# SEEDING THE SIMRVSEQUENCES R PACKAGE

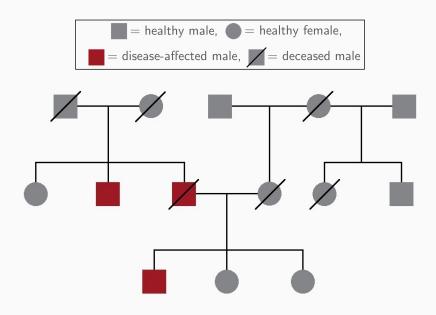
Christina Nieuwoudt, Wen Tian Wang

Supervisor: Jinko Graham

August 14, 2019

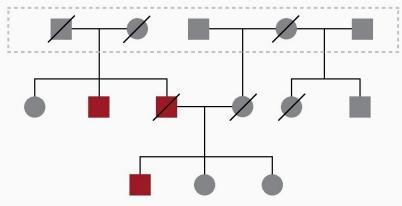
Simon Fraser University Department of Statistics

## WHAT IS A PEDIGREE?

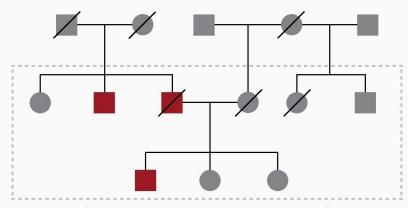


### FOUNDERS VS NON-FOUNDERS

# founders do not have parents

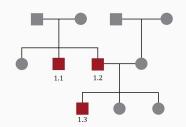


### FOUNDERS VS NON-FOUNDERS



non-founders have both a mother and a father

#### SINGLE-NUCLEOTIDE VARIANT DATA



ID	$SNV_1$	$SNV_2$	$SNV_3$	 $SNV_p$
1.1	1	0	0	 0
1.1	0	1	0	 1
1.2	1	0	1	 0
1.2	0	0	1	 0
1.3	1	0	0	 0
1.3	0	0	1	 1

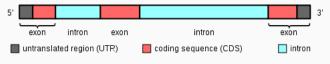
By convention, reference alleles are 0 and alternate alleles are 1.

### REQUIREMENTS

To simulate sequence data for a pedigree we require:

- 1. the pedigree structure, and
- 2. single-nucleotide variant (SNV) data from a sample of unrelated individuals, representing the population of pedigree founders.

### SEQUENCE DATA FOR FOUNDERS



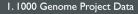
graphic by Daycd, at the English Wikipedia Project, distributed under a CC-BY 2.0 license

- ► We assume founders are unrelated and represent a random sample from a global population of individuals.
- Exon-only sequence data may be obtained from:
  - ► a coalescent simulator (msprime or fastsimcoal),
  - ▶ a forward-in-time evolutionary simulator (SLiM), or
  - publicly available sequence data (1000 Genomes Project)

#### **OUTLINE**



**Datasets** 



2. Exon Positions Data



Software Command for Creating

Exon Data

- I. Relabel Chromosome ID for Exon Map
- 2. Remove Duplicated Exon Intervals
- 3. Extract SNVs in Exons from Chromosome 22



Retrieved from http://ftp.1000genom es.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/ data collections/100 0 genomes project/r elease/20190312 bial lelic SNV and INDE



Data file contains both biallelic SNVs and INDEL variants for the 2548 samples



File format:VCF file



Two required files for chromosome 22:

Index file:

ALL.chr22.shapeit2\_integrated snvindels\_v2a\_27022019.GR Ch38.phased.vcf.gz.tbi

