

#### Acknowledgement

Some slides are based on

'Angular 2 Development with TypeScript', Yakov Fain and Anton Moiseev, ISBN 9781617293122

https://www.manning.com/books/angular-2-development-with-typescript

#### **Outline**

- What is Angular and why should you care!
- Single Page Application (SPA)
- Angular Architecture
- Angular Key Components
  - Components
  - Directives
  - Two way binding
  - Routing and views
  - Ajax with \$http



- SPA framework for <u>efficiently</u> creating dynamic views in a web browser (using "HTML" and JavaScript)
  - It is a client-side View engine (template engine) that generates HTML views from an html template containing place holders that will be replaced by dynamic content
- Some highlights/focuses:
  - Complete application framework for building Single Page Application (SPA)
  - Open Source, Comprehensive and Forward Thinking
  - Popularity, Google and a large community behind it
    - Google is paying developers to actively develop Angular

#### Angular #1?

Angular appears to be winning the JavaScript

framework battle

(and for good reason)

You will see yourself…!

**Direct DOM Manipulation** 

<form>
</form>
To Submit
to server

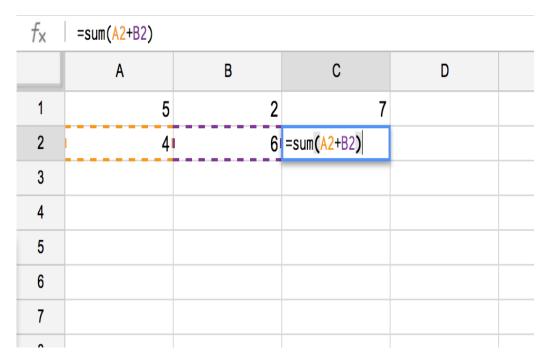




## Googlefeedback



6 months x 3 devs



1,500 LOC

3 weeks

**Before** 

with Angular

#### **jQuery**

- Allows for DOM Manipulation
- Common API across multiple browsers
- Does not provide structure to your code
- Does not allow for two way binding

