```
@media screen and (min-width: 700px) {  
  .page {  
    display: grid;  
    grid-template-columns: 2fr 1fr 1fr;  
    grid-template-rows: auto 1fr 3fr;  
    grid-template-areas: "title title"  
                        "main header"  
                        "main sidebar"  
                        "footer footer";  
  }  
}
```

- Responsive page layout using media queries and grid
- Media queries allows applying styles based on the browser screen size

No grid



Two-column grid
(when page width $\geq 700px$)



Responsive Grid

```
main {  
  display: grid;  
  grid-template-columns: repeat(auto-fit, minmax(280px, 1fr));  
}
```



Browser!

- I want you to **auto-create the grid columns** you decide how many you can fit using the auto-placement algorithm
- I want the columns to be minimum 280px and a maximum of **sharing the available space equality among the columns**



[See posted example](#)

Summary

- Use Grid any time you work with ***two-dimensional*** layouts to divide the page into several sections having different size and position
- Use Flexbox for ***one-dimensional*** layout that offers space allocation between items + the ability to alter its items' width/height (and order) to best fill the available space
- Use Media Queries and Grid layout for responsive design
- .. mastering CSS will take some time and effort   ...

References

- CSS Tutorials <http://www.w3schools.com/css/>
- Cheat sheet <https://htmlcheatsheet.com/css/>
- CSS developer guide
<https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/Guide/CSS>
- Selectors <http://code.tutsplus.com/tutorials/the-30-css-selectors-you-must-memorize--net-16048>
- CSS Grid
 - <https://1linelayouts.glitch.me/>
 - https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/CSS/CSS_Grid_Layout
 - <https://gridbyexample.com/learn/>
 - <https://css-tricks.com/snippets/css/complete-guide-grid/>
 - <https://mozilladevelopers.github.io/playground/css-grid/>