# **CHEM 4305 Term Project:**

# **Simulating Molecular Liquids**

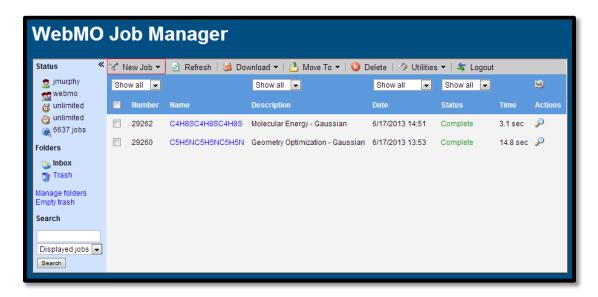
# Part 1: Molecule Building and Charge Fitting

### 1. Sign into WebMO.

Go to https://webmo.ace-net.ca and sign in using your ACEnet username and password.

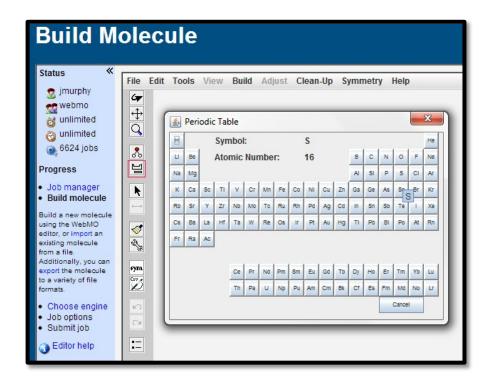


#### 2. Start a New Job

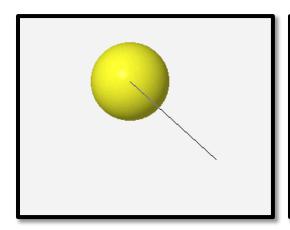


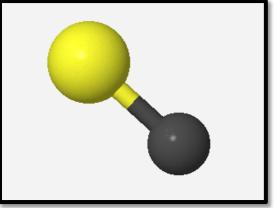
## 3. Building a Molecule

The molecule used in this example is thiophene. To begin, click on the periodic table and select the element you need. Sulfur is chosen in this example.

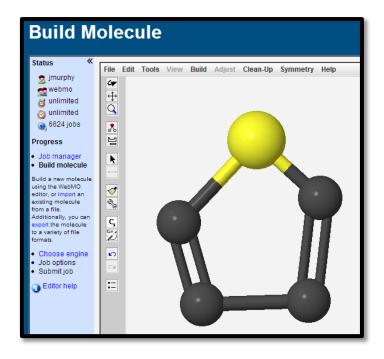


Click anywhere on the blank surface to add an atom. To add bonds, select the element required and click and drag.





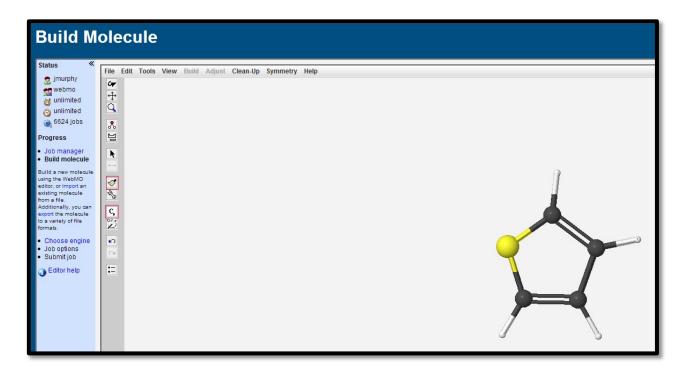
To make double bonds, draw a second bond between the atoms in the same way as you added the single bond.



## 4. Clean Up Your Structure

Tidy up your bond angles and add hydrogen atoms by selecting the broom icon. Clicking the symmetry button adjusts the symmetry of your molecule so that it is in the highest point group available.

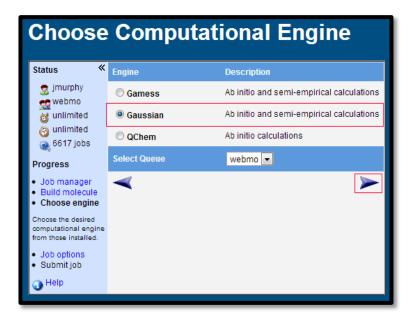
Save a screenshot of this page to submit for your term project.



To go to the next step, click the forward button at the bottom of the screen.

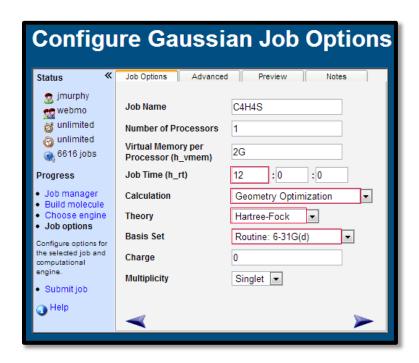
### 5. Choose a Computational Engine

Select the Gaussian computational engine and continue forward.



