

Full name:

Math 2551, Section D____

Quiz 7 — §15.8-16.1

Please **clearly** show all work. Scientific calculators are allowed, but no graphing calculators!

(1) Let S be the region in the xy -plane bounded by the curves $y = x$, $y = 4x$, $y = 1/x$, and $y = 4/x$. Determine a change of variables $x = g(u, v)$, $y = h(u, v)$ which transforms S into a rectangle R in the uv -plane. Then express the integral

$$\iint_S (x^2 + y^2) dx dy$$

as an iterated integral in terms of your variables u and v . **No need to evaluate!** [10 points]

One natural coordinate transformation to take is

$$\begin{cases} u = y/x \\ v = xy \end{cases}$$

so that the corresponding region R in the uv -plane is the rectangle $1 \leq u \leq 4$, $1 \leq v \leq 4$. Solving for x and y in terms of u and v yields

$$\begin{cases} x = \sqrt{v/u} \\ y = \sqrt{uv} \end{cases}$$

from which we can compute the Jacobian determinant of the coordinate change:

$$\frac{\partial(x, y)}{\partial(u, v)} = \det \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{2u} \sqrt{\frac{v}{u}} & \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{uv}} \\ \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{v}{u}} & \frac{1}{2} \sqrt{\frac{u}{v}} \end{pmatrix} = -\frac{1}{2u}$$

The change of variables formula then gives

$$\iint_S (x^2 + y^2) dx dy = \iint_R \left(\frac{v}{u} + uv \right) \frac{1}{2u} du dv = \boxed{\int_1^4 \int_1^4 \left(\frac{v}{2u^2} + \frac{v}{2} \right) du dv}$$

- (2) Let C be the curve segment parameterized by $\mathbf{r}(t) = (1+t)\mathbf{i} + (t^2-1)\mathbf{j}$, where $-1 \leq t \leq 1$.
 (a) Give an equation (in terms of x and y) of the curve C . [4 points]

The curve is part of a parabola, namely the parabola $y = x^2 - 2x$. You could see this by noting that in the parameterization,

$$y = t^2 - 1 = (t+1)(t-1) = x(x-2) = x^2 - 2x$$

- (b) [6 points] Use the parameterization given above to compute

$$\int_C (4x + \sqrt{y+1} - 4) ds$$

The speed of the parameterization is $|\mathbf{v}(t)| = \sqrt{1+4t^2}$, so

$$\begin{aligned} \int_C (4x + \sqrt{y+1} - 4) ds &= \int_{-1}^1 [4(1+t) + \sqrt{(t^2-1)+1} - 4] \sqrt{1+4t^2} dt \\ &= \int_{-1}^1 (4t + |t|) \sqrt{1+4t^2} dt \\ &= \int_{-1}^0 3t \sqrt{1+4t^2} dt + \int_0^1 5t \sqrt{1+4t^2} dt \\ &= \boxed{\frac{1}{6}(5^{3/2} - 1)} \end{aligned}$$