

This sample test is to guide your review for the exam 1 (Thursday, September 12).

In the exam, *you must show your work. Answers without substantiation do not count.*

Keywords: properties of a function (graph, even/odd, shift, reflection, one-to-one, inverse, limit, continuity, a slope of a function), various functions (piecewise, trigonometric using π radians, exponential, logarithm, composite), concepts (domain, range, function, limits, one-sided limits, rate of change, tangent to curves, derivatives at a point), and theorems.

1. Definitions:

- A function $f(x)$ is one-to-one on a domain D if

- The average rate of change of $y = f(x)$ with respect to x over the interval $[x_1, x_2]$ is

- $\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) = L$ means that

- A function $f(x)$ is continuous at an interior point $x = c$ of its domain if and only if

- The slope of the graph of $y = f(x)$ at $x = x_0$ is defined by

2. Write the formula for $f \circ g$ and find the domain and the range.

$$f(x) = \sqrt{2x - 1}, \quad g(x) = \frac{\pi}{1 - e^x}$$

3. Draw the graph of the following function and check whether it is one-to-one over $x \in (-\infty, \pi]$.

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} -x + 1, & x < 0 \\ \cos(x), & 0 \leq x \leq \pi \end{cases}$$

4. Use ϵ and δ to show that

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 4} (-5x + 17) = -3.$$

5. Evaluate (when the limit does not exist, give reasons for your answer)

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \frac{\frac{1}{x} - 1}{x - 1}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^-} \frac{\sqrt{6} - \sqrt{5h^2 + 11h + 6}}{h}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} \sqrt{(x-1)^2} \frac{2x-1}{|2x-1|}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{8x^4 + x}{2x^4 + 4x^2 - x + 4}$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 2} \frac{1}{x^2 - 4}$$

6. For what value of b is

$$g(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{x-b}{b+1}, & x < 0 \\ x^2 + b, & x > 0 \end{cases}$$

continuous at $x = 0$?

7. The Intermediate Value Theorem states that let f be continuous on $[a, b]$ and if y_0 is between $f(a)$ and $f(b)$, then there is some $c \in [a, b]$ for which $f(c) = y_0$. Use the Intermediate Value Theorem to show that there is a root of the equation $x^4 - 3x^3 + 1 = 0$ between 0 and 1.

8. Consider the following function

$$f(x) = x^3 + x^2 - 12x.$$

- (a) Using the difference quotient, find the slope of the function at the given point $(-1, 12)$.
- (b) Find an equation of the tangent line to the curve at $(-1, 12)$.
- (c) Using the difference quotient, find the derivative of the function at the given point $(-1, 12)$.
(Note that if you already know how to differentiate and if you do so in this problem, you will get no credit.)