ALL.chr22.shapeit2\_integrated \_snvindels\_v2a\_27022019.GR Ch38.phased.vcf.gz

###fileformat=VCEv4 3

```
##FILTER=<ID=PASS,Description="All filters passed">
##fileDate=27022019 15h52m43s
##source=IGSRpipeline
##reference=ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/reference/GRCh38 reference genome/GRCh38 full analysis set plus decoy hla.fa
##FORMAT=<ID=GT,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Phased Genotype">
##contig=<ID=22>
##INFO=<ID=AF,Number=A,Type=Float,Description="Estimated allele frequency in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AC,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alternate alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=NS,Number=I,Type=Integer,Description="Number of samples with data">
##INFO=<ID=AN,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=EAS AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EAS populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=EUR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EUR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AFR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the AFR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AMR AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Allele frequency in the AMR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=SAS_AF.Number=A,Type=Float,Description="Allele frequency in the SAS_populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=VT.Number=, Type=String.Description="indicates what type of variant the line represents">
##INFO=<ID=EX_TARGET.Number=0.Type=Flag.Description="indicates whether a variant is within the exon pull down target boundaries">
##INFO=<ID=DP.Number=1.Type=Integer.Description="Approximate read depth; some reads may have been filtered">
##bcftools_viewVersion=1.9-162-g33ecfe8+htslib-1.9-150-gc76b3b2
##bcftools_viewCommand=view_ALL.chr22.shapeit2_interrated_snvindels_v2a_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz; Date=Tue_Aug_6_12:01:54.2019
#CHROM POS ID REF ALT QUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT HG00096
      10516173
                             G.
                                       PASS AC=121:AN=5096:DP=8203:AF=0.02:EAS AF=0:EUR AF=0.02:AFR AF=0.06:AMR AF=0.02:SAS AF=0:VT=SNP:NS=2548 GT 010
                                       PASS AC=89;AN=5096;DP=9085;AF=0.02;EAS AF=0;EUR AF=0;AFR AF=0.07;AMR AF=0;SAS AF=0;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0]0
22
      10522217
```

##bcftools viewVersion=1.9-162-g33ecfe8+htslib-1.9-150-gc76b3b2

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.3
##FILTER=<ID=PASS.Description="All filters passed">
##fileDate=27022019 15h52m43s
##source=IGSRpipeline
##reference=ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/reference/GRCh38 reference genome/GRCh38 full analysis set plus decoy hla.fa
##FORMAT=<ID=GT.Number=1.Type=String.Description="Phased Genotype">
##contig=<ID=22>
##INFO=<ID=AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Estimated allele frequency in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AC,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alternate alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=NS,Number=I,Type=Integer,Description="Number of samples with data">
##INFO=<ID=AN,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=EAS AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EAS populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=EUR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EUR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AFR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the AFR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AMR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the AMR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=SAS AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the SAS populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=VT.Number=..Type=String.Description="indicates what type of variant the line represents">
##INFO=<ID=EX_TARGET.Number=0.Type=Flag.Description="indicates whether a variant is within the exon pull down target boundaries">
```

##bcftools\_viewCommand=view\_ALL.chr22.shapeit2\_integrated\_snyindels\_v2a\_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz; Date=Tue\_Aug\_6\_12:01:54\_2019

##INFO=<ID=DP.Number=1.Type=Integer.Description="Approximate read depth; some reads may have been filtered">

Meta information

#CHROM POS ID REF ALT QUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT HG00096
22 10516173 - A G . PASS AC=121.AN=5096,DP=8032.AF=0.02:EAS AF=0.EUR AF=0.02.AFR AF=0.06;AMR AF=0.02;SAS AF=0,VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0
22 10512217 . G A . PASS AC=89;AN=5096;DP=9085;AF=0.02:EAS AF=0.EUR AF=0.4FR AF=0.07;AMR AF=0.SAS AF=0,VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0]0

10522217

