

### Meet the team!



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#### Company Name

QSIDE (Quantitative Studies of Inclusion, Diversity, and Equity) Institute

#### **Founders**

Chad Topaz, Ph.D. Jude Higdon, Ed.D.

### Fundamental Principles

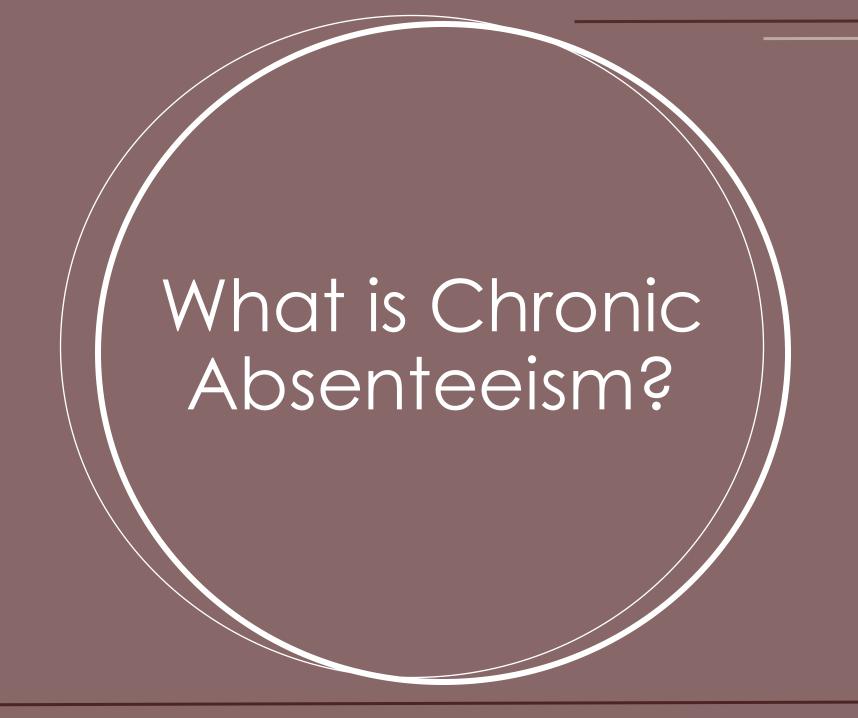
- Science First: We rely on scientific consensus as the basis for knowledge.
- Equity & Inclusion: We recognize and seek to address systemic exclusion based on identity and background.
- Respectful Dialogue: We welcome debate in the pursuit of justice—rooted in research, not denial of established facts.

#### Focus

QSIDE leads research-toaction projects, offering consulting for nonprofits and promoting the intersection of data science and social justice through education and community programs.

#### Established

Established as a 501(c)(3) nonprofit in 2019



### Chronic Absenteeism

• **Definition**: Students missing 10% or more of the school year, regardless of the reason. It includes both excused and unexcused absences. (Bauer et al., 2018)

#### Impact:

- Affects millions of students across the United States.
- A comprehensive indicator of student disengagement or hardship.

#### • Risks:

- Increased academic struggles and risk of falling behind.
- Higher likelihood of school dropout.
- Long-term socioeconomic consequences (Eklund et al., 2020).

### Our Focus Question

"What are the key indicators of a lack of school presence?"

### Goals



#1: Research topic

Establish key indicators on chronic absenteeism to be used to create our toy data