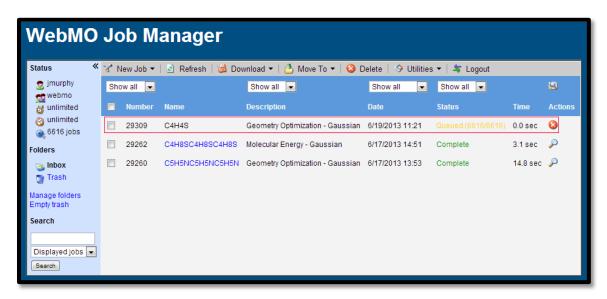
### 6. Geometry Optimization

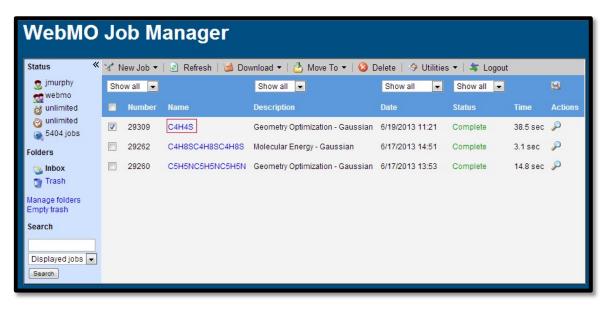
Select 'Geometry Optimization' under the calculation drop-down menu. Set the run time to 12 hours. Set the theory to Hartree-Fock and be sure that the basis set matches the one shown below.



### 7. Wait for the Job to Complete

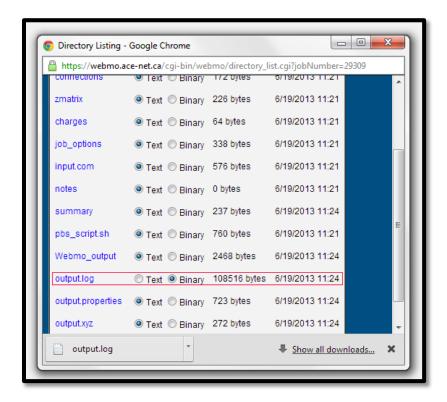
Your job will be placed in the ACEnet queue until a compute node is available. It will show "Queued" status until it is executed, when it will say "Running." The job status will change to "Complete" when it is finished. Once your job is finished, click on the chemical formula corresponding to your molecule in the Job Manager screen.





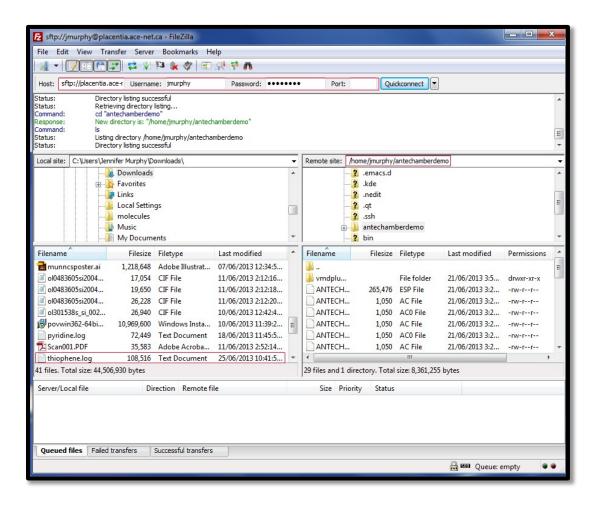
### 8. Downloading your .log File

Choose 'all files' on the left of the screen. Select the binary of output.log (you can rename it later) it will automatically download. This is the file that needs to be transferred to placentia using Filezilla or a SCP client like Filezilla.

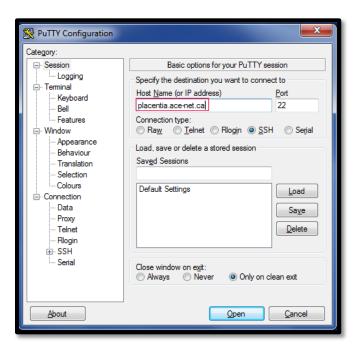


### 9. Transfer the output.log file to placentia using Filezilla

Open Filezilla, put in the host as placentia.ace-net.ca and enter your ACEnet username and password. The port is 22. Once you have connected, get organized. Make a folder on placentia to put your .log file into. To do this, right click and make a new folder on the placentia side. Mine is called 'antechamber demo'. Then, locate your output.log file in your downloads. I have renamed mine 'thiophene.log', I suggest you rename yours appropriately. To transfer your file, chick on the file and drag it into the new folder on placentia that you have made.