```
##fileformat=VCFv4.3
##FILTER=<ID=PASS,Description="All filters passed">
##fileDate=27022019 15h52m43s
##source=IGSRpipeline
##reference=ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/reference/GRCh38 reference genome/GRCh38 full analysis set plus decoy hla.fa
##FORMAT=<ID=GT,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Phased Genotype">
##contig=<ID=22>
##INFO=<ID=AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Estimated allele frequency in the range (0.1)">
                                                                                                                               Header line
##INFO=<ID=AC.Number=A.Type=Integer.Description="Total number of alternate alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=NS.Number=1.Type=Integer.Description="Number of samples with data">
##INFO=<ID=AN.Number=1.Type=Integer.Description="Total number of alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=EAS_AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Allele frequency in the EAS populations calculated from AC and AM, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=EUR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EUR populations calculated from ACand AN. in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=AFR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the AFR populations calculated from AC and AN. in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=AMR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the AMR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=SAS AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the SAS populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=VT,Number=.,Type=String,Description="indicates what type of variant the line represents">
##INFO=<ID=EX TARGET,Number=0,Type=Flag,Description="indicates whether a variant is in the exon pull down target boundaries">
##INFO=<ID=DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Approximate read depth; some reads may have been filtered">
##bcftools viewVersion=1.9-162-g33ecfe8+htslib-1.9-150-gc76b3b2
##bcftools_viewCommand=view All_chr22 shapeit2_integrated_spyindels_v2a_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz; Date=Tue Aug_6 12:01:54 2019
#CHROM POS ID REF ALT OUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT HG00096
     10516173
                                       PASS AC=121:AN=5096;DP=8203;AF=0.02;EAS AF=0;EUR AF=0.02;AFR AF=0.06;AMR AF=0.02;SAS AF=0;VT=SNP;NS=2548
```

PASS AC=89:AN=5096:DP=9085:AF=0.02:EAS AF=0:EUR AF=0:AFR AF=0.07:AMR AF=0:SAS AF=0:VT=SNP:NS=2548 GT

##FORMAT=<ID=GT,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Phased Genotype">

###NFO=<ID=AF,Number=A,Type=Float,Description="Estimated allele frequency in the range (0,1)"> ###INFO=<ID=AC,Number=A,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alternate alleles in called genotypes">

###fileformat=VCFv4 3

##contig=<ID=22>

10522217

##FILTER=<ID=PASS,Description="All filters passed"> ##fileDate=27022019\_15h52m43s ##source=IGSRpipeline

```
##INFO=<ID=NS,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Number of samples with data">
##INFO=<ID=AN,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=EAS AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EAS populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=EUR AF.Number=A,Type=Float,Description="Allele frequency in the EUR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
                                                                                                                                             Data lines
##INFO=<ID=AFR AF.Number=A,Type=Float,Description="Allele frequency in the AFR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AMR AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Allele frequency in the AMR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=SAS AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Allele frequency in the SAS populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=VT.Number=..Type=String.Description="indicates what type of variant the line represents">
##INFO=<ID=EX_TARGET.Number=0.Type=Flag.Description="indicates whether a variant is within the exon pull down target boundaries">
##INFO=<ID=DP.Number=I.Type=Integer.Description="Approximate read depth; some reads may have been filtered">
##bcftools viewVersion=1.9-162-g33ecfe8+htslib-1.9-150-gc76b3b2
##bcftools viewCommand=view ALL.chr22.shapeit2_integrated_snvindels_v2a_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz; Date=Tue Aug_6_12:01:54_2019
#CHROM POS ID REF ALT QUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT HG00096
     10516173
                                       PASS AC=121:AN=5096:DP=8203:AF=0.02:FAS AF=0:FUR AF=0.02:AFR AF=0.06:AMR AF=0.02:SAS AF=0:VT=SNP:NS=2548
```

PASS AC=89;AN=5096;DP=9085;AF=0.02;EAS AF=0;EUR AF=0;AFR AF=0.07;AMR AF=0;SAS AF=0;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT

##reference=ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/reference/GRCh38 reference genome/GRCh38 full analysis set plus decoy hla fa





### **RETRIEVED FROM**

HTTP://FTP.1000GENOME
S.EBI.AC.UK/VOL1/FTP/D
ATA COLLECTIONS/1000
GENOMES PROJECT/W
ORKING/20190125 COOR
DS EXON TARGET/OUT
PUT 1000G EXOME.VI.B
ED

#### **FILE FORMAT: BED FILE**

Chromosme ID: Number from chr1..22, X,Y