#2: Visualizations

Create data visualizations in Tableau that show these trends

#3: Storytelling

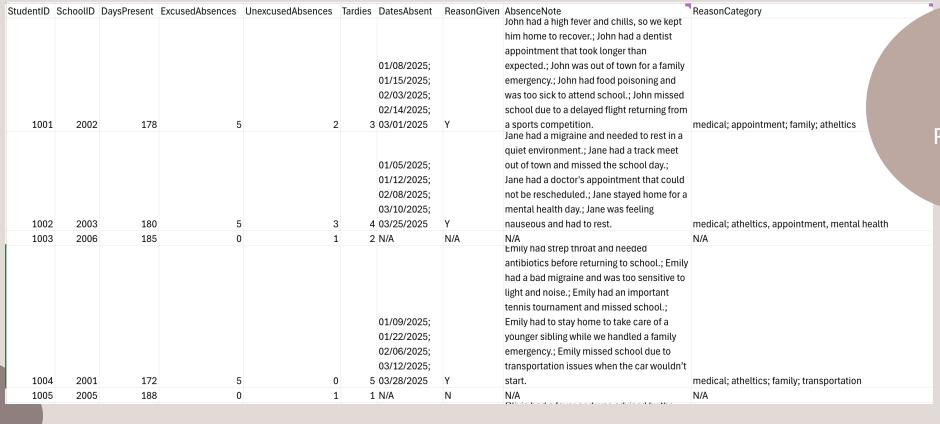
Create a dashboard to display all of our findings and conclusions



# Creating a Toy Data Set

- Size
  - 5 different excel sheets
    - Student demographics, ID\_MetaData, Individual School Trajectory, School Demographics, Student School Presence
- Attributes:
  - 25 fake students
    - Name, Address, Race/Ethnicity, Birthdate, Number of siblings, Socioeconomic Status(Low/Middle/High), Food Insecure(1-5), etc.
  - o 6 Real Illinois schools
  - 80 fake excused absence letters

