

# What's new in Kubernetes 1.33?

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## **About Me**

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- # AWS Community Builder 2025 (Container)
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## **Agenda**

- # Kubernetes v1.33: Octarine
- # Enhancements in Kubernetes v1.33: Highlights
- # Deprecations & Removals Features
- # Demo





## **Kubernetes v1.33: Octarine**



### **Kubernete 1.33 : Octarine**

Released Wednesday, 23rd April, 2025

The theme for Kubernetes v1.33 is

Octarine: The Color of Magic

Inspired by Terry Pratchett's Discworld series.

This release highlights the open source magic that Kubernetes enables across the ecosystem









## **Summary of Enhancement**



64 stars in the background = 64 KEPs (Kubernetes Enhancement Proposals)

18 enhancement to Stable

20 enhancement to Beta

24 enhancement to Alpha

2 deprecated / withdrawn

#### Complete Lists:

http://bit.ly/k8s133-enhancements







## **Enhancement Highlights**





## **Highlight #1: Sidecar containers ( KEP-753)**

Sidecar containers in Kubernetes are like little helper containers that live inside the same Pod as your main application. They're there to add extra features like logging, monitoring, and security, without you having to mess with your primary application's code. This feature is enabled by default from Kubernetes version 1.29 onwards.

Kubernetes Implements sidecars as a special class of init container, with restartPolicy: Always, to makes sure the sidecars start before the main container and keep running, or automatically stop after the main container exits.

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.28 # Beta : v1.29 # Stable : v1.33

SIG-Node



### **Highlight #2: nftables backend for kube-proxy**

**KEP-3866** 

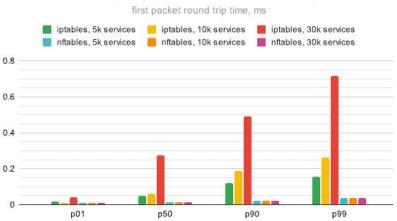
Kube-proxy on Linux currently uses *iptables*, which has been the main packet filtering system but is now outdated and largely unmaintained. Development has shifted to *nftables*, which offers better features and performance.

This KEP proposes a new official *nftables* backend for kube-proxy, aiming to eventually replace both *iptables* and *ipvs* backends and become the default Linux mode.

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.29 # Beta : v1.31 # Stable : v1.33

#### kube-proxy iptables vs nftables latency



Blog Post: NFTables mode for kube-proxy

**SIG-Network** 



## Highlight #3: Multiple Service CIDRs ( KEP-1880)

Enable dynamic scaling of Service IP addresses by introducing a new allocation mechanism. This involves two new API objects: ServiceCIDR and IPAddress. Users can then increase the number of available Service IPs on the fly by creating more ServiceCIDRs.

And also allow for renumbering Service IPs, and provide ways to find out the current Service IP range and which IP addresses are already allocated.

```
NAME PARENTREF
10.96.0.1 services/default/kubernetes
10.96.0.10 services/kube-system/kube-dns
10.96.177.35 services/default/example-service
```

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.29 # Beta : v1.31 # Stable : v1.33

**SIG-Network** 



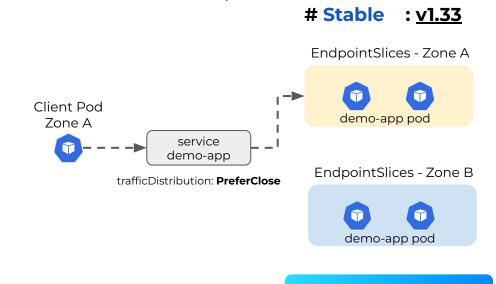
### **Highlight #4: Traffic Distribution for Services**

**KEP-4444** 

This release graduate topology-aware routing and traffic distribution to GA, which would allow to optimize service traffic in multi-zone cluster. *trafficDistribution* field is added to service spec

```
apiVersion: v1
kind: Service
metadata:
    name: demo-svc
spec:
    type: ClusterIP
    trafficDistribution: PreferClose
    ports:
    - name: tcp
    port: 80
    protocol: TCP
    targetPort: 8080
selector:
    app: demo-app
```

**PreferClose**, Prioritize routing traffic to endpoints in the same zone as the client. If no endpoints are available within the zone, traffic will be routed to other zones.



