



SOFTWARE ANALYTICS REPORT

Application: 402 Project
Analysis label: no label
Analysis date: 2016/04/05 13:38
Report date: 2016/04/05 15:51

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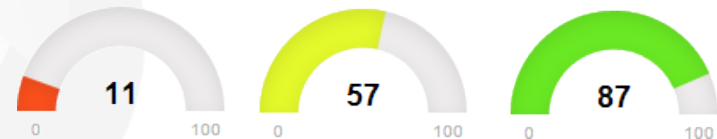
SOFTWARE EVALUATION METHODOLOGY

checkIng Quality Model for Software (CQM) is Kiuwan methodology for evaluating the internal quality of a software product. **CQM is ISO-9126 based.** It defines us the internal quality scope and characteristics. CQM simplifies ISO 9126 focusing on internal quality. CQM proposes indicators for the following software characteristics:

- **Security.** The capability of the software product to protect information and data so that unauthorised persons or systems cannot read or modify them and authorised persons or systems are not denied access to them.
- **Reliability.** The capability of the software product to maintain a specified level of performance.
- **Efficiency.** The capability of the software product to provide appropriate performance relative to the amount of resources used under stated conditions.
- **Maintainability.** The capability of the software product to be modified. Modifications may include corrections, improvements or adaptability of the software to changes in environment and in requirements and functional specifications.
- **Portability.** The capability of the software product to be transferred from one environment to another.

CQM indicators are normalised to represent these regions:

- **0-30 region.** The characteristic pointed to by the indicator is in the RED zone. Improvements are needed.
- **30-70 region.** Represented by YELLOW and means that you have to keep your mind on this indicator. Your next moves will depend on your requirements.
- **70-100 region.** The GREEN zone. This is the zone where all indicators must be. No critical defects founded.



This normalisation allows the comparison of different characteristics between them; this means that you can say if the software is more maintainable than it is efficient or reliable. You are going to compare different version of the same application over time because the meaning of the indicator does not change. You can even compare two different technology applications.

APPLICATION & ANALYSIS INFORMATION

Kiuwan've analyzed for you a set of source files that is called application. In order to put in context this analysis and your results, kiuwan is going to give you some statistics:

Analysis Info

label	no label
date	2016/04/05 09:38
ordered by	Sabrina Gannon
encoding	UTF-8
analyzed path	Archive.zip
languages found	html, java, javascript
analyzed files	10
unparsed files	0
unrecognized files	-

Application Info

name	402 Project
Bussiness value	medium
Times analyzed	3

Model Info

model name	CQM
model version	v1.1.15b
engine version	-
active rules	7,326
active metrics	116

Note:

- unparsed files are the source code files of your application that kiuwan engine couldn't read during the analysis process.
- unrecognized files are the ones that were in your analyzed path but they aren't source code or they contains code in languages that Kiuwan doesn't support yet.

RISK INDEX

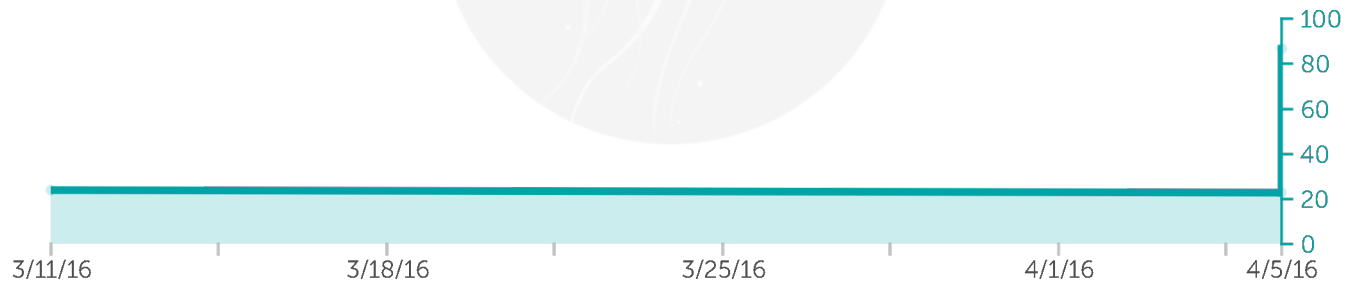
Risk index represents the potential problems that you are assuming for not paying attention to the quality of your source code. So far as you are (measured in effort) to get an acceptable quality level.