```
chr1
        14642
                 14882
chr1
         14943
                 15063
chr1
        15751
                 15990
chr1
        16599
                 16719
chr1
        16834
                 17074
chr1
         17211
                 17331
chr1
         30275
                 30431
chr1
                 70029
        69069
chr1
         129133
                 129253
chr1
         258482
                 258603
```

target.0

target.1

target.2

target.3

target.4

target.5

target.6

target.7

target.8

target.9

	curi	14642	14882	+	target.
	chr1	14943	15063	+	target.1
	chr1	15751	15990	+	target.2
	chr1	16599	16719	+	target.3
	chr1	16834	17074	+	target.4
	Chr1	17211	17331	+	target.5
· · · /	chr1	30275	30431	+	target.6
Start and end	chr1	69069	70029	+	target.7
positions of exo	ns <sup>chr1</sup>	129133	129253	+	target.8
posicions of exo	chr1	258482	258603	+	target.9

					1
	chr1	14642	14882	+	target.0
	chr1	14943	15063	+	target.1
	chr1	15751	15990	+	target.2
	chr1	16599	16719	+	target.3
	chr1	16834	17074	+	target.4
	chr1	17211	<del>17331</del>	+	target.5
	chr1	30275	30431	+	target.6
Strand	chr1	69069	70029	+	target.7
orientation	chr1	129133	129253	+	target.8
orientation	chr1	258482	258603	+	target.9

	chr1	14642	14882	+	target.0
	chr1	14943	15063	+	target.1
	chr1	15751	15990	+	target.2
	chr1	16599	16719	+	target.3
	chr1	16834	17074	_ <del></del>	target.4
	chr1	17211	17331	+	target.5
_	chr1	30275	30431	+	target.6
Names of	chr1	69069	70029	+	target.7
ovon	chr1	129133	129253	+	target.8
exon	chr1	258482	258603	+	target.9
regions					
0					

Chromosme ID: Number from chr1..22, X,Y

chr1 chr1 chr1	14642 14943 15751	14882 15063 15990	+++++	target.0 target.1 target.2
chr1	16599	16719	+	target.3
chr1	16834	17074	+	target.4
chr1	17211	17331	+	target.5
chr1	30275	30431	+	target.6
chr1	69069	70029	+	target.7
chr1	129133	129253	+	target.8
chr1	258482	258603	+	target.9

### CHROMOSOME 22

##FILTER=<ID=PASS,Description="All filters passed"> ##fileDate=27022019\_15h52m43s ##source=IGSRpipeline

##FORMAT=<ID=GT,Number=1,Type=String,Description="Phased Genotype">

##INFO=<ID=AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Estimated allele frequency in the range (0.1)">

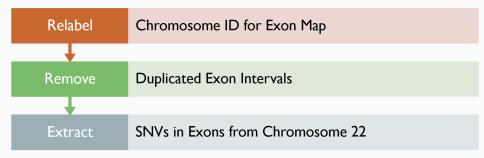
##fileformat=VCFv4.3

##contig=<ID=22>

```
##INFO=<ID=AC, Number=A, Type=Integer, Description="Total number of alternate alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=NS,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Number of samples with data">
##INFO=<ID=AN.Number=I.Type=Integer,Description="Total number of alleles in called genotypes">
##INFO=<ID=EAS_AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Allele frequency in the EAS_populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=EUR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the EUR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AFR AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the AFR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0,1)">
##INFO=<ID=AMR_AF.Number=A.Type=Float.Description="Allele frequency in the AMR populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=SAS_AF, Number=A, Type=Float, Description="Allele frequency in the SAS_populations calculated from AC and AN, in the range (0.1)">
##INFO=<ID=VT,Number=.,Type=String,Description="indicates what type of variant the line represents">
##INFO=<ID=EX_TARGET, Number=0, Type=Flag, Description="indicates whether a variant is within the exon pull down target boundaries">
##INFO=<ID=DP,Number=1,Type=Integer,Description="Approximate read depth; some reads may have been filtered">
##bcftools viewVersion=1.9-162-g33ecfe8+htslib-1.9-150-gc76b3b2
##bcftools viewCommand=view ALL.chr22.shapeit2 integrated snvindels v2a 27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz; Date=Tue Aug 6 12:01:54 2019
#CHROM POS ID
                   REF ALT OUAL FILTER INFO FORMAT HG00096
22
      0516173
                                       PASS AC=121:AN=5096:DP=8203:AF=0.02:EAS AF=0:EUR AF=0.02:AFR AF=0.06:AMR AF=0.02:SAS AF=0:VT=SNP:NS=2548
                                                                                                                                                                GT 010
22
      10522217
                                       PASS AC=89:AN=5096:DP=9085:AF=0.02:EAS AF=0:EUR AF=0:AFR AF=0.07:AMR AF=0:SAS AF=0:VT=SNP:NS=2548 GT
```

##reference=ftp://ftp.1000genomes.ebi.ac.uk/vol1/ftp/technical/reference/GRCh38 reference genome/GRCh38 full analysis set plus decoy hla.fa

#### SOFTWARE COMMANDS FOR CREATING EXON DATA



#### OVERVIEW OF SOFTWARE COMMANDS

