Biostatistics 615 - Statistical Computing

Lecture 17 Write R packages

Jian Kang

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Introduction

- The R packaging system has been one of the key factors of the overall success of the R project
- Packages allow for easy, transparent and cross-platform extension of the R base system.
- R packages are (after a short learning phase) a comfortable way to maintain collections of R functions and data sets.

Step 1: Load all functions and data sets into an R file

For example, in "simplelm.R" , we have the following code for fast simple linear regression $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left($

```
fastSimpleLinearRegression = function(y, x) {
 y = y - mean(y)
 x = x - mean(x)
 n = length(y)
 stopifnot(length(x) == n) # for error handling
 s2y = sum(y * y) / (n - 1) # \sigma y^2
 s2x = sum(x * x) / (n - 1) # \sigma x^2
 sxy = sum(x * y) / (n - 1) # \sigma_xy
 rxy = sxy/sqrt(s2y * s2x) # \rho xy
 b = rxy * sqrt(s2y / s2x)
 se.b = sqrt(s2y * (1 - rxy * rxy) / (n-2) / s2x)
 tstat = rxy * sqrt( (n - 2 ) / (1 - rxy * rxy ) )
 p = pt( abs(tstat) , n - 2 , lower.tail=FALSE )*2
 return(list( beta = b , se.beta = se.b , t.stat = tstat, p.value = p ))
```

Step 2: Run package.skeletion()

In a clean R session, and run package.skeleton()

```
> package.skeleton("simplelm",code_files="simplelm.R")
Creating directories ...
Creating DESCRIPTION ...
Creating NAMESPACE ...
Creating Read-and-delete-me ...
Copying code files ...
Making help files ...
Done.
Further steps are described in './simplelm/Read-and-delete-me'.
```

Name ^ Date Modified Size
DESCRIPTION Today, 7:15 AM 281 bytes
man O Today, 7:15 AM
NAMESPACE Today, 7:15 AM 31 bytes
▶ 📉 R 🔮 Today, 7:15 AM
Read-and-delete-me O Today, 7:15 AM 426 bytes

Step 3: Edit help file skeletons in 'man'

``simplelm-package.Rd"

```
\name{simplelm-package}
\alias{simplelm-package}
\alias{simplelm}
\docType{package}
\title{
\packageTitle{simplelm}
\description{
\packageDescription{simplelm}
\details{
The DESCRIPTION file:
\packageDESCRIPTION{simplelm}
\packageIndices{simplelm}
This package provides a fast simple linear regression fitting
\author{
\packageAuthor{simplelm}
Maintainer: \packageMaintainer{simplelm}
\examples{
y = rnorm(100)
x = rnorm(100)
fit=fastSimpleLinearRegression(y,x)
```

Step 3: Edit help file skeletons in 'man' – continued

``fastSimpleLinearRegression.Rd"

```
\name{fastSimpleLinearRegression}
\alias{fastSimpleLinearRegression}
\title{
This function fits a simple linear regression
\description{
Fast implementation of simple linear regression models
\usage{
fastSimpleLinearRegression(y, x)
\arguments{
 \item{v}{
numeric vector represents the outcome variable
 \item{x}{
numeric vector represents the predictor
\details{
Compute the sufficient statistics
```

Step 3: Edit help file skeletons in 'man'- continued

``fastSimpleLinearRegression.Rd"

```
\value{
\item{beta}{coeffiicent estimate}
\item{se.beta}{standard error of coefficient estimate}
\item{t.stat}{t statistic}
\item{p.value}{p value}
\references{
Kang, J. (2016) Fast simple linear regression, working paper.
\author{
Jian Kang (jiankang@umich.edu)
\note{
%% ~~further notes~~
\seealso{
%% ~~objects to See Also as \code{\link{help}}, ~~~
\examples{
y = rnorm(100)
x = rnorm(100)
fit = fastSimpleLinearRegression(y,x)
\keyword{Linear regression }
\keyword{Fast}% __ONLY ONE__ keyword per line
```

