

ReligiousText_DivinePatterns_code_part1

April 11, 2021

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.path_effects as PathEffects
from gensim.models.fasttext import FastText
from gensim.models.fasttext import load_facebook_model
import nltk
from nltk.cluster import KMeansClusterer
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
from sklearn.manifold import TSNE
%matplotlib inline
```

```
[2]: import seaborn as sns
sns.set_style('darkgrid')
sns.set_palette('muted')
sns.set_context("notebook", font_scale=1.5,
               rc={"lines.linewidth": 2.5})
RS = 123
```

```
[3]: df = pd.read_csv('AllBooks_baseline_DTM_Labelled.csv')
df.rename(columns={'Unnamed: 0': 'Books'}, inplace=True)
df.head()
```

```
[3]:
```

	Books	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	feelings	anger	\
0	Buddhism_Ch1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	Buddhism_Ch2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Buddhism_Ch3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Buddhism_Ch4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Buddhism_Ch5	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	vaivaswata	matrix	kindled	...	erred	thinkest	modern	reigned	\
0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	

	sparingly	visual	thoughts	illuminates	attire	explains
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0

[5 rows x 8267 columns]

```
[4]: words = np.array(df.columns[1:])
word_count = pd.DataFrame(df.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
```

```
[5]: words_clean = []
for w in words:
    if len(w) > 2 and len(w) < 15:
        words_clean.append(w)
words_clean = np.array(words_clean)
df_clean = df[words_clean]

df_clean.drop(columns=words_clean[np.where(df_clean.sum().values < 5)],
               inplace=True)
df_clean['Books'] = df['Books'].values
df = df_clean
cols = df.columns.tolist()
cols = cols[-1:] + cols[:-1]
df = df[cols]

words = np.array(df.columns[1:])
```

/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.9/lib/python3.9/site-packages/pandas/core/frame.py:4308: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
return super().drop(
<ipython-input-5-816d8997bfff>:9: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
df_clean['Books'] = df['Books'].values
```

```
[6]: df.head()
```

```
[6]:
```

	Books	hath	feelings	anger	open	rage	looketh	illumination	\
0	Buddhism_Ch1	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	
1	Buddhism_Ch2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Buddhism_Ch3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Buddhism_Ch4	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	
4	Buddhism_Ch5	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	tell	build	...	glad	needs	well	state	production	developed	\
0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	1	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	2	
4	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	regarded	taketh	thoughts	illuminates
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0

[5 rows x 2190 columns]

```
[7]: buddhism = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Buddhism')]
buddhism = pd.DataFrame(buddhism.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

taoteching = df[df['Books'].str.contains('TaoTeChing')]
taoteching = pd.DataFrame(taoteching.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

upanishad = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Upanishad')]
upanishad = pd.DataFrame(upanishad.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

yogasutra = df[df['Books'].str.contains('YogaSutra')]
yogasutra = pd.DataFrame(yogasutra.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

proverb = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Proverb')]
proverb = pd.DataFrame(proverb.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

ecclesiasticus = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Ecclesiasticus')]
ecclesiasticus = pd.DataFrame(ecclesiasticus.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

wisdom = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Wisdom')]
wisdom = pd.DataFrame(wisdom.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])

words = np.array(df.columns[1:])
```

```
[8]: eastern = pd.concat([buddhism.T, taoteching.T])
eastern.index = ['Buddhism', 'Tao']
eastern = eastern.drop(columns=words[np.where(eastern.sum() == 0)])
eastern
```

```
[8]:      feelings anger open rage illumination tell neither soft mentally \
Buddhism      19      0      2      0              1  14      15      0      5
Tao            0      1      2      1              0   1       1      7      0

      land ... business red grows needs well state production developed \
Buddhism   4 ...          0   3      3      0   5      0          4      10
Tao        2 ...          1   0      0      2   3     28          1      0

      regarded thoughts
Buddhism          0      9
Tao              3      0

[2 rows x 1279 columns]
```

```
[9]: eastern_words = np.array(eastern.columns)
eastern_words
```

```
[9]: array(['feelings', 'anger', 'open', ..., 'developed', 'regarded',
          'thoughts'], dtype=object)
```

```
[10]: # Creating pretrained fasttext model from Crawl EN
fb_model = load_facebook_model('crawl-300d-2M-subword.bin')
```

```
[11]: fb_model.build_vocab(eastern_words, update = True)
fb_model.train(eastern_words, total_examples = fb_model.corpus_count, epochs = 100)
```

```
[11]: (22232, 812400)
```

```
[12]: print(fb_model.wv.similarity('soul', 'mind'))
```

```
0.5782816
```

```
[13]: X = fb_model.wv[eastern_words]
```

```
[14]: X.shape
```

```
[14]: (1279, 300)
```

```
[15]: # Utility function to visualize the outputs of PCA and t-SNE

def fashion_scatter(x, colors, data):
```

```

# choose a color palette with seaborn.
num_classes = len(np.unique(colors))
palette = np.array(sns.color_palette("hls", num_classes))

# create a scatter plot.
f = plt.figure(figsize=(16, 16))
ax = plt.subplot(aspect='equal')
sc = ax.scatter(x[:,0], x[:,1], lw=0, s=40, c=palette[np.array(colors).
→astype(int)])
plt.xlim(-25, 25)
plt.ylim(-25, 25)
ax.axis('off')
ax.axis('tight')

# add the labels for each digit corresponding to the label
txts = []

for i in range(num_classes):

    # Position of each label at median of data points.
    x_temp = data[data['Y'] == i]
    xtext = np.median(x_temp['pca1'])
    ytext = np.median(x_temp['pca2'])
    txt = ax.text(xtext, ytext, str(i), fontsize=24)
    txt.set_path_effects([
        PathEffects.Stroke(linewidth=5, foreground="w"),
        PathEffects.Normal()])
    txts.append(txt)

return f, ax, sc, txts

```

```

[300]: NUM_CLUSTERS = 9
kclusterer = KMeansClusterer(NUM_CLUSTERS, distance = nltk.cluster.util.
→cosine_distance, repeats = 25)
Y = kclusterer.cluster(X, assign_clusters = True)

```

```

[301]: pca_50 = PCA(n_components=50)
pca_result_50 = pca_50.fit_transform(X)

```

```

[302]: pca_tsne = TSNE(random_state = RS).fit_transform(pca_result_50)

```

```

[303]: tsne_df = pd.DataFrame(columns = ['pca1', 'pca2'])
tsne_df['pca1'] = pca_tsne[:,0]
tsne_df['pca2'] = pca_tsne[:,1]

```

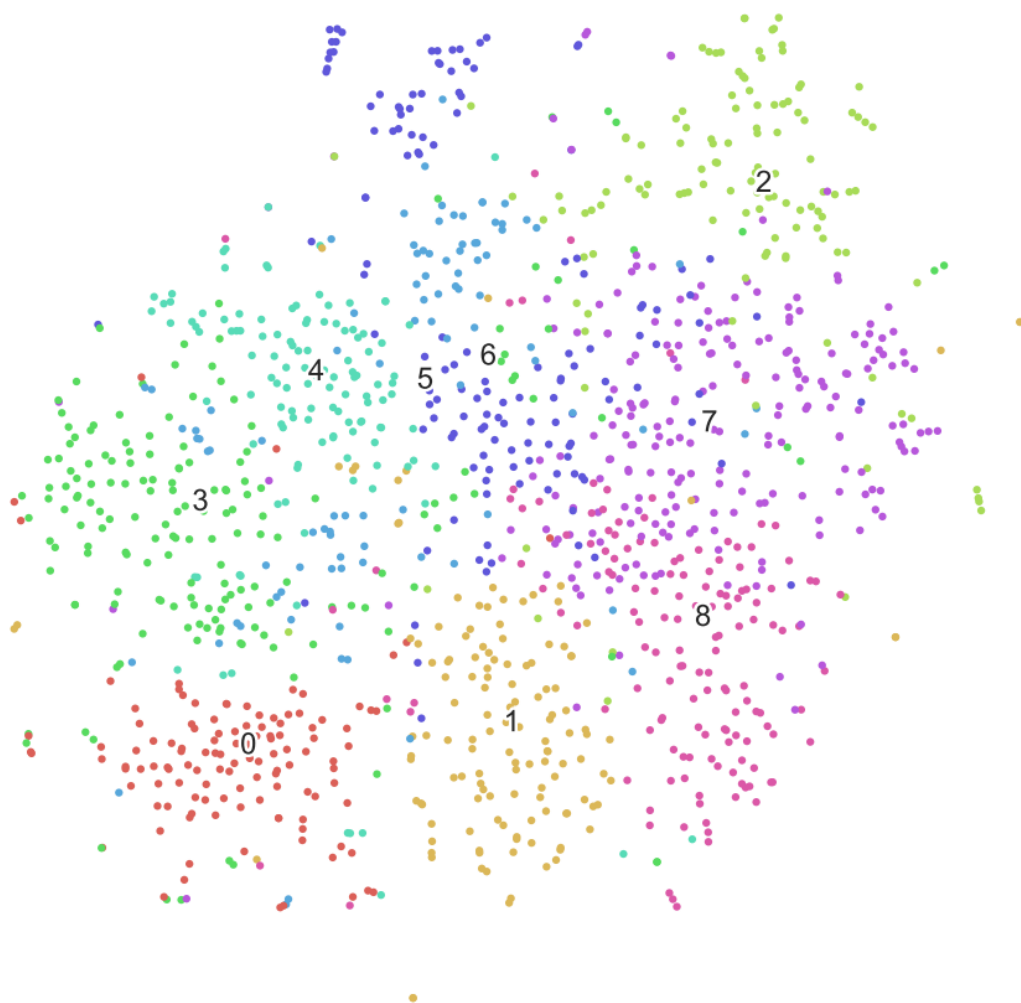
```

[304]: tsne_labelled = tsne_df.copy()
tsne_labelled['Y'] = Y