#### **Hello JQuery**

```
<script>
$(function(){
$('#greeting2').text('Hello World!');
});
</script>
```

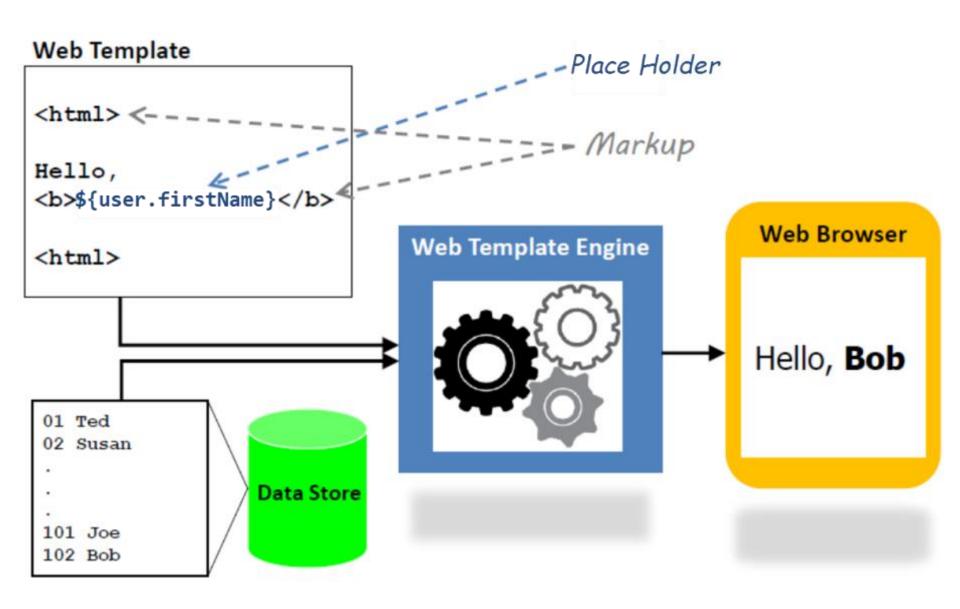
#### **Hello Angular**

#### Single Page Application (SPA)

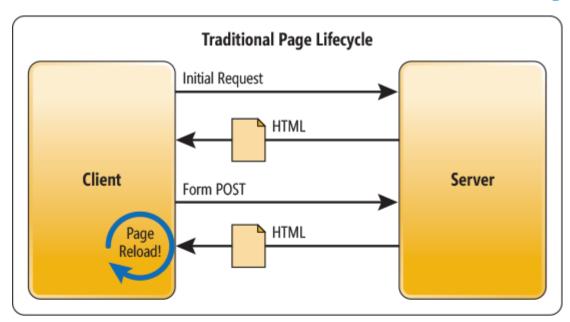


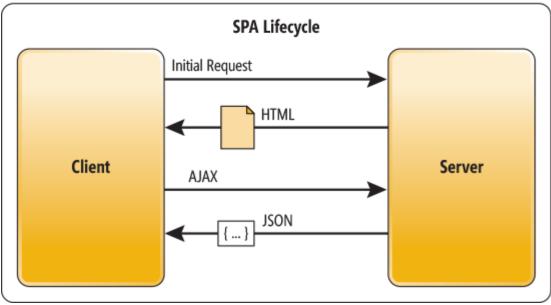


#### **Traditional Architecture**

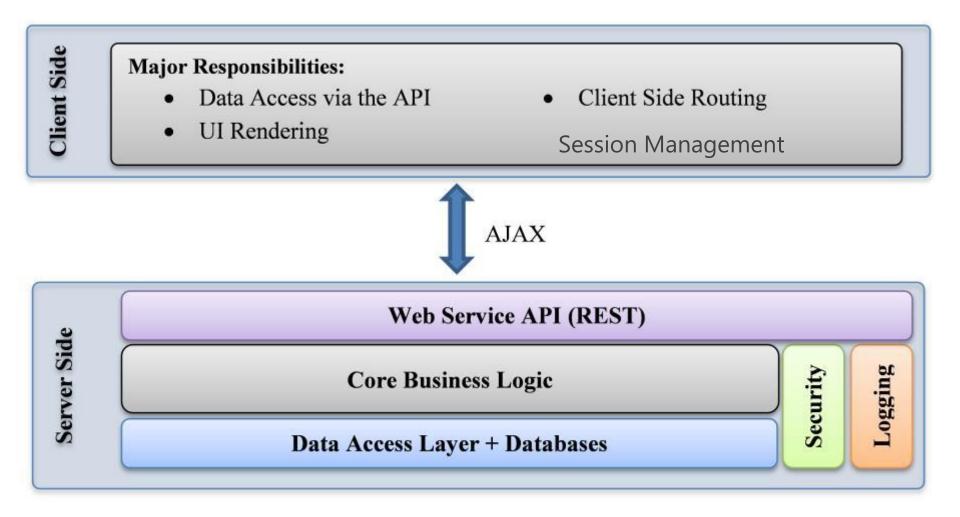


#### **Traditional vs. SPA Lifecycle**





#### Role of Client and Server in SPA



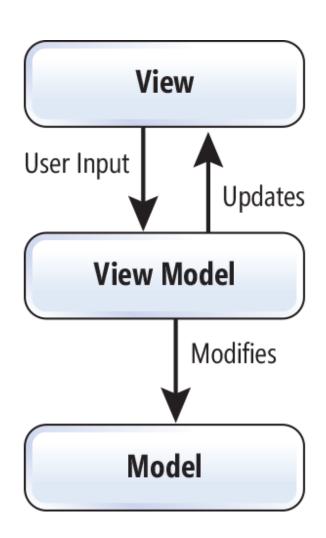
#### **Benefits of a Single Page App**

- State maintained on client + offline support
  - Can use HTML5 JavaScript APIs to store state in the browser's localStorage
- Better User experience
- More interactive and responsive
- Less network activity and waiting
- Developer experience
  - Better (if you use a framework!)
  - No constant DOM refresh
  - Rely on a 'thick' client for caching etc.

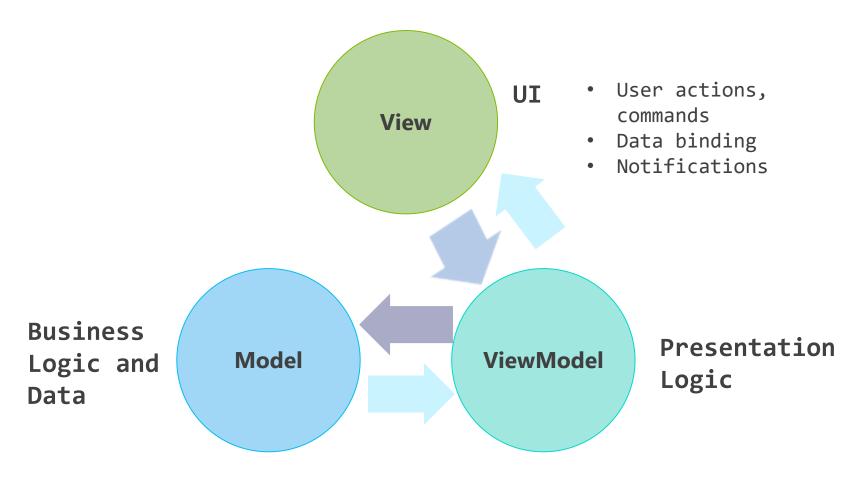


#### **SPA uses MVVM**

- A more recent variant of MVC is the MVVM pattern:
  - The model still represents the domain data
  - The View Model is an abstract representation of the view
  - The View displays the View
     Model and sends user input to the View Model
  - View Model reads/modifies the server-side Model



