

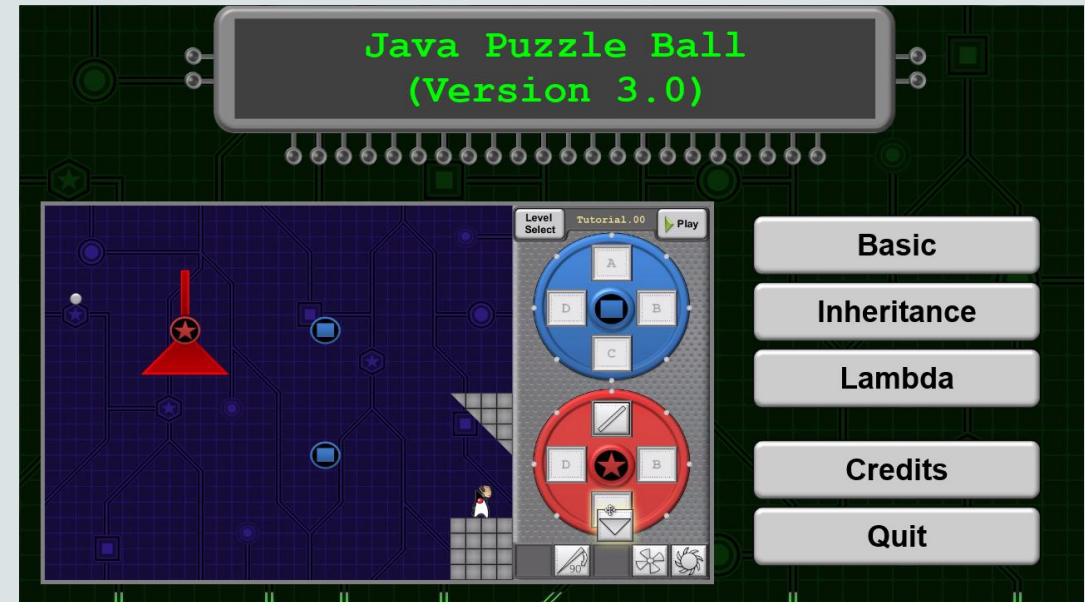


# Java Puzzle Ball

Nick Ristuccia

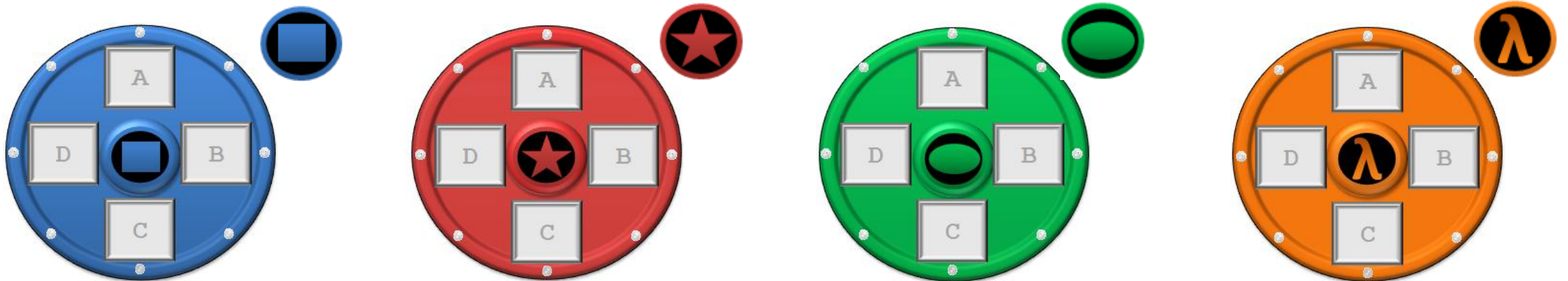
## Lesson 4-1

### Designing Lambda Puzzles



# Mysterious Lambda

- I knew I was going need to make Lambda Puzzles.
  - Or maybe even a new game to teach Lambda expressions.
  - This would be for the Oracle University Java SE 8 New Features course.
- But I didn't know what this would look like.
  - Basic and Inheritance puzzles were developed without a design for Lambda.
  - I made art for Lambda wheels and bumpers, not knowing how I'd ever use them.



