

### Homework 7 SOLUTIONS

1. State the dual of the max problem:

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \max & z = 10x_1 + 6x_2 + 7x_3 \\
 \text{subject to} & \\
 & 5x_1 + 2x_2 + 3x_3 \leq 100 \\
 & 3x_1 + x_2 + x_3 = 45 \\
 & 2x_1 - 3x_3 \geq 2 \\
 & x_1 \geq 0 \\
 & x_2 \geq 0 \\
 & x_3 \text{ u.r.s}
 \end{array}$$

**Solution:**

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min & w = 100\pi_1 + 45\pi_2 + 2\pi_3 \\
 \text{subject to} & \\
 & 5\pi_1 + 3\pi_2 + 2\pi_3 \geq 10 \\
 & 2\pi_1 + 1\pi_2 + 0\pi_3 \geq 6 \\
 & 3\pi_1 + 1\pi_2 - 3\pi_3 = 7 \\
 & \pi_1 \geq 0 \\
 & \pi_2 \text{ u.r.s} \\
 & \pi_3 \leq 0
 \end{array}$$

2. Solve the following LP using Dual Simplex.

$$\begin{array}{ll}
 \min & z = 8x_1 + 6x_2 + 15x_3 \\
 \text{subject to} & \\
 & x_1 + 2x_2 \geq 5 \\
 & x_1 + x_2 + x_3 \geq 6 \\
 & 2x_1 + x_3 \geq 4 \\
 & x_i \geq 0 \quad \forall i = 1, 2, 3
 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
8 & 6 & 15 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\
\hline
-1 & -2 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & -5 \\
-1 & [-1] & -1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & -6 \\
-2 & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -4
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
2 & 0 & 9 & 0 & 6 & 0 & -36 \\
\hline
1 & 0 & 2 & 1 & -2 & 0 & 7 \\
1 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 6 \\
[-2] & 0 & -1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & -4
\end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{cccccc|c}
0 & 0 & 8 & 0 & 6 & 1 & -40 \\
\hline
0 & 0 & 3/2 & 1 & -2 & 1/2 & 5 \\
0 & 1 & 1/2 & 0 & 1 & 1/2 & 4 \\
1 & 0 & 1/2 & 0 & 0 & -1/2 & 2
\end{array}$$

3. Suppose I have a maximization problem with 3 variables and 2 constraints. Let  $x = \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  be a feasible solution to the problem after

adding the slack variables. Let  $\pi = [1 \ 4 \ 0 \ 2 \ 0]$  be a feasible solution to the dual problem after adding the slack variables. What can you say about the relation between  $z$  and  $w$ ? (where  $z$  is the objective value obtained at  $x$ , and  $w$  the objective value of the dual at  $\pi$ ).

**Solution:** the weak duality theorem tells us that  $z \leq w$  for any  $x, \pi$ . Complementary slackness tells us that if  $x_i e_i = 0$  and  $\pi_j s_j = 0$ . We are told that the maximization problem has 3 variables and 2 constraints.

This means the  $x$  we are given corresponds to  $x = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 \\ x_2 \\ x_3 \\ s_1 \\ s_2 \end{bmatrix}$  and the  $\pi$

is  $\pi = [\pi_1 \ \pi_2 \ e_1 \ e_2 \ e_3]$ . From this, we find that  $x_2 e_2 = 6 \neq 0$ . We can therefore rule out  $z = w$ , which gives us  $z < w$ .

4. Suppose I have a maximization problem with 3 variables and 2 con-

straints. Let  $x = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \\ 2 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$  be a feasible solution to the problem after

adding the slack variables. Let  $\pi = [3 \ 4 \ 1 \ 0 \ 0]$  be a feasible solution to the dual problem after adding the slack variables. What can you say about the relation between  $z$  and  $w$ ? (where  $z$  is the objective value obtained at  $x$ , and  $w$  the objective value of the dual at  $\pi$ ).

**Solution:** Using the same logic as the previous question, we find that the conditions for complementary slackness hold. Therefore  $z = w$ .