```

```
[305]: fashion_scatter(tsne_df.values, Y, tsne_labelled)
```

```
[305]: (<Figure size 1152x1152 with 1 Axes>,  
<AxesSubplot:>,  
<matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x7fe55016acd0>,  
[Text(-23.538057, -22.648022, '0'),  
Text(0.5663059, -20.755497, '1'),  
Text(23.645163, 24.58831, '2'),  
Text(-27.93565, -2.1824245, '3'),  
Text(-17.315462, 8.744926, '4'),  
Text(-7.355224, 8.059377, '5'),  
Text(-1.5707259, 10.055416, '6'),  
Text(18.67114, 4.4432774, '7'),  
Text(18.08054, -11.8905115, '8')])
```



```
[137]: tsne_final = tsne_labelled.copy()
tsne_final['Word'] = eastern_words
tsne_final.rename(columns={'pca1': 'x', 'pca2': 'y', 'Y': 'Category'},
    inplace=True)

bud_t = buddhism.T
buddhist_words = np.array(bud_t.columns)
buddhist_words = np.array(bud_t.drop(columns=buddhist_words[np.where(bud_t.
    sum()==0)]).columns)
tao_t = taoteching.T
tao_words = np.array(tao_t.columns)
tao_words = np.array(tao_t.drop(columns=tao_words[np.where(tao_t.sum()==0)]).
    columns)

books = []
for i in range(len(eastern_words)):
    if eastern_words[i] in buddhist_words and eastern_words[i] in tao_words:
        books.append('Both')
    elif eastern_words[i] in buddhist_words:
        books.append('Buddhist')
    elif eastern_words[i] in tao_words:
        books.append('Tao')
tsne_final['Book'] = books
```

```
[311]: concept = pd.read_csv('chai.csv')
```

```
[312]: concept
```

```
[312]:
```

	Unnamed: 0	x	y	Category	Word	Book
0	0	-18.182987	-21.067402	7	feelings	Buddhist
1	1	23.062016	-26.539265	7	anger	Tao
2	2	-6.889199	2.987535	4	open	Both
3	3	23.199852	-26.584093	7	rage	Tao
4	4	1.920885	-13.001882	9	illumination	Buddhist
...
1274	1274	-8.441429	-11.421192	8	state	Tao
1275	1275	-6.095231	-9.274641	8	production	Both
1276	1276	-2.047643	30.918629	0	developed	Buddhist
1277	1277	-0.478214	29.996874	0	regarded	Tao
1278	1278	-18.891659	-20.615662	8	thoughts	Buddhist

```
[1279 rows x 6 columns]
```

```
[ ]:
```

ReligiousText_DivinePatterns_code_part2

April 11, 2021

```
[290]: from ibm_watson import ToneAnalyzerV3
from ibm_cloud_sdk_core.authenticators import IAMAuthenticator
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import json
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression
from sklearn.cluster import KMeans
from sklearn.decomposition import PCA
```

```
[409]: #load in dataset
df = pd.read_csv('AllBooks_baseline_DTM_Labelled.csv')
df.rename(columns={'Unnamed: 0': 'Books'}, inplace=True)
words = np.array(df.columns[1:])
```

```
[410]: df.drop(columns=['s'], inplace=True)
```

```
[294]: df.head()
```

```
[294]:
```

	Books	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	feelings	anger	\
0	Buddhism_Ch1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	Buddhism_Ch2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Buddhism_Ch3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Buddhism_Ch4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Buddhism_Ch5	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	vaivaswata	matrix	kindled	...	erred	thinkest	modern	reigned	\
0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	

	sparingly	visual	thoughts	illumines	attire	explains
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0

3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0

[5 rows x 8267 columns]

```
[411]: #split data by book
buddhism = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Buddhism')]
taoteching = df[df['Books'].str.contains('TaoTeChing')]
upanishad = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Upanishad')]
yogasutra = df[df['Books'].str.contains('YogaSutra')]
proverb = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Proverb')]
ecclesiasticus = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Ecclesiasticus')]
wisdom = df[df['Books'].str.contains('Wisdom')]
```

```
[296]: buddhism.head()
```

```
[296]:
```

	Books	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	feelings	anger	\
0	Buddhism_Ch1	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	Buddhism_Ch2	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	Buddhism_Ch3	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	Buddhism_Ch4	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	Buddhism_Ch5	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	vaivaswata	matrix	kindled	...	erred	thinkest	modern	reigned	\
0	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	

	sparingly	visual	thoughts	illumines	attire	explains
0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0	0

[5 rows x 8267 columns]

```
[412]: #get the sum of all word counts for each book
buddhism_combined = pd.DataFrame(buddhism.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
taoteching_combined = pd.DataFrame(taoteching.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
upanishad_combined = pd.DataFrame(upanishad.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
yogasutra_combined = pd.DataFrame(yogasutra.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
proverb_combined = pd.DataFrame(proverb.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
ecclesiasticus_combined = pd.DataFrame(ecclesiasticus.sum()[1:],
→columns=['Count'])
```

```
wisdom_combined = pd.DataFrame(wisdom.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
words_combined = pd.DataFrame(df.sum()[1:], columns=['Count'])
```

```
[297]: buddhism_combined.head()
```

```
[297]:
```

	Count
foolishness	0
hath	0
wholesome	0
takest	0
feelings	19

```
[413]: #flatten the dataframes in order to combine them
bud_flat = buddhism_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': 'Buddhism'})
tao_flat = taoteching_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': 'TaoTeChing'})
up_flat = upanishad_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': 'Upanishad'})
yoga_flat = yogasutra_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': 'YogaSutra'})
proverb_flat = proverb_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': 'Proverb'})
eccl_flat = ecclesiasticus_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': '↵
↵Ecclesiasticus'})
wisdom_flat = wisdom_combined.T.rename(index={'Count': 'Wisdom'})
```

```
[300]: bud_flat.head()
```

```
[300]:
```

	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	feelings	anger	vaivaswata	matrix	\
Buddhism	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	

	kindled	convict	...	erred	thinkest	modern	reigned	sparingly	visual	\
Buddhism	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	thoughts	illuminates	attire	explains
Buddhism	9	0	0	0

[1 rows x 8266 columns]

```
[414]: #combine the flattened dataframes
df_flat = pd.concat([bud_flat, tao_flat, up_flat, yoga_flat, proverb_flat,↵
↵eccl_flat, wisdom_flat])
```

```
[302]: df_flat.head()
```

```
[302]:
```

	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	feelings	anger	vaivaswata	matrix	\
Buddhism	0	0	0	0	19	0	0	0	
TaoTeChing	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
Upanishad	0	0	0	0	0	3	1	0	
YogaSutra	0	2	1	0	0	0	0	1	
Proverb	2	65	0	0	0	11	0	0	

	kindled	convict	...	erred	thinkest	modern	reigned	sparingly	\
Buddhism	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	
TaoTeChing	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	
Upanishad	1	0	...	0	3	0	0	0	
YogaSutra	0	0	...	0	0	2	0	0	
Proverb	0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	

	visual	thoughts	illuminates	attire	explains
Buddhism	0	9	0	0	0
TaoTeChing	0	0	0	0	0
Upanishad	0	2	1	0	1
YogaSutra	1	14	4	0	1
Proverb	0	8	0	1	0