It is a number that concentrates all the evidence found in the source code of your application. It has been used your quality indicator and the effort that you need to spend to reach the quality level set as goal for you. So if you have poor quality, but if the effort needed to get better is low you are not assuming a high risk in this application because you are going to repair your problems easily. But if your effort needed to get better is very high your risk index will be high too.

Pay attention to risk index evolution in time.

Risk index

86.83 



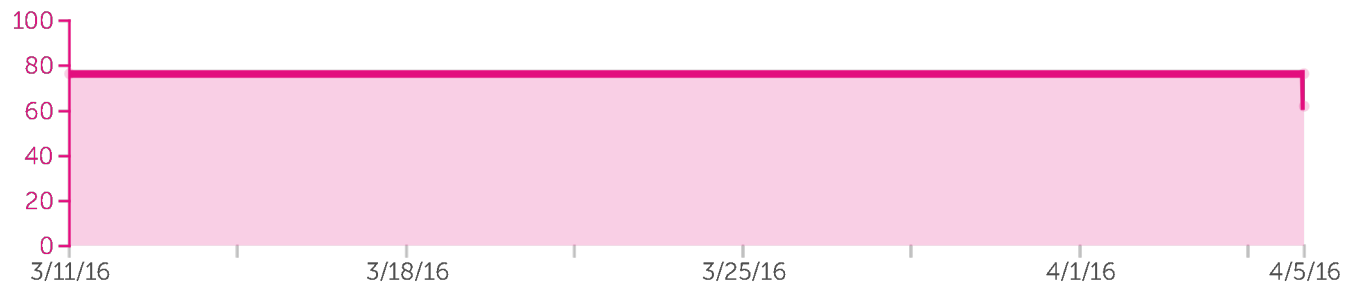
QUALITY

You get your global indicator at the right and a breakdown in software characteristics.

Pay attention to the **target values** that have been set when you configure your application. It is important that you know if your quality is better or not that these values and you modify them according to your requirements.

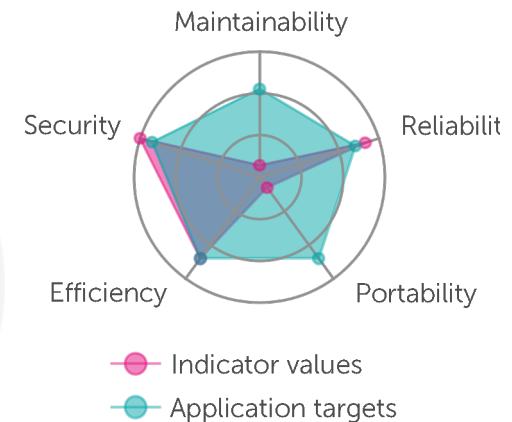
The quality evolution is another important point. **Are you improving?**

Characteristic	Quality	App. target
Maintainability	9	70
Reliability	88	80
Portability	10	80
Efficiency	80	80
Security	100	90



