MVP from Julio Veganos e Hijos (User Managment)

Generated by Doxygen 1.9.8

1 User Database Management System	1
1.1 Introduction	1
1.2 Key Features	1
1.3 Main Components	1
1.4 Testing Interface	2
1.5 Basic Usage	2
1.6 Requirements	2
2 File Index	3
2.1 File List	3
3 File Documentation	5
3.1 main.cpp File Reference	5
3.1.1 Detailed Description	6
3.1.2 Function Documentation	6
3.1.2.1 displayMenu()	6
3.1.2.2 displayUserDetails()	7
3.1.2.3 displayUserList()	8
3.1.2.4 getMenuChoice()	9
3.1.2.5 main()	10
3.1.2.6 pauseExecution()	12
3.1.2.7 testAddUser()	13
3.1.2.8 testBadAllocException()	14
3.1.2.9 testClearFile()	15
3.1.2.10 testLogin()	16
3.1.2.11 testPasswordChange()	17
3.1.2.12 testRandomAccess()	19
3.1.2.13 testRemoveUser()	20
3.1.2.14 testUpdateUser()	22
3.2 main.cpp	23
3.3 mainpage.dox File Reference	30
Index	31

Chapter 1

User Database Management System

1.1 Introduction

The User Database Management System is a C++ application that demonstrates fundamental database operations, user authentication, and exception handling. This project is designed to showcase proper software engineering practices including object-oriented design, error handling, and documentation.

1.2 Key Features

- User Management: Create, read, update, and delete (CRUD) operations
- · Authentication: Secure login process with role-based access control
- Persistence: Binary file storage with random access capabilities
- Exception Handling: Custom exception classes with informative error messages
- · Role-Based Access Control: Different permissions for Admin and Employee users

1.3 Main Components

The system consists of several key components:

- User Classes: Base User class with Admin and Employee derived classes
- UserDatabase: Core class managing user storage and retrieval
- UserFactory: Factory pattern implementation for creating and deserializing users
- Exception Classes: Custom exception hierarchy for robust error handling

1.4 Testing Interface

The application provides a comprehensive testing interface through main.cpp that allows:

- · Adding, updating, and removing users
- · Testing user authentication
- · Changing passwords with proper authorization
- · Clearing the database (with Administrator privileges)
- · Testing random access to binary database records
- · Demonstrating exception handling capabilities

1.5 Basic Usage

```
// Create a UserDatabase instance
UserDatabase db("users");

// Add a new admin user
Admin* admin = new Admin(10000, "A12345678", "password", User::ADMIN);
db.addUser(admin);

// Authenticate a user
User* user = db.login(10000, "A12345678", "password");
if (user) {
   cout « "Login successful!" « endl;
}
```

1.6 Requirements

- C++11 compliant compiler
- Standard C++ libraries
- Doxygen (for generating documentation)

Author

Carlos Nebril

Date

April 25, 2025

Chapter 2

File Index

2.1 File List

Here is a list of all files with brief descriptions:			
main.cpp			
User Database Testing Program		ļ	

File Index

Chapter 3

File Documentation

3.1 main.cpp File Reference

User Database Testing Program.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <fstream>
#include <string>
#include <set>
#include <limits>
#include "../UserDatabase.h"
#include "../../Users/User.h"
#include "../../Users/Employee.h"
#include "../../Users/Employee.h"
#include "../../Users/UserFactory.h"
#include "../../Users/UserDatabaseException.h"
Include dependency graph for main.cpp:
```



Functions

· void displayMenu ()

Displays the main menu options to the user.

• int getMenuChoice ()

Gets a validated menu choice from the user.

void displayUserList (const UserDatabase &db)

Displays a list of all users in the database.

void testAddUser (UserDatabase &db)

Test function for adding new users to the database.

void testUpdateUser (UserDatabase &db)

Test function for updating existing users in the database.

• void testRemoveUser (UserDatabase &db)

Test function for removing users from the database.

void testLogin (UserDatabase &db)

Test function for user login verification.

void testPasswordChange (UserDatabase &db)

Tests the password change functionality with exception re-throwing.

void testClearFile (UserDatabase &db, const string &filename)

Test function for clearing the database file.

void testRandomAccess (const string &filename)

Test function for random access to user records in binary file.

• void testBadAllocException (UserDatabase &db)

Test function to demonstrate handling of std::bad alloc exceptions.

void displayUserDetails (const User *user)

Displays detailed information about a user.

void pauseExecution ()

Pauses program execution until user presses Enter.

• int main ()

Main entry point for the UserDatabase test program.

3.1.1 Detailed Description

User Database Testing Program.

This program provides a command-line interface to test various features of the UserDatabase class, including CRUD operations, authentication, and exception handling.

Author

Carlos Nebril

Date

April 25, 2025

Definition in file main.cpp.

3.1.2 Function Documentation

3.1.2.1 displayMenu()

```
void displayMenu ( )
```

Displays the main menu options to the user.

Shows a formatted menu with numbered options for all available operations in the program. Options include user management, authentication testing, and file operations.

Definition at line 153 of file main.cpp.

```
00153 {
00154 cout « "\n=== Menu Options ===" « endl;
00155 cout « "1. Display all users" « endl;
00156 cout « "2. Add a new user" « endl;
00157 cout « "3. Update an existing user" « endl;
```

```
00158 cout « "4. Remove a user" « endl;
00159 cout « "5. Test login" « endl;
00160 cout « "6. Change a user's password" « endl;
00161 cout « "7. Clear database file" « endl;
00162 cout « "8. Test random access to user records" « endl;
00163 cout « "9. Test bad_alloc exception handling" « endl;
00164 cout « "0. Exit" « endl;
00165 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.2 displayUserDetails()

Displays detailed information about a user.

Shows user number, NIF, masked password, and role. Handles null user pointer gracefully by showing an error message.

Parameters

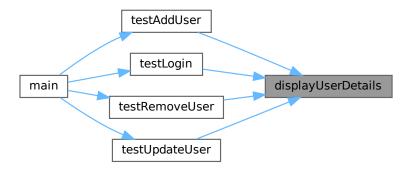
user Pointer to the User object to display

Definition at line 727 of file main.cpp.

```
00727
          if (!user) {
00729
              cout « "No user to display." « endl;
00730
00731
          }
00732
          cout « "-----
00733
                                  ----" « endl;
00734
          cout « "User Number: " « user->getUsrNumber() « endl;
00735
          cout « "NIF: " « user->getNIF() « endl;
00736
          cout « "Password: " « string(strlen(user->getPwd().c_str()), '*') « endl;
          cout « "Role: " « (user->getRole() == User::ADMIN ? "ADMIN" : "EMPLOYEE"); cout « "\n-----" « endl;
00737
00738
00739 }
```

Referenced by testAddUser(), testLogin(), testRemoveUser(), and testUpdateUser().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.3 displayUserList()

```
void displayUserList ( const UserDatabase & db )
```

Displays a list of all users in the database.

