CMPS 356 – Fall 2022 Web Applications Design and Development

Lab₀₆

React Suspense and Next Basics

Objective

- 1. Setting up and using React Query
- 2. Suspending components using React Suspense
- 3. Creating Next applications with multiple pages and layouts:
 - 3.1. Generating static properties and page content
 - 3.2. Generating static paths from dynamic routes

Prerequisites

- 1. React Query: https://tanstack.com/query/v4.
- 2. React Query with Suspense: https://tanstack.com/query/v4/docs/guides/suspense.
- 3. Next Tutorial: https://nextjs.org/learn/foundations/about-nextjs.
- 1. Suspense with React Query and Error Boundary (Experimental)
- 1. Create a new directory 01-suspense and a React application under it.
- 2. Install React Query using "npm install @tanstack/react-query".
- 3. Create a query client and provide it in your App component:

4. Create a Facts component that uses the query client to fetch country facts from https://restcountries.com/v3.1/all:

```
const fetchFacts = async () ⇒ {
  const res = await fetch("https://restcountries.com/v3.1/all");
  if (res.ok) {
    return await res.json();
  } else {
    throw new Error("Fetching failed!");
```

```
};

const Facts = () \Rightarrow {
  const query = useQuery(["facts"], fetchFacts);
```

- 5. Use query.isLoading, query.isError, and query.data to conditionally render the Facts component and display the fetch request status and data.
- 6. Display a spinner when the content is loading. You can install and use the React Loader Spinner package: "npm install react-loader-spinner", for example:

```
import { InfinitySpin } from "react-loader-spinner";
const Spinner = () ⇒ <InfinitySpin width="200" color="#777" />;
```

7. Suspend your Facts component by wrapping it in a Suspense component and providing a spinner as a fallback to display when the content is loading:

8. Update your query client configuration to work with Suspense:

```
const query = useQuery(["facts"], fetchFacts, {
  retry: false,
  suspense: true,
});
```

9. Error boundaries work like a JavaScript catch {} block, but for components. Wrap your Suspense component in an ErrorBoundary component to handle the errors that can occur and display their corresponding messages as fallback: "npm install reacterror-boundary":

```
<ErrorBoundary
  fallbackRender={({ error }) ⇒ <div>Error: {error.message}</div>}
  <Suspense ...
</pre>

</p
```

Errors can be reset using the QueryErrorResetBoundary component or the useQueryErrorResetBoundary() hook.

- 2. Statically Generated Pages and Paths using Next
- 1. Create a new directory 02-next and a Next application under it using: "npx create-next-app . --use-npm".
- 2. Run your application in development mode: "npm run dev". You can disable telemetry using: "npx next telemetry disable".
- 3. Recreate the country facts application from the previous lab using Next.
- 4. Define a main layout, Layout, and an associated CSS module, layout.module.css.
- 5. Modify the index page to load the countries as a static property, facts, and use that property to display the list of countries in a dropdown list:

```
export async function getStaticProps() {
  const res = await fetch("https://restcountries.com/v3.1/all");
  let facts = null;
  if (res.ok) {
    facts = await res.json();
    facts = facts.map((a) \Rightarrow ({
      name: {
        common: a.name.common,
      },
      cca2: a.cca2.toLowerCase(),
    facts.sort((a, b) \Rightarrow (a.name.common > b.name.common ? 1 : -1));
  } else {
    throw new Error("Fetching facts failed!");
  }
  return {
    props: {
      facts,
    },
  };
}
```

6. Create a (dynamic) page, [cca2].js, with one path parameter, cca2. Generate the list of valid paths, paths, based on the list of CCA2 codes:

```
export async function getStaticPaths() {
  const res = await fetch("https://restcountries.com/v3.1/all");
  let facts = null;
  if (res.ok) {
    facts = await res.json();
    facts = facts.map((a) ⇒ ({
        cca2: a.cca2.toLowerCase(),
      }));
    facts.sort((a, b) ⇒ (a.cca2 > b.cca2 ? 1 : -1));
  } else {
    throw new Error("Fetching facts failed!");
  }
  const paths = facts.map((country) ⇒ ({
    params: { cca2: country.cca2 },
  }));
  return { paths, fallback: false };
}
```

7. Generate a static property, country, to load the corresponding country facts based on the cca2 path parameter. This property will be used to display the facts for a given country:

```
export async function getStaticProps({ params }) {
  const res = await fetch(
    `https://restcountries.com/v3.1/alpha/${params.cca2}`
  );
  let country = null;
```

```
if (res.ok) {
    country = await res.json();
    country = country[0];
} else {
    throw new Error("Fetching country facts failed!");
}

return {
    props: {
        country,
      },
    };
}
```

8. Update your index page and use Next's router to navigate to the corresponding country page when the selection is changed:

9. Test your statically generated application by building it then serving it: "npm run build" then "npm run start".