Step 4: Modify The package DESCRIPTION file

Package: simplelm Type: Package

Title: fast simple linear regression

Version: 1.0 Date: 2015-11-24 Author: Jian Kang

Maintainer: Jian Kang <jiankang@umich.edu>

Description: This package is an example on how to create R package

License: GPL-3

Step 5: Check and Build

user\$ R CMD check simplelm

In shell window / terminal (windows users need to download Rtools:
https://cran.r-project.org/bin/windows/Rtools/)

```
* using log directory '/Users/jkang30/Dropbox/Umich/Biostat 615 Material/Fall 2015/Rcode/simplelm
* using R version 3.2.2 (2015-08-14)
* using platform: x86 64-apple-darwin13.4.0 (64-bit)
* using session charset: UTF-8
* checking for file 'simplelm/DESCRIPTION' ... OK
* checking extension type ... Package
* this is package 'simplelm' version '1.0'
* checking package namespace information ... OK
* checking package dependencies ... OK
user$ R CMD build simplelm
* checking for file 'simplelm/DESCRIPTION' ... OK
* preparing 'simplelm':
* checking DESCRIPTION meta-information ... OK
* installing the package to process help pages
* saving partial Rd database
* checking for LF line-endings in source and make files
* checking for empty or unneeded directories
* building 'simplelm 1.0.tar.gz'
```

Step 6: Install

In R,

```
> install.packages("simplelm_1.0.tar.gz",repos=NULL)
* installing *source* package 'simplelm' ...
** R

** preparing package for lazy loading
** help
*** installing help indices
** building package indices
** testing if installed package can be loaded
* DONE (simplelm)
```

How about C++ code?

Using the Rcpp package, we can improve the efficiency of R code In ``cppfastLM.cpp", we have the following code:

```
#include <Rcpp.h>
#include <cmath>
using namespace Rcpp:
// [[Rcpp::export]]
List cppfastLM(NumericVector y, NumericVector x){
 y = y - mean(y);
 x = x - mean(x);
 int n = y.size();
  double s2y = sum( y * y );
  s2y /= n - 1.0;
  double s2x = sum(x * x):
  s2x /= n - 1.0:
  double sxy = sum( x * y );
  sxv /= n - 1.0:
  double rxy = sxy;
  rxy /= sqrt( s2y * s2x );
  double b = rxy * sqrt( s2y / s2x );
  double se_b = sqrt(s2y * ( 1.0 - rxy * rxy ) / (n-2.0) / s2x);
  NumericVector tstat;
  tstat.push back(rxy * sqrt( ( n - 2 ) / ( 1 - rxy * rxy ) ));
  NumericVector p = pt(abs(tstat), n - 2 ,0, 0)*2;
  return Rcpp::List::create(Rcpp::Named("beta") = b,
                            Rcpp::Named("se.beta") = se_b,
                            Rcpp::Named("t.stat") = tstat[0],
                            Rcpp::Named("p.value") = p[0]);
```

Using Rcpp.packages.skeleton()

All the steps are the same except **Step 2**, now we use Rcpp.packages.skeleton()

```
> Rcpp.package.skeleton("fastSimpleLM",code files = "simplelm.R",
cpp files="cppFastLM.cpp")
Creating directories ...
Creating DESCRIPTION ...
Creating NAMESPACE ...
Creating Read-and-delete-me ...
Copying code files ...
Making help files ...
Done.
Further steps are described in './fastSimpleLM/Read-and-delete-me'.
Adding Rcpp settings
 >> added Imports: Rcpp
 >> added LinkingTo: Rcpp
 >> added useDynLib directive to NAMESPACE
 >> added importFrom(Rcpp, evalCpp) directive to NAMESPACE
 >> copied cppFastLM.cpp to src directory
 >> added example src file using Rcpp attributes
 >> compiled Rcpp attributes
 >> added Rd file for rcpp hello world
```

Performance Comparison

```
> library(microbenchmark)
> library(fastSimpleLM)
> n = 1000000
> x = rnorm(n)
> v = 2*x+rnorm(n)
> microbenchmark(lm(y~0+x),
                fastSimpleLinearRegression(y,x),
               cppfastLM(y,x),
               times = 10L)
Unit: milliseconds
                                         min
                             expr
                    lm(y \sim 0 + x) 630.289271
 fastSimpleLinearRegression(y, x) 18.127215
                  cppfastLM(y, x)
                                    7.176658
                          median
         1a
                 mean
                                         uq
 686.148319 810.42767 756.022109 802.849028
  31.825939 96.65432 61.273852 190.640336
   7.350376
            7.72509 7.672616
                                   8.228796
         max neval cld
 1225.938566 10
                   b
  228.754991 10 a
    8.321194
               10 a
```

Summary

- Step 1: write R functions and C++ functions in separate files
- Step 2: Run package.skeleton() or Rcpp.package.skeleton()
- Step 3: Edit help files
- Step 4: Edit DESCRIPTION file
- Step 5: Check and Build
- Step 6: Install