Recurrent Neural Networks Stock Price Prediction

presented by

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Project Overview

- Goal: Compare LSTM and GRU for predicting AAPI stock prices
- Ivestigate how additional factors (Volume, OHLC) impact prediction performance
- Experiment with activation functions in GRU (ReLU, LeakyReLU, ELU)
- Evaluate models based on RMSE and behavior during training





Model Observations

- LSTM struggled → produced flat and non-informative predictions
- Close-only dataset too limited → LSTM failed to converge meaningfully
- GRU handled limited data better → followed price trends, though accuracy was modest
- Reinforced need for more context (features) for models like LSTM



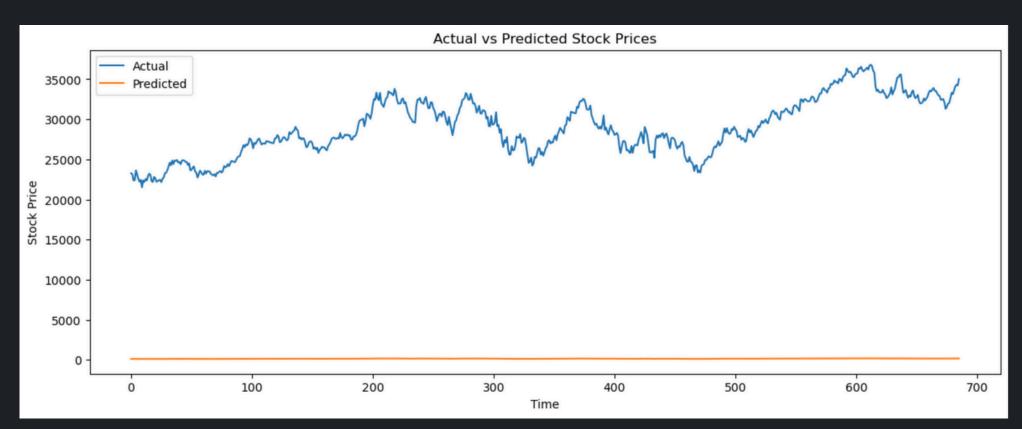
LMST (Close only)



Model Observations



GRU (Close only)

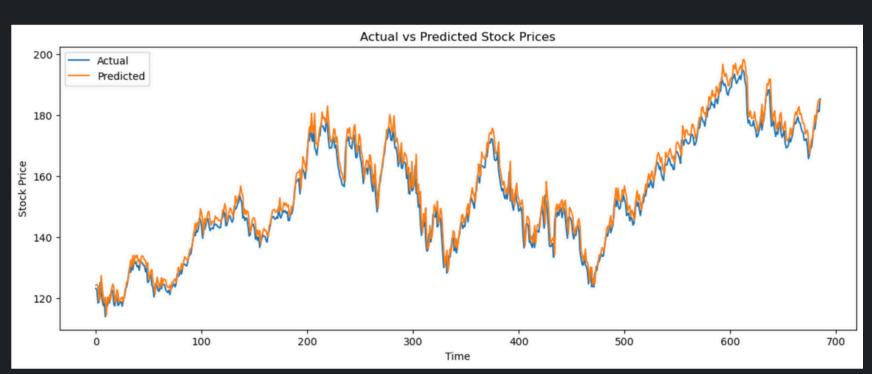


LMST (Close only)



- * Adding Volume adjusted prediction quality for both models
- # GRU seemed to slightly increase the performance gap
- LSTM greatly improved, possibly matching or slightly outperforming GRU at this stage.

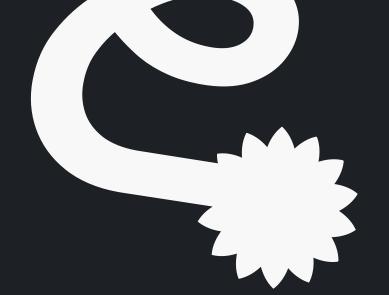




GRU (Close + Volume)

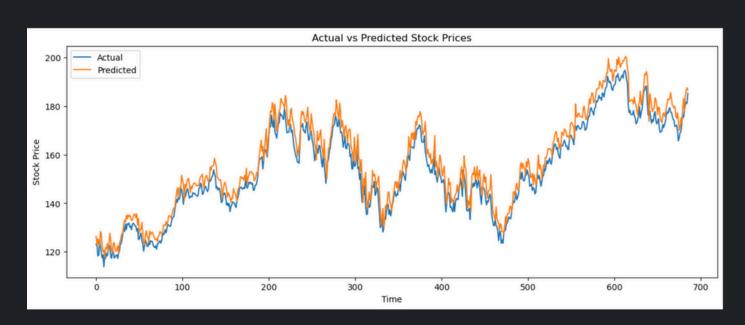
LSMT (Close + Volume)







Adding OHLC introduced richer feature set → LSMT handled this complexity better



LSMT(Volume + OHLC)

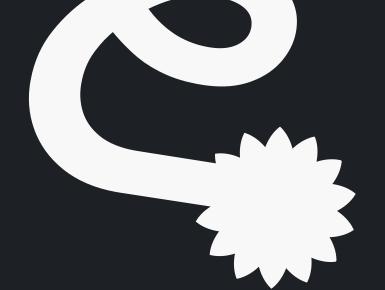


LSTM was still competitive, but GRU showed its scaling advantage

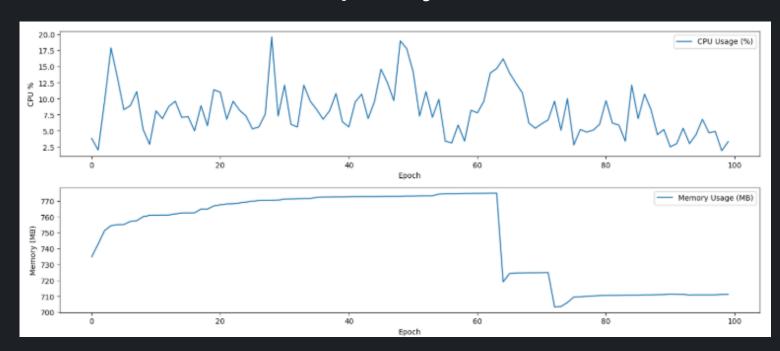


GRU(Volume + OHLC)