Global indicator

62.11 ↓



REPARATION EFFORTS

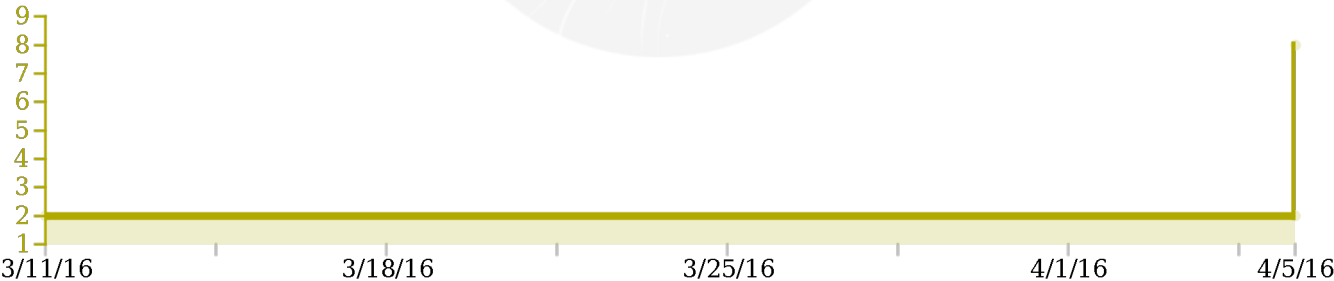
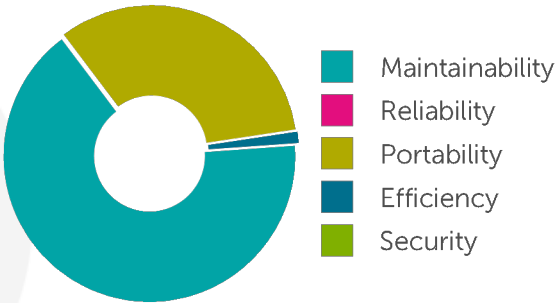
Now you know your quality level, you'll want to know how much it will cost to reach your goal.

We've calculated for you the minimum set of defects will be corrected to achieve it. Here's what you need to invest. You can configure (for accuracy) the effort needed to correct each defect type.

Effort to target

8 hours 

Characteristic	Effort to target
Maintainability	5 h
Reliability	0 h
Portability	3 h
Efficiency	0 h
Security	0 h



MAIN METRIC VALUES

We've computed some metrics of your source code. Below are shown the most important ones.

- **Lines of code.** Excluding commented lines and blank lines.
- **Function points.** Functional size calculated by backfiring strategy.
- **Avg complexity.** Average of each function (or method).
- **Dup code.** The ratio of the duplicated code.

Lines of code

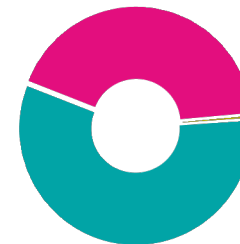
Function points

Average complexity

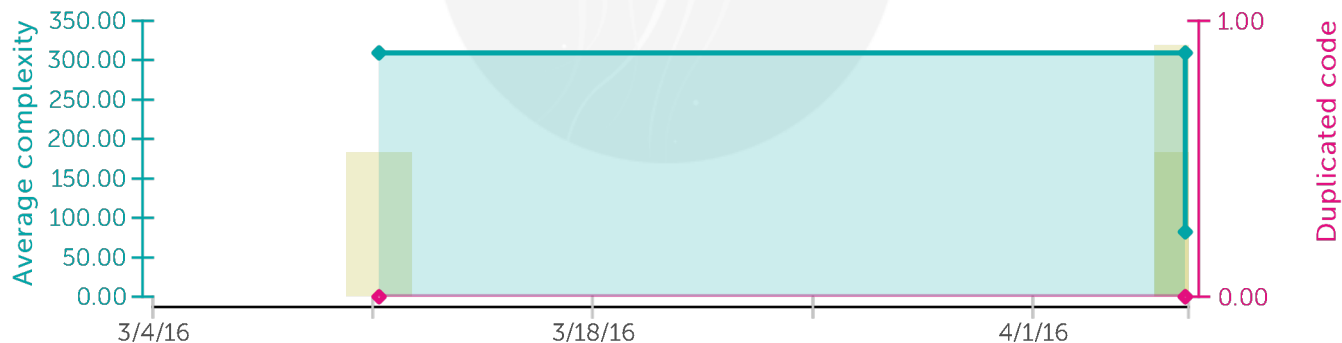
Duplicated code

319 ↑
7 ↑
82.00 ↓
0.00% ◇

Lines of code by technology



html
java
javascript



* lines of code are represented as bars

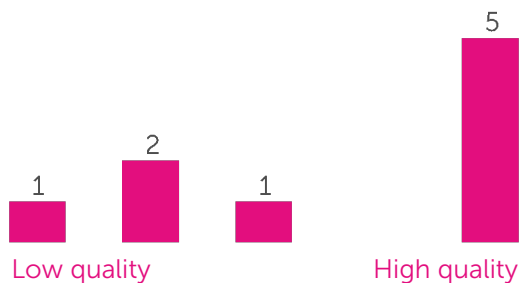
QUALITY DISTRIBUTION IN FILES

It's important to know if your quality is distributed homogeneously through files. In the chart we've used **quintiles** dividing the file quality value in five equal sized subsets, and then we tell you how many files fall in each subset.