# Toy Data Set Samples

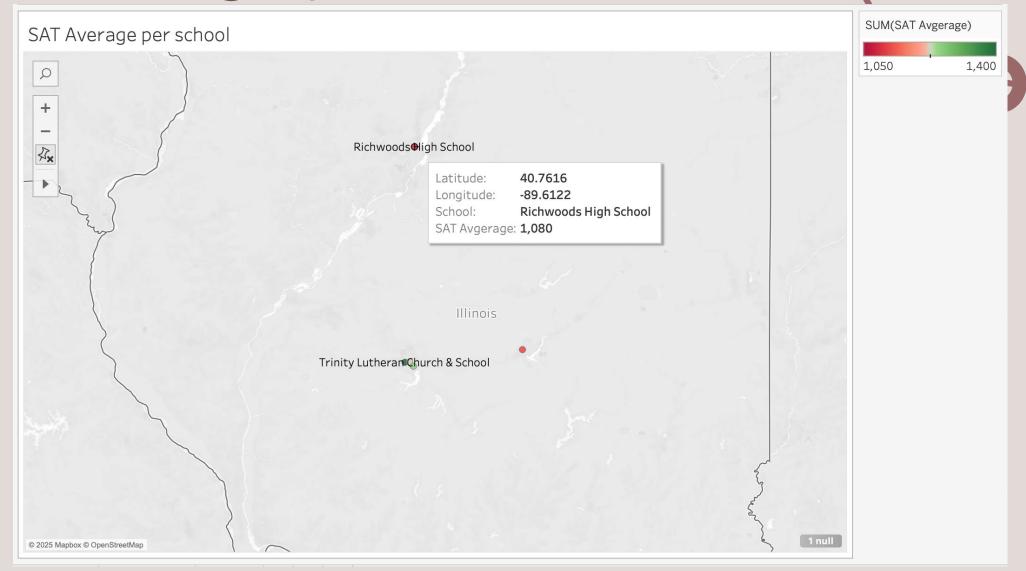


Student School Presence

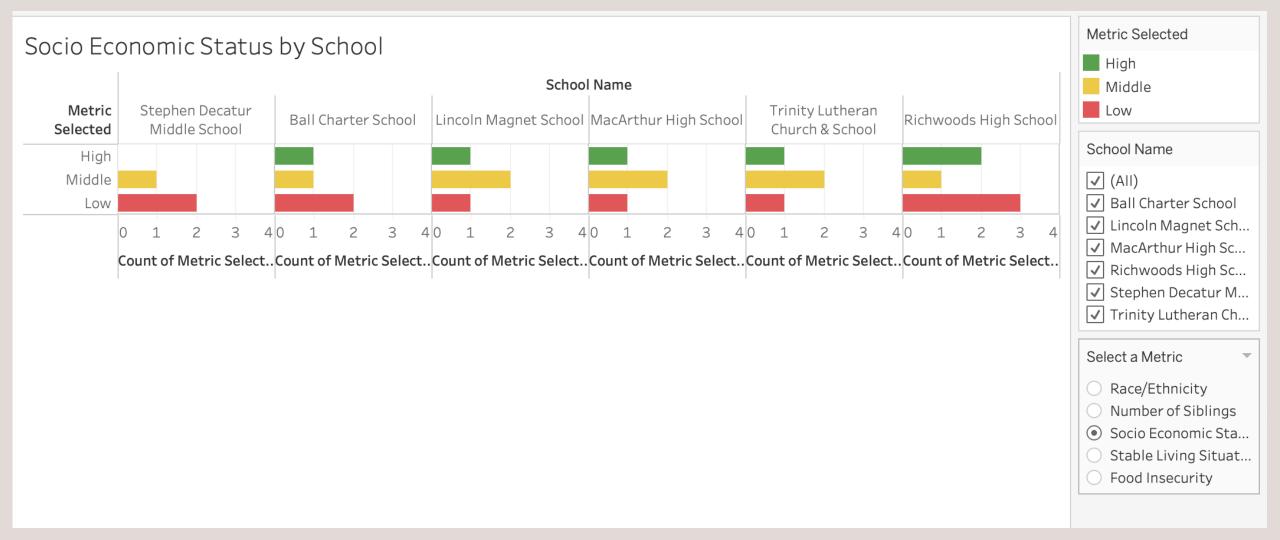
> Student Demographics

	StudentID	StudentFirstName	StudentLastName	Race/Ethnicity	GenderAssignedatBirth	GenderIdendity	Address	City	State	ZipCode B	irthdate	NumofSiblings S	SES	StableLivingSituation	FoodInsecure	3
	1001	John	Doe	Caucasian	Male	Non-Binary Femme	2421 Arrowhead Dr	Springfield	IL	62702	5/14/2008	2 L	_OW	2		1
	1002	Jane	Smith	Asian	Female	Cisgender Female	922 N 4th St	Springfield	IL	62702	9/21/2007	1	4iddle	3		4
	1003	Michael	Johnson	African American	Male	Cisgender Male	2213 W Chatsford Ct	Peoria	IL	61615	12/2/2006	3 H	High	1		5
	1004	Emily	Davis	Hispanic	Female	Pangender Fluid	344 Point Bluff Dr	Decatur	IL	62521	3/11/2009	0 L	_OW	5		2
	1005	William	Brown	Caucasian	Male	Genderqueer Femme	2001 Marland St	Springfield	IL	62702	7/30/2008	2 1	Middle	3		5