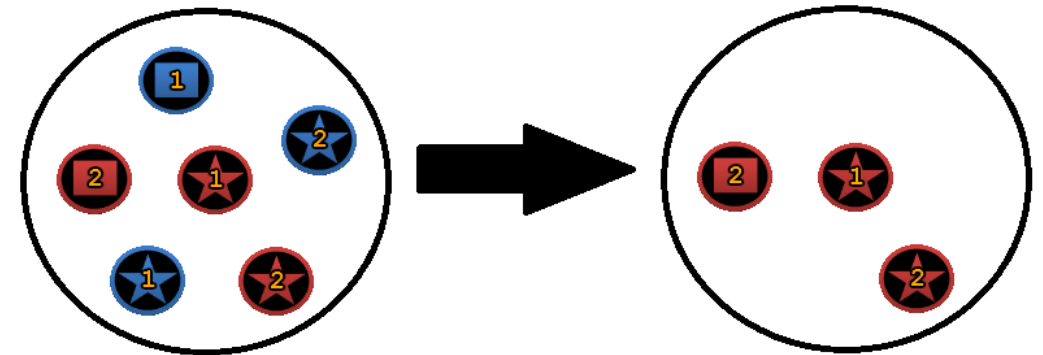
# Areas to Improve

- Once you set the ball in motion, all you do is wait.
  - Could there be more interactivity?
  - Thankfully, Lambda can be used to process mouse events.
- Some testers thought they weren't learning if they weren't typing code.
  - Pig Pounder shows how this way of thinking can be dangerous.
  - I still wanted to see if Java syntax was a direction I could innovate.
- I wanted to destroy stuff.
  - You can turn the ball into a blade.
  - Can you ever slice Duke with the blade?
  - If not, it's just a big tease.



# What did I Propose?

- I made a pitch at the beginning February 2014.
  - Lambda puzzles are different. You're not designing classes anymore.
  - But it **extends** the existing ball-bouncing and bumper code.
- One way I learn is by messing around with settings.
  - Observe the effects to gain insight into what a portion of code controls.
- Lambda puzzles let you...
  - Edit the values in Lambda expressions.
  - Click the ball as it moves to change its direction.
  - Filter away/destroy all BlueBumpers.
- This will make more sense as you play ;)



