# Introductory E&M Practice Problems

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### **Useful Constants**

Electron Mass =  $9.11 \times 10^{-31}$  kg Proton Mass =  $1.67 \times 10^{-27}$  kg Elementary Charge =  $1.602 \times 10^{-19}$  C Coulomb's Constant =  $8.99 \times 10^9$  Nm²/C² Permittivity of Free Space =  $8.85 \times 10^{-12}$  F/m Permeability of Free Space =  $1.26 \times 10^{-6}$  m kg/s²A²

### 1 Mirrors

#### 1.1 Plane Mirror

Our good friend Bob the college student has a date with a beautiful girl tonight! Sadly, he is a scruffy guy, so he needs to clean up before his date. He wants to go out to buy a mirror so he can comb his hair properly, but he needs to save as much money as possible for dinner at a super fancy restaurant. How tall of a mirror should Bob buy if he is 6 feet tall and he wants to see his entire body all at once?

 $\Rightarrow$  3 ft

#### 1.2 Mirror Problem #1

A converging mirror has a focal length of |f| = 10 cm. I place an object with a height of 6 cm, 30 cm in front of the mirror.

- A) What is the final image distance?
- B) What is the final image height?
- C) Is it in front of the mirror or behind the mirror?
- D) Is it real or virtual?
- E) Is it upright or inverted?

#### 1.3 Mirror Problem #2

A diverging mirror has a focal length of |f| = 15 cm. I place an object with a height of 6 cm, 10 cm in front of the mirror.

- A) What is the final image distance?
- B) What is the final image height?
- C) Is it in front of the mirror or behind the mirror?
- D) Is it real or virtual?
- E) Is it upright or inverted?

#### 1.4 Mirror Problem #3

A converging mirror has a focal length of |f| = 40 cm. I place an object with a height of 5 cm, 10 cm in front of the mirror.

- A) What is the final image distance?
- B) What is the final image height?
- C) Is it in front of the mirror or behind the mirror?
- D) Is it real or virtual?
- E) Is it upright or inverted?

# 1.5 Mirror Problem #4

A diverging mirror has a focal length of |f|=20 cm. I place an object with a height of 12 cm, 30 cm in front of the mirror.

- What is the final image distance?
- What is the final image height?
- Is it in front of the mirror or behind the mirror?
- Is it real or virtual?
- Is it upright or inverted?

### 2 Lenses

### 2.1 Lens Problem #1

A converging lens has a focal length of |f| = 10 cm. I place an object with a height of 6 cm, 30 cm in front of the lens.

- What is the final image distance?
- What is the final image height?
- Is it in front of the lens or behind the lens?
- Is it real or virtual?
- Is it upright or inverted?

### 2.2 Lens Problem #2

A diverging lens has a focal length of |f| = 15 cm. I place an object 10 cm in front of the lens.

- What is the final image distance?
- What is the final image height?
- Is it in front of the lens or behind the lens?
- Is it real or virtual?
- Is it upright or inverted?

### 2.3 Lens Problem #3

A converging lens has a focal length of |f| = 40 cm. I place an object with height 5 cm, 10 cm in front of the lens.

- What is the final image distance?
- What is the final image height?
- Is it in front of the lens or behind the lens?
- Is it real or virtual?
- Is it upright or inverted?

#### 2.4 Lens Problem #4

A diverging lens has a focal length of |f| = 20 cm. I place an object with height 12 cm, 30 cm in front of the lens.

- What is the final image distance?
- What is the final image height?

- Is it in front of the lens or behind the lens?
- Is it real or virtual?
- Is it upright or inverted?

# 3 Interference Effects

### 3.1 Double Slit Experiment

A double slit apparatus has a slit width d = 10 cm. If I shine light with a wavelength of  $\lambda = 15$  cm on the slits, how many total bright fringes could I potentially see on the screen?

 $\Rightarrow 1$ 

### 3.2 Single Slit Experiment

A single slit apparatus with a slit width of 100 nm is 10 m from a screen. If I shine light with wavelength  $\lambda = 500$  nm on the slit, at what position would we see the first minimum?

 $\Rightarrow$  50 m from the center