

EXAMPLE of 1<sup>st</sup> Subquery Type: Return a single value

List staff whose salary is greater than the average salary

```
SELECT *  
FROM staff  
WHERE salary > (SELECT AVG(salary) FROM staff)
```

Find the staff member who earns the biggest salary

```
SELECT *  
FROM staff  
WHERE salary = (SELECT MAX(salary) FROM staff)
```

EXAMPLE of 2<sup>nd</sup> Subquery Type: Return a row

Find all the staff members who work in a branch office either in Glasgow or London

```
SELECT *  
FROM staff  
WHERE branchNo IN (SELECT branchNo  
                     FROM Branch  
                     WHERE city = 'London' OR city = 'Glasgow')
```

Find all properties that are managed by an assistant staff member

```
SELECT propertyNo  
FROM propertyForRent  
WHERE staffNo IN  
      (SELECT staffNo,  
        FROM staff  
        WHERE position = 'assistant')
```

EXAMPLE of 3<sup>rd</sup> Subquery Type: Return a table

Find the branch with the highest salary expense

```
SELECT MAX(ts.Total), branchNo  
FROM  
  (SELECT SUM(salary) as Total, branchNo  
    FROM staff  
    GROUP BY branchNo) as ts
```