## QUIZ 4 FOR MATH 2401, SEP 18

1. Find and sketch the domain for the function, then find the function's range.  $f(x,y) = \ln(9 - x^2 - y^2)$ 

sol: 
$$domain = \{(x, y) \mid x^2 + y^2 < 9\},\ range = (-\infty, \ln 9].$$

2. Find the domain for the function, then find the function's range.  $f(x,y) = \sqrt{(x^2-4)(y^2-9)}$ 

sol:

It requires 
$$x^2-4\geq 0, y^2-9\geq 0;\ or\ x^2-4\leq 0, y^2-9\leq 0.$$
 for  $x^2-4\geq 0, y^2-9\geq 0,$  we get  $\{(x,y)\mid x\geq 2\ or\ x\leq -2,\ y\geq 3\ or\ y\leq -3\};$  for  $x^2-4<0, y^2-9<0,$  we get  $\{(x,y)\mid -2< x<2, -3< y<3\}.$  Then the domain =  $\{(x,y)\mid x\geq 2\ or\ x\leq -2,\ y\geq 3\ or\ y\leq -3\}\bigcup\{(x,y)\mid -2< x<2, -3< y<3\}.$ 

The range  $= [0, \infty)$ 

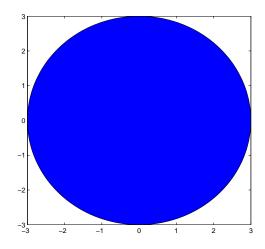


FIGURE 1. Sketch of domain for problem 1. A disc without boundary

3. Find the limit of f or show that the limit does not exist.

(1) 
$$\lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{x+y-4}{\sqrt{x+y}-2}$$

(2) 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2y}{x^4+y^2}$$

Sol:

Sol:
$$(1) \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{x+y-4}{\sqrt{x+y}-2} = \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{(\sqrt{x+y})^2-2^2}{\sqrt{x+y}-2} = \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{(\sqrt{x+y}-2)(\sqrt{x+y}+2)}{\sqrt{x+y}-2}$$

$$= \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \sqrt{x+y} + 2) = \sqrt{2+2} + 2 = 4$$

$$(2) \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{x+y}-2} = \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{(\sqrt{x+y}-2)(\sqrt{x+y}+2)}{\sqrt{x+y}-2} = \lim_{\substack{(x,y)\to(2,2)\\x+y\neq4}} \frac{(\sqrt{x+y}-2)(\sqrt{x+y}+2)}{\sqrt{x+y}-2}$$

(2) let 
$$y = kx^2$$
.

$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2 y}{x^4 + y^2} = \lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{x^2 k x^2}{x^4 + (kx^2)^2} = \lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{k x^4}{(1+k^2)x^4} = \frac{k}{1+k^2}.$$
 Since k varies, the limit does not exist.