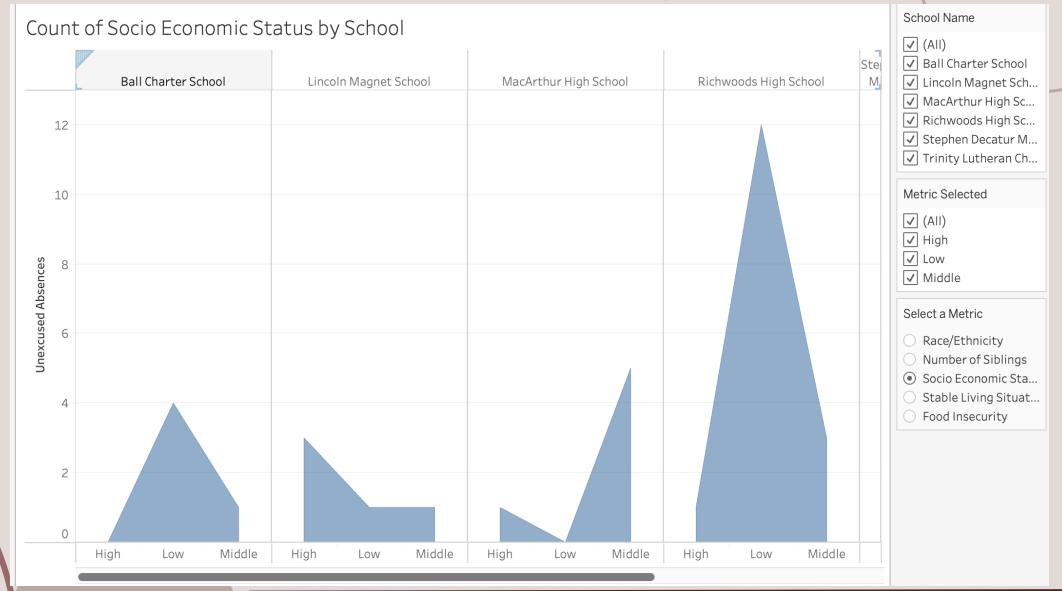
# SAT Average per School



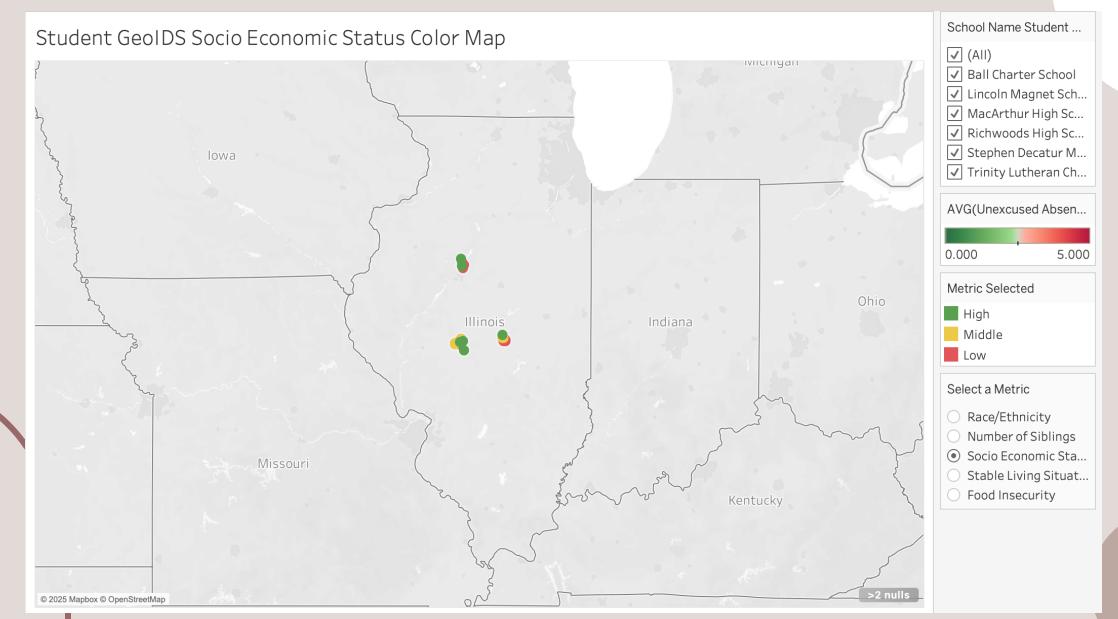
# Socioeconomic Status by School



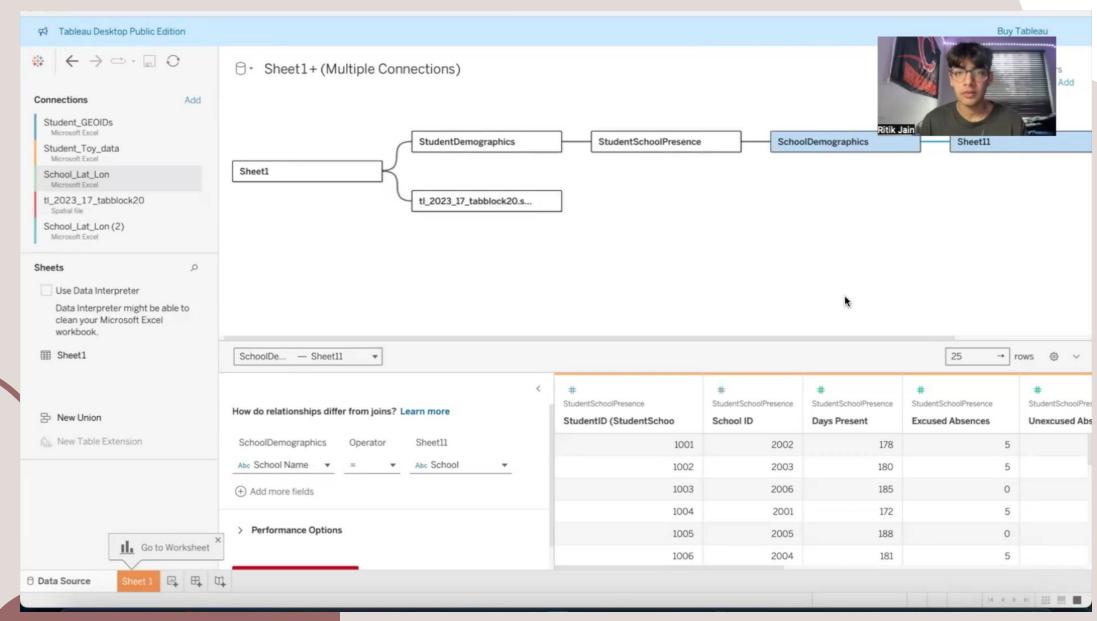
### Count of Socioeconomic Status by School



### Student GeolDs Socioeconomic Status



### Tableau Demo Video





### Conclusions

6-0

Our project explored chronic absenteeism using synthetic data and Tableau visualizations, examining key factors like socioeconomic status and school resources.

While relying on artificial data, the project provides a foundation for future work with real datasets, offering valuable insights into absenteeism patterns and school performance.

## Project Challenges

- Lack of Real-World Data: Had to create and use a synthetic "toy dataset" due to unavailability of real data.
- **Dataset Limitations:** Small dataset size and scope made it difficult to draw strong conclusions or identify consistent relationships.
- **Sparse Visualizations:** Visualizations appeared sparse or inconclusive due to the limited data, making it hard to identify clear patterns at first glance.
- Complexity of Chronic Absenteeism: Representing the nuanced, multifaceted issue
  of absenteeism within a limited dataset posed challenges in accurately conveying
  key insights.

### Future Work

01

02

03

)4

Guided Data
Collection:
Use our toy data
as a guide for site
leaders to collect
real data and
variables.

Integrate Real
Data into Tableau
Maps:
Implement real
data into our