Retrieves all users from the database and displays their details. If no users are found, displays an appropriate message.

Parameters

db Reference to the user database to query

```
Definition at line 234 of file main.cpp.
```

```
cout « "\n=== User List ===" « endl;
00235
00236
00237
           set<User*> users = db.getAllUsers();
          if (users.empty()) {
   cout « "No users found in the database." « endl;
00238
00240
               return;
00241
00242
00243
          cout « "Number of users: " « users.size() « endl;
cout « "------" « endl;
00244
00245
00246
           for (const auto& user : users) {
              cout « *user « endl;
00247
                                      ----" « endl;
00248
00249
00250 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.4 getMenuChoice()

```
int getMenuChoice ( )
```

Gets a validated menu choice from the user.

Ensures the input is a single digit between 0-9, handling various invalid input scenarios with appropriate error messages. Uses string-based input processing to avoid buffer issues and provides robust error handling.

Returns

int The validated menu choice (0-9)

```
Definition at line 176 of file main.cpp.
```

```
00176
00177
           int choice;
00178
           bool validInput = false;
00179
          string input:
00180
00181
           while (!validInput) {
00182
               cout « "Enter your choice (0-9): ";
00183
00184
               // Read entire line as string
00185
               getline(cin, input);
00186
00187
               // Check if input contains only digits
00188
               bool onlyDigits = true;
00189
               for (char c : input) {
                   if (!isdigit(c)) {
    onlyDigits = false;
00190
00191
00192
                        break;
00193
00194
00195
               // Input should be exactly one digit between 0-9 \,
00196
00197
               if (!onlyDigits || input.empty()) {
   cout « "Invalid input. Please enter a number between 0 and 9."
00198
00199
                         « endl;
00200
                    continue;
00201
               }
00202
               // Convert string to integer
00203
00204
               try {
00205
                   choice = stoi(input);
00206
00207
                    // Check if number is in valid range
                    if (choice < 0 || choice > 9) {
   cout « "Invalid choice. Please enter a number between 0 and 9."
00208
00209
00210
                             « endl;
00211
                        continue;
00212
00213
                    // If we get here, the input is valid
00214
00215
                   validInput = true;
00216
00217
               catch (const exception&) {
00218
                    cout « "Invalid input. Please enter a number between 0 and 9."
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.5 main()

```
int main ( )
```

Main entry point for the UserDatabase test program.

Initializes a test database file and provides a menu-driven interface for testing various database operations. The program demonstrates:

- User management (add, update, remove)
- · Authentication (login)
- · Password management
- · Exception handling
- · File operations

The database is automatically saved when the program exits.

Returns

int Exit status code (0 for successful execution)

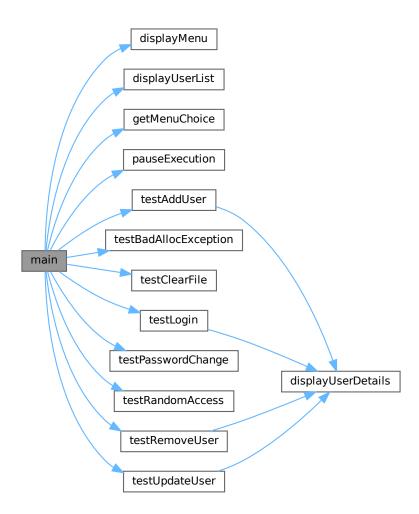
Definition at line 65 of file main.cpp.

```
00065
00066
           cout « "=== UserDatabase Testing Program ===" « endl;
00067
           // Create a test database file
const char* testFile = "test_users";
00068
00069
00070
           UserDatabase db(testFile);
00071
00072
           cout « "UserDatabase initialized with file: "
00073
                « testFile « ".dat" « endl;
00074
00075
00076
           int choice = 0;
           bool exitProgram = false;
00077
00078
           // Main program loop
           while (!exitProgram) {
```

```
08000
               displayMenu();
00081
               choice = getMenuChoice();
00082
               switch (choice) {
00083
00084
                    case 1:
                        displayUserList(db);
00085
                        break;
00087
00088
                        testAddUser(db);
00089
00090
                        break:
00091
00092
                    case 3:
00093
                        testUpdateUser(db);
00094
                        break;
00095
00096
                    case 4:
00097
                        testRemoveUser(db);
00098
                        break;
00099
00100
                    case 5:
00101
                        testLogin(db);
00102
                        break;
00103
00104
                    case 6:
00105
                        try {
00106
                             testPasswordChange(db);
00107
                        catch (const exception& e) {
    // This will only be reached if an exception escapes testPasswordChange
    cout « "Unhandled exception in password change operation: " « e.what() « endl;
00108
00109
00110
00111
00112
00113
00114
                    case 7:
                        testClearFile(db, string(testFile) + ".dat");
00115
00116
                        break;
00118
00119
                        testRandomAccess(string(testFile) + ".dat");
00120
                        break;
00121
00122
                    case 9:
                        testBadAllocException(db); // New test function
00123
00124
                        break;
00125
00126
                    case 0:
                        exitProgram = true;
00127
                        cout « "Exiting program. Database will be saved." « endl;
00128
00129
                        break:
00130
00131
                    default:
                        cout « "Invalid choice. Please try again." « endl;
00132
00133
                        break;
00134
               }
00135
               if (!exitProgram) {
00137
                    pauseExecution();
00138
00139
           }
00140
00141
           return 0;
00142 }
```

References displayMenu(), displayUserList(), getMenuChoice(), pauseExecution(), testAddUser(), testBadAllocException(), testClearFile(), testLogin(), testPasswordChange(), testRandomAccess(), testRemoveUser(), and testUpdateUser().

Here is the call graph for this function:



3.1.2.6 pauseExecution()

```
void pauseExecution ( )
```

Pauses program execution until user presses Enter.

Provides a clean way to pause the program between operations, allowing the user to view results before continuing. Handles input buffer clearing to ensure consistent behavior regardless of previous input operations.