```
cut -c4- output_1000G_Exome.v1.bed > IKG.exons.bed

sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 IKG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > IKG.exons.bash_merged.bed

bcftools view
--regions-file IKG.exons.bash_merged.bed
--types snps --min-alleles 2 --max-alleles 2
--include 'FILTER="PASS"'
--output-type z
--output-file exons_chr22.vcf.gz

ALL.chr22.shapeit2 integrated snvindels v2a 27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz;
```

cut -c4- output\_1000G\_Exome.v1.bed > IKG.exons.bed



removes the regions we specified from each row

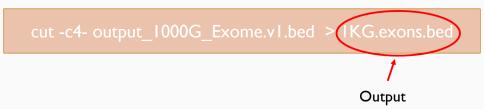
cut(-c4-)output\_1000G\_Exome.v1.bed > IKG.exons.bed

selects characters from the fourth index to the last index in each row; in another word, remove the first three characters, "chr".



cut -c4- output\_I000G\_Exome.v1.bed (>)IKG.exons.bed

creates a new output file and redirects the result to this output file



# OUTPUT OF 1KG.EXONS.BED

1	14642	14882	+	target.0
1	14943	15063	+	target.1
1	15751	15990	+	target.2
1	16599	16719	+	target.3
1	16834	17074	+	target.4
1	17211	17331	+	target.5
1	30275	30431	+	target.6
1	69069	70029	+	target.7
1	129133	129253	+	target.8
1	258482	258603	+	target.9

sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 1KG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > 1KG.exons.bash\_merged.bed

sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 IKG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > IKG.exons.bash\_merged.bed

sorts lines of input

sort -V-k1,1 -k2,2 1KG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > 1KG/exons.bash\_merged.bed

sorts numbers in natural version

sort -V(-k1,1)-k2,2 | KG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > | KG.exons.bash\_merged.bed

sort by the first field (chromosome ID)

sort -V -k1,1 (k2,2) IKG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > IKG.exons.bash\_merged.bed

sort by the second field (start position)

sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 (KG.exons.bed) bedtools merge > IKG.exons.bash\_merged.bed

Input

sort -V -k1,1 -k2,2 IKG.exons.bed() bedtools merge > IKG.exons.bash\_merged.bed /

Pipe operation, which passes the output from the "sort" command to the "bedtools merge" command. This action is similar as "%>%" in r-studio

### REMOVE DUPLICATED EXON INTERVALS

sort -V -k1, 1 -k2,2 1KG.exons.bed bedtools merge>

merge overlapped exons intervals

### REMOVE DUPLICATED EXON INTERVALS

sort -V -k1, 1 -k2.2 | KG.exons.bed | bedtools merge > TKG.exons.bash\_merged.bed

Output

# OUTPUT OF 1KG.EXONS.BASH\_MERGED.BED

1	14642	14882
1	14943	15063
1	15751	15990
1	16599	16719
1	16834	17074
1	17211	17331
1	30275	30431
1	69069	70029
1	129133	129253
1	258482	258603

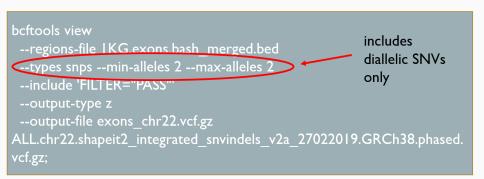
## bcftools view

- --regions-file IKG.exons.bash merged.bed
- --types snps --min-alleles 2 --max-alleles 2
- --include 'FILTER="PASS"
- --output-type z
- --output-file exons\_chr22.vcf.gz

ALL.chr22.shapeit2\_integrated\_snvindels\_v2a\_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz;







### bcftools view

- --regions-file IKG.exons.bash merged.bed
- --types snps --min-alleles 2 --max-alleles 2
- --include 'FILTER="PASS"
  - --output-type z
- --output-file exons\_chr22.vcf.gz

ALL.chr22.shapeit2\_integrated\_snvindels\_v2a\_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz;

includes variants that passed all quality filters