current Tableau
maps to provide
accurate,
actionable
insights.

User-Friendly
Front-End:
Create an
intuitive interface
for non-technical
site leaders to
easily load their
data and
generate
visualizations.

Potential
Expansion:
Explore
expanding the
project to
address other
global issues (i.e.
urban
development or
poverty).

### What have we learned this semester?

- Tableau
- Utilizing Generative AI in an Open Source Project
- Teamwork
- Time management
- Data Mapping
- Running Efficient Meetings
- Pitching your work to a non-technical audience

# Thank you!

# Resources

### Resources

- Eklund, K., Burns, M. K., Oyen, K., DeMarchena, S., & McCollom, E. M. (2020). Addressing Chronic Absenteeism in Schools: A Meta-Analysis of Evidence-Based Interventions. School Psychology Review, 51(1), 95–111. https://doi.org/10.1080/2372966X.2020.1789436
- Gottfried, M. A. (2015). Chronic Absenteeism in the Classroom Context: Effects on Achievement. Urban Education, 54(1), 3-34. <a href="https://doi.org/10.1177/0042085915618709">https://doi.org/10.1177/0042085915618709</a> (Original work published 2019)
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- Teen Talk. (n.d.). Gender Identity. Retrieved from <a href="https://teentalk.ca/learn-about/gender-identity/#:~:text=There%20are%20many%20different%20gender,or%20a%20combination%20of%20these.">https://teentalk.ca/learn-about/gender-identity/#:~:text=There%20are%20many%20different%20gender,or%20a%20combination%20of%20these.</a>