1 row in set (0.00 sec)

Function Results 1. The function is created as follows: DELIMITER \$ CREATE FUNCTION Num_Of_Film_Rented(cust_ID INTEGER) RETURNS INTEGER BEGIN DECLARE Total_Number_Rented INTEGER; SELECT COUNT(*) INTO Total_Number_Rented FROM Customer AS C, Film as F, Item as I WHERE F.Item_ID = I.Item_ID AND I.Customer_ID_Rent = C.Customer_ID AND C.Customer_ID = cust_ID; RETURN Total Number Rented; END; \$ DELIMITER; 2. To call the function, I used SELECT Num_Of_Film_Rented('Customer_ID'). You can see the SQL input/output below. mysgl> SELECT Num Of Film Rented('2222222222'); +----+ | Num_Of_Film_Rented('222222222') | +----+ +----+ 1 row in set, 1 warning (0.00 sec) mysql> SELECT Num_Of_Film_Rented('11111111111'); +----+ | Num_Of_Film_Rented('1111111111') | +----+ 1 row in set (0.00 sec) mysql> SELECT Num_Of_Film_Rented('1'); +----+ | Num_Of_Film_Rented('1') | +----+ 0 |