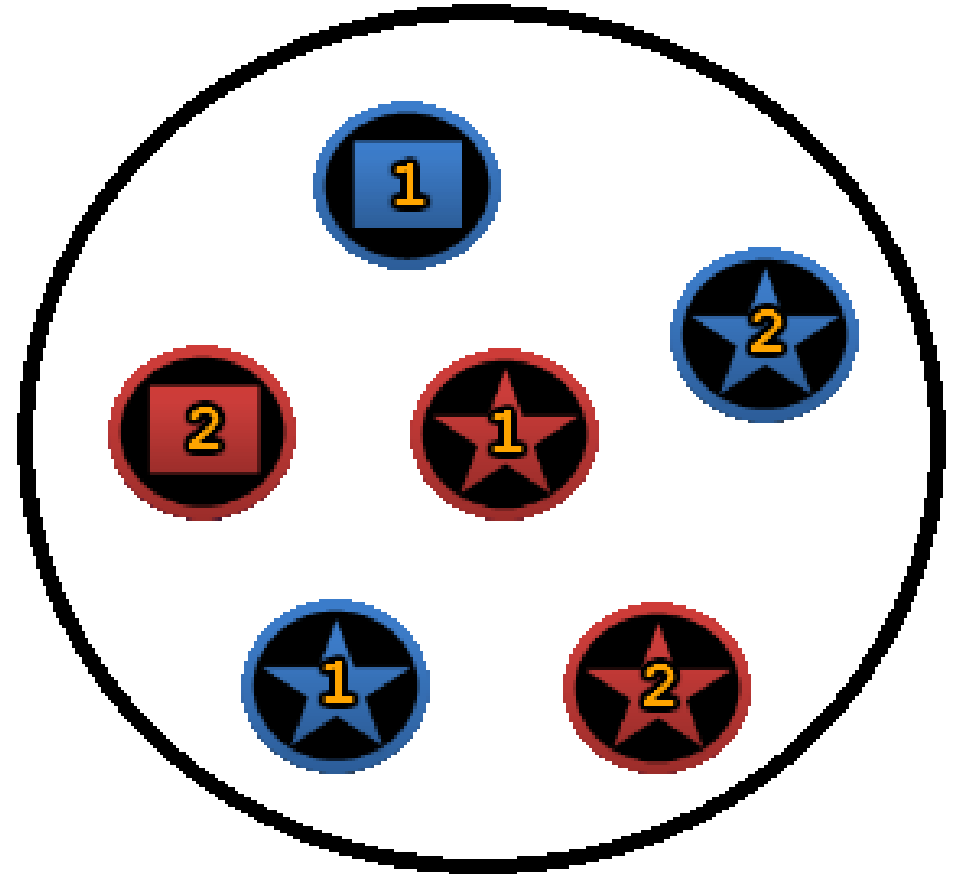
# Filtering Based on Properties

- When you have a program with a lot of instances, you often need to search, compare, and filter those instances based on their properties.
  - Award a \$20 monthly bonus for every account with at least \$20,000.
  - Charge a fee for every account that hasn't posted enough transactions in a month.
  - Search for every account in your name.
- Performing these actions involves examining account object fields:
  - `balance`
  - `numberOfTransactions`
  - `accountOwner`
- Lambda expressions are very good at handling this logic.



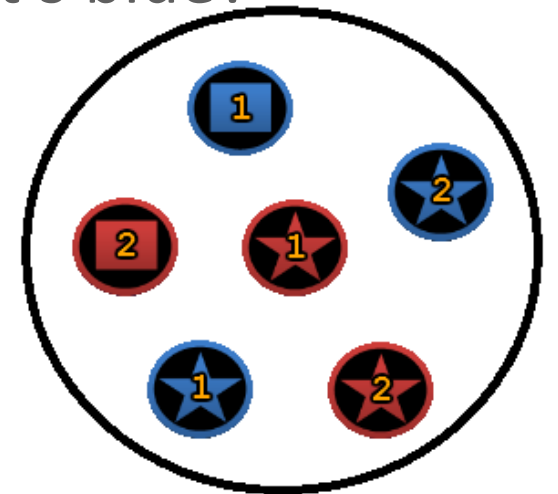
# Filtering Based on Properties in Java Puzzle Ball

- Lambda Puzzles let you to perform actions and filter bumpers based on their properties.
- Bumper properties included...
  - shape
  - color
  - number *This property is new*
- However, this caused an issue for colorblindness.



# Addressing Colorblindness

- Previously, all Blue Bumpers contained rectangles and Red Bumpers contained stars.
  - If you couldn't tell the difference between blue and red, you could at least tell the difference between a rectangle and a star.
- Lambda Bumpers wrecked this convention by mixing colors and shapes.
- How do players remove Blue Bumpers if they can't tell what's blue?
  - We added a glow around Blue Bumpers to address this.
  - This is called software **accessibility**.
  - You want to make software as accessible to everyone as possible.