### MVVM: Model View ViewModel

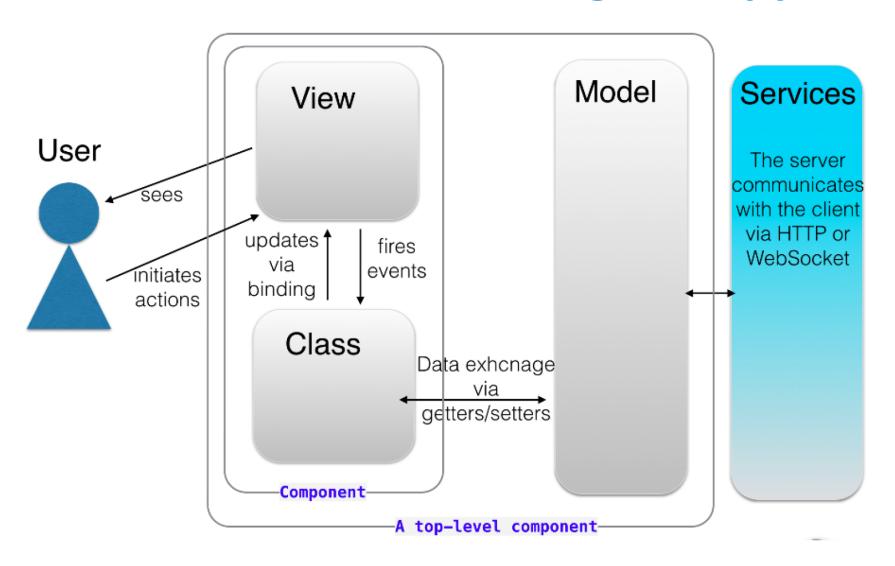


- Data Access
- Update ViewModel about change

#### Angular App Architecture



#### **Architecture of an Angular app**



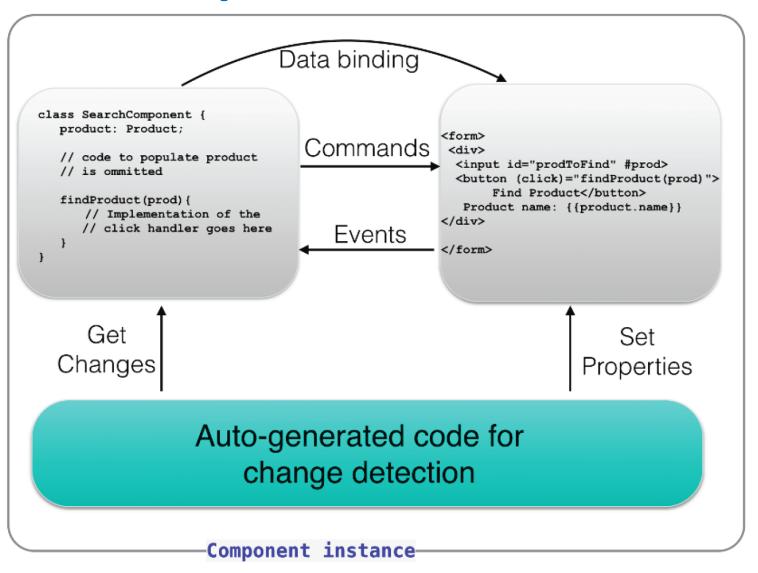
#### **Angular Architecture Highlights**

- An Angular component is a centerpiece of the new architecture.
- A Component is a TypeScript class annotated with @Component annotation, it specifies:
  - a selector declaring the name of the custom tag to be used to load to component in HTML document
  - the template (=an HTML fragment with data binding expressions to render by the view) or templateURL
  - directives property specifies in required any other components the view depends
- Event handlers are implemented as methods of the class