## 10. Open Putty and Log in to placentia.



```
login as: jmurphy
jmurphy@placentia.ace-net.ca's password:
Last login: Fri Jun 21 15:50:33 2013 from embree.chem.mun.ca

IMPORTANT: Jobs running on the head node must be less than 10 minutes
and have small memory and CPU requirements. Jobs violating this will be
terminated without warning. Better options for test jobs at:
http://www.ace-net.ca/wiki/Test_Jobs

April 23, 2013:
More Green ACEnet resources have been re-assigned to the
general production queues. These resources are not equipped with
InfiniBand. If you want to avoid Grid Engine placing your parallel
jobs on these nodes, do not specify the trailing wildcard in the name
of the parallel environment, i.e. use ompi instead of ompi*.

jmurphy@placentia: ~ $
```

### 11. Change into the directory you put the output.log file in

Run the command '**Is**' to check to make sure the antechamberdemo directory is present, then change into the antechamberdemo directory.

#### 12. Run Babel

Load the module for the openbabel program, then run the command **babel** to convert the Gaussian log file to a mol2 file. Use the command **less** to look at your mol2 file to confirm the conversion worked.

```
$ module load gcc openbabel
$ babel -i g09 thiophene.log -o mol2 thiophene.mol2
$ less thiophene.mol2
@<TRIPOS>MOLECULE
thiophene.log
9 9 0 0 0
SMALL
USER CHARGES
Gaussian 09 #N HF/6-31G(d) OPT Geom=Connectivity
@<TRIPOS>ATOM
                       -1.2336 -0.0153 0.0000 C.ar 1 LIG1
                                                                                     -0.2774
       2 C
                      -0.7187 -1.2580 0.0000 C.ar 1 LIG1
                                                                                     -0.0932
       3 C
                       0.7185 -1.2582 0.0000 C.ar 1 LIG1
                                                                                     -0.0997
       4 C
                        1.2338 -0.0157 0.0000 C.ar 1 LIG1
                                                                                     -0.2726

      0.0000
      1.1906
      0.0000 S.2
      1 LIG1

      2.2668
      0.2664
      0.0000 H
      1 LIG1

      1.3156
      -2.1501
      0.0000 H
      1 LIG1

      -1.3155
      -2.1501
      0.0000 H
      1 LIG1

       5 S
                                                                                      0.0224
       6 H
                                                                                      0.2255
       7 H
                                                                                       0.1347
       8 H
                                                                                       0.1335
                       -2.2666 0.2668 0.0000 H
                                                                   1 LIG1
                                                                                        0.2268
       9 H
```

<sup>\*</sup>Press q to exit less

### 13. Generate the Gaussian Input File Using Antechamber

Load the modules for antechamber program. Use the command **antechamber** to convert the mol2 file to a Gaussian input file, thiophene.gjf. Look at the file thiophene.gjf using less to make sure the conversion worked.

```
$ module load intel ambertools
$ export AMBERHOME=/usr/local/ambertools-13/
$ antechamber -fi mol2 -i thiophene.mol2 -fo gcrt -o thiophene.gjf
$ less thiophene.gjf
```

Your Gaussian input file should look like this:

```
--Link1--
%chk=molecule
#HF/6-31G* SCF=tight Test Pop=MK iop(6/33=2) iop(6/42=6) opt
remark line goes here
       0.000000000
                        0.7066000000
                                          -1.2724000000
       0.000000000
                         1.2344000000
                                          0.0014000000
                                           1.1864000000
       0.000000000
                         0.000000000
       0.000000000
                        -1.2344000000
   С
                                           0.0014000000
      0.000000000
                        -0.7066000000
                                          -1.2724000000
       0.000000000
                        -1.3188000000
                                         -2.1622000000
       0.000000000
                        -2.2708000000
                                          0.2974000000
   Η
   Η
       0.000000000
                         2.2708000000
                                           0.2974000000
       0.000000000
                         1.3188000000
                                          -2.1622000000
```

#### 14. Submit the Gaussian Calculation to the Queue

Running the Gaussian input file to calculate the electrostatic potential for charge fitting. This calculation will take longer, so it must be run through the queuing system. The program **nano** is an editor that will let you write a script to submit to the queuing system.

```
$ nano script-1.sh
```

#### Paste these lines into the editor:

```
#!/bin/sh
#$ -1 h_rt=01:00:00
#$ -cwd

module load gaussian
g09 < thiophene.gjf 1>thiophene.out 2>thiophegjf.err
```

Save this script to disk by typing Ctrl-o and pressing Enter. Type Ctrl-x to exit back to the command line. Use the command **qsub** to submit this script to the queue. Check to see its status in the queue with the command **qstat**.

