

# Self-organized predation and migration model

## Abstract

[1]

## Author Summary

## Introduction

## Results

## Steady State

## Space of Parameters

## Metabolic Theory of Ecology

## Discussion

## Materials and Methods

## Fluxogram of the model

Please see Figure 1

## Predation Equations

- General Equation

$$N'(sp) = N(sp) \times \left\{ [1 - NDp(sp)] \left[ \sum_{b \in H(sp)} \rho(b) Dp(b) \right] [Bp(sp)] - \left[ \sum_{c \in P(sp)} \rho(c) (1 - NDp(c)) \frac{\rho(sp)}{\sum_{d \in H(c)} \rho(d)} Dp(sp) \right] - [NDp(sp)] \right\}$$

- Self-Organized Parameters: Birth Probability

$$Bp(sp) = [1 - \rho(sp)] \times \left[ \sum_{b \in H(sp)} \rho(b) \left( 1 - \sum_{c \in P(b)} \rho(c) \right) \right] \times \left[ 1 - \sum_{c \in P(sp)} \rho(c) \right]$$

**Where:** Availability of Resources of Basal Species is 1.0

- **Self-Organized Parameters: Death Probability**

$$Dp(sp) = [\rho(sp)] \times \left[ \sum_{b \in H(sp)} (1 - \rho(b)) \left( \sum_{c \in P(b)} \rho(c) \right) \right] \times \left[ 1 - \sum_{c \in P(sp)} \rho(c) \right]$$

**Where:** Death Probability of Basal Species is 1.0

- **Self-Organized Parameters: Natural Death Probability**

$$NDp(sp) = [\rho(sp)] \times \left[ \sum_{b \in H(sp)} (1 - \rho(b)) \left( \sum_{c \in P(b)} \rho(c) \right) \right] \times \left[ 1 - \sum_{c \in P(sp)} \rho(c) \right]$$

- **Self-Organized Parameters: Carrying Capacity (for each species in each site)**

$$CC(sp) = \left[ \sum_{b \in H(sp)} \frac{(\rho(b))}{\left( \sum_{c \in P(b)} \rho(c) \right)} \right]$$

## Migration Equations

- **Mobility of species  $sp$  from site  $i$  to  $j$**

$$\Delta N_{sp}(i) = \sum_{j \in \text{Neigh}(i)} \left( \left( N_{sp}(j) M_{sp}(j, i) - \textcolor{blue}{N_{sp}(i)} \textcolor{red}{M_{sp}(i, j)} \right) \right)$$

$$M(i, j) = \left[ \overbrace{\lambda^i \frac{\Delta_{ij} f \Theta(\Delta_{ij} f)}{\sum_{k \in \text{Neigh}(i)} \Delta_{ik} f \Theta(\Delta_{ik} f)}}^{\text{Biotic}} \right] \left[ \overbrace{w_{ij} \frac{\Delta_{ij} f_{\eta} \Theta(\Delta_{ij} f_{\eta})}{\sum_{k \in \text{Neigh}(i)} \Delta_{ik} f_{\eta} \Theta(\Delta_{ik} f_{\eta})}}^{\text{Abiotic}} \right]$$

$$\Delta_{ij} f = f^{i,j} - f^{j,i} \begin{cases} f^{i,j} = \rho_H(j) + \rho_P(i) \\ f^{j,i} = \rho_H(i) + \rho_P(j) \end{cases}$$

$$\lambda^i = \frac{1}{2} (1 - RE^i)$$

$$RE^i = \frac{New^t}{N^t}$$

$$\Delta_{ij} f_{\eta} = f_{\eta}^j - f_{\eta}^i \begin{cases} f_{\eta}^i = \eta_{sp}^* - \eta_{sp}^i \\ f_{\eta}^j = \eta_{sp}^* - \eta_{sp}^j \end{cases}$$

$$w_{ij} = \text{Connectivity between sites } i \text{ and } j$$

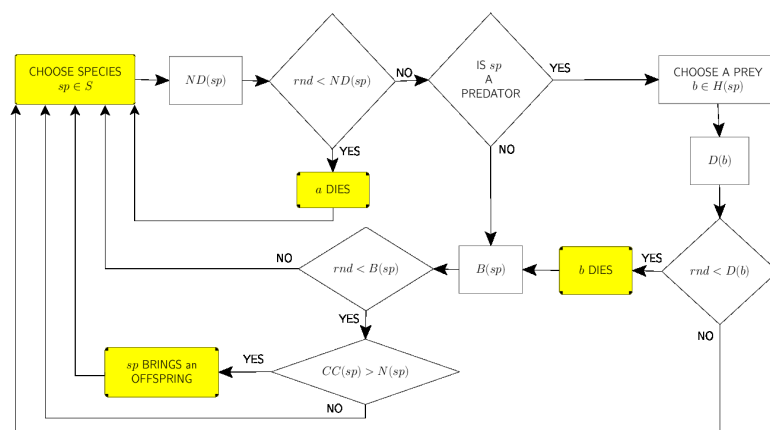
## Acknowledgments

## References

1. de Santana CN, Rozenfeld AF, Marquet PA, Duarte CM (2013) Topological properties of polar food webs. Marine ecology Progress series 474: 15–26.

## Figures

## Tables



**Figure 1. Fluxogram.** Fluxogram of the model.