Definition at line 749 of file main.cpp.

```
00749
00750
          cout « "\nPress Enter to continue...";
00751
          // Clean input buffer and wait for Enter if (cin.peek() == '\n') {
00752
00753
00754
               // If there's a pending newline character, consume it
00755
00756
               cin.get();
          } else {
    // If there's no pending newline or other characters in buffer,
00757
00758
               // clear the entire buffer up to the next newline
               cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
```

```
00760 }
00761 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.7 testAddUser()

Test function for adding new users to the database.

Prompts for user information (number, NIF, password, role), creates the appropriate User object, and attempts to add it to the database. Handles potential exceptions during user creation.

Parameters

| db | Reference to the user database

Definition at line 261 of file main.cpp.

```
cout « "n=== Add New User ===" « endl;
00262
00263
          u_int32_t usrNumber;
char NIF[User::MAX_NIF];
00264
00265
00266
          char pwd[User::MAX_STR];
00267
          int roleChoice;
00268
          // Get user input for new user
00269
00270
          cout « "Enter user number (10000-99999): ";
00271
          cin » usrNumber;
00272
00273
          cout « "Enter NIF (up to " « User::MAX_NIF - 1 « " characters): ";
00274
00275
00276
          cout « "Enter password: ";
00277
          cin » pwd;
00278
00279
          cout « "Select role (0 for ADMIN, 1 for EMPLOYEE): ";
00280
          cin » roleChoice;
00281
00282
          User* newUser = nullptr;
00283
00284
00285
              // Create appropriate user type
00286
               if (roleChoice == 0) {
00287
                  newUser = new Admin(usrNumber, NIF, pwd, User::ADMIN);
00288
                  newUser = new Employee(usrNumber, NIF, pwd, User::EMPLOYEE);
00289
00290
00291
00292
              // Try to add user to database
00293
              if (db.addUser(newUser)) {
```

```
cout « "User added successfully!" « endl;
00295
               displayUserDetails(newUser);
00296
           } else {
               cout « "Failed to add user. User with number "
00297
               00298
00299
00300
00301
        } catch (const exception& e) {
           cout « "Error creating user: " « e.what() « endl;
00302
00303
            if (newUser) delete newUser;
        }
00304
00305 }
```

References displayUserDetails().

Referenced by main().

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.8 testBadAllocException()

Test function to demonstrate handling of std::bad_alloc exceptions.

This function deliberately attempts to allocate an excessive amount of memory to trigger a std::bad_alloc exception, then shows proper exception handling.

Parameters

db Reference to the user database (not used but kept for consistency)

Definition at line 686 of file main.cpp.

```
00686
00687
           cout « "\n=== Testing std::bad_alloc Exception Handling ===" « endl;
00688
00689
           // Size that will likely trigger a bad_alloc exception on most systems \,
          // Using size_t max value effectively requests all available memory
const size_t HUGE_SIZE = std::numeric_limits<size_t>::max() / 10;
00690
00691
00692
00693
               00694
00695
00696
00697
               // This will almost certainly fail and throw std::bad_alloc
               int* hugeArray = new int[HUGE_SIZE];
00698
00699
00700
               \ensuremath{//} This code should never execute if the allocation fails as expected
00701
               cout « "Allocation successful (unexpected!)" « endl;
00702
               delete[] hugeArray; // Clean up if allocation somehow succeeds
00703
00704
          catch (const std::bad_alloc& e) {
00705
               // Specific handler for memory allocation failure
               cout « "Memory allocation failed as expected!" « endl; cout « "Exception details: " « e.what() « endl;
00706
00707
              cout « "This demonstrates proper handling of std::bad_alloc" « endl;
00708
00709
00710
          catch (const std::exception& e) {
00711
              // Generic handler for other exceptions
00712
               cout « "Unexpected exception: " « e.what() « endl;
00713
00714
           \ensuremath{//} Parameter is not used but kept for consistency with other test functions
00715
00716
           (void) db:
00717 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.9 testClearFile()

Test function for clearing the database file.

Prompts for confirmation and then removes all users from the database file, except for the default administrator. Handles potential exceptions during the clear operation.

Parameters

db	Reference to the user database	
filename	The name of the database file to clear	

Definition at line 570 of file main.cpp.

```
00571
            cout « "n=== Clear Database File ===" « endl;
00572
00573
            char confirm;
            cout \mbox{``wARNING: This will delete all users from the file." <math display="inline">\mbox{``endl;} cout \mbox{``Are you sure? (y/n): ";}
00574
00575
00576
            cin » confirm;
00577
00578
            if (tolower(confirm) == 'y') {
                 try {
   if (db.clearFile(filename.c_str())) {
        if cleared success
}
00579
00580
                           cout « "Database file cleared successfully." « endl;
00581
00582
                       } else {
00583
                           cout « "Failed to clear database file." « endl;
00584
                 } catch (const runtime_error& e) {
   cout « "Error: " « e.what() « endl;
00585
00586
00587
                 }
00588
            } else {
00589
                 cout « "Operation cancelled." « endl;
00590
            }
00591 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.10 testLogin()

Test function for user login verification.

Prompts for login credentials (user number, NIF, password) and attempts to authenticate the user. Displays success or failure message and shows user details if login is successful.

Parameters

db Reference to the user database

Definition at line 447 of file main.cpp.

```
00447
00448
          cout « "\n=== User Login ===" « endl;
00449
00450
          u_int32_t usrNumber;
00451
          char NIF[User::MAX_NIF];
00452
          char pwd[User::MAX_STR];
00453
          cout « "Enter user number: ";
00454
00455
          cin » usrNumber;
00456
00457
          cout « "Enter NIF: ";
00458
          cin » NIF;
00459
```

```
00460
           cout « "Enter password: ";
00461
           cin » pwd;
00462
00463
           // Attempt login
           string passwordStr(pwd);
00464
00465
           User* loggedInUser = db.login(usrNumber, NIF, passwordStr);
00466
00467
           if (loggedInUser) {
               cout « "Login successful!" « endl;
cout « "Welcome, "
00468
00469
                    "Administrator": "Employee")
" #" « loggedInUser->getUsrNumber() « endl;
00470
00471
00472
00473
               displayUserDetails(loggedInUser);
00474
           } else {
00475
               cout « "Login failed. Invalid credentials." « endl;
           }
00476
00477 }
```

References displayUserDetails().

Referenced by main().

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.11 testPasswordChange()

Tests the password change functionality with exception re-throwing.

This function demonstrates exception re-throwing by:

- 1. Catching authentication exceptions
- 2. Logging information about the error
- 3. Re-throwing the exception to be handled at a higher level

Parameters

db Reference to the user database