[5 rows x 8266 columns]

```
[415]: #standardize the word counts for better analysis
df_norm = pd.DataFrame()
for i in range(7):
    temp = (df_flat.iloc[i].values - np.mean(df_flat.iloc[i].values)) / np.
    ↪std(df_flat.iloc[i].values)
    df_norm = pd.concat([df_norm, pd.DataFrame(temp, index=df_flat.columns,
    ↪columns=[df_flat.index[i]]).T])
```

```
[305]: df_norm.head()
```

	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	feelings	anger	\
Buddhism	0	0	0	0	4.5396	0	
TaoTeChing	0	0	0	0	0	0.425633	
Upanishad	0	0	0	0	0	0.885231	
YogaSutra	-0.149241	0.149241	0	-0.149241	-0.149241	-0.149241	
Proverb	0.320025	10.4008	0	0	0	1.76014	

	vaivaswata	matrix	kindled	convict	...	erred	thinkest	\
Buddhism	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	
TaoTeChing	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	
Upanishad	0.295077	0	0.295077	0	...	0	0.885231	
YogaSutra	-0.149241	0	-0.149241	-0.149241	...	-0.149241	-0.149241	
Proverb	0	0	0	0	...	0	0	

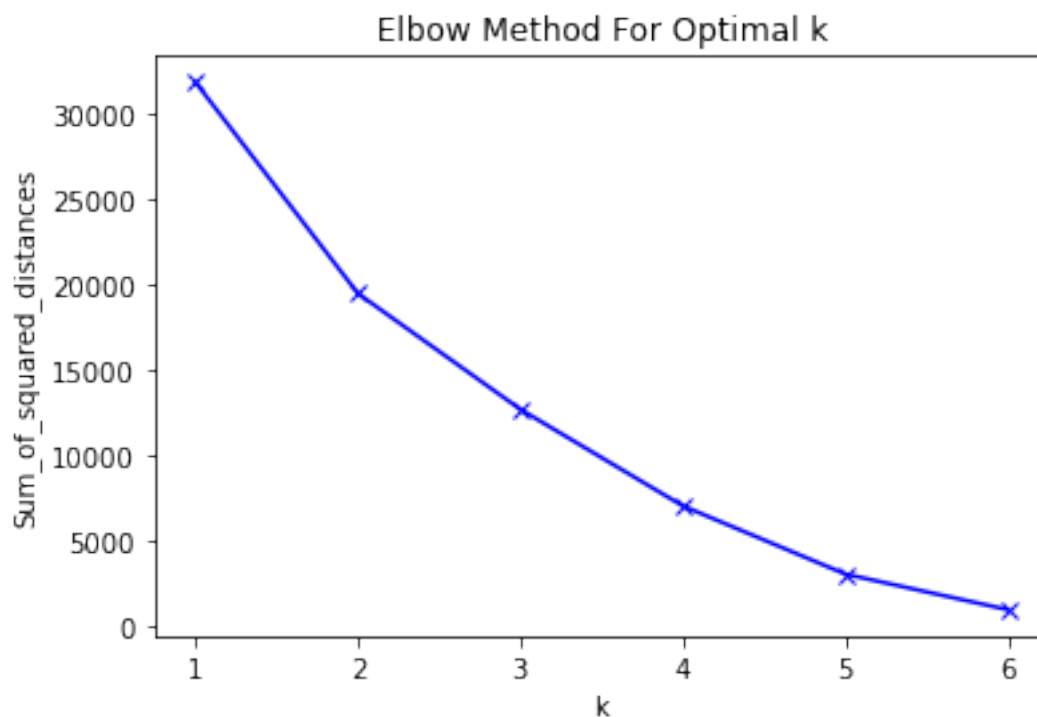
	modern	reigned	sparingly	visual	thoughts	illuminates	attire	\
Buddhism	0	0	0	0	2.15034	0	0	
TaoTeChing	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Upanishad	0	0	0	0	0.590154	0.295077	0	
YogaSutra	0.149241	-0.149241	-0.149241	0	1.94014	0.447724	-0.149241	
Proverb	0	0	0	0	1.2801	0	0.160013	

	explains
Buddhism	0
TaoTeChing	0
Upanishad	0.295077
YogaSutra	0
Proverb	0

[5 rows x 8266 columns]

```
[306]: #prepare data for clustering algorithm
X = df_norm

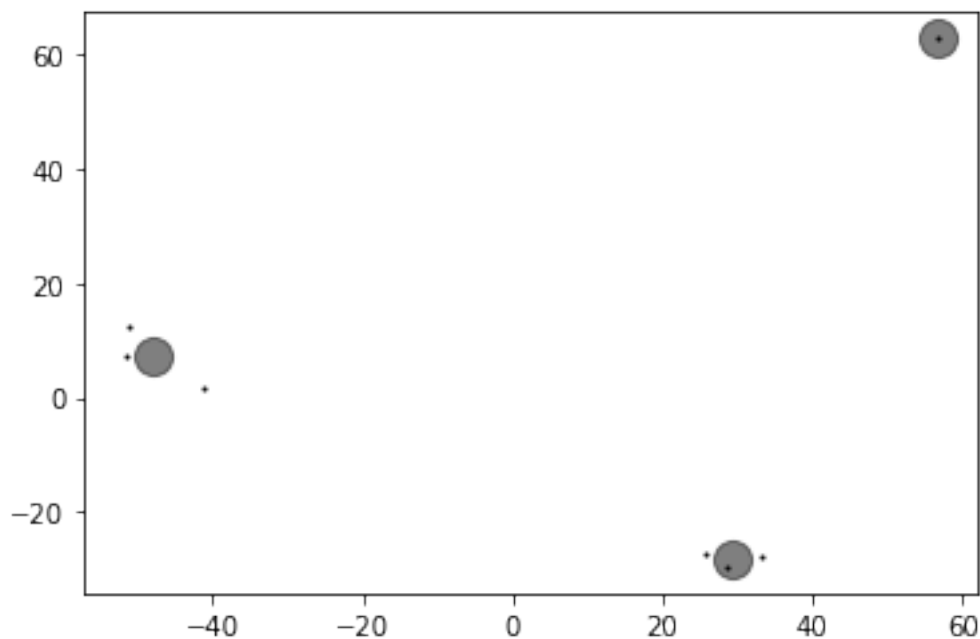
#use elbow method to optimize number of clusters
Sum_of_squared_distances = []
K = range(1,7)
for k in K:
    km = KMeans(n_clusters=k)
    km = km.fit(X)
    Sum_of_squared_distances.append(km.inertia_)
plt.plot(K, Sum_of_squared_distances, 'bx-')
plt.xlabel('k')
plt.ylabel('Sum_of_squared_distances')
plt.title('Elbow Method For Optimal k')
plt.show()
```



```
[307]: #run pca on data for dimensionality reduction
pca = PCA(n_components=2)
reduced_data = pca.fit_transform(X)

#run kmeans clustering algorithm on data
kmeans = KMeans(n_clusters=3, random_state=42).fit(reduced_data)
clusters = pd.DataFrame(index=df_norm.index, data=kmeans.labels_,
↳ columns=['Category'])
```

```
[308]: #plot books and clusters
centers = kmeans.cluster_centers_
plt.scatter(centers[:, 0], centers[:, 1], c='black', s=200, alpha=0.5)
plt.plot(reduced_data[:, 0], reduced_data[:, 1], 'k.', markersize=2)
plt.show()
```



```
[416]: #find top 20 most common words in each book
top20 = []
for i in range(7):
    top20.append(df_norm.iloc[i].sort_values(ascending=False)[:20])
```

```
[312]: top20[0]
```

```
[312]: right          30.5825
      feeling        20.3087
      one            17.9195
      stress         17.6805
      body           17.4416
      monk           17.2027
      mind           16.9638
      remains        15.0523
      cessation      14.8134
      called         14.8134
      mental         13.8577
      discerns       13.8577
      focused        13.3799
      way            13.1409
      consciousness  11.2295
      noble          10.9906
      property       10.2738
      qualities      10.0349
      concentration  9.55705
      form           9.31812
      Name: Buddhism, dtype: object
```

```
[417]: #create dataframe of top 20 words for each book
top20_df = pd.DataFrame()
for book in top20:
    top20_df = pd.concat([top20_df, pd.DataFrame(book.index, columns=[book.
↪name])], axis=1)
```

```
[418]: top20_df
```

```
[418]:
```

