# ANNOUNCEMENTS

- Our new course calendar is now available at: https://tinyurl.com/gpiF20
- For those of you watching asynchronously, we're making async breakout sessions! Check out Piazza for more details!
- **sportslab** is due at **11:59 pm** tonight!
- This week's extratation will be **Summer Opportunities**. Watch **Piazza** for an announcement soon!



# PET TAX



Dugs



Delphi

INSTALLATION

02 WRITING MATH



\$P.



03 WRITING CODE

MACRO MAGIC



# INSTALLATION

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# TWO SCHOOLS OF THOUGHT



## OVERLEAF

- An online LaTeX editor
- Grab and go
- Chrome + Overleaf = 😈
- Need to be online
- Awesome for collaboration



## LOCAL

- Edit using your favorite IDE
- Might be a pain to setup
- Much better performance
- Can do homework on a plane
- Need to use git or Live Share



# WRITING MATH

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## I WANNA MAKE MATH PRETTY

LaTeX's main purpose is to make typesetting easy for technical and scientific documents, most often math (e.g. **15-151 bonus**).

#### **Modes**

Math has to be written within a "math-mode" to differentiate from regular text.

- a. Inline: Write math-formatted text inline
  - i.  $\frac{x + y}{12}$
- b. Labeled Equation: Centered equation on newline
  - i. \begin{equation} \label{ezmath} 1 + 1 = 2 \end{equation}
  - ii. Labels can later be linked to: \hyperref{ezmath}
- c. Unlabeled Equation: Centered equation on newline
  - i. [1 + 1 = 2]

## BUT I RAN OUT OF SPACE

#### Alignment

Math can be split over multiple lines and better styled with alignment;

- & is the alignment keyword and sets the points where equations are vertically aligned
- Numbered Equation: Centered equations aligned at &
  - \begin{align} a &= b\\ &= c \end{align}
  - Protip: You can suppress the line numbers with \begin{align\*} instead
  - **Protip:** Use \tag{...} to cite your lines!
- Multline Equation: Centered equations with no alignment points
  - e.g. \begin{multline} a + b + c + d\\ e + f + g + h\end{multline}

## USEFUL FEATURES

## EQUATIONS

- \begin{equation}
  - **\end{equation}**
- More:
- o \begin{multline\*}
  - o \begin{align\*}
  - o \begin{gather\*}
  - o \begin{cases}

### RELATION & BINARY OPERATORS

- General
  - +, -, \div, \times, \pm, \ge,
    \geq
- Trigonometric
  - \sin, \cos, \tan
- Set
  - \in,\subset,\subseteq
- Calculus (templated)

### MATRICES

- \begin{matrix}1 & 2 & 3\\4 & 5 & 6\end{matrix}
- More:
  - pmatrix, bmatrix, Bmatrix, vmatrix, Vmatrix

### LETTERS & SYMBOLS

- Greek letters
  - SYMBOL\_NAME (e.g. \mu)
- Arrows
  - \DIR\_ARROW(e.g. \rightarrow)
- \infty, \nabla, \emptyset, \neg

#### PROOFS

- \newtheorem{...}
- \begin{proof}...\end{proof}
- More:
  - Induction (templated)
  - QED stylings (templated)

### PROBABILITY

- $P(A \setminus B) \rightarrow P(A|B)$
- \binom{n}{k}
- \bar
- \hat
- A \perp B
- Probability, combinations, expectation, variance (templated)

## DON'T FALL INTO A PIT

#### **Quotations**

- V Two backticks start, two single quotations end:
- National This will not work: "..."

#### **Math Mode**

- 🚫 \$\$...\$\$ is no longer supported by LaTeX
- VUse \[...\] instead.

#### Parentheses

- S Do not use parenthesis like (5 \* f(x))
- Instead use \left( and \right) every time for correct sizing

#### **Special Characters**

- When using the letter L as a variable name, use **\ell** so it looks like  $\ell$  instead of l
- A number of special characters exist in LaTeX. To show up in output, the character must be escaped:
  - $\overline{(\circ \ \&, \%, \$, \#, \_, \{,\})} \rightarrow (\&, \%, \$, \setminus\_, \setminus\#, \setminus\_, \setminus\{, \setminus\})$
  - ~,^,\→\textasciitilde,\textasciicircum, \textbackslash

#### **Newline**

- \\ should NOT be used for text newlines
  - This command has different meanings under different environments. Be explicit with using \newline, \linebreak, or \par instead.



# WRITING CODE

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# BUT MACKEY, I JUST WANNA CODE

## VERBATIM

It's the 1980s guys. People have **typewriters**. With LaTeX, you have typewriters on your computer:

- \begin{verbatim}...\end{verbatim}
- Will type out exactly what you type in, as if you were writing on a typewriter
- By default will turn text into monospace text (i.e. code style)

#### Special commands:

- Emphasize whitespace
  - O \begin{verbatim\*}

**\end**{verbatim\*}

- Verbatim environment
  - \verb|...|

## LISTINGS

Aight LaTeX moved to the **21st century** now. Way more bells and whistles to play around with:

- \begin{lstlisting}[options=...]\cdots\end{lstlisting}
- Will also create monospace text, but way more configuration options:
  - Language: [options]
  - Syntax highlighting:
    - [keywordstyle, stringstyle, commentstyle, morecomment]

#### Special commands:

- Listings environment inline
  - \lstinline{...}
- Import code from file
  - O \begin{lstlisting}{path\_to\_file}



# MACRO MAGIC







# FACTS OF LIFE

#### LaTeX is noice.

- It makes math look pretty.
- You can type complicated symbols.
- It makes code look pretty.

#### LaTeX is a good to know.

- You get bonus points in 15-151.
- Pretty is better than ugly.

#### LaTeX is a need to know.

- Some classes will require your homework to be typeset.
- Some classes will require your homework to be typeset. x2
- Conferences will require a .tex source of your paper.
- Collaboration on large papers for non-LaTeX mediums is almost impossible.

# BUT AT WHAT COST?

- Everything has **tradeoffs**.
- Typesetting is **glorious** but **time-consuming**.
- But it doesn't have to be!
- You can create your **own commands** to template out commonly used things in your homework workflow for the rest of your college career.
- The sooner you start, the more time you'll save!

## COMMAND CENTER

- \newcommand{\NAME}[#]{...}
  - o \newcommand{\R}{\mathbb{R}}}
  - o \newcommand{\dotseparated}[2]{#1 \cdot #2}
- Be cautious of whether your command will be used in math mode or not.
- You might need to use \renewcommand if a prexisting command has the same name.
- You can use these for titles, problems, common proof templates (induction), etc.
- In fact you can use our own LaTeX template for homeworks at CMU!!!

# Closing Thoughts

- Practice, Practice
- <u>Template</u>
- LaTeX Cheat Sheet
- Ask Questions
  - o <u>StackOverflow</u>
  - LaTeX Community
- Make Things!

## LAB PRO TIPS

- Please go through the writeup on Autolab before starting this week!
- Each task has a header describing what you will do in the file!
- Remember to uncomment the task in main.tex to work on it!
- There may be hints at the bottom of each lab to help you along:)
- The syntax for zipping a set of files (file1, file2, file3, for example) is as follows:

## zip archivename.zip filename1 filename2 filename3

- You can rename a project in Overleaf by selecting the project, going to "More", and then applying rename!
- The Makefile will only work if you have a LaTeX installation!