```
Definition at line 489 of file main.cpp.
          cout « "\n=== Change User Password ===" « endl;
00490
00491
          // First, login to get an active user
u_int32_t activeUsrNumber;
00492
00493
00494
          char activeNIF[User::MAX_NIF];
00495
          char activePwd[User::MAX_STR];
00496
00497
00498
              cout « "First, please login:" « endl;
              cout « "Enter your user number:
00500
              cin » activeUsrNumber;
00501
00502
              cout « "Enter your NIF: ";
00503
              cin » activeNIF;
00504
00505
              cout « "Enter your password: ";
00506
              cin » activePwd;
00507
00508
              // Attempt login
00509
              string passwordStr(activePwd);
00510
              User* activeUser = nullptr:
00511
00512
00513
                  activeUser = db.login(activeUsrNumber, activeNIF, passwordStr);
00514
00515
                   if (!activeUser) {
                       throw runtime_error("Login failed: Invalid credentials");
00516
00517
00519
                  // Get the user whose password will be changed
00520
                  u_int32_t targetUsrNumber;
                   cout « "Enter the user number whose password you want to change: ";
00521
00522
                  cin » targetUsrNumber;
00523
                  User* targetUser = db.findUserByNumber(targetUsrNumber);
                  if (!targetUser) {
00525
00526
                       throw runtime_error("User not found");
00527
                  }
00528
00529
                  // Check if active user has permission
00530
                  if (activeUser->getRole() != User::ADMIN &&
                       activeUser->getUsrNumber() != targetUser->getUsrNumber()) {
00531
00532
                       throw runtime_error("Permission denied");
00533
                  }
00534
00535
                   // Attempt password change
00536
                  if (db.changeUserPass(activeUser, targetUser)) {
00537
                       cout « "Password changed successfully." « endl;
00538
00539
                       throw runtime_error("Password change operation failed");
00540
                  }
00541
00542
              catch (const runtime_error& e) {
                 // Log the error details
00544
                  cout « "Authentication error: " « e.what() « endl;
00545
                  cout « "User attempted: " « activeUsrNumber « endl;
00546
00547
                  // Example of re-throwing the same exception
// This will be caught by the outer try-catch block
00548
00549
                  cout « "Re-throwing exception..." « endl;
00550
                  throw; // Re-throw the current exception
00551
              }
00552
          catch (const exception& e) {
00553
00554
           // Handle the re-thrown exception
cout « "Operation aborted: " « e.what() « endl;
00555
00556
              cout « "Please try again with valid credentials." « endl;
00557
00558 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.12 testRandomAccess()

Test function for random access to user records in binary file.

Opens the database file in binary mode and allows direct access to user records by index. Shows file statistics including the number of records stored. Demonstrates low-level binary file operations.

Parameters

filename The name of the database file to access

```
Definition at line 602 of file main.cpp.
```

```
00602
          cout « "\n=== Testing Random Binary Access ===" « endl;
00604
00605
          // Open the binary file for reading
00606
          ifstream file(filename, ios::in | ios::binary);
         00607
00608
00609
00610
             return;
00611
         }
00612
          // Calculate file size
00613
         file.seekg(0, ios::end);
streampos fileSize = file.tellg();
00614
00615
00616
          int numRecords = fileSize / sizeof(UserRecord);
00617
00618
          cout « "File contains " « numRecords « " user records" « endl;
00619
          \ensuremath{//} Check if there are any records
00620
00621
          if (numRecords <= 0) {</pre>
             cout « "No records available for random access." « endl;
00622
00623
              file.close();
00624
00625
         }
00626
00627
          // Display the first record (Admin user) \,
00628
          file.seekg(0, ios::beg);
00629
          User* firstUser = UserFactory::readUserFromFile(file);
00630
00631
          if (firstUser) {
             cout « "First record (default admin):" « endl;
00632
              cout « *firstUser « endl;
00633
00634
              delete firstUser:
00635
         } else {
00636
             cout « "Failed to read first record." « endl;
00637
00638
          // If more records exist, access random records
00639
00640
          if (numRecords > 1) {
00641
              // Let the user choose a record to access
```

```
int recordIndex;
00643
             while (true) {
                 00644
00645
                 cin » recordIndex;
00646
00647
00648
                 if (recordIndex == -1) {
00649
00650
00651
                 if (recordIndex < 0 || recordIndex >= numRecords) {
00652
                     cout « "Invalid record index." « endl;
00653
00654
                      continue;
00655
00656
                 \ensuremath{//} Seek to the selected record
00657
                 file.seekg(recordIndex * sizeof(UserRecord), ios::beg);
00658
00659
00660
                  // Read the user from this position
00661
                 User* user = UserFactory::readUserFromFile(file);
00662
                 if (user) {
   cout « "User at position " « recordIndex « ":" « endl;
00663
00664
                      cout « *user « endl;
00665
00666
                     delete user;
00667
                 } else {
00668
                     cout \ensuremath{\text{w}} "Failed to read user at position "
00669
                          « recordIndex « endl;
00670
00671
             }
00672
         }
00673
00674
          file.close();
00675 }
```

Referenced by main().

Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.13 testRemoveUser()

Test function for removing users from the database.

Demonstrates using and catching custom UserDatabaseException Uses confirmation prompt before removal

Parameters

db Reference to the user database

```
Definition at line 395 of file main.cpp.

00395

00396

cout « "\n=== Remove User ===" « endl;

00397
```

```
u_int32_t usrNumber;
00399
             cout « "Enter user number to remove: ";
00400
            cin » usrNumber;
00401
00402
             // Try to find user
00403
            User* userToRemove = db.findUserByNumber(usrNumber);
00404
            if (!userToRemove) {
00405
                  cout \mbox{\tt w} "User with number " \mbox{\tt w} usrNumber \mbox{\tt w} " not found." \mbox{\tt w} endl;
00406
                 return;
00407
00408
            // Display user info
cout « "User to remove:" « endl;
00409
00410
00411
            displayUserDetails(userToRemove);
00412
00413
             // Confirm removal
00414
            char confirm;
            cout \star "Are you sure you want to remove this user? (y/n): "; cin » confirm;
00415
00416
00417
00418
             if (tolower(confirm) == 'y') {
00419
                  try {
   if (db.removeUser(userToRemove)) {
00420
                            cout « "User removed successfully!" « endl;
00421
00422
                       } else {
00423
                           cout « "Failed to remove user." « endl;
00424
                 } catch (const UserDatabaseException& e) {
  cout « "Database Exception: " « e.what() « endl;
  cout « "Error type: " « e.getErrorString() « endl;
  cout « "Error code: " « e.getErrorCode() « endl;
}
00425
00426
00427
00428
00429
                 } catch (const std::exception& e) {
                     // Fallback for other types of exceptions cout « "Error: " « e.what() « endl;
00430
00431
00432
            } else {
00433
00434
                 cout « "User removal cancelled." « endl;
00435
00436 }
```

References displayUserDetails().