Status:

# Alpha

# Beta

: v1.30

: v1.31

**SIG-Network** 

# Highlight #5: MatchLabelKeys to Pod Affinity and Pod Anti Affinity ( KEP-3633)

The scheduler currently treats *Terminating* Pods as active, causing topology spreading imbalances during rollouts.

The stable **matchLabelKeys** and **mismatchLabelKeys** fields in Pod affinity allow finer control over Pod co-location and separation. These complement *labelSelector* to improve scheduling flexibility for rolling updates and service isolation based on global settings.

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.29 # Beta : v1.30 # Stable : v1.33

#### **Example Deployment manifest**

```
affinity:
   podAffinity:
    requiredDuringSchedulingIgnoredDuringExecution:
        - labelSelector:
        matchExpressions:
        - key: app
        operator: In
        values:
        - database
        topologyKey: topology.kubernetes.io/zone
        matchLabelKeys: # ADDED
        - pod-template-hash
```

Issue #105661

**SIG-Scheduling** 

pod-template-hash



### **Highlight #6: Recursive read-only (RRO) mounts**

(KEP-3857)

The current readOnly volumes aren't recursively read-only, which could lead to data being compromised; for example, even if /mnt is mounted as read-only, its submounts like /mnt/usbstorage aren't read-only. This KEP aims to make read-only volumes recursively read-only.

#### Status:

# Alpha : v1.30 : v1.31 # Beta # Stable : v1.33

#### Pod manifest

```
spec:
volumes:
 - name: foo
  hostPath:
   path:/mnt
   type: Directory
containers:
 - volumeMounts:
 - mountPath: /mnt
  name: foo
  mountPropagation: None
  readOnly: true
  # NEW
  recursiveReadOnly: IfPossible
```

Requires kernel >= 5.12, with one of the following OCI runtimes:

- runc >= 1.1
- crun >= 14

**SIG-Node** 



## Highlight #7: Subresource support in kubectl

**KEP-2590** 

The --subresource argument is now generally available (GA) for kubectl subcommand such as get, patch, edit, apply and replace, allowing user to fetch and update subresources for all resource that support them.

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.24 # Beta : v1.27 # Stable : v1.33

```
$ kubectl get deployment example-deployment --subresource=status

NAME READY UP-TO-DATE AVAILABLE AGE
example-deployment 1/1 1 1 26h

$ kubectl get deployment example-deployment --subresource=scale

NAME DESIRED AVAILABLE AGE
example-deployment 1 1 26h

#resize resource cpu limit of pod

$ kubectl patch pod example-pod --subresource=resize --patch \
'{"spec":{"containers":[{"name":"pause", "resources":{"requests": "limits":{"cpu":"800m"}}}]]]}'
pod/example-pod patched
```

<u>kubectl reference</u>

SIG-CLI



# Highlight #8 : Zero-second sleeps for container PreStop hooks ( KEP-4818 )

Creating a container with a PreStop lifecycle hook with sleep of **0** seconds will throw a validation error like so:

**Status:** 

# Alpha : v1.32

# **Beta** : v1.33

Invalid value: 0: must be greater than 0 and less than terminationGracePeriodSeconds (30)

This KEP aims to add support for setting a value of zero with the sleep action of the PreStop hook to do a no-op. which is useful when a preStop hook is required but no delay is desired.

### example sleep with shell command

```
spec:
containers:
- name: nginx
image: nginx:1.16.1
lifecycle:
preStop:
exec:
command:
['sh', '-c', 'sleep 10s']
```

#### pod manifest

```
spec:
containers:
- name: nginx
image: nginx:1.16.1
lifecycle:
preStop:
sleep:
seconds: 0
```

#### Feature gate name:

PodLifecycleSleepActionAllowZero

this feature gate which is disabled by default.

**SIG-Node** 



## **Highlight #9: Custom container stop signals**

**KEP-4960** 

Kubernetes by default sends a SIGTERM to all containers while killing them. This KEP proposes to add support to configure custom stop signals for containers from the *Pod spec*.

Currently you can only configure this by defining *STOPSIGNAL* in the container image definition file before you build the image.