#### **Angular Components**

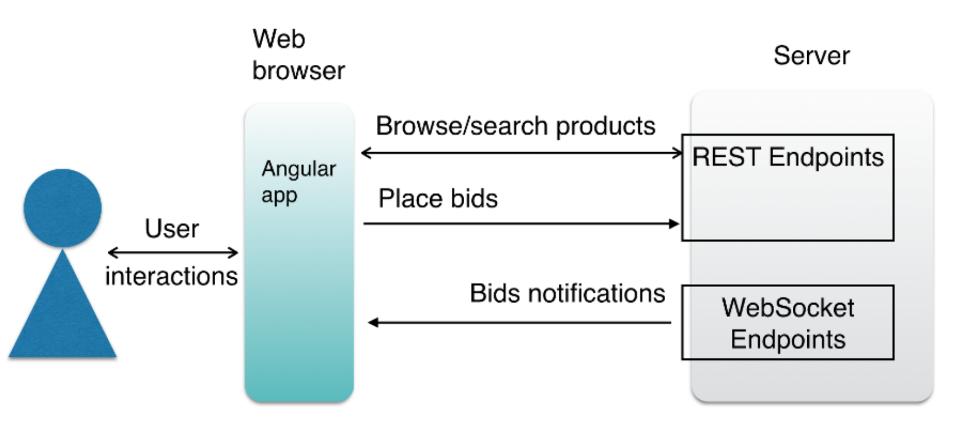
- Paired with a View
- Contains the code behind the view (presentation logic)
- Makes data (i.e., model objects) and functions accessible to the View
- A parent component sends commands to its child components, and children send events to their parent

#### **Component internals**



Component is a unit encapsulating functionality of a view, controller, and auto-generated change detector

#### The Online Auction workflow See Posted Examples



#### **Setup Angular Project**

- Download gitbash <a href="https://git-for-windows.github.io/">https://git-for-windows.github.io/</a>
- Create todo folder. Right click then 'Git Bash Here'
- mkdir src then mkdir src/app
- ▼ todo (C:\Users\Abdel
- Open todo folder in WebStrom

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In these in GitBash

npm init -y

npm i angular2 systemjs --save --save-exact

npm i typescript live-server --save-dev

#### package.json

Replace the *scripts* section with:

```
"scripts": {
   "tsc": "tsc -p src -w",
   "start": "live-server --open=src"
},
```

#### **TypeScript Compiler Config**

Under srccreate tsconfig.json

```
"compilerOptions": {
    "target": "ES5",
    "module": "commonjs",
    "sourceMap": true,
    "emitDecoratorMetadata": true,
    "experimentalDecorators": true,
    "removeComments": false,
    "noImplicitAny": false
}
```

 Run TypeScript Compiler (TSC) in the root folder of the application to watch to STC folder and auto-compile ts files

#### npm run tsc

 Launch Live-Server: little development server with live reload capability when the app changes

#### npm start

#### NPM Node Package Management



#### Package Management: NPM

- Node.js Package Management (NPM)
  - Install Nodejs packages or client libraries
  - \$ npm init: Initializes an empty Node.js project with package.json file

```
$ npm init
//enter package details
name: "NPM demos"
version: 0.0.1
description: "Demos for the NPM package management"
entry point: main.js
test command: test
git repository: http://github.com/user/repository-name
keywords: npm, package management
author: ae@qu.edu.qa
license: MTT
```

#### Package Management: NPM (2)

- Installing modules
  - \$ npm install package-name [--save-dev]
    - Installs a package to the Node.js project
    - --save-dev suffix adds dependency in package.json

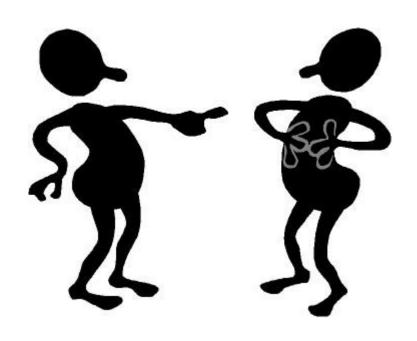
```
npm i angular2 systemjs --save --save-exact
npm i typescript live-server --save-dev
```

Before running the project

```
$ npm install
```

Installs all missing packages from package.json

#### Directives



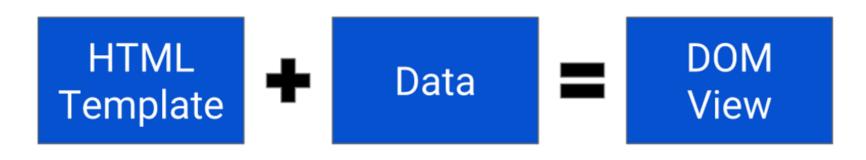


#### **Directives**

- Directives are used to create client-side
   HTML templates
  - Extends HTML functionality = Teaches HTML new tricks!
  - Adds additional markup to the view (e.g., dynamic content place holders)
  - A directive is just a function which executes when Angular 'compiler' encounters it in the DOM
  - Built-in directives start with \*ng and they cover the core needs

#### **HTML Template**

- Template is:
  - Partial HTML file that contains only part of a web page
  - Contains HTML augmented with Angular Directives
  - Rendered in a "parent" view