You may have to wait up to a day for your job to be executed. The job will no longer be shown in the qstat output after it is complete. Once this has happened, you should be able to see a large output file (.out) in this directory list.

```
$ 1s -1
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 0 Jul 4 14:45 script-2.sh.o5693893
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 1 Jul 4 14:56 script-2.sh.o5693899
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 98 Jul 4 10:47 script-3.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 0 Jul 4 15:03 script-3.sh.e5693900
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 0 Jul 4 15:03 script-3.sh.o5693900
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 111 Jul 4 10:49 script-4.sh
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 0 Jul 4 15:03 thiophegjf.err
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 752 Jul 4 14:56 thiophene.gjf
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 882193 Jul 4 10:06 thiophene.log
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 1053 Jul 4 14:32 thiophene.mol2
-rw-r--r-- 1 jmurphy crowley 774402 Jul 4 15:18 thiophene.out
```

### 15. Use Antechamber to Generate Parameter and Topology Files

Run antechamber again on the Gaussian output file.

```
$ module load intel ambertools
$ export AMBERHOME=/usr/local/ambertools-13/
$ antechamber -fi gout -i thiophene.out -fo charmm -o thiophene -c resp
$ ls
ANTECHAMBER AC.AC
                        babel.sh
                                                  script-4.sh.e5693909
ANTECHAMBER AC.AC0
                         Esout
                                                  script-4.sh.o5693909
ANTECHAMBER BOND TYPE.AC molecule.chk
                                                  thiophegjf.err
ANTECHAMBER_BOND_TYPE.ACO Qout
                                                  thiophene.gjf
                        ACO QOUT
ANTECHAMBER.ESP
                                                  thiophene.inp
ANTECHAMBER PREP.AC
                        script-1.sh
                                                 thiophene.log
ANTECHAMBER PREP.ACO
                        script-1.sh.e5693885
                                                 thiophene.mol2
ANTECHAMBER RESP1.IN
                        script-1.sh.o5693885
                                                 thiophene.out
ANTECHAMBER RESP1.OUT
                        script-2.sh
                                                  thiophene.prm
ANTECHAMBER RESP2.IN
                         script-2.sh.e5693899
                                                  thiophene.rtf
ANTECHAMBER RESP2.OUT
                         script-2.sh.o5693899
ANTECHAMBER RESP.AC
                          script-3.sh
ATOMTYPE.INF
                          script-3.sh.e5693900
```

### 16. Modify the CHARMM Input File

In order to create the .psf file, the CHARMM input file, thiophene.inp, must be edited using the 'nano' command. Add the following three lines to the end of the input file. To save the file: ctrl o, enter, crtl x.

```
$ nano thiophene.inp
```

Add these lines to the bottom of the input file:

```
write psf card xplor name thiophene.psf
write coor card pdb name thiophene.pdb
stop
```

#### 17. Execute CHARMM to Generate the PSF and PDB Files

Use the command **wget** to download the program charmm to your ACEnet account. Decompress this file using **tar**, then execute charm using the input file you've generated. There will be a series of files generated.

```
$ wget http://www.chem.mun.ca/homes/cnrhome/charmm.tgz
$ tar xfz charmm.tgz
$ ./charmm < thiophene.inp > thiophene.charmmout
ANTECHAMBER AC.AC
                             molecule.chk
                                                    script-5.sh.o5693912
ANTECHAMBER AC.ACO
                            qout
                                                    script-6.sh
ANTECHAMBER BOND TYPE.AC
                           ACO QOUT
                                                    script-6.sh.e5693920
ANTECHAMBER BOND TYPE.ACO script-1.sh
                                                    script-6.sh.o5693920
ANTECHAMBER.ESP
                            script-1.sh.e5693885
                                                    thiophegif.err
ANTECHAMBER PREP.AC
                            script-1.sh.o5693885
                                                   thiophene.gjf
ANTECHAMBER PREP.ACO
                            script-2.sh
                                                    thiophene.inp
ANTECHAMBER RESP1.IN
                            script-2.sh.e5693899
                                                   thiophene.log
ANTECHAMBER RESP1.OUT
                           script-2.sh.o5693899
                                                   thiophene.mol2
ANTECHAMBER RESP2.IN
                            script-3.sh
                                                     thiophene.out
ANTECHAMBER RESP2.OUT
                            script-3.sh.e5693900
                                                    thiophene.pdb
ANTECHAMBER RESP.AC
                            script-4.sh.e5693909
                                                    thiophene.prm
ATOMTYPE.INF
                            script-4.sh.o5693909
                                                     thiophene.psf
babel.sh
                             script-5.sh
                                                     thiophene.rtf
Esout
                             script-5.sh.e5693912
                                                     tmp.out
```

# **Stage 1 Complete**

Download the psf and pdb files generated in the last step and submit them along with your WebMO screen shot.