	Buddhism	TaoTeChing	Upanishad	YogaSutra	Proverb	\
0	right	tao	one	spiritual	shall	
1	feeling	things	self	man	man	
2	one	one	mind	life	thy	
3	stress	men	brahman	consciousness	thou	
4	body	great	man	power	wicked	
5	monk	therefore	death	one	lord	
6	mind	heaven	knowledge	mind	wise	
7	remains	would	know	soul	hath	
8	called	thus	must	things	heart	
9	cessation	without	nachiketas	self	thee	
10	mental	people	said	powers	way	
11	discerns	sage	senses	psychic	evil	
12	focused	know	beyond	may	wisdom	
13	way	yet	atman	first	mouth	
14	consciousness	state	nature	must	soul	
15	noble	way	knows	comes	son	

16	property	like	therefore	psychical	words
17	qualities	may	heart	divine	good
18	concentration	place	god	body	fool
19	fabrications	name	body	eternal	things

	Ecclesiasticus	Wisdom
0	shall	shall
1	thy	things
2	man	thy
3	thou	god
4	god	thou
5	hath	wisdom
6	thee	man
7	lord	upon
8	things	made
9	upon	hath
10	wisdom	thee
11	heart	men
12	good	lord
13	men	us
14	fear	life
15	soul	therefore
16	one	good
17	shalt	wicked
18	glory	might
19	give	children

```
[419]: #find top 20 words in all books combined
temp = (words_combined.values - np.mean(words_combined.values)) / np.
↳std(words_combined.values)
words_norm = pd.DataFrame(temp, index=words_combined.index, columns=['z'])
pd.DataFrame(words_norm.sort_values(by=['z'], ascending=False)[:20].index,
↳columns=['Words'])
```

```
[419]: Words
0      shall
1       man
2       thy
3       one
4    things
5      thou
6       god
7      life
8      hath
9 spiritual
10     lord
11     mind
```

```

12     thee
13     heart
14     soul
15     wisdom
16     men
17     upon
18     good
19     way

```

```

[323]: #look at the top 20 words for only the old testament books
oldtest_top20 = top20_df[['Proverb', 'Ecclesiasticus', 'Wisdom']]
oldtest_top20.head()

```

```

[323]: Proverb Ecclesiasticus Wisdom
0  shall          shall  shall
1   man           thy  things
2   thy           man   thy
3  thou           thou  god
4  wicked         god   thou

```

```

[320]: #create dataframe of all old testmanet books
#drop words that are not in any of the old testament books
oldtest = pd.concat([proverb, ecclesiasticus, wisdom])
oldtest = oldtest.set_index(oldtest['Books'])
oldtest.drop(columns=['Books'], inplace=True)
oldtest_clean = oldtest.drop(columns=words[np.where(oldtest.sum() == 0)])

```

```

[322]: oldtest_clean.head()

```

```

[322]:          foolishness  hath  wholesome  takest  anger  kindled  \
Books
BookOfProverb_Ch1          0    0          0        0        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch2          0    1          0        0        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch3          0    4          0        0        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch4          0    0          0        0        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch5          0    1          0        0        0        0

          convict  diadem  open  expecteth  ...  admireth  lifeless  \
Books
BookOfProverb_Ch1          0    0    0          0  ...        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch2          0    0    0          0  ...        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch3          0    0    0          0  ...        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch4          0    0    0          0  ...        0        0
BookOfProverb_Ch5          0    0    0          0  ...        0        0

          stout  taketh  kettle  erred  reigned  sparingly  thoughts  \
Books

```


BookOfProverb_Ch1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BookOfProverb_Ch2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BookOfProverb_Ch3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BookOfProverb_Ch4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
BookOfProverb_Ch5	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

	attire
Books	
BookOfProverb_Ch1	0
BookOfProverb_Ch2	0
BookOfProverb_Ch3	0
BookOfProverb_Ch4	0
BookOfProverb_Ch5	0

[5 rows x 4343 columns]

```
[327]: #standardize the old testament data
oldtest_norm = pd.DataFrame()
for i in range(len(oldtest)):
    temp = (oldtest_clean.iloc[i].values - np.mean(oldtest_clean.iloc[i].
    values)) / np.std(oldtest_clean.iloc[i].values)
    oldtest_norm = pd.concat([oldtest_norm, pd.DataFrame(temp,
    index=oldtest_clean.columns, columns=[oldtest_clean.iloc[i].name]).T])
```

```
[328]: oldtest_norm.head()
```

```
[328]:
```

	foolishness	hath	wholesome	takest	anger	\
BookOfProverb_Ch1	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	
BookOfProverb_Ch2	-0.119582	2.935389	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	
BookOfProverb_Ch3	-0.117459	7.356880	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	
BookOfProverb_Ch4	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	
BookOfProverb_Ch5	-0.124342	2.810546	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	

	kindled	convict	diadem	open	expecteth	...	\
BookOfProverb_Ch1	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	...	
BookOfProverb_Ch2	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	...	
BookOfProverb_Ch3	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	...	
BookOfProverb_Ch4	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	...	
BookOfProverb_Ch5	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	...	

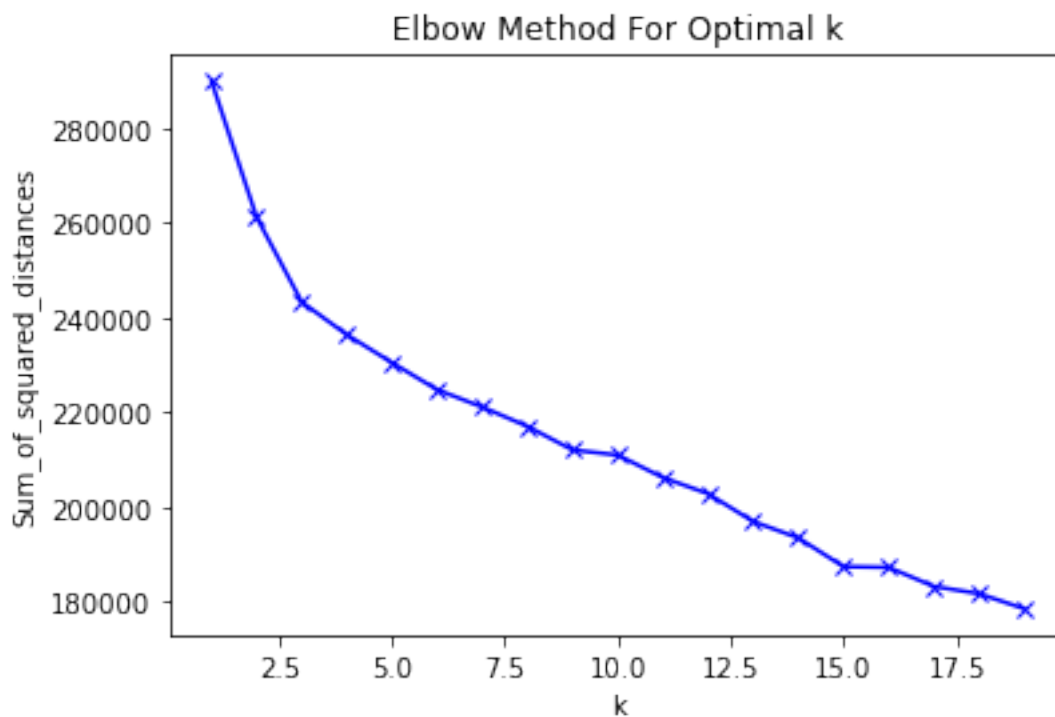
	admireth	lifeless	stout	taketh	kettle	erred	\
BookOfProverb_Ch1	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	
BookOfProverb_Ch2	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	
BookOfProverb_Ch3	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	
BookOfProverb_Ch4	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	
BookOfProverb_Ch5	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	-0.124342	

	reigned	sparingly	thoughts	attire
BookOfProverb_Ch1	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811	-0.131811
BookOfProverb_Ch2	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582	-0.119582
BookOfProverb_Ch3	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459	-0.117459
BookOfProverb_Ch4	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461	-0.124461
BookOfProverb_Ch5	-0.124342	-0.124342	2.810546	-0.124342