Referenced by main().

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.1.2.14 testUpdateUser()

Test function for updating existing users in the database.

Prompts for a user number, finds the user, and allows updating NIF, password, and/or role. Empty input keeps current values. Creates a new user object with updated information and replaces the existing user in the database.

Parameters

db Reference to the user database

Definition at line 317 of file main.cpp. 00318 cout « "\n=== Update User ===" « endl; 00319 u_int32_t usrNumber; cout « "Enter user number to update: "; 00320 00321 00322 cin » usrNumber; 00323 00324 // Try to find user 00325 User* existingUser = db.findUserByNumber(usrNumber); 00326 if (!existingUser) { 00327 cout « "User with number " « usrNumber « " not found." « endl; 00328 return; 00329 00330 // Display current user info 00331 cout « "Current user information:" « endl; 00332 00333 displayUserDetails(existingUser); 00335 // Get updated info 00336 char NIF[User::MAX_NIF]; 00337 char pwd[User::MAX_STR]; 00338 int roleChoice; 00339 00340 cout « "Enter new NIF (or leave blank to keep current): "; 00341 cin.ignore(); // Clear input buffer 00342 cin.getline(NIF, User::MAX_NIF); 00343 00344 cout « "Enter new password (or leave blank to keep current): "; cin.getline(pwd, User::MAX_STR); 00345 00346 00347 cout « "Select new role (0 for ADMIN, 1 for EMPLOYEE, " 00348 $\mbox{\tt w}$ "or any other number to keep current): "; 00349 cin » roleChoice; 00350 00351 // Create updated user object User* updatedUser = nullptr; 00352 00353 // Use existing values if fields were left blank const char* newNIF = (NIF[0] == $' \setminus 0'$) ? 00354 00355 existingUser->getNIF() : NIF; const char* newPwd = (pwd[0] == '\0') ? 00356 00357 00358 00359 00360 00361 existingUser->getRole(); 00362 00363 // Create appropriate user type 00364 if (newRole == User::ADMIN) { 00365 updatedUser = new Admin(usrNumber, newNIF, newPwd, User::ADMIN); 00366 00367 updatedUser = new Employee(usrNumber, 00368 00369 newPwd, 00370 User::EMPLOYEE); 00371 00372 00373 // Update the user in the database if (db.updateUser(updatedUser)) { cout « "User updated successfully!" « endl; 00374 00375 00376 displayUserDetails(updatedUser); 00377 } else { 00378 cout « "Failed to update user." « endl;

3.2 main.cpp 23

References displayUserDetails().

Referenced by main().

Here is the call graph for this function:



Here is the caller graph for this function:



3.2 main.cpp

Go to the documentation of this file.

```
00001 #include <iostream>
00002 #include <fstream>
00003 #include <string>
00003 #include <string>
00004 #include <set>
00005 #include climits>
00006 #include "../UserDatabase.h"
00007 #include "../../Users/User.h"
00008 #include "../../Users/Admin.h"
00009 #include "../../Users/Employee.h"
00010 #include "../../Users/UserFactory.h"
00011 #include "../../Users/UserDatabaseException.h"
00012
00013 using namespace std;
00014
00015 class UserDatabase;
00016 class User;
00017 class Admin;
00018 class Employee;
00019 class UserFactory;
00020 class UserDatabaseException;
00021
00022 // Function declarations
00023 void displayMenu();
00024 int getMenuChoice();
00025 void displayUserList(const UserDatabase& db);
00026 void testAddUser(UserDatabase& db);
```

```
00027 void testUpdateUser(UserDatabase& db);
00028 void testRemoveUser(UserDatabase& db);
00029 void testLogin(UserDatabase& db);
00030 void testPasswordChange(UserDatabase& db);
00031 void testClearFile(UserDatabase& db, const string& filename);
00032 void testRandomAccess(const string& filename);
00033 void testBadAllocException(UserDatabase& db);
00034 void displayUserDetails(const User* user);
00035 void pauseExecution();
00036
00037
00065 int main() {
00066
          cout « "=== UserDatabase Testing Program ===" « endl;
00067
00068
          // Create a test database file
00069
          const char* testFile = "test_users";
          UserDatabase db(testFile);
00070
00071
          cout « "UserDatabase initialized with file: "
00073
            « testFile « ".dat" « endl;
00074
          int choice = 0;
00075
00076
          bool exitProgram = false;
00077
00078
          // Main program loop
00079
          while (!exitProgram) {
08000
               displayMenu();
00081
               choice = getMenuChoice();
00082
00083
               switch (choice) {
00084
                  case 1:
00085
                       displayUserList(db);
00086
                       break;
00087
00088
                   case 2:
                       testAddUser(db);
00089
00090
                       break;
00092
00093
                       testUpdateUser(db);
00094
                       break;
00095
00096
                   case 4:
                       testRemoveUser(db);
00097
00098
                       break;
00099
00100
                   case 5:
                       testLogin(db);
00101
00102
                       break:
00103
00104
                   case 6:
00105
                       try {
00106
                           testPasswordChange(db);
00107
00108
                       catch (const exception& e) {
                           // This will only be reached if an exception escapes testPasswordChange cout « "Unhandled exception in password change operation: " « e.what() « endl;
00109
00111
00112
                       break;
00113
                   case 7:
00114
                       testClearFile(db, string(testFile) + ".dat");
00115
00116
                       break;
00117
00118
                   case 8:
                       testRandomAccess(string(testFile) + ".dat");
00119
00120
                       break;
00121
00122
                   case 9:
00123
                       testBadAllocException(db); // New test function
00124
00125
00126
                   case 0:
                       exitProgram = true;
00127
00128
                       cout « "Exiting program. Database will be saved." « endl;
00129
00130
00131
                       cout « "Invalid choice. Please try again." « endl;
00132
00133
                       break:
00134
               }
00135
00136
               if (!exitProgram) {
00137
                   pauseExecution();
00138
          }
00139
00140
```

