Your Personalized Skincare Genetics Report

Summary

Found 4 genetic marker(s) with risk alleles affecting skin care.

Your Genetic Mutations

| rsID | Gene | Genotype | Risk Allele | Effect | Evidence | Category |
|------------|---------|----------|-------------|--|---------------------|--------------|
| rs16891982 | SLC45A2 | GG | G | Influences melanin production and pigmentation | Strong | Pigmentation |
| rs4880 | SOD2 | AG | G | Modulates oxidative stress response; impacts UV-induced of | da Mage rate | Antioxidant |
| rs1800795 | IL6 | CC | С | Influences inflammatory response; linked to acne/rosacea | Strong | Inflammation |
| rs743572 | CYP17A1 | AG | A | Regulates androgen synthesis; influences sebum productio | n Weak | Acne |

Ingredient Recommendations Based on Your Genetics

SLC45A2 (rs16891982) - Risk Allele: G | Effect: Influences melanin production and pigmentation

No beneficial ingredient recommendations available.

No cautionary ingredient recommendations available.

SOD2 (rs4880) - Risk Allele: G | Effect: Modulates oxidative stress response; impacts UV-induced damage

Beneficial Ingredients: Vitamin E (Tocopherol), Green Tea Extract, Vitamin C (L-Ascorbic Acid), Resveratrol

Ingredients to Avoid: High-concentration Vitamin C, Unstable Antioxidants

IL6 (rs1800795) - Risk Allele: C | Effect: Influences inflammatory response; linked to acne/rosacea

Beneficial Ingredients: Azelaic Acid, Zinc Oxide, Niacinamide, Green Tea Extract, Centella Asiatica

Ingredients to Avoid: High-concentration AHAs, Benzoyl Peroxide, Synthetic Fragrances, Chemical Sunscreen Filters

CYP17A1 (rs743572) - Risk Allele: A | Effect: Regulates androgen synthesis; influences sebum production

No beneficial ingredient recommendations available.

No cautionary ingredient recommendations available.

Detailed Recommendations

=== PERSONALIZED SKINCARE REPORT ===

GENETIC RISK ASSESSMENT

GENETIC RISK ASSESSMENT

Gene: CAT (Antioxidant)

Risk Level: Medium

Affects: Antioxidant Capacity

Gene: CLOCK (Circadian)

Risk Level: Low

Affects: Circadian Rhythm Response

Gene: COL1A1 (Collagen)

Risk Level: Medium

Affects: Collagen Production, Elastin Quality

Gene: CYP17A1 (Acne)

Risk Level: Low

Affects: Sebum Production

Gene: CYP26A1 (Sensitivity)

Risk Level: Low

Affects: Product Sensitivity

Gene: ERCC2 (DNA Repair)

Risk Level: Medium

Affects: DNA Repair Capacity

Gene: FLG (Barrier Function)

Risk Level: High

Affects: Barrier Function, Hydration Level

Gene: IL6 (Inflammation)

Risk Level: High

Affects: Immune Activity, Inflammatory Response

Gene: MC1R (Pigmentation)

Risk Level: High

Affects: Melanin Production, UV Sensitivity

Gene: SLC45A2 (Pigmentation)

Risk Level: High

Affects: Melanin Production

Gene: SOD2 (Antioxidant)

Risk Level: Medium

Affects: Antioxidant Capacity

Gene: TNF- α (Inflammation)

Risk Level: High

Affects: Immune Activity, Inflammatory Response

Gene: TYR (Pigmentation)

Risk Level: High

Affects: Melanin Production

DAILY SKINCARE ROUTINE

DAILY SKINCARE ROUTINE

Cleanser:

Primary Options: Arbutin, Azelaic Acid, Centella Asiatica, Ceramides, Colloidal Oatmeal, Hyaluronic Acid, Niacinamide, Retinoids, Tranexamic Acid, Vitamin C (L-Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (Tocopherol), Zinc Oxide

Alternative Options: Aloe Vera, Bakuchiol, Beta Glucan, Green Tea Extract, Kojic Acid, Peptides, Polyglutamic Acid, Squalane

Notes: Gentle cleansing based on skin characteristics

Treatment:

Primary Options: Arbutin, Azelaic Acid, Centella Asiatica, Ceramides, Colloidal Oatmeal, Hyaluronic Acid, Niacinamide, Retinoids, Tranexamic Acid, Vitamin C (L-Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (Tocopherol), Zinc Oxide

Alternative Options: Aloe Vera, Bakuchiol, Beta Glucan, Green Tea Extract, Kojic Acid, Peptides, Polyglutamic Acid, Squalane

Notes: Target specific skin concerns

Moisturizer:

