

# Midi-FreshML Dynamic Semantics

With delayed permutations

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A is a list of used atoms (name values).

E is a stack of environments (an environment is a list of  $(id, val)$  pairs).

$\in$  denotes list membership, and  $dom(E')$  is the list of all ids in  $E'$ .

F is a list of frame stacks.

It is assumed all expressions have been type checked prior to evaluation.

A program consists of a sequence of name and data type declarations and expressions.

Let  $e_i$  be the  $i^{th}$  top-level expression in the program, then:

$$\begin{aligned} \mathcal{EXP}[\_, \_, \_, e_0] &\longrightarrow^* \textcolor{teal}{SUCCESS}[A_1, E_1, v] \\ \mathcal{EXP}[A_i, E_i, \_, e_i] &\longrightarrow^* \textcolor{teal}{SUCCESS}[A_{i+1}, E_{i+1}, v] \\ \mathcal{EXP}[A_i, E_i, \_, e_i] &\longrightarrow^* \textcolor{red}{FAIL} \end{aligned}$$

On success output the resultant value and evaluate the next expression.

On failure terminate evaluation and output an error message.

Id	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E' :: E, F, x] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E' :: E, F, cf(\pi * v)] \iff (x, \pi * v) \in E' \dagger$ $\mathcal{EXP}[A, E' :: E, F, x] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{FAIL} \iff (x, \_) \notin E'$
Ctor	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, C\ e] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (C\ \_) :: F, e]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (C\ \_) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, F, C\ v]$
Fresh	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{fresh} : N] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[a :: A, E, F, a] \iff a \notin A$
If	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{if } e_1 \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{if } \_ \text{ then } e_2 \text{ else } e_3) :: F, e_1]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\text{if } \_ \text{ then } e_1 \text{ else } e_2) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, e_1] \iff v = \text{true}$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\text{if } \_ \text{ then } e_1 \text{ else } e_2) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, e_2] \iff v = \text{false}$
Swap	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{swap } (e_1, e_2) \text{ in } e_3] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{swap } (\_, e_2) \text{ in } e_3) :: F, e_1]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\text{swap } (\_, e_1) \text{ in } e_2) :: F, a] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{swap } (a, \_) \text{ in } e_2) :: F, e_2]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\text{swap } (a_1, \_) \text{ in } e) :: F, a_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{swap } (a_1, a_2) \text{ in } \_) :: F, e]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\text{swap } (a_1, a_2) \text{ in } \_) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, F, cf([(a_1\ a_2)] * v)]$
Name Abs	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \ll e_1 \gg e_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\ll \_ \gg e_2) :: F, e_1]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\ll \_ \gg e) :: F, a] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\ll a \gg \_) :: F, e]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\ll a \gg \_) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, F, \ll a \gg v]$
Value	$\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, \_, v] \longrightarrow \textcolor{teal}{SUCCESS}[A, E, v]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E' :: E, (\text{end-}\lambda) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, F, v]$
Pair	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, (e_1, e_2)] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\_, e_2) :: F, e_1]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (\_, e) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (v, \_) :: F, e]$ $\textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, (v_1, \_) :: F, v_2] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E, F, (v_1, v_2)]$
Fun	$\mathcal{EXP}[A, E' :: E, F, \text{fun } (x : t) \rightarrow e] \longrightarrow \textcolor{red}{VAL}[A, E' :: E, F, \text{fun } (x : t) \rightarrow e\ [E']]$

BinOp	<p>Let <math>\odot \in \{/, *, +, -, &gt;, \geq, &lt;, \leq, =, \wedge\}</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, e_1 \odot e_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\_ \odot e_2) :: F, e_1]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\_ \odot e) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (v \odot \_) :: F, e]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (v_1 \odot \_) :: F, v_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{VAL}[A, E, F, v_3] \iff v_3 = (\text{cf}(v_1) \odot \text{cf}(v_2)) \ddagger</math></p>
UnOp	<p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \sim e] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\sim \_) :: F, e]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\sim \_) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{VAL}[A, E, F, -\text{cf}(v)]</math></p>
App	<p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, e_1 e_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\_ e_2) :: F, e_1]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\_ e) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (v \_) :: F, e]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (v_1 \_) :: F, v_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, ((x, v_2) :: E') :: E, (\text{end}-\lambda) :: F, e]</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><math>\iff v_1 = \text{fun } (x : t) \rightarrow e [E']</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (v_1 \_) :: F, v_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, ((f, v_1) :: (x, v_2) :: E') :: E, (\text{end}-\lambda) :: F, e]</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><math>\iff v_1 = f(x : t_1) : t_2 = e [E']</math></p>
Match	<p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{match } e \text{ with } \text{branch}] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{match } \_ \text{ with } \text{branch}) :: F, e]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E' :: E, (\text{match } \_ \text{ with }   p \rightarrow e) :: F, v] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E' :: E' :: E, [], (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: (\text{end}-\lambda) :: F, \text{false}, v]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E' :: E, (\text{match } \_ \text{ with }   p \rightarrow e   \text{branch}) :: F, \text{false}, v] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E' :: E' :: E, [(\text{branch}, v)], (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: (\text{end}-\lambda) :: F, \text{false}, v]</math></p>
Let	<p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{let } p = e_1 \text{ in } e_2] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } e_2) :: F, e_1]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, [], (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, \text{false}, v]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{let } f(x : t_1) : t_2 = e_1 \text{ in } e_2] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, ((f, f(x : t_1) : t_2 = e_1 [E']) :: E') :: E, F, e_2]</math></p>
TopLet	<p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{let } p = e] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, (\text{let } p = \_ ) :: F, e]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\text{let } p = \_ ) :: F, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, [], (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } v) :: F, \text{true}, v]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, \text{let } f(x : t_1) : t_2 = e] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, ((f, v) :: E') :: E, F, v]</math></p> <p style="text-align: right;"><math>\iff v = f(x : t_1) : t_2 = e [E']</math></p>
Pattern	<p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } \_ = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, e] \quad (\text{don't care pattern})</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, [], (\text{let } x = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, ((x, v) :: E') :: E, F, e]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, (\text{let } l = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, v] \longrightarrow \mathcal{EXP}[A, E, F, e] \iff l \text{ is a literal } \wedge l = v</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E' :: E, (\text{branch}, v') :: [], (\text{let } l = \_ \text{ in } e) :: (\text{end}-\lambda) :: F, b, v] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\text{match } \_ \text{ with } \text{branch}) :: F, v'] \iff l \text{ is a literal } \wedge l \neq v</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } l = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, v] \longrightarrow \text{FAIL} \iff l \text{ is a literal } \wedge l \neq v</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } C p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, C v] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, v]</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E' :: E, (\text{branch}, v') :: [], (\text{let } C p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: (\text{end}-\lambda) :: F, b, C' v] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{VAL}[A, E, (\text{match } \_ \text{ with } \text{branch}) :: F, v'] \iff C \neq C'</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, [], (\text{let } C p = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, C' v] \longrightarrow \text{FAIL} \iff C \neq C'</math></p> <p><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } \ll p_1 \gg p_2 = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, \ll v_1 \gg v_2] \longrightarrow</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\mathcal{MATCH}[A' @ A, E, M, (\text{let } p_1 = \_ \text{ in } (\text{let } p_2 = \pi * v_2 \text{ in } e)) :: F, b, \pi * v_1]</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>\iff \pi = [(a a') \mid a \in \text{support}(v_1) \wedge a' \notin A] \wedge \dagger\dagger</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><math>A' = [a' \mid a' \in \pi \wedge a' \notin A]</math></p>