[5 rows x 4343 columns]

```
[335]: #prepare old testament data for clustering
X2 = oldtest_norm

#use elbow method to optimize number of clusters
Sum_of_squared_distances2 = []
K2 = range(1,20)
for k in K2:
    km = KMeans(n_clusters=k)
    km = km.fit(X2)
    Sum_of_squared_distances2.append(km.inertia_)
plt.plot(K2, Sum_of_squared_distances2, 'bx-')
plt.xlabel('k')
plt.ylabel('Sum_of_squared_distances')
plt.title('Elbow Method For Optimal k')
plt.show()
```



```
[336]: #run pca on old testament data for dimensionality reduction
pca2 = PCA(n_components=2)
reduced_data2 = pca.fit_transform(X2)

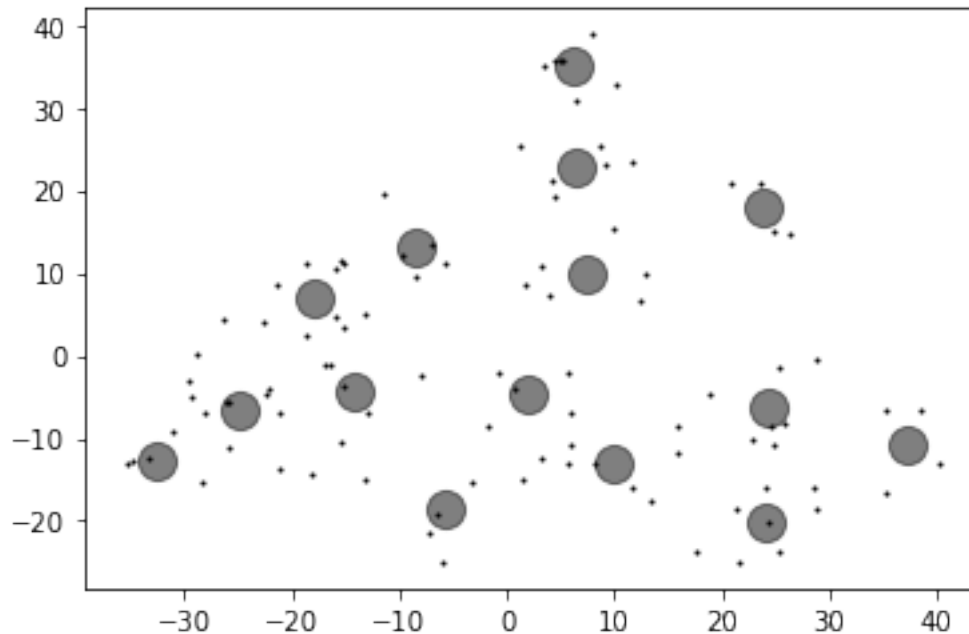
#run kmeans clustering algorithm on old testament data
kmeans2 = KMeans(n_clusters=15, random_state=42).fit(reduced_data2)
clusters2 = pd.DataFrame(index=oldtest_norm.index, data=kmeans2.labels_,
    ↳columns=['Category'])
clusters2
```

```
[336]:
```

	Category
BookOfProverb_Ch1	3
BookOfProverb_Ch2	1
BookOfProverb_Ch3	10
BookOfProverb_Ch4	10
BookOfProverb_Ch5	13
...	...
BookOfWisdom_Ch15	4
BookOfWisdom_Ch16	5
BookOfWisdom_Ch17	9
BookOfWisdom_Ch18	11
BookOfWisdom_Ch19	11

[100 rows x 1 columns]

```
[337]: #plot old testament chapters and clusters
centers2 = kmeans2.cluster_centers_
plt.scatter(centers2[:, 0], centers2[:, 1], c='black', s=200, alpha=0.5)
plt.plot(reduced_data2[:, 0], reduced_data2[:, 1], 'k.', markersize=2)
plt.show()
```



```
[388]: #clean data set by dropping words of length 1 and the word nt
#this is because the data was likely split on all punctuation, including
↳apostrophes
#therefore the letter s, which is in the data set, and the letters nt are not
↳actual words and can be removed
words_clean = []
for w in words:
    if len(w) != 1 and w != 'nt':
        words_clean.append(w)
words_clean = np.array(words_clean)
df_clean = df[words_clean]
#remove words that have fewer than 5 instances
#this is because it is unlikely for such rare words to be important in our
↳analysis
df_clean.drop(columns=words_clean[np.where(df_clean.sum().values < 5)],
↳inplace=True)
df_clean['Books'] = df['Books'].values
```

```
c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\pandas\core\frame.py:4170: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
errors=errors,
c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
```

```
packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:13: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
del sys.path[0]
```

```
[389]: df_clean.head()
```

```
[389]:
```

	hath	feelings	anger	open	rage	looketh	illumination	tell	build	\
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	neither	...	needs	well	state	production	developed	regarded	taketh	\
0	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
2	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	...	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	
4	0	...	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

	thoughts	illuminates	Books
0	0	0	Buddhism_Ch1
1	0	0	Buddhism_Ch2
2	0	0	Buddhism_Ch3
3	0	0	Buddhism_Ch4
4	0	0	Buddhism_Ch5

```
[5 rows x 2199 columns]
```

```
[390]: #fix the order of the columns
cols = df_clean.columns.tolist()
cols = cols[-1:] + cols[:-1]
df_clean = df_clean[cols]

#get new list of words
words_clean = df_clean.columns[1:]
```

```
[391]: #create new old testament data based on the cleaned data frame
oldtest_temp = df_clean[(df_clean['Books'].str.
    ↳contains('Proverb|Ecclesiasticus|Wisdom'))]
oldtest_final = oldtest_temp.drop(columns=['Books'])

#remove words that occur zero times in the old testament
```

```
oldtest_final = oldtest_final.drop(columns=words_clean[np.where(oldtest_final.
    ↪sum() == 0)])
oldtest_final.reset_index(drop=True, inplace=True)
```

```
[392]: oldtest_final.head()
```

```
[392]:
```

	hath	anger	open	rage	looketh	tell	build	neither	soft	land	...	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	...	
2	4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	...	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	...	
4	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	...	

	walketh	business	red	grows	glad	well	state	regarded	taketh	\
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	
1	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	

	thoughts
0	0
1	0
2	0
3	0
4	1

[5 rows x 1604 columns]

```
[393]: #standardize the old testmanet data
oldtest_final_norm = pd.DataFrame()
oldtest_final_words = oldtest_final
for i in range(len(oldtest_final)):
    temp = (oldtest_final_words.iloc[i].values - np.mean(oldtest_final_words.
    ↪iloc[i].values)) / np.std(oldtest_final_words.iloc[i].values)
    oldtest_final_norm = pd.concat([oldtest_final_norm, pd.DataFrame(temp,
    ↪index=oldtest_final_words.columns).T])
```

```
[394]: #add books back to dataframe
oldtest_final_norm['Books'] = oldtest_clean.index
```

```
[395]: #fix the order of columns
cols = oldtest_final_norm.columns.tolist()
cols = cols[-1:] + cols[:-1]
oldtest_final_norm = oldtest_final_norm[cols]
```

```
[396]: oldtest_final_norm.head()
```

```
[396]:
```

	Books	hath	anger	open	rage	looketh	\
0	BookOfProverb_Ch1	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	
0	BookOfProverb_Ch2	1.696387	-0.193200	-0.193200	-0.193200	-0.193200	
0	BookOfProverb_Ch3	4.456197	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	
0	BookOfProverb_Ch4	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	
0	BookOfProverb_Ch5	1.664622	-0.181888	-0.181888	-0.181888	-0.181888	

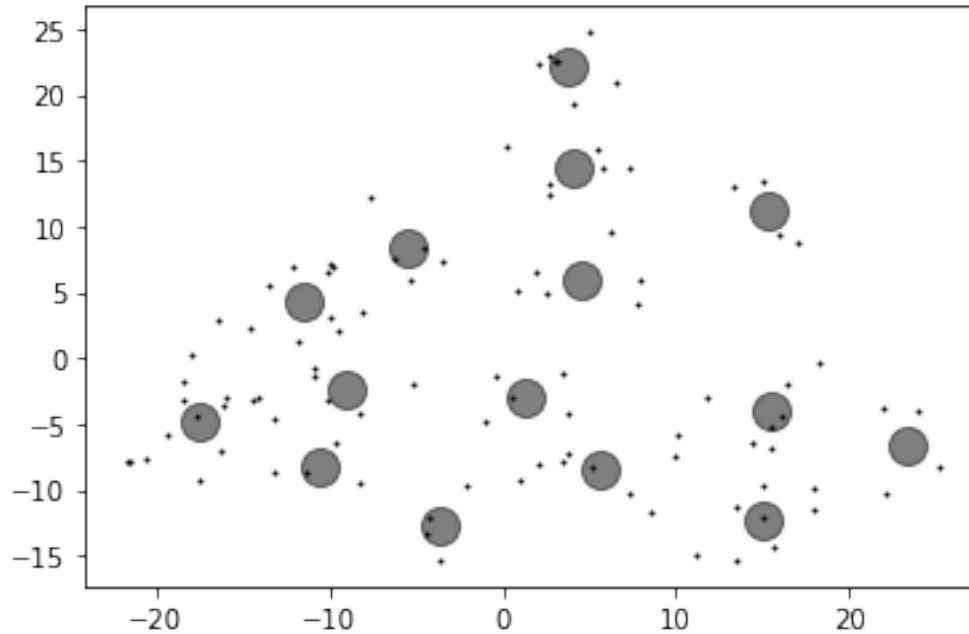
	tell	build	neither	soft	...	walketh	business	red	\
0	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	...	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	
0	-0.193200	-0.193200	1.696387	-0.193200	...	-0.193200	-0.193200	-0.193200	
0	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	...	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	
0	-0.195927	-0.195927	2.572940	-0.195927	...	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	
0	-0.181888	-0.181888	1.664622	-0.181888	...	-0.181888	-0.181888	-0.181888	

	grows	glad	well	state	regarded	taketh	thoughts
0	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	-0.199877	1.141555	-0.199877	-0.199877
0	-0.193200	1.696387	-0.193200	-0.193200	-0.193200	-0.193200	-0.193200
0	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919	-0.176919
0	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927	-0.195927
0	-0.181888	-0.181888	1.664622	-0.181888	-0.181888	-0.181888	1.664622