3.2 main.cpp 25

```
00141
          return 0;
00142 }
00143
00144
00145
00153 void displayMenu() {
        cout « "\n=== Menu Options ===" « endl;
          cout « "1. Display all users" « endl;
00155
00156
          cout « "2. Add a new user" « endl;
          cout « "3. Update an existing user" « endl;
00157
          cout « "4. Remove a user" « endl;
00158
          cout « "5. Test login" « endl;
00159
          cout « "6. Change a user's password" « endl;
00160
00161
          cout « "7. Clear database file" « endl;
00162
          cout « "8. Test random access to user records" « endl;
          cout « "9. Test bad_alloc exception handling" « endl;
cout « "0. Exit" « endl;
00163
00164
00165 }
00166
00176 int getMenuChoice() {
00177
          int choice;
00178
          bool validInput = false;
00179
          string input;
00180
00181
          while (!validInput) {
             cout « "Enter your choice (0-9): ";
00182
00183
00184
              // Read entire line as string
00185
              getline(cin, input);
00186
00187
              // Check if input contains only digits
00188
              bool onlyDigits = true;
00189
              for (char c : input) {
00190
                  if (!isdigit(c)) {
00191
                      onlyDigits = false;
00192
                      break;
00193
                  }
00194
00195
00196
              // Input should be exactly one digit between 0-9
00197
              if (!onlyDigits || input.empty()) {
                  cout \ensuremath{\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc w}}}} "Invalid input. Please enter a number between 0 and 9."
00198
00199
                       « endl:
00200
                  continue;
00201
00202
00203
              // Convert string to integer
00204
00205
                  choice = stoi(input);
00206
                   // Check if number is in valid range
00208
                  if (choice < 0 || choice > 9) {
                      cout « "Invalid choice. Please enter a number between 0 and 9."
00209
00210
                            « endl;
00211
                      continue:
00212
                  }
00213
00214
                   // If we get here, the input is valid
00215
                  validInput = true;
00216
              }
              catch (const exception&) {
00217
                  cout « "Invalid input. Please enter a number between 0 and 9."
00218
00219
                       « endl;
00220
00221
          }
00222
00223
          return choice;
00224 }
00225
00234 void displayUserList(const UserDatabase& db) {
00235
         cout « "\n=== User List ===" « endl;
00236
          set<User*> users = db.getAllUsers();
if (users.empty()) {
00237
00238
00239
              cout « "No users found in the database." « endl;
00240
              return;
00241
00242
          cout « "Number of users: " « users.size() « endl;
00243
          cout « "----" « endl;
00244
00245
00246
          for (const auto& user : users) {
              cout « *user « endl;
cout « "-----
00247
00248
                                    ----" « endl;
00249
          }
00250 }
00251
```

```
00261 void testAddUser(UserDatabase& db) {
00262
         cout « "\n=== Add New User ===" « endl;
00263
00264
          u int32 t usrNumber;
          char NIF[User::MAX_NIF];
00265
00266
          char pwd[User::MAX_STR];
00267
          int roleChoice;
00268
00269
          // Get user input for new user
00270
          cout « "Enter user number (10000-99999): ";
00271
          cin » usrNumber:
00272
00273
          cout « "Enter NIF (up to " « User::MAX_NIF - 1 « " characters): ";
00274
          cin » NIF;
00275
00276
          cout « "Enter password: ";
00277
          cin » pwd;
00278
00279
          cout « "Select role (0 for ADMIN, 1 for EMPLOYEE): ";
00280
          cin » roleChoice;
00281
00282
          User* newUser = nullptr;
00283
          00284
00285
              if (roleChoice == 0) {
00286
00287
                  newUser = new Admin(usrNumber, NIF, pwd, User::ADMIN);
              } else {
00288
00289
                  newUser = new Employee(usrNumber, NIF, pwd, User::EMPLOYEE);
00290
              }
00291
00292
              // Try to add user to database
00293
              if (db.addUser(newUser)) {
00294
                   cout « "User added successfully!" « endl;
00295
                  displayUserDetails(newUser);
00296
              } else {
00297
                 cout « "Failed to add user. User with number "
00298
                       « usrNumber « " may already exist." « endl;
00299
                  delete newUser; // Clean up if not added to database
00300
00301
          } catch (const exception& e) {
              cout « "Error creating user: " « e.what() « endl;
00302
00303
              if (newUser) delete newUser;
00304
          }
00305 }
00306
00317 void testUpdateUser(UserDatabase& db) {
         cout « "\n=== Update User ===" « endl;
00318
00319
00320
          u int32 t usrNumber:
          cout « "Enter user number to update: ";
00321
00322
          cin » usrNumber;
00323
00324
          // Try to find user
          User* existingUser = db.findUserByNumber(usrNumber);
00325
00326
          if (!existingUser) {
              cout « "User with number " « usrNumber « " not found." « endl;
00328
              return;
00329
00330
          // Display current user info
00331
          cout « "Current user information: " « endl;
00332
00333
          displayUserDetails(existingUser);
00334
00335
          // Get updated info
00336
          char NIF[User::MAX_NIF];
00337
          char pwd[User::MAX_STR];
00338
          int roleChoice:
00339
00340
          cout « "Enter new NIF (or leave blank to keep current): ";
          cin.ignore(); // Clear input buffer
cin.getline(NIF, User::MAX_NIF);
00341
00342
00343
          cout « "Enter new password (or leave blank to keep current): ";
00344
00345
          cin.getline(pwd, User::MAX_STR);
00346
00347
          cout « "Select new role (0 for ADMIN, 1 for EMPLOYEE, "
00348
               \mbox{\tt w} "or any other number to keep current): ";
00349
          cin » roleChoice;
00350
          // Create updated user object
00351
00352
          User* updatedUser = nullptr;
00353
          try {
              ^{\prime\prime} // Use existing values if fields were left blank
00354
              const char* newNIF = (NIF[0] == ' \setminus 0') ?
existingUser->getNIF() : NIF;
00355
00356
00357
              const char* newPwd = (pwd[0] == ' \setminus 0') ?
```