#### **Common Built-in Directives : ng-for**

ng-for: repeater directive. It marks element (and its children) as the "repeater template"

```
*ng-for="#hero of heroes">
   {{ hero }}
```

- The #hero declares a local variable named hero
- Needs

```
import {Component, bootstrap, NgFor} from 'angular2/angular2';
directives: [NgFor] in @Component decorator
                                                           31
Or CORE DIRECTIVES to include common directives
```

#### **Common Built-in Directives : ng-if**

 ng-if: conditional display of a portion of a view only if certain condition is true

```
 3">There are many heroes!
```

- This element will be displayed only if heroes.length > 3
- Needs

```
import {Component, bootstrap, NgIf} from 'angular2/angular2';
directives: [NgIf] in @Component decorator
Or CORE_DIRECTIVES to include common directives
```

# **\** { }

#### Expressions



#### **Expressions**

- You can write expressions
  - Use curly brackets
  - You can evaluate some JS expressions
  - You can create arrays

```
{{ expression }}
{{ name }}
{{ amount * 100 + 3 }}
{{ number in [1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9] }}
```

These double curly braces will display (and automatically update) the name in the view.

#### **Filters**



- Declarative way to
  - <u>format</u> displayed data
  - <u>filter</u> and <u>sort</u> data arrays
- Filters:
  - Can modify the output
  - Can format output
  - Can sort data
  - Can filter data



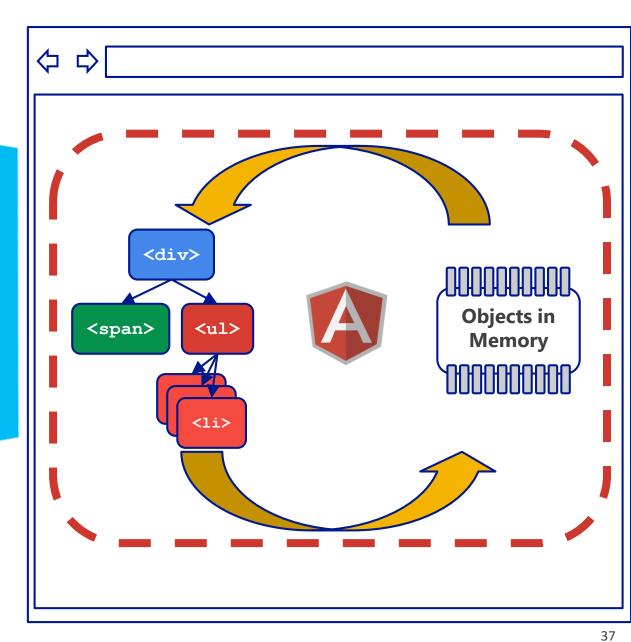
#### **Filters**

Using filters

```
{{ expression | filter }}
```

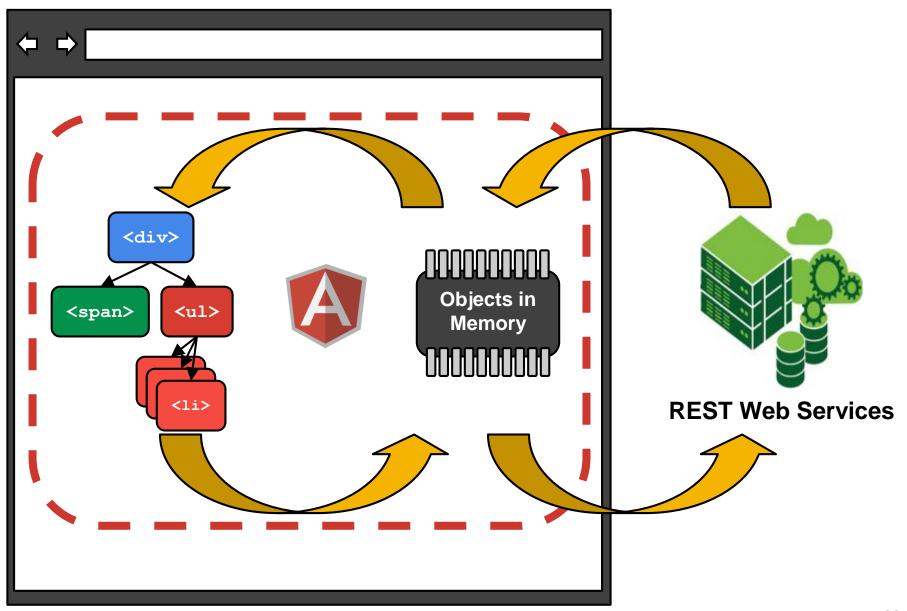
- Built-in filters
  - uppercase, lowercase
  - number
  - currency
  - json
  - orderBy, limitTo, filter