In the table, you have a list of the files (the worst ones) that have reduce their quality indicator from previous analysis. If this is your first analysis, you will get the files with the lower quality values.

File name	Indicator	Previous	Delta
.../underscore.js	41.86	41.86	0
.../500.html	99.9	99.9	0
.../404.html	99.9	99.9	0
.../422.html	99.9	99.9	0
.../application.js	100	100	0
.../Producer.java	63.26	-	-
.../Consumer.java	64.98	-	-
.../Segment.java	67.85	-	-
.../Run.java	99.93	-	-

Global indicator



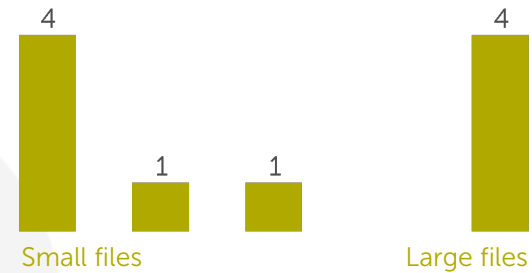
METRIC DISTRIBUTION IN FILES

It's important to know if your metrics are distributed homogeneously through files. We've used **quintiles** dividing the file level metric values in five equal sized subsets, and then we tell you how many files fall in each subset.

We give you the most three popular metrics:

- **size** as lines of code of each file.
- **complexity** as average cyclomatic complexity of each function per file.
- **dup code** as the ratio of the duplicated code of each file.

Size



Complexity



Low ratio

High ratio

TOP 10 REPAIR FIRST DEFECTS

Here you have a list of top 10 defect types that you have in your application. These defects are the ones that once eliminated give more benefit by unit time of effort. If you want to start fixing quality issues, you must start with this to maximize your time.

Rank	Defects	Files	Rule name	Lang.	Characteristic	Priority	Effort
1	1	1	Avoid assignment in conditions.	javascript	Reliability	1	6m
2	1	1	Provide Javadoc comments for public fields.	java	Maintainability	2	6m
3	1	1	Do not update control vars in 'for' loop body.	javascript	Maintainability	1	30m
4	1	1	Avoid loops (while, do/while, for) with empty body.	javascript	Maintainability	1	30m
5	2	1	Avoid statements without semicolon.	javascript	Maintainability	2	6m
6	1	1	Use specialized library instead of System.out or System.err for logging	java	Efficiency	2	6m
7	1	1	Define variables with var.	javascript	Reliability	2	6m
8	1	1	Cyclomatic complexity.	java	Maintainability	1	4h
9	1	1	Non-portable function check.	javascript	Portability	2	6m
10	1	1	Provide Javadoc comments for public classes and interfaces.	java	Maintainability	2	30m

If you want a complete list of defects to repair in order to reach a quality target or to spend a bag of budgeted hours you can take an **action plan** report from kiuwan.com in **what if** function.

ABOUT OPTIMYTH

Optimyth is an independent software company specialized in solutions to support large companies with their rationalization, quality and productivity management initiatives whilst improving the overall maintainability of the software estate. Our solutions raise the quality and increase the performance of business systems. They improve the efficiency, cost control and productivity within an organization, thus achieving maximum IT value.

These solutions are based on our state of the art checking products: an Integrated Application Quality Management Portal which aggregates information from all the stages of a development life cycle into one "single pane of glass". And, an Application Inventory Management system that allows companies to untangle the complexity of their application through automatic discovery of software components, and the relationships between them at different levels, enabling rationalization initiatives and impact analysis capabilities to reduce maintenance costs.

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