## MATH 2603, Fall 2015, Quiz 8, Nov 11 2015: Closed book, no calculators. Instructor: Esther Ezra.

You can answer all questions on this sheet, but may use extra sheets (from your personal notepad) if needed.

Solution
Name GT IDnumber

## Problem 1. (100 points)

You are given a list of n+1 natural numbers,  $n \ge 1$ .

a. Show that there is a pair of numbers whose difference is divisible by n.

There exists n congruence classes modulo n(0, 1, ..., n-1) and any of the given n+1 natural numbers must belong to one of the classes.  $\Rightarrow$  By Pigeon Hole Principle, there are at least  $\lceil \frac{n+1}{n} \rceil = 2$  numbers in the same congruence class, which by definition means their difference is divisible by n. b. Suppose next that the input list consists of 3n+1 natural number. What is the largest lower

b. Suppose next that the input list consists of 3n+1 natural number. What is the largest lower bound on the number of elements, each pair of which has a difference divisible by n? (Give your best possible answer.)

As above, there are still a congruence classes modulo a and each of the 3n+1 natural numbers belong to one of the mentioned classes

By Pigeon Hole Principle, there are at least  $\left[\frac{3n+1}{n}\right] = 4$  numbers out of these given numbers

that belong to the same class so the different between any 2 of these 4 must be divisible by n by definition

-> the largest longer bound is 4