## Bindings

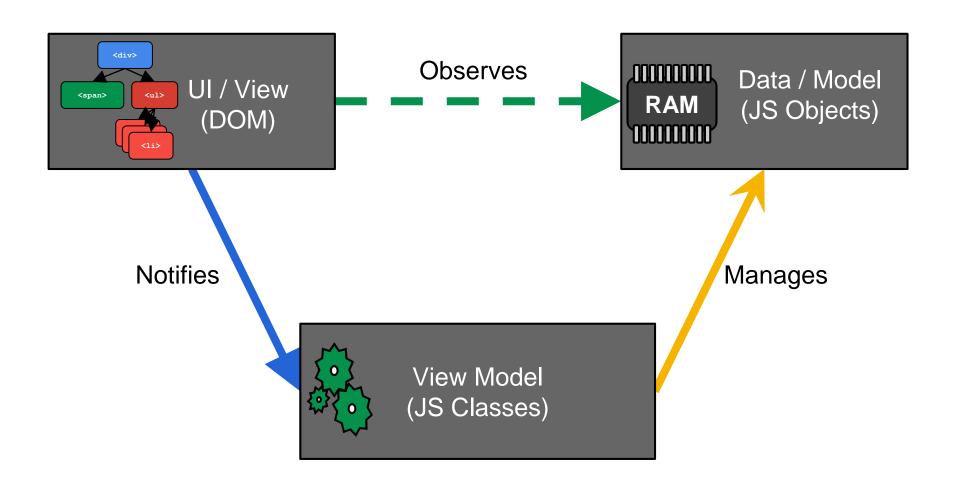




#### Angular big picture



#### **Structure**



#### Things you can bind to

Binding	Example
Properties	<input [value]="firstName"/>
Events	<button (click)="buy(\$event)"></button>
Two-way	<input [(ng-model)]="userName"/>

Data binding associates the Model with the View

#### **Angular Event Binding syntax**

 (eventName) = eventHandler: respond to the click event by calling the component's onBtnClick method

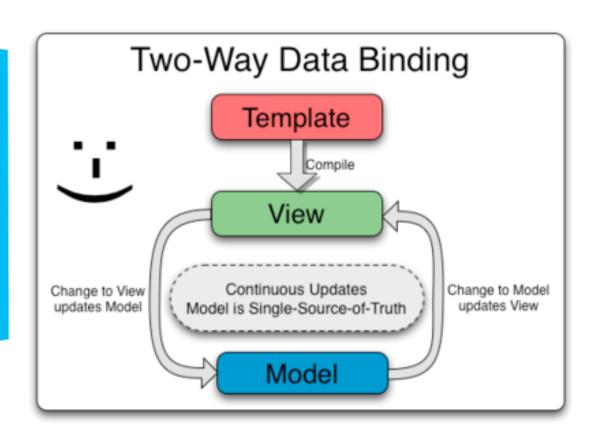
```
<button (click)="onBtnClick()">Click me!</button>
<input (keyup)="onKey($event)">
```

 \$event is an optional standard DOM event object. It is value is determined by the source of the event.

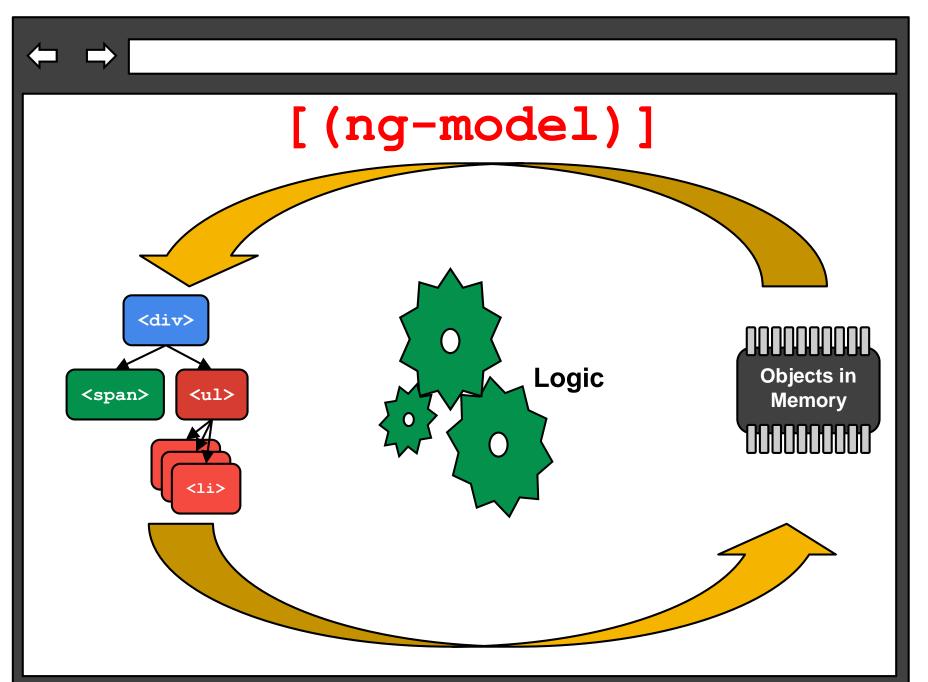
#### SearchComponent Example

```
@Component ({
  selector: 'search-product',
  template:
     `<form>
        <div>
          <input id="prodToFind" #prod>
          <button (click)="findProduct(prod)">Find Product</button>
          Product name: {{product.name}}
        </div>
      </form>
class SearchComponent {
  product: Product;
   findProduct(product) {
    // Implementation of the click handler goes here
```