3.2 main.cpp 27

```
existingUser->getPwd().c_str() : pwd;
                User::Role newRole = (roleChoice == 0) ? User::ADMIN : (roleChoice == 1) ? User::EMPLOYEE :
00359
00360
00361
                                        existingUser->getRole();
00362
00363
                // Create appropriate user type
                if (newRole == User::ADMIN) {
00364
00365
                    updatedUser = new Admin(usrNumber, newNIF, newPwd, User::ADMIN);
00366
                 else {
00367
                    updatedUser = new Employee(usrNumber,
00368
                                                    newNIF.
00369
                                                    newPwd,
00370
                                                    User::EMPLOYEE);
00371
                }
00372
00373
                // Update the user in the database
00374
                if (db.updateUser(updatedUser)) {
00375
                    cout « "User updated successfully!" « endl;
                    displayUserDetails(updatedUser);
00377
                } else {
00378
                    cout « "Failed to update user." « endl;
00379
                    delete updatedUser;
00380
           } catch (const exception& e) {
00381
00382
               cout « "Error updating user: " « e.what() « endl;
00383
                if (updatedUser) delete updatedUser;
00384
00385 }
00386
00395 void testRemoveUser(UserDatabase& db) {
           cout « "\n=== Remove User ===" « endl;
00396
00397
00398
           u_int32_t usrNumber;
00399
           cout « "Enter user number to remove: ";
00400
           cin » usrNumber;
00401
00402
           // Try to find user
           User* userToRemove = db.findUserByNumber(usrNumber);
00404
           if (!userToRemove) {
00405
                cout « "User with number " « usrNumber « " not found." « endl;
00406
                return;
00407
           }
00408
00409
           // Display user info
           cout « "User to remove: " « endl;
00410
00411
           displayUserDetails(userToRemove);
00412
00413
           // Confirm removal
00414
           char confirm:
00415
           cout « "Are you sure you want to remove this user? (y/n): ";
00416
           cin » confirm;
00417
00418
           if (tolower(confirm) == 'y') {
               try {
   if (db.removeUser(userToRemove)) {
        removed_successfully.pub.
        removed_successfully.pub.
00419
00420
00421
                         cout « "User removed successfully!" « endl;
                      else {
00422
00423
                         cout « "Failed to remove user." « endl;
00424
00425
                } catch (const UserDatabaseException& e) {
                    cout « "Database Exception: " « e.what() « endl;
cout « "Error type: " « e.getErrorString() « endl;
cout « "Error code: " « e.getErrorCode() « endl;
00426
00427
00428
00429
                } catch (const std::exception& e) {
                    // Fallback for other types of exceptions
cout « "Error: " « e.what() « endl;
00430
00431
00432
               }
           } else {
00433
00434
               cout « "User removal cancelled." « endl;
00435
00436 }
00437
00447 void testLogin(UserDatabase& db) { 00448 cout \leftarrow "\n=== User Login ===" \leftarrow endl;
00449
00450
           u_int32_t usrNumber;
00451
           char NIF[User::MAX_NIF];
00452
           char pwd[User::MAX_STR];
00453
           cout « "Enter user number: ";
00454
00455
           cin » usrNumber;
00456
00457
           cout « "Enter NIF: ";
00458
           cin » NIF;
00459
           cout « "Enter password: ";
00460
00461
           cin » pwd;
```

```
00462
00463
          // Attempt login
00464
          string passwordStr(pwd);
          User* loggedInUser = db.login(usrNumber, NIF, passwordStr);
00465
00466
00467
          if (loggedInUser) {
              cout « "Login successful!" « endl;
00469
               cout « "Welcome, "
00470
                  « (loggedInUser->getRole() == User::ADMIN
                   ? "Administrator" : "Employee")
« " #" « loggedInUser->getUsrNumber() « endl;
00471
00472
               displayUserDetails(loggedInUser);
00473
00474
          } else {
00475
              cout « "Login failed. Invalid credentials." « endl;
00476
00477 }
00478
00489 void testPasswordChange(UserDatabase& db) {
          cout « "\n=== Change User Password ===" « endl;
00491
00492
           // First, login to get an active user
00493
          u_int32_t activeUsrNumber;
00494
          char activeNIF[User::MAX NIF];
00495
          char activePwd[User::MAX STR];
00496
00497
          try {
00498
              cout « "First, please login:" « endl;
00499
               cout « "Enter your user number: ";
00500
              cin » activeUsrNumber;
00501
00502
               cout « "Enter your NIF: ";
00503
              cin » activeNIF;
00504
00505
               cout « "Enter your password: ";
00506
               cin » activePwd;
00507
00508
               // Attempt login
               string passwordStr(activePwd);
00510
               User* activeUser = nullptr;
00511
00512
00513
                   activeUser = db.login(activeUsrNumber, activeNIF, passwordStr);
00514
00515
                   if (!activeUser) {
00516
                       throw runtime_error("Login failed: Invalid credentials");
00517
00518
                   \ensuremath{//} Get the user whose password will be changed
00519
                   u_int32_t targetUsrNumber;
cout « "Enter the user number whose password you want to change: ";
00520
00521
                   cin » targetUsrNumber;
00523
00524
                   User* targetUser = db.findUserByNumber(targetUsrNumber);
00525
                   if (!targetUser) {
                       throw runtime_error("User not found");
00526
00527
                   }
00529
                   // Check if active user has permission
00530
                   if (activeUser->getRole() != User::ADMIN &&
00531
                       activeUser->getUsrNumber() != targetUser->getUsrNumber()) {
                       throw runtime_error("Permission denied");
00532
00533
                   }
00534
00535
                   // Attempt password change
00536
                   if (db.changeUserPass(activeUser, targetUser)) {
00537
                       cout « "Password changed successfully." « endl;
00538
                   } else {
00539
                       throw runtime error ("Password change operation failed");
00540
                   }
00542
               catch (const runtime_error& e) {
00543
                   // Log the error details
                   cout « "Authentication error: " « e.what() « endl; cout « "User attempted: " « activeUsrNumber « endl;
00544
00545
00546
00547
                   // Example of re-throwing the same exception
00548
                   // This will be caught by the outer try-catch block
00549
                   cout « "Re-throwing exception..." « endl;
00550
                   throw; // Re-throw the current exception
00551
              }
00552
          catch (const exception& e) {
              // Handle the re-thrown exception cout « "Operation aborted: " « e.what() « endl;
00554
00555
               cout « "Please try again with valid credentials." « endl;
00556
00557
          }
00558 }
```