$$\left| \begin{array}{l} \textcolor{blue}{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } () = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, ()] \longrightarrow \textcolor{green}{EXP}[A, E, F, e] \\ \textcolor{blue}{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } (p_1, p_2) = \_ \text{ in } e) :: F, b, (v_1, v_2)] \longrightarrow \\ \textcolor{blue}{MATCH}[A, E, M, (\text{let } p_1 = \_ \text{ in } (\text{let } p_2 = v_2 \text{ in } e))] :: F, b, v_1 \end{array} \right|$$

† The auxiliary function  $\text{cf}(-)$  takes a value with delayed permutation  $v_p$  and pushes the permutation through the first level of its structure, thus making the outermost constructor manifest. It is defined as follows:

$$\begin{aligned} \text{cf}(\pi * l) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} l \iff l \text{ is an int, real, bool or string literal} \\ \text{cf}(\pi * ()) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} () \\ \text{cf}(\pi * a) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \pi(a) \\ \text{cf}(\pi * C(v)) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} C(\pi * v) \\ \text{cf}(\pi * (v, v')) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (\pi * v, \pi * v') \\ \text{cf}(\pi * \ll v \gg v') &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \ll \text{cf}(\pi * v) \gg \pi * v' \\ \text{cf}(\pi * (\text{fun } (x : t) \rightarrow e [E])) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{fun } (x : t) \rightarrow e [(x, \pi * v) \mid (x, v) \in E] \\ \text{cf}(\pi * (f (x : t_1) : t_2 = e [E])) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} (f (x : t_1) : t_2 = e [(x, \pi * v) \mid (x, v) \in E]) \\ [](a) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} a \\ (a_1 \ a_2) :: \pi(a) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \begin{cases} \pi(a_1) & \text{if } a = a_2 \\ \pi(a_2) & \text{if } a = a_1 \\ \pi(a) & \text{otherwise} \end{cases} \end{aligned}$$

†† The function  $\text{support}(-)$  takes a value  $v$  and returns the algebraic support of that value. This provides an approximation of the *least finite support* of the denotation of  $v$ . Informally it returns a list of the atoms involved in the construction of  $v$ .

$$\begin{aligned} \text{support}(l) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [] \iff l \text{ is an int, real, bool or string literal} \\ \text{support}(( )) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [] \\ \text{support}(a) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} [a] \\ \text{support}(C \ v) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{support}(v) \\ \text{support}(v, v') &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{support}(v) @ \text{support}(v') \\ \text{support}(\ll v \gg v') &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \text{support}(v') - \text{support}(v) \\ \text{support}(\text{fun } (x : t) \rightarrow e [E]) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} @ \text{support}(E(y)) \iff y \text{ free in } e \\ \text{support}(f (x : t_1) : t_2 = e [E]) &\stackrel{\text{def}}{=} @ \text{support}(E(y)) \iff y \text{ free in } e \end{aligned}$$

Where  $(y, v) \in E \implies E(y) = v$ , and  $@$  is to lists as  $\cup$  is to sets.

$\dagger$  In the case of  $=$  perform object-level  $\alpha$ -equivalence:

$$v_1 = \llbracket a_1 \rrbracket v$$

$$v_2 = \llbracket a_2 \rrbracket v'$$

$$v_1 = v_2 \iff \text{let } x = \text{fresh} : a \text{ in } (\text{swap } (x, a_1) \text{ in } v) = (\text{swap } (x, a_2) \text{ in } v')$$

For all other values use structural equality.