[5 rows x 1605 columns]

```
[398]: #run clustering algorithm on data frame
pca_oldtest = PCA(n_components=2)
reduced_data_oldtest = pca.fit_transform(oldtest_final_norm.
    ↳drop(columns=['Books']))
kmeans_oldtest = KMeans(n_clusters=15, random_state=42).
    ↳fit(reduced_data_oldtest)
clusters_oldtest = pd.DataFrame(index=oldtest_final_norm.index,
    ↳data=kmeans_oldtest.labels_, columns=['Category'])

[399]: #plot clusters and chapters in the old testament
centers_oldtest = kmeans_oldtest.cluster_centers_
plt.scatter(centers_oldtest[:, 0], centers_oldtest[:, 1], c='black', s=200,
    ↳alpha=0.5)
plt.plot(reduced_data_oldtest[:, 0], reduced_data_oldtest[:, 1], 'k.',
    ↳markersize=2)
plt.show()
```



```
[400]: #create dataframe of coordinates of each book, and its category, for easier
        ↪ visualization
oldtest_coords_clusters = pd.DataFrame([clusters_oldtest.index, [item[0] for
        ↪ item in reduced_data_oldtest], [item[1] for item in reduced_data_oldtest],
        ↪ clusters_oldtest['Category'].values]).T
oldtest_coords_clusters.columns = [['Book', 'x', 'y', 'Category']]
```

```
[401]: #create new cluster names
cluster_names = []
for i in range(15):
    cluster_names.append('Center of Cluster ' + str(i))
```

```
[402]: #create dataframe of cluster coordinates for easier visualization
cluster_coords = pd.DataFrame([cluster_names, [item[0] for item in
        ↪ centers_oldtest], [item[1] for item in centers_oldtest]]).T
cluster_coords.columns = [['Category', 'x', 'y']]
```

```
[4]: #load in old testament dataframe for tone analysis
df = pd.read_csv('oldtest.csv')
df.rename(columns={'Unnamed: 0': 'Book'}, inplace=True)
```

```
[5]: df.head()
```

```
[5]:          Book      hath      anger      open      rage      looketh  \
0  BookOfProverb_Ch1 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877
```



```

1 BookOfProverb_Ch2 1.696387 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200
2 BookOfProverb_Ch3 4.456197 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919
3 BookOfProverb_Ch4 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927
4 BookOfProverb_Ch5 1.664622 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888

      tell      build      neither      soft      ...      walketh      business      red      \
0 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 ... -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877
1 -0.193200 -0.193200 1.696387 -0.193200 ... -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200
2 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 ... -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919
3 -0.195927 -0.195927 2.572940 -0.195927 ... -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927
4 -0.181888 -0.181888 1.664622 -0.181888 ... -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888

      grows      glad      well      state      regarded      taketh      thoughts
0 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 1.141555 -0.199877 -0.199877
1 -0.193200 1.696387 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200
2 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919
3 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927
4 -0.181888 -0.181888 1.664622 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888 1.664622

[5 rows x 1605 columns]

```

```

[21]: #initialize ibm watson
authenticator = IAMAuthenticator('5G41D_Li4QuGa-DkQwJD5D13CBHzBcV6BTSLwlyHufcQ')
tone_analyzer = ToneAnalyzerV3(
    version='2017-09-21',
    authenticator=authenticator
)

tone_analyzer.set_service_url('https://api.us-south.tone-analyzer.watson.cloud.
↪ibm.com/instances/bf993a7b-7133-4d4e-9977-f6467fc4cc52')

```

```

[12]: #get list of all words in the books
words = np.array(df.columns[1:])

```

```

[40]: #run tone analysis on words
tone_lst = []
for i in words:
    tone_analysis = tone_analyzer.tone(
        {'text': i},
        content_type='text/plain'
    ).get_result()
    tone_lst.append((i, tone_analysis['document_tone']['tones']))

```

```

[219]: #drop words that have no associated tone
#create list of tuples containing word and its associated tone
real_tone_lst = []
for i in tone_lst:

```

```

if len(i[1]) > 0:
    temp_score = 0
    temp_tone = ''
    for j in i[1]:
        if j['score'] > temp_score:
            temp_score = j['score']
            temp_tone = j['tone_name']
    real_tone_lst.append((i[0], temp_tone))

```

```

[93]: #get list of all words that have associated tone
tone_words = []
for i in real_tone_lst:
    tone_words.append(i[0])
tone_words.insert(0, 'Book') #keep book in the words for easier column indexing
tone_words = np.array(tone_words)

```

```

[100]: #only keep words with an associated tone
df = df[tone_words]

```

```

[101]: df.head()

```

```

[101]:
      Book  anger  rage  build  neither  let  \
0  BookOfProverb_Ch1 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877  5.165852
1  BookOfProverb_Ch2 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200  1.696387 -0.193200
2  BookOfProverb_Ch3 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919  3.297918
3  BookOfProverb_Ch4 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927  2.572940  8.110672
4  BookOfProverb_Ch5 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888  1.664622  9.050663

      felt  great  embrace  violent  ...  secret  incline  spread  \
0 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877  ... -0.199877 -0.199877  1.141555
1 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200  ... -0.193200  3.585974 -0.193200
2 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919  ... -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919
3 -0.195927 -0.195927  1.188506 -0.195927  ... -0.195927  1.188506 -0.195927
4 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888  ... -0.181888  1.664622 -0.181888

      cry  necessity  set  fearful  glad  state  thoughts
0 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877 -0.199877
1 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200 -0.193200  1.696387 -0.193200 -0.193200
2 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919 -0.176919
3 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927 -0.195927
4 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888 -0.181888  1.664622

[5 rows x 486 columns]

```

```

[102]: #get unique tones
tones = []
for i in real_tone_lst:

```

```

    tones.append(i[1])
tones = np.array((set(tones)))

```

```

[112]: #create dictionary containing tones and its values for each book
tone_dct = {'Sadness': np.zeros(len(df)), 'Joy': np.zeros(len(df)), 'Anger': np.
↳zeros(len(df)), 'Analytical': np.zeros(len(df)), 'Tentative': np.
↳zeros(len(df)), 'Confident': np.zeros(len(df)), 'Fear': np.zeros(len(df))}
for i in real_tone_lst:
    word = i[0]
    tone = i[1]
    tone_dct[tone] += df[word].values

```

```

[114]: #add columns of tone values
df['SADNESS'] = tone_dct['Sadness']
df['JOY'] = tone_dct['Joy']
df['ANGER'] = tone_dct['Anger']
df['ANALYTICAL'] = tone_dct['Analytical']
df['TENTATIVE'] = tone_dct['Tentative']
df['CONFIDENT'] = tone_dct['Confident']
df['FEAR'] = tone_dct['Fear']

```

c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:1: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

"""Entry point for launching an IPython kernel.

c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:2: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:3: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

This is separate from the ipykernel package so we can avoid doing imports until

c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-

```
packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:4: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
after removing the cwd from sys.path.

