

logistic_reg

May 11, 2022

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[2]: # Importing the libraries
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
```

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[4]: # Importing the dataset
dataset = pd.read_csv('Social_Network_Ads.csv')
print(dataset)
X = dataset.iloc[:, [2, 3]].values
y = dataset.iloc[:, 4].values
```

	User ID	Gender	Age	EstimatedSalary	Purchased
0	15624510	Male	19	19000	0
1	15810944	Male	35	20000	0
2	15668575	Female	26	43000	0
3	15603246	Female	27	57000	0
4	15804002	Male	19	76000	0
..
395	15691863	Female	46	41000	1
396	15706071	Male	51	23000	1
397	15654296	Female	50	20000	1
398	15755018	Male	36	33000	0
399	15594041	Female	49	36000	1

[400 rows x 5 columns]

```
[3]: # Splitting the dataset into the Training set and Test set
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.25,
↳ random_state = 0)
```

```
[4]: # Feature Scaling
from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
sc = StandardScaler()
X_train = sc.fit_transform(X_train)
X_test = sc.transform(X_test)
```

```
[5]: # Fitting Logistic Regression to the Training set
from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
log_reg = LogisticRegression(random_state = 0)
log_reg.fit(X_train, y_train)
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[5]: LogisticRegression(random_state=0)
```

```
[7]: # Predicting the Test set results
y_pred = log_reg.predict(X_test)
```

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[10]: cmp = pd.DataFrame({'Real Values':y_test, 'Predicted Values':y_pred})
cmp.head(20)
```

```
[10]:
```

	Real Values	Predicted Values
0	0	0
1	0	0
2	0	0
3	0	0
4	0	0
5	0	0
6	0	0
7	1	1
8	0	0
9	0	1
10	0	0
11	0	0
12	0	0
13	0	0
14	0	0
15	0	0
16	0	0
17	0	0
18	1	1
19	0	0

```
[12]: # Making the Confusion Matrix
from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix
cm = confusion_matrix(y_test, y_pred)
cm
```

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[12]: array([[65,  3],
        [ 8, 24]])
```

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[14]: from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score
print ("Accuracy : ", accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
```

Accuracy : 0.89

```
[15]: from sklearn.metrics import precision_score  
print ("precision : ",precision_score(y_test, y_pred,average='macro'))
```

precision : 0.8896499238964992

```
[16]: from sklearn.metrics import recall_score  
print ("recall : ",recall_score(y_test, y_pred,average='macro'))
```

recall : 0.8529411764705883

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[ ]:
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