Title: Building a Naïve Bayes Model

Subtitle: Predicting NBA Player Career Longevity Using Naïve Bayes

ISSUE / PROBLEM This project simulates the National Basketball Association (NBA) interests in identifying players who can endure the highpressure environment and contribute to team success over an extended period. This challenge developed a predictive model that determines whether an NBA player will have a career lasting at least five years, using historical performance data.

- Strategic Decision-Making:
 NBA teams can use the
 model's insights to make
 data-driven draft and player
 development decisions.
- Talent Retention: Improved player selection and management strategies could enhance long-term team performance and player retention.
- Operational Efficiency:
 Reducing the uncertainty around player career longevity could lead to better resource allocation for teams and coaching staff.

RESPONSE

This project employs a Naive Bayes classification model, specifically the Gaussian Naive Bayes algorithm, to predict player career longevity. The model was chosen based on the assumption that the dataset features are normally distributed and continuous. The workflow involved data preparation, feature engineering, model training, and evaluation to ensure a robust predictive framework.

KEY INSIGHTS

- The Gaussian Naive Bayes model was selected due to its suitability for continuous data despite the potential violation of strict normality assumptions.
- The train-test split resulted in a 75% training and 25% test dataset, ensuring a balanced learning process.
- Model evaluation demonstrated a strong concentration of correct predictions in the confusion matrix, highlighting the model's predictive reliability.
- Feature selection and engineering played a crucial role in improving the model's accuracy, reinforcing the importance of data preprocessing in machine learning applications.