```
bcftools view
--regions-file IKG.exons.bash_merged.bed
--types snps --min-alleles 2 --max-alleles 2
--include 'FILTER="PASS"' compresses the
--output-type z output to gzip
--output-file exons_chr22.vcf.gz
ALL.chr22.shapeit2_integrated_snvindels_v2a_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz;
```

```
bcftools view
--regions-file IKG.exons.bash_merged.bed
--types snps --min-alleles 2 --max-alleles 2
--include 'FILTER="PASS"'
--output-type z
--output-file exons_chr22.vcf.gz

ALL.chr22.shapeit2_integrated_snvindels_v2a_27022019.GRCh38.phased.
vcf.gz;
```

```
bcftools view
--regions-file IKG.exons.bash_merged.bed
--types snps --min-alleles 2 --max-alleles 2 Input file
--include 'FILTER="PASS"'
--output-type z
--output-file exons_chr22.vcf.gz
ALL.chr22.shapeit2_integrated_snvindels_v2a_27022019.GRCh38.phased.vcf.gz;
```

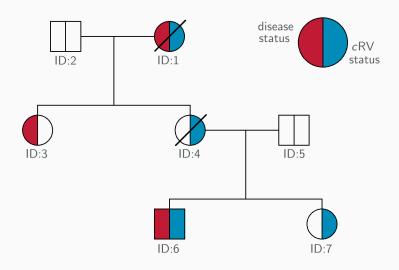
### EXAMPLE OUTPUT DATA

22	16390584	C	T	PASS	AC=23;AN=5096;DP=82786;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0.01;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548	GT	0 0		
22	16390592	A	G	PASS	AC=1386;AN=5096;DP=86545;AF=0.27;EAS_AF=0.37;EUR_AF=0.34;AFR_AF=0.08;AMR_AF=0.33;SAS_AF=0.32;EX_TARGE	;VT=SNP	NS=2548	GT	0
22	16390594	C	G	PASS	AC=1;AN=5096;DP=87990;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548	GT	0 0		
22	16390595	A	G	PASS	AC=1;AN=5096;DP=88574;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548	GT	0 0		
22	16390599	G	T	PASS	AC=1;AN=5096;DP=90114;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548	GT	0 0		

# EXAMPLE OUTPUT DATA

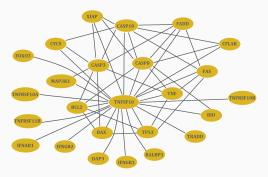
22	16390584	C	T	PASS	AC=23;AN=5096;DP=82786;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0.01;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0 0
22	16390592	A	G	PASS	AC=1386;AN=5096;DP=86545;AF=0.27;EAS_AF=0.37;EUR_AF=0.34;AFR_AF=0.08;AVR_AF=0.33;SAS_AF=0.32;EX_ARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0 1
22	16390594	C	G	PASS	AC=1;AN=5096;DP=87990;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF_0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0 0
22	16390595	A	G	PASS	AC=1;AN=5096;DP=88574;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0;EX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0 0
22	16390599	G	T	PASS	AC=1;AN=5096;DP=90114;AF=0;EAS_AF=0;EUR_AF=0;AFR_AF=0;AMR_AF=0;SAS_AF=0,SX_TARGET;VT=SNP;NS=2548 GT 0 0

## SIMULATED PEDIGREE



#### PATHWAY IMPLEMENTATION

Different families may segregate different cRVs residing in a set of interacting genes or a pathway.



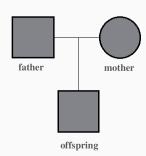
▶ We specify a pool of cRVs from which to sample familial cRVs, so that different families can segregate different cRVs.

# SEQUENCE DATA FOR FOUNDERS

Founder haplotypes are sampled from the population distribution of haplotypes conditioned on the founder's cRV status at the familial disease locus.

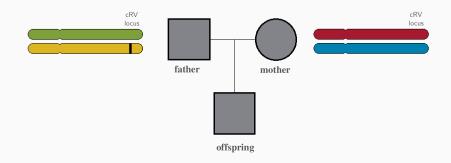