#### Two Way Binding





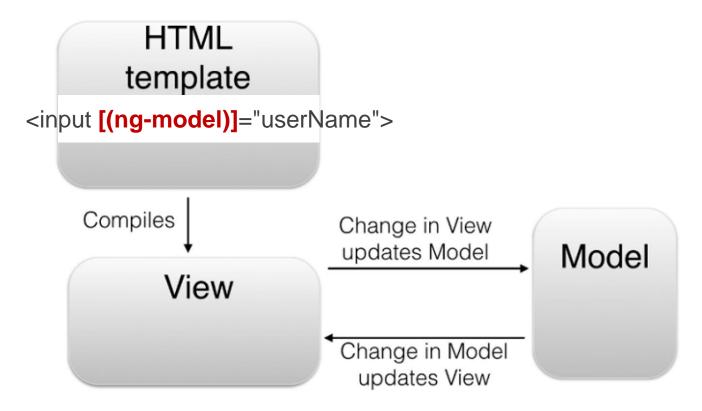


#### **Two Way Binding**

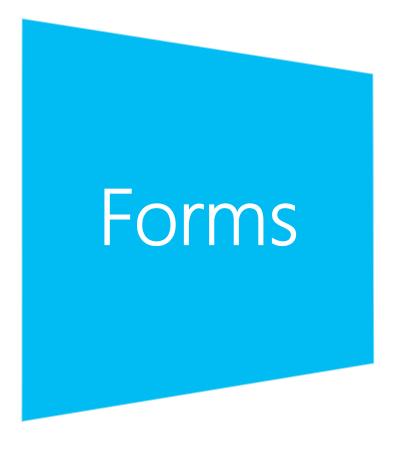
- Automatic propagation of data changes between the model and the view
- Using ngModel
  - On input
  - On select
  - On textarea

```
<input type="text" [(ng-model)]="object.property" />
<input type="text" [(ng-model)]="property" />
<input type="text" [(ng-model)] = "object.container.property" />
```

#### **Two-way binding**



**ng-model** will display the userName in a view and it will automatically update it in case it changes in the model. If the user modifies the userName on the view then the changes are propagated to the model. Such a **two-directional** updates mechanism is called two-way data binding







#### **Forms**

- Provides declarative form validation so that the user can be notified of invalid input. This provides a better user experience, because the user gets instant feedback on how to correct the error.
- Input fields declared as: required, email
- ToDo: Complete this section

#### **Validation**

- Default validation
  - Required makes property required
  - ngPattern regex pattern
  - Form Properties valid / invalid
  - CSS Classes classes can be styled

# Routing and views





#### **Routes**

- Implement client-side navigation for SPA:
  - Configure routes, map them to the corresponding components in a declarative way.
- In SPA, we want to be able to change a URL fragment that won't result in full page refresh, but would do a partial page update
- Defines the app navigation in @RouteConfig annotation
  - On URL change => load a particular component

#### **Angular 2 Router**

- RouterOutlet a directive that serves as a placeholder within your Web page where the router should render the component
- @RouteConfig an annotation to map URLs to components to be rendered inside the <routeroutlet></router-outlet> area
- RouteParams a service for passing parameter to a component rendered by the router
- RouterLink a directive to declare a link to a view and may contain optional parameters to be passed to the component

#### Router Programming Steps (1 of 2)

- 1. Configure the router on the root component level to map the URL fragments to the corresponding named components
- If some of the components expect to receive input values, you can use route params
- Needs

```
import {ROUTE_DIRECTIVES} from 'angular2/angular2';
directives: [ROUTE_DIRECTIVES] in @Component decorator
```

```
@RouteConfig([
     {path: '/', component: AppComponent, as: 'Home'},
     {path: '/hero/:id', component: HeroFormComponent, as: 'Hero'}
])
```