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.33

#### **Example Dockerfile**

FROM nginx:alpine

# Set the stop signal to SIGQUIT, which nginx uses for graceful shutdown

STOPSIGNAL SIGQUIT

# COPY my-nginx.conf /etc/nginx/nginx.conf EXPOSE 80

#### Pod manifest

apiVersion: v1 kind: Pod

metadata:

name: nginx

spec:

containers:

- name: nginx

image: nginx:custom-1.0.1

lifecycle:

stopSignal: SIGUSR1

#Overvide **STOPSIGNAL** of image

#### Feature gate name:

ContainerStopSignals

this feature gate which is disabled by default.

**SIG-Node** 



# Highlight #10 : Option for kubectl with .kuberc for user preferences ( KEP-3104)

kuberc is a configuration file that kubectl can now read on startup to apply **user-defined preferences**. The primary goal is to separate cluster credentials and server configuration from user preferences. which is primarily for cluster connection details and authentication.

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.33

#### Example kuberc configure

apiVersion: kubectl.config.k8s.io/vlalphal kind: Preference aliases:

- name: kgp command: get appendArgs:

- pods

# Force the --interactive=true flag for kubectl delete overrides:

- command: delete flags:
  - name: interactive default: "true"

#### **Example scripts**

# Enable kuberc # default path : ~/.kube/kuberc \$ export KUBECTL\_KUBERC=true

\$ kubectl kgp -n default
NAME READY STATUS RESTARTS AGE
example-pod 1/1 Running 0 83m

\$ kubectl delete pod example-pod You are about to delete the following 1 resource(s): pod/example-pod Do you want to continue? (y/n):

**SIG-CLI** 



# Highlight #11: In-place resource resize for vertical scaling of Pods ( KEP-1287)

Before this enhancement, container resources defined in a Pod's spec were **immutable**, and updating any of these details within a Pod template would trigger Pod replacement (required restarting the Pod).

#### **Status:**

# Alpha : v1.27 # Beta : v1.33

In-place Pod resizing allows you to change the CPU and memory requests and limits of running Pod without any downtime, seamless scale-down when the traffic is low, and even allocating larger resources during startup, which can then be reduced once the initial setup is complete.

# Try resize pod via kubectl

\$ kubectl edit pod <pod-name> --subresource resize

# requires kubectl v1.32+

#### Feature gate name:

InPlacePodVerticalScaling

In v1.33 is **enabled** by default.

SIG-Node SIG-Autoscaling

Blog Post: <u>In-Place Pod Resize Graduated to Beta</u>





# Deprecations & Removals





## **Deprecations & Removals**

#### **#1 Deprecation of stable Endpoint API (KEP-4974)**

**SIG-Network** 

Since EndpointSlices became GA in 1.21, which effectively replaced the Endpoint API to address some limitations. The EndpointSlices API has introduced new features such as <u>dual-stack networking</u> or <u>traffic distribution</u>, That make the original Endpoint API can official deprecation.

#### Goal

- Officially declare v1. Endpoints to be deprecated.
- Add warnings to alert users of the fact that Endpoints is deprecated.
- Ensure that all core Kubernetes code uses EndpointSlices rather than Endpoints
- etc.

```
$ kubectl get endpoints myservice
Warning: v1 Endpoints is deprecated in v1.33+: use discovery.k8s.io/v1 EndpointSlice
            ENDPOINTS
                              AGE
myservice 10.180.3.17:443
                              1h
$ kubectl get endpointslice -l kubernetes.io/service-name=myservice
                  ADDRESSTYPE
                               PORTS
                                       ENDPOINTS
                                                          AGE
myservice-7vzhx
                 IPv4
                               443
                                       10.180.3.17
                                                          215
myservice-jcv8s IPv6
                               443
                                       2001:db8:0123::5 21s
```

Blog Post: Continuing the transition from Endpoints to EndpointSlices



## **Deprecations & Removals**

#### #2 Remove Kube-Proxy version information in node status (KEP-4004)

Following its deprecation in v1.31 .status.nodeInfo.kubeProxyVersion field for node, its was removed in v1.33.

This field was set by kubelet, which does not actually know the kube-proxy version, or even if kube-proxy is running.