```
c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:5: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
"""

```
c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:6: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy

```
c:\users\l\appdata\local\programs\python\python37\lib\site-
packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:7: SettingWithCopyWarning:
A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.
Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead
```

See the caveats in the documentation: https://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html#returning-a-view-versus-a-copy
import sys

```
[256]: #create pandas series for each book and its total tone
prov_tone = df[df['Book'].str.contains('Proverb')][['SADNESS', 'ANGER', 'JOY', '
→'ANALYTICAL', 'TENTATIVE', 'CONFIDENT', 'FEAR']].sum()
eccl_tone = df[df['Book'].str.contains('Ecclesiasticus')][['SADNESS', 'ANGER', '
→'JOY', 'ANALYTICAL', 'TENTATIVE', 'CONFIDENT', 'FEAR']].sum()
wis_tone = df[df['Book'].str.contains('Wisdom')][['SADNESS', 'ANGER', 'JOY', '
→'ANALYTICAL', 'TENTATIVE', 'CONFIDENT', 'FEAR']].sum()
```

```
[262]: #function to normalize data on scale from 0 to 1
def NormalizeData(data):
    return (data - np.min(data)) / (np.max(data) - np.min(data))
```

```
[267]: #normalize data
prov_tone = NormalizeData(prov_tone.values)
eccl_tone = NormalizeData(eccl_tone.values)
```

```
wis_tone = NormalizeData(wis_tone.values)
```

```
[280]: #turn series into dataframes
prov_df = pd.DataFrame(prov_tone).T
prov_df.columns = ['Sadness', 'Anger', 'Joy', 'Analytical', 'Tentative', 'Confident', 'Fear']

eccl_df = pd.DataFrame(eccl_tone).T
eccl_df.columns = ['Sadness', 'Anger', 'Joy', 'Analytical', 'Tentative', 'Confident', 'Fear']

wis_df = pd.DataFrame(wis_tone).T
wis_df.columns = ['Sadness', 'Anger', 'Joy', 'Analytical', 'Tentative', 'Confident', 'Fear']
```

```
[404]: prov_df
```

```
[404]:      Sadness      Anger  Joy  Analytical  Tentative  Confident      Fear
0  0.599071  0.690424  1.0         0.0    0.521823   0.488139  0.51443
```

```
[405]: eccl_df
```

```
[405]:      Sadness      Anger  Joy  Analytical  Tentative  Confident      Fear
0  0.516486  0.550526  1.0         0.0    0.540251   0.552315  0.548456
```

```
[406]: wis_df
```

```
[406]:      Sadness      Anger  Joy  Analytical  Tentative  Confident      Fear
0  0.266508  0.342749  1.0         0.0    0.557436   0.307545  0.307791
```

```
[281]: #combines all dataframes into one
all_df = pd.concat([prov_df, eccl_df, wis_df])
```

```
[283]: #keep track of which book is which
all_df['Books'] = ['Proverbs', 'Ecclesiasticus', 'Wisdom']
```

```
[407]: all_df
```

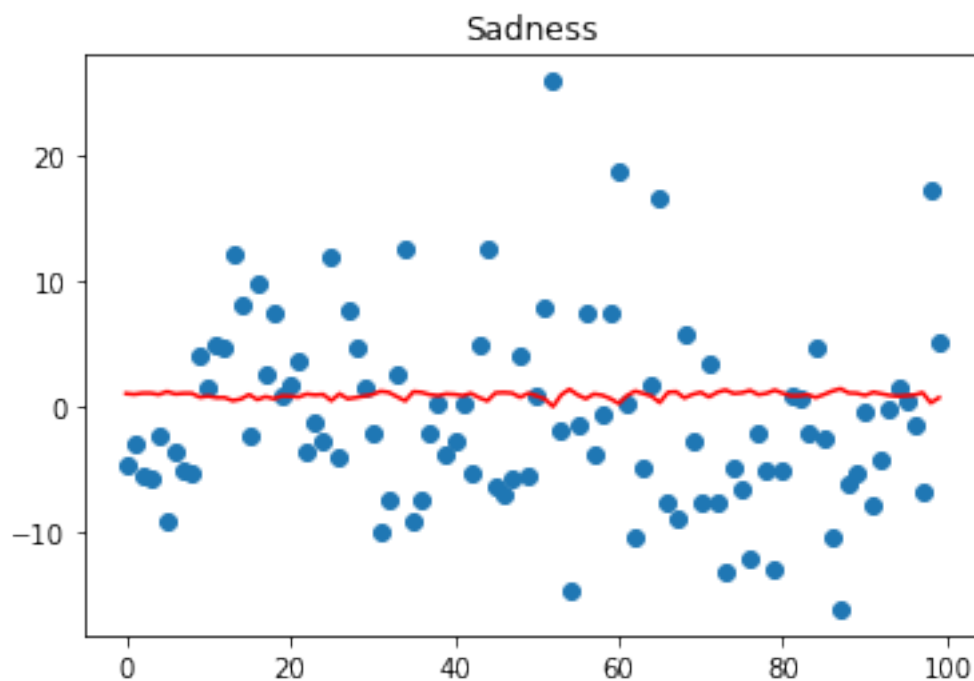
```
[407]:      Sadness      Anger  Joy  Analytical  Tentative  Confident      Fear  \
0  0.599071  0.690424  1.0         0.0    0.521823   0.488139  0.514430
0  0.516486  0.550526  1.0         0.0    0.540251   0.552315  0.548456
0  0.266508  0.342749  1.0         0.0    0.557436   0.307545  0.307791