# SEQUENCE DATA FOR OFFSPRING



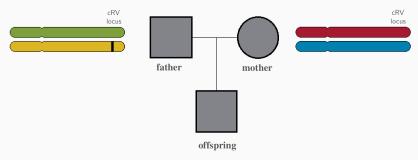




# SEQUENCE DATA FOR OFFSPRING



# SEQUENCE DATA FOR OFFSPRING

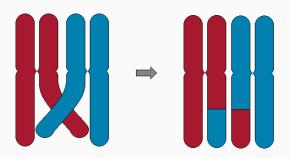


Given the cRV status of each pedigree member we perform a conditional gene drop to simulate inheritance.

- ► Simulate genetic recombination among parental haplotypes.
- ► Sample the inherited gamete conditionally on *c*RV status.

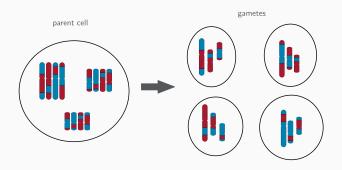
### CROSSOVER EVENTS

Each parent's haplotypes participate in recombination, or crossover, events whereby genetic material is exchanged between them.

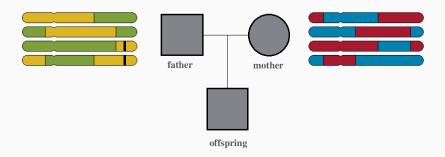


We model the locations of crossover events as stochastic point process with a gamma renewal density [12].

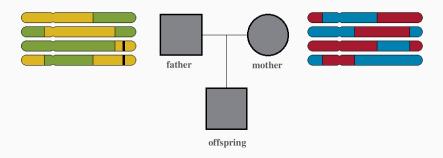
### FORMATION OF GAMETES



- ► To simulate the formation of gametes we assume that homologous chromatids are assigned to one of four gamete cells with equal probability.
- ➤ This assignment occurs independently for non-homologous chromosomes.

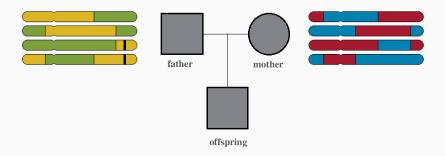


Case 1: If both the parent and offspring carry the cRV we sample the inherited gamete from those that carry the cRV.



Case 2: If the parent carries the cRV but the offspring does **not**, we sample the inherited gamete from those that do not carry the cRV.

### CONDITIONAL GENE DROP



Case 3: If a **parent is not a carrier of the cRV**, we sample the inherited gamete from the four parental gametes.

### DATA STORAGE IN R

Size Comparison of Genetic Data Objects

Chromosome	R package	Object Name	Size
1	vcfR	vcfR	2.6 Gb
1	sim1000G	vcf	NA (too large)
1	SimRVSequences	SNVdata	157.8 Mb
21	vcfR	vcfR	306.5 Mb
21	sim1000G	vcf	25.8 Mb
21	SimRVSequences	SNVdata	19.3 Mb

Featured genetic data includes SNVs from the exonic regions of chromosomes 1 and 21.

# R Packages:

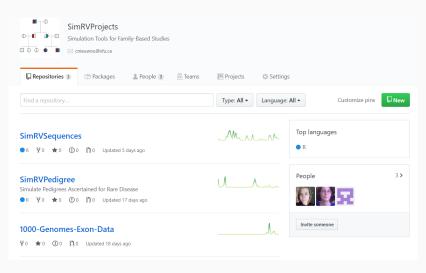
- ► Nieuwoudt, C., Graham, J., (2017) SimRVPedigree: Simulate Pedigrees Ascertained for a Rare Disease. R package version 0.4.0. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=SimRVPedigree.
- Nieuwoudt, C., Graham, J., (2019) SimRVSequences: Simulate Genetic Sequence Data for Pedigrees. R package version 0.1.3. https://CRAN.R-project.org/package=SimRVSequences.

# Manuscripts:

- ▶ Nieuwoudt, C., Jones, S.J., Brooks-Wilson, A., Graham, J. (2018). Simulating Pedigrees Ascertained for Multiple Disease-Affected Relatives. Source Code for Biology and Medicine 13:2.
- In Submission: Nieuwoudt, C., Brooks-Wilson, A., Graham, J. (2019). SimRVSequences: An R Package to Simulate Genetic Sequence Data for Pedigrees. Bioinformatics.

#### FIND US ON GITHUB

# Source code and data are available on GitHub: https://github.com/simrvprojects



### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS







Supervisor: Jinko Graham Lymphoid Cancer Families Study (PI Angela Brooks-Wilson)