

Name (2 points):

Dawson

January 29, 2016

ChBE 3200

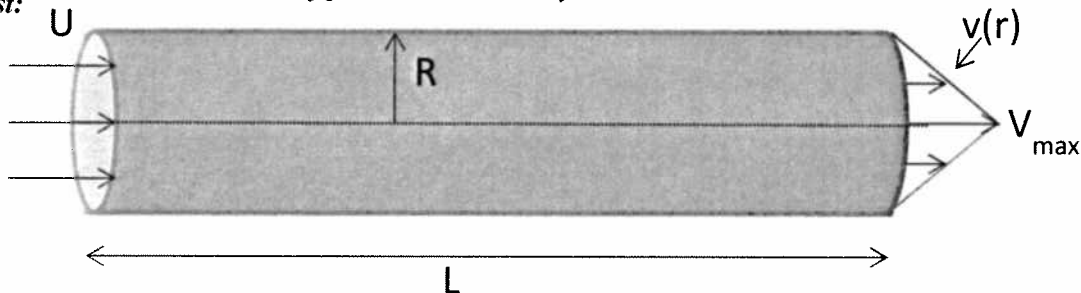
Quiz 2

Conservation of mass:

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^R \rho (\mathbf{v} \cdot \mathbf{n}) dA + \frac{\partial}{\partial t} \int_{SS} \rho dV = 0$$

constant $r dr d\theta$

System of interest:



Assume steady state incompressible flow in a circular pipe with uniform velocity profile at the entrance and linear velocity profile at the exit (as shown).

Question 1 (4 points):

Write linear equation for the velocity profile at the exit solving for the constants using the boundary conditions.

① $v = a + br$

BC1 $v = 0$ $r = R$

BC2 $v = v_{max}$ $r = 0$

$0 = a + bR$

$v_{max} = a$

$b = -a/R = -\frac{v_{max}}{R}$

$v = v_{max} (1 - r/R)$

$v(r)$

$v = v_{max} (1 - r/R)$

② $v/v_{max} = a + b r/R$ dimensionless form

BC1 $v/v_{max} = 0$ $r/R = 1$

BC2 $v/v_{max} = 1$ $r/R = 0$

$0 = a + b$

$1 = a$

$b = -a$

$v/v_{max} = 1 - \frac{r}{R}$

Question 2 (4 points):

Use the integral equation for conservation of mass (continuity equation) to define the relationship between U and V_{max}

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^R \rho (-U) r dr d\theta + \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^R \rho v_{max} (1 - r/R) r dr d\theta = 0$$

$$-\rho U \pi R^2 + 2\pi \rho v_{max} \int_0^R (r - \frac{r^2}{R}) dr = 0$$

$$-\rho U \pi R^2 + 2\pi \rho v_{max} \left[\frac{R^2}{2} - \frac{R^3}{3R} \right] = 0$$

$U = v_{max} (1/3)$

$$\rho U \pi R^2 = 2\pi \rho v_{max} \frac{R^2}{6}$$

$$U = \frac{1}{3} v_{max}$$