3.2 main.cpp 29

```
00570 void testClearFile(UserDatabase& db, const string& filename) {
00571 cout « "\n=== Clear Database File ===" « endl;
00572
00573
          char confirm:
00574
          cout « "WARNING: This will delete all users from the file." « endl;
00575
          cout « "Are you sure? (y/n): ";
00576
          cin » confirm;
00577
00578
          if (tolower(confirm) == 'y') {
00579
                  if (db.clearFile(filename.c_str())) {
00580
                       cout « "Database file cleared successfully." « endl;
00581
                   } else {
00582
00583
                      cout « "Failed to clear database file." « endl;
00584
              } catch (const runtime_error& e) {
00585
                  cout « "Error: " « e.what() « endl;
00586
00587
              }
          } else {
00588
00589
              cout « "Operation cancelled." « endl;
00590
          }
00591 }
00592
00602 void testRandomAccess(const string& filename) {
         cout « "\n=== Testing Random Binary Access ===" « endl;
00604
00605
           // Open the binary file for reading
00606
          ifstream file(filename, ios::in | ios::binary);
          if (!file.is_open()) {
   cout « "Could not open file " « filename
00607
00608
00609
                   « " for random access test." « endl;
00610
00611
00612
          // Calculate file size
00613
          file.seekg(0, ios::end);
streampos fileSize = file.tellg();
00614
00615
00616
          int numRecords = fileSize / sizeof(UserRecord);
00617
00618
          cout « "File contains " « numRecords « " user records" « endl;
00619
          // Check if there are any records
00620
00621
          if (numRecords <= 0) {</pre>
              cout « "No records available for random access." « endl;
00622
00623
              file.close();
00624
              return;
00625
          }
00626
00627
          // Display the first record (Admin user)
00628
          file.seekg(0, ios::beg);
00629
          User* firstUser = UserFactory::readUserFromFile(file);
00630
00631
          if (firstUser) {
00632
              cout « "First record (default admin):" « endl;
              cout « *firstUser « endl;
00633
              delete firstUser;
00635
00636
              cout « "Failed to read first record." « endl;
00637
          }
00638
00639
          // If more records exist, access random records
00640
          if (numRecords > 1) {
              // Let the user choose a record to access
00641
00642
              int recordIndex;
00643
              while (true) {
                  00644
00645
00646
                  cin » recordIndex;
00647
00648
                   if (recordIndex == -1) {
00649
00650
                   }
00651
                   if (recordIndex < 0 || recordIndex >= numRecords) {
    cout « "Invalid record index." « endl;
00652
00653
00654
                       continue;
00655
00656
                   // Seek to the selected record
00657
00658
                  file.seekg(recordIndex * sizeof(UserRecord), ios::beg);
00659
00660
                   // Read the user from this position
00661
                  User* user = UserFactory::readUserFromFile(file);
00662
                  if (user) {
   cout « "User at position " « recordIndex « ":" « endl;
00663
00664
```

```
cout « *user « endl;
00666
                        delete user;
00667
                    } else {
                        cout « "Failed to read user at position "
00668
00669
                              « recordIndex « endl;
00670
                    }
00671
00672
00673
00674
           file.close();
00675 }
00676
00677
00686 void testBadAllocException(UserDatabase& db) {
           cout « "\n=== Testing std::bad_alloc Exception Handling ===" « endl;
00688
           // Size that will likely trigger a bad_alloc exception on most systems
00689
           // Using size_t max value effectively requests all available memory const size_t HUGE_SIZE = std::numeric_limits<size_t>::max() / 10;
00690
00691
00692
00693
               cout \ensuremath{\text{w}} "Attempting to allocate " \ensuremath{\text{w}} HUGE_SIZE
00694
                     « " bytes of memory..." « endl;
00695
00696
00697
                // This will almost certainly fail and throw std::bad_alloc
               int* hugeArray = new int[HUGE_SIZE];
00699
00700
                // This code should never execute if the allocation fails as expected
               cout « "Allocation successful (unexpected!)" « endl;
00701
               delete[] hugeArray; // Clean up if allocation somehow succeeds
00702
00703
00704
           catch (const std::bad_alloc& e) {
00705
               // Specific handler for memory allocation failure
00706
                cout « "Memory allocation failed as expected!" « endl;
               cout \mbox{\tt ``Exception details: " }\mbox{\tt ``e.what() }\mbox{\tt ``endl;}
00707
               cout « "This demonstrates proper handling of std::bad_alloc" « endl;
00708
00709
00710
           catch (const std::exception& e) {
00711
               // Generic handler for other exceptions
00712
                cout « "Unexpected exception: " « e.what() « endl;
00713
00714
00715
           // Parameter is not used but kept for consistency with other test functions
00716
           (void)db;
00717 }
00718
00727 void displayUserDetails(const User* user) {
00728
          if (!user) {
               cout « "No user to display." « endl;
00729
00730
               return:
00731
           }
00732
00733
           cout « "----- « endl;
           cout « "User Number: " « user->getUsrNumber() « endl;
cout « "NIF: " « user->getNIF() « endl;
00734
00735
           cout w "Password: " w string(strlen(user->getPwd().c_str()), '*') w endl;
cout w "Role: " w (user->getRole() == User::ADMIN ? "ADMIN": "EMPLOYEE");
00736
00737
00738
           cout « "\n-----
                                         ----" « endl;
00739 }
00740
00749 void pauseExecution() {
00750
           cout « "\nPress Enter to continue...";
00752
           // Clean input buffer and wait for Enter
00753
           if (cin.peek() == '\n') {
00754
               // If there's a pending newline character, consume it
00755
               cin.get();
00756
           } else {
              // If there's no pending newline or other characters in buffer,
00757
00758
                // clear the entire buffer up to the next newline
00759
               cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n');
00760
           }
00761 }
```

3.3 mainpage.dox File Reference

Index

```
displayMenu
    main.cpp, 6
displayUserDetails
    main.cpp, 7
displayUserList
    main.cpp, 8
getMenuChoice
    main.cpp, 9
main
    main.cpp, 10
main.cpp, 5
    displayMenu, 6
    displayUserDetails, 7
    displayUserList, 8
    getMenuChoice, 9
    main, 10
    pauseExecution, 12
    testAddUser, 13
    testBadAllocException, 14
    testClearFile, 15
    testLogin, 16
    testPasswordChange, 17
    testRandomAccess, 19
    testRemoveUser, 20
    testUpdateUser, 21
mainpage.dox, 30
pauseExecution
    main.cpp, 12
testAddUser
    main.cpp, 13
testBadAllocException
    main.cpp, 14
testClearFile
    main.cpp, 15
testLogin
    main.cpp, 16
testPasswordChange
    main.cpp, 17
testRandomAccess
    main.cpp, 19
testRemoveUser
    main.cpp, 20
testUpdateUser
    main.cpp, 21
```

User Database Management System, 1