**SIG-Node** 

#### #3 Removal of host network support for Windows pods (KEP-3503)

The original feature was introduced as alpha in v1.26, but due to unexpected behavior with containerd, the Kubernetes project decided to withdraw the related KEP. Support was completely removed in v1.33.

**SIG-Windows** 



1 • Fine grained Kubelet API authorization #2862		00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00		
0 1 110 3 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110 1110	Beta	26 Separate kubectl user preferences from cluster configs #3104	Alpha	52 ORA: Resource Claim Status with possible standardized network into
2 ③ Take taints/tolerations into consideration when calculating PodTopolog #3094	Stable	27 • Consider Terminating Pods in Deployments #3973	Alpha	53 • Split L3 Cache Topology Awareness in CPU Manager #5109
3 ① ClusterTrustBundles (previously Trust Anchor Sets) #3257	Beta	28 • Speed up recursive SELinux label change #1710	Beta	54 ① DRA: Partitionable Devices #4815
4 ① Introduce MatchLabelKeys to Pod Affinity and Pod Anti Affinity #3633	Stable	29	Stable	55 ORA: device taints and tolerations #5055
5	Stable	30	Stable	56 PreferSameNode Traffic Distribution (formerly PreferLocal traffic po
6 ⊙ Projected service account tokens for Kubelet image credential providers #4412	Alpha	31 • Job success/completion policy #3998	Stable	57 • Pop pod from backoffQ when activeQ is empty #5142
7	Beta	32 • Declarative Validation Of Kubernetes Native Types With validation-gen #5073	Beta	58 ① Traffic Distribution for Services #4444
8 O DRA: Prioritized Alternatives in Device Requests #4816	Alpha	33 • Configurable tolerance for Horizontal Pod Autoscalers #4951	Alpha	59 • Recursive Read-only (RRO) mounts #3857
9 • Add storage capacity scoring #4049	Alpha	34	Stable	
10 • Asynchronous preemption in the scheduler #4832	Beta	35 O Coordinated Leader Election #4355	Beta	60 Allow zero value for Sleep Action of PreStop Hook #4818 61 Fine-grained SupplementalGroups control #3619
11	Stable	36 Ordered namespace deletion #5080	Alpha	
12	Stable	37	Stable	62 © Expose Node labels via downward API #4742
13 • Topology Aware Routing #2433	Stable	38	Deprecatio	63 Streaming Encoding for LIST Responses #5116
14 • Portworx file in-tree to CSI driver migration #2589	Stable	39 O node: cpumanager: add options to reject non SMT-aligned workload #2625	Stable	64 ① Snapshottable API server cache #4988
15 O Always Honor PersistentVolume Reclaim Policy #2644	Stable	40 • Support PSI based on cgroupv2 #4205	Alpha	Complete Lists: http://bit.ly/k8s133-enhancements
16  onftables kube-proxy backend #3866	Stable	41 ① DRA: structured parameters #4381	Beta	
17	Stable	42 O VolumeSource: OCI Artifact and/or Image #4639	Beta	
18	Beta	43 • Pod Generation #5067	Alpha	
19 O IP/CIDR validation improvements #4858	Alpha	44 ① In-Place Update of Pod Resources #1287	Beta	
20 O Mutable CSINode Allocatable Property #4876	Alpha	45 O Add CPUManager policy option to distribute CPUs across NUMA node #2902	Beta	
21 O Deprecate v1.Endpoints #4974	Deprecatio	46	Beta	
22	Alpha	47 ① Tune CrashLoopBackOff #4603	Alpha	
23 • API for external signing of Service Account tokens #740	Alpha	48 ① Container Stop Signals #4960	Alpha	
24	Alpha	49 • Support for Direct Service Return (DSR) and overlay networking in Win #5100	Beta	
25 O DRA: AdminAccess for ResourceClaims and ResourceClaimTemplates #5018	Alpha	50 • Support User Namespaces in pods #127	Beta	

Title

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## **Demo**





### **More Information**

Kubernetes v1.33: Octarine

**Kubernetes 1.33 Release Information** 

Kubernetes 1.33 Enhancements Tracking





## Thanks you

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