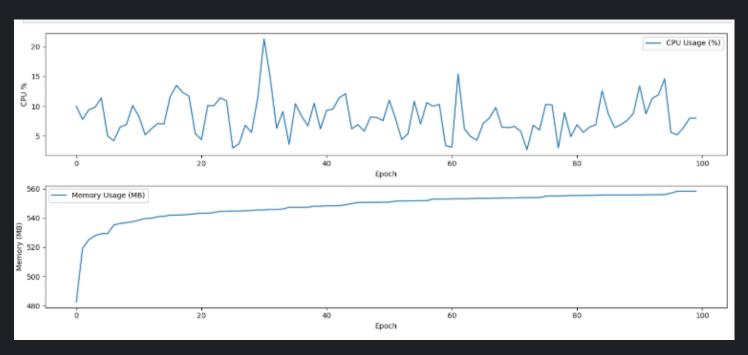


Adding OHLC introduced richer feature set → LSMT handled this complexity better



LSMT(Volume + OHLC)

LSTM was still competitive, but GRU showed its scaling advantage as it was less eractic and more stable



GRU(Volume + OHLC)



GRUACTIVATION * Conclusion -> Function Experiments

* ReLU

Tracked overall trend but consistently underpredicted stock prices.

* LeakyReLU

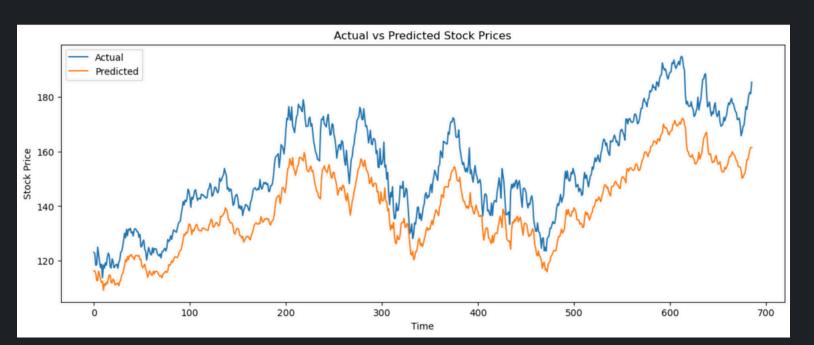
Slightly improved tracking over ReLU but still fell short of actual prices.

ELU

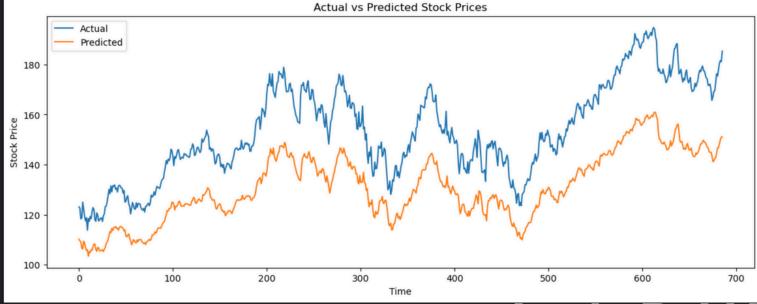
Best performer, closely following actual prices with smaller gaps.

ELU activation offered the most accurate and stable predictions overall.

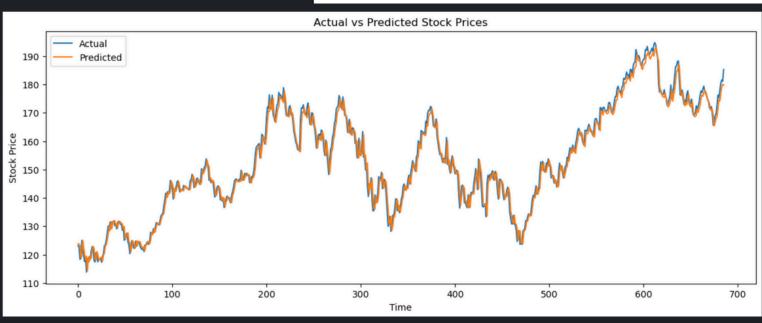




ReLU



GRU Activation Function Experiments



LeakyReLU

ELU



Challenges Encountered

- Input shape management became more difficult as features were added
- LSTM's inability to handle Close-only highlighted risks of underfitting with limited data
- Activation experiments → small tweaks had large effects on training stability
- psutil + TensorBoard helped monitor efficiency during experiments

***** LSTM

better suited for more complex patterns, but requires sufficient input data

#GRU

more flexible and adaptable, especially as input complexity increases

* LeakyReLU

best activation function tested → stable, fast, and consistent

Key Insights and Takeaways



Feature selection
 was critical → more
 data helped, but
 only when used
 thoughtfully

Future Directions



* Test models on other stocks for generalization

* Add external market indicators (ex: sentiment analysis, macroeconomic signals)

Explore alternative architectures like Transformers for further improvements



Final Reflection and Questions

- Subtle, but important differences emerged across experiments
- LSTM and GRU both viable, but GRU proved more flexible overall
- Future modeling success depends on carefully balancing architecture, features, and tuning

Thank you!

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