      Books
0  Proverbs
0  Ecclesiasticus
0  Wisdom
```

This section is an attempt at linear regression on tone values. The tone values are too scattered for a linear regression model to accurately make predictions, as shown by the roughly horizontal regression lines in the graphs

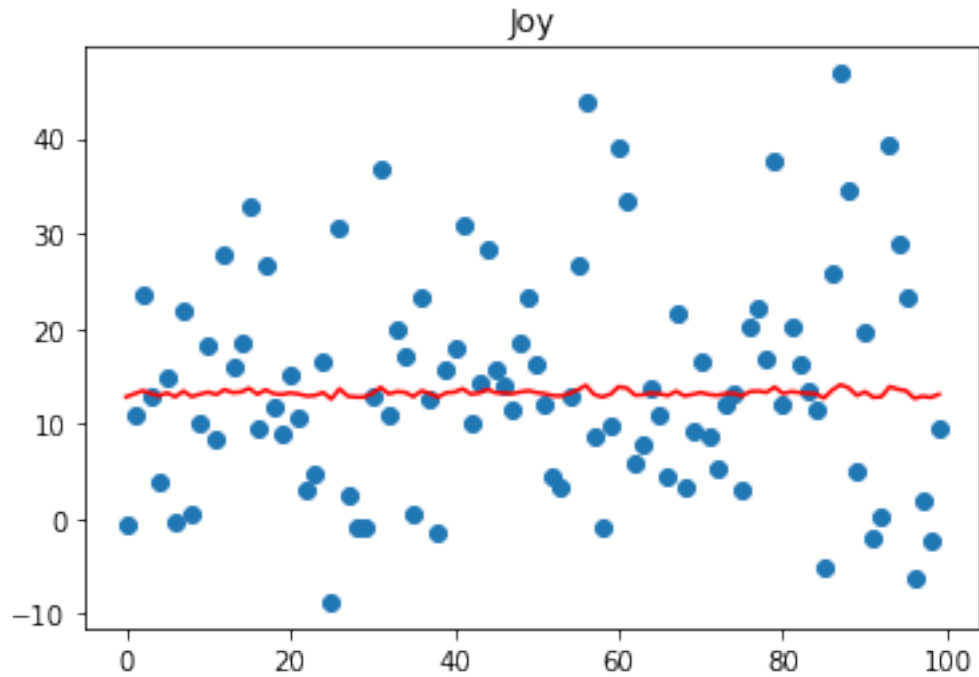
```
[197]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['SADNESS'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['SADNESS'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Sadness')
plt.show()
```



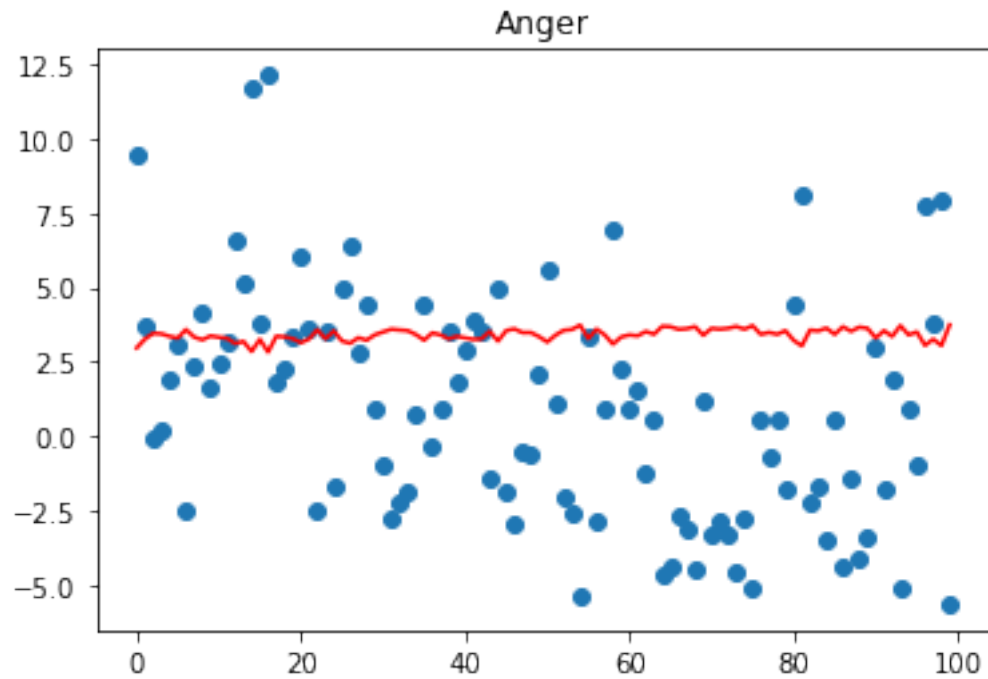
```
[198]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['JOY'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['JOY'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Joy')
plt.show()
```



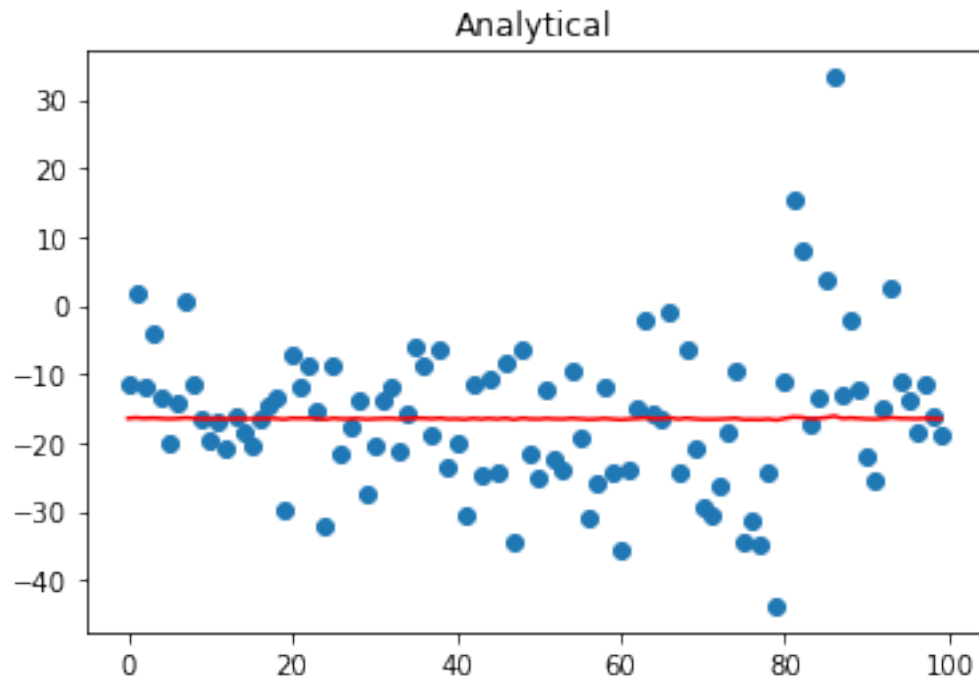
```
[199]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['ANGER'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['ANGER'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Anger')
plt.show()
```



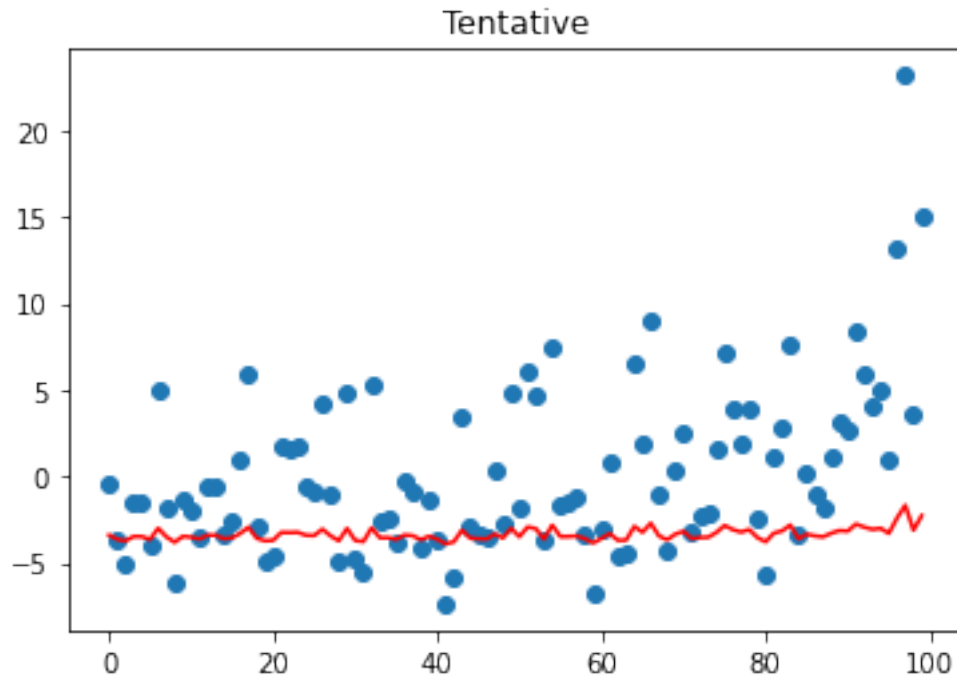
```
[200]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['ANALYTICAL'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['ANALYTICAL'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Analytical')
plt.show()
```

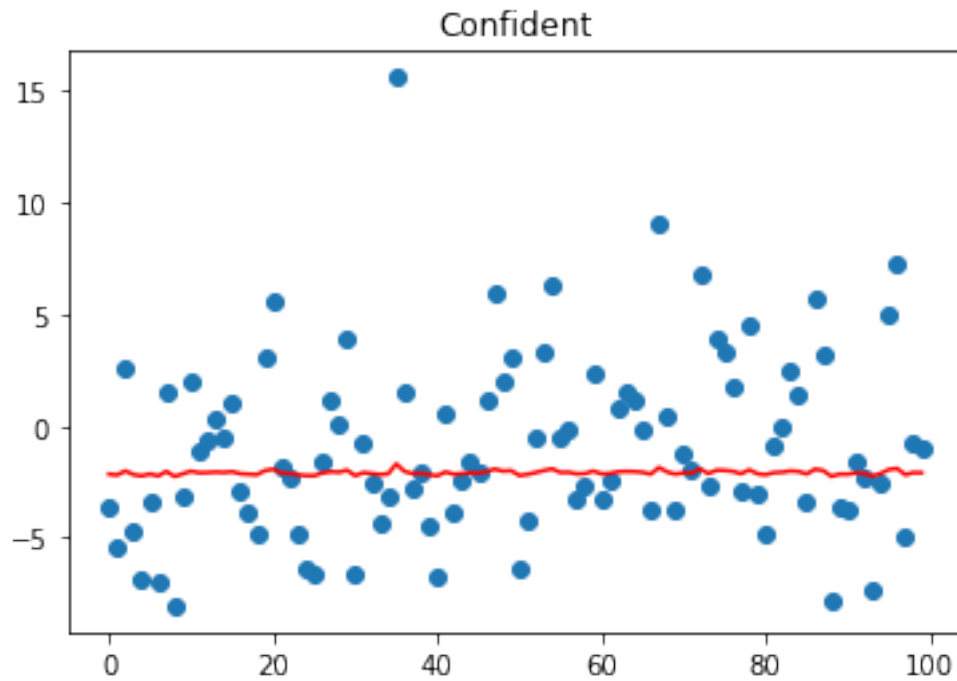
```
[202]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['TENTATIVE'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['TENTATIVE'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Tentative')
plt.show()
```



```
[205]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['CONFIDENT'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['CONFIDENT'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Confident')
plt.show()
```



```
[206]: X = np.array(df.index).reshape(-1, 1)
y = df['CONFIDENT'].values
reg = LinearRegression().fit(X, y)
reg_pred = reg.predict(y.reshape(-1, 1))

plt.scatter(np.array(df.index), df['FEAR'])
plt.plot(X, reg_pred, color='red')
plt.title('Fear')
plt.show()
```