Primary Options: Arbutin, Azelaic Acid, Centella Asiatica, Ceramides, Colloidal Oatmeal, Hyaluronic Acid, Niacinamide, Retinoids, Tranexamic Acid, Vitamin C (L-Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (Tocopherol), Zinc Oxide

Alternative Options: Aloe Vera, Bakuchiol, Beta Glucan, Green Tea Extract, Kojic Acid, Peptides, Polyglutamic Acid, Squalane

Notes: Barrier support and hydration

Sun Protection:

Primary Options: Arbutin, Azelaic Acid, Centella Asiatica, Ceramides, Colloidal Oatmeal, Hyaluronic Acid, Niacinamide, Retinoids, Tranexamic Acid, Vitamin C (L-Ascorbic Acid), Vitamin E (Tocopherol), Zinc Oxide

Alternative Options: Aloe Vera, Bakuchiol, Beta Glucan, Green Tea Extract, Kojic Acid, Peptides, Polyglutamic Acid, Squalane

Notes: UV protection based on sensitivity

RECOMMENDED INGREDIENTS

RECOMMENDED INGREDIENTS

Vitamin C (L-Ascorbic Acid):

Benefits: Antioxidant Capacity, Collagen Production, Elastin Quality, Melanin Production, UV Sensitivity

Evidence Level: Strong

Vitamin E (Tocopherol):

Benefits: Antioxidant Capacity

Evidence Level: Strong Retinoids: Benefits: Collagen Production, Elastin Quality Evidence Level: Strong Ceramides: Benefits: Barrier Function, Hydration Level Evidence Level: Strong Colloidal Oatmeal: Benefits: Barrier Function, Hydration Level Evidence Level: Strong Hyaluronic Acid: Benefits: Barrier Function, Hydration Level Evidence Level: Strong Niacinamide: Benefits: Immune Activity, Inflammatory Response, Melanin Production, UV Sensitivity Evidence Level: Strong Tranexamic Acid:

Evidence Level: Strong

Benefits: Melanin Production, UV Sensitivity

| Arbutin: |
|--|
| Benefits: Melanin Production, UV Sensitivity |
| Evidence Level: Strong |
| Zinc Oxide: |
| Benefits: Immune Activity, Inflammatory Response, Melanin Production, UV Sensitivity |

Evidence Level: Strong

Azelaic Acid:

Benefits: Immune Activity, Inflammatory Response

Evidence Level: Strong

Centella Asiatica:

Benefits: Immune Activity, Inflammatory Response

Evidence Level: Strong

INGREDIENTS TO AVOID/USE WITH CAUTION

INGREDIENTS TO AVOID/USE WITH CAUTION

Sodium Lauryl Sulfate (Avoid):

Reason: Disrupts barrier function, particularly risky with FLG mutations

Alternatives: Gentle sulfate-free cleansers

Denatured Alcohol (Avoid):

Reason: Can severely compromise impaired skin barrier

Alternatives: Glycerin, Butylene Glycol

Bergamot Oil (Avoid):

Reason: Can cause photosensitivity and irregular pigmentation

Alternatives: Photostable botanical extracts

Unstable Antioxidants (Avoid):

Reason: Can become pro-oxidant in certain conditions

Alternatives: Stable antioxidant formulations

Benzoyl Peroxide (Use with Caution):

Reason: Can cause increased inflammation in sensitive skin

Alternatives: Azelaic Acid, Niacinamide

Hydroquinone (Use with Caution):

Reason: May cause paradoxical hyperpigmentation in some individuals

Alternatives: Kojic Acid, Vitamin C, Arbutin

Retinol (Use with Caution):

Reason: May cause increased irritation in individuals with retinoid metabolism variants

Alternatives: Bakuchiol, Peptides

Synthetic Fragrances (Use with Caution):

Reason: Common trigger for sensitive skin reactions

Alternatives: Fragrance-free formulations

Tretinoin (Use with Caution):

Reason: Higher risk of irritation in retinoid metabolism variant carriers

Alternatives: Bakuchiol, Niacinamide

High-concentration Vitamin C (Use with Caution):

Reason: May cause oxidative stress in sensitive individuals

Alternatives: Lower concentrations, stable derivatives

Chemical Sunscreen Filters (Use with Caution):

Reason: May cause reactions in sensitive individuals

Alternatives: Mineral sunscreens

Essential Oils (Use with Caution):

Reason: May irritate sensitive or barrier-compromised skin

Alternatives: Fragrance-free alternatives

High-concentration AHAs (Use with Caution):

Reason: May trigger excessive inflammation in sensitive individuals

Alternatives: PHAs, low concentration lactic acid

ADDITIONAL NOTES

ADDITIONAL NOTES

- Always patch test new products before full application

- Introduce new products one at a time
- Monitor skin response and adjust routine as needed
- Consider seasonal adjustments to your routine