#### **Router Programming Steps (2 of 2)**

- 2. Add <router-outlet></router-outlet> to the view to specify where the router will render the component
- 3. Add the HTML anchor tags with [router-link] attribute, so when the user clicks on the link the router will render the corresponding component.
- Think of [router-link] as href attribute of anchor tag

This is the **route name** specified in the **as** attribute of the route defined in @RouteConfig

```
<a [router-link]="['Home']">Home</a>
<a [router-link]="['Hero', {id: 1234}]">
Hero</a>
<router-outlet></router-outlet>
```

#### **Route Parameters**

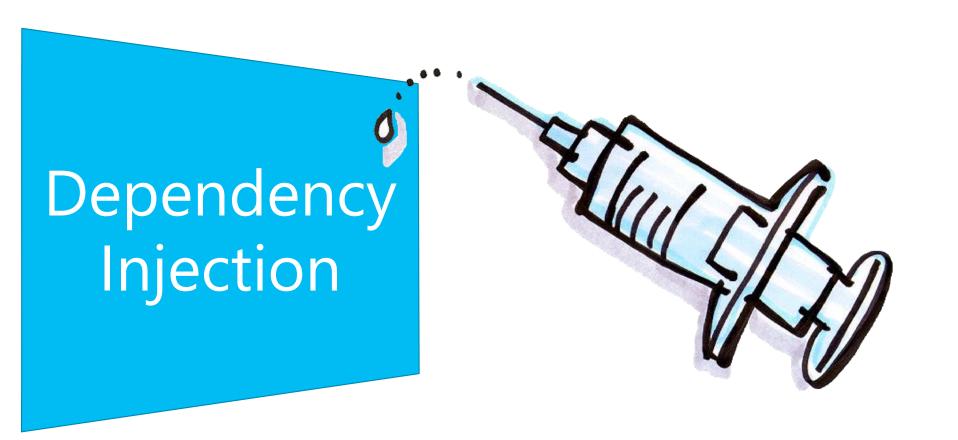
Route parameters start with ":"

```
@RouteConfig([
{path: '/product/:id', component: ProductDetailComponent, as: 'ProductDetail'}
])
```

You can use them later in ViewModel constructor

```
export class ProductDetailComponent {
    productID:string;

    constructor(params : RouteParams) {
        this.productID = params.get('id');
    }
}
```





#### **Dependency Injection**

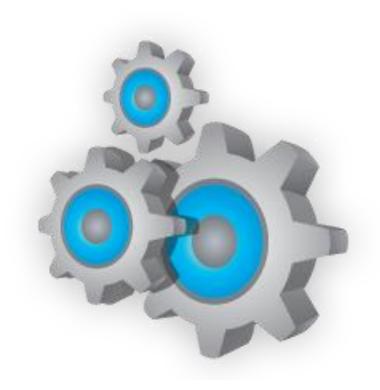
- Dependency Injection is a design pattern that inverts the way of creating objects your code depends on.
- Instead of explicitly creating object instances (e.g. with new) the framework will create and inject them into your code.
- Angular comes with a dependency injection module.
- You can inject dependencies into the component only via its constructor

#### **Dependency Injection**

```
@Component({
  selector: 'search-product',
  viewProvider: [ProductService],
  template: [<div>...<div>]
})
class SearchComponent {
  products: Array<Product> = [];
  constructor (productService: ProductService) {
    this.products = this.productService.getProducts();
```

- Inject the ProductService object into the SearchComponent by declaring it as a constructor argument
- Angular will instantiate the ProductService and provide its reference to the SearchComponent.

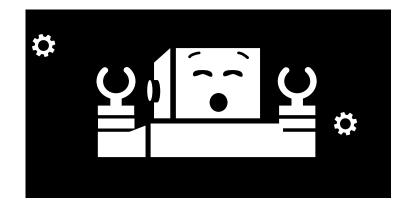
### Client-side Services





#### **ToDo**

# Ajax with \$http





#### **Ajax with \$http**

- \$http service
  - Used for calling remote REST services
  - Communication is asynchronous

```
var request = $http(
```

#### **Summary**

- ToDo
- Angular routes allows you to create modular and responsive app

#### Resources

Angular Cheat Sheet

https://angular.io/cheatsheet

Tour of Heroes tutorial

https://angular.io/docs/ts/latest/tutorial/

http://angular.meteorhub.org/tutorials/angular2/

angular2-education – useful links

https://github.com/cexbrayat/angular2-education

Book

https://books.ninja-squad.com/angular2

https://ng-book.com/2