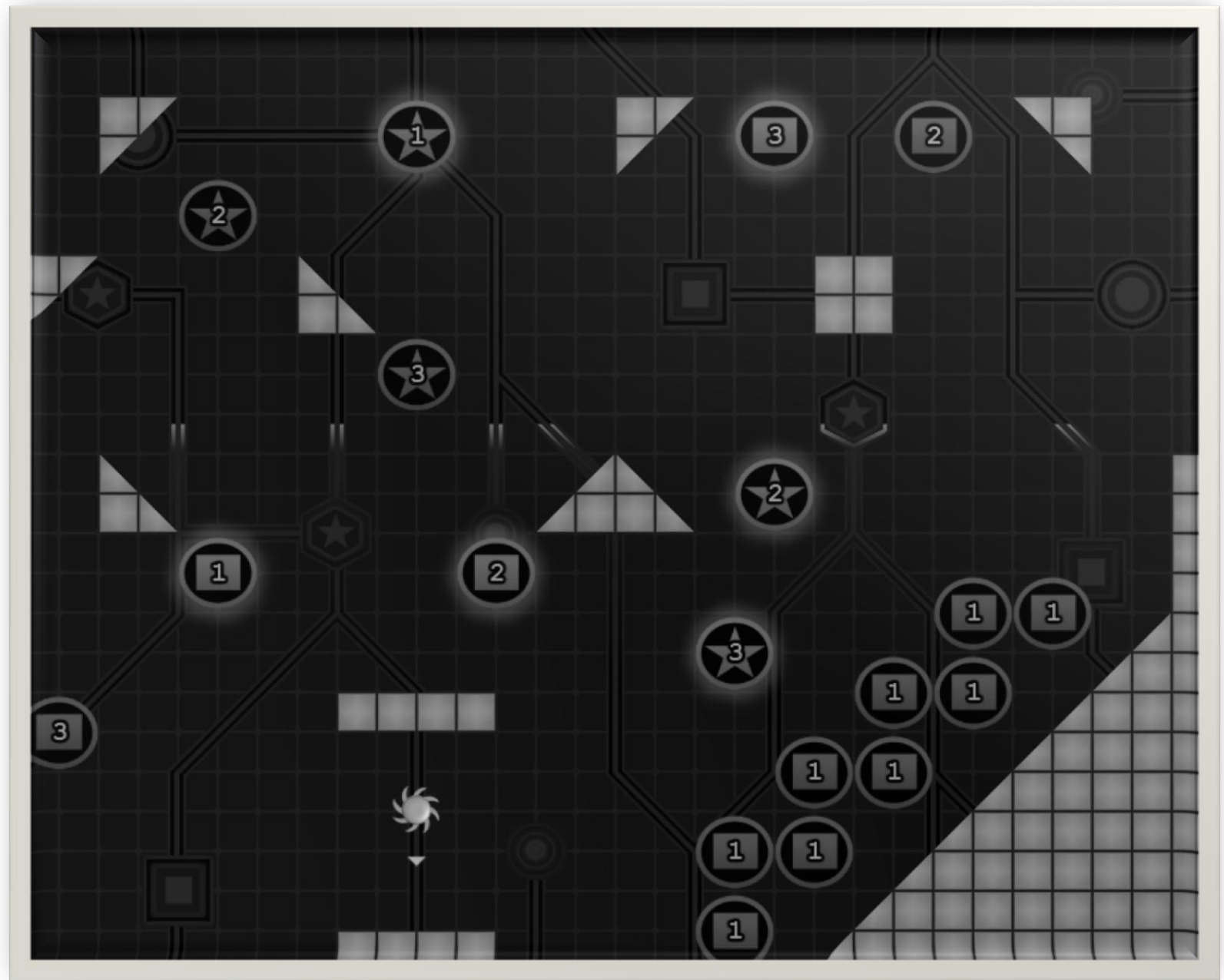




# Can You Tell Which Bumpers are Blue?

Yes

No



# Developing Lambda Puzzles

- This game mode took 1 month to develop.
- It was tied to an Oracle University course with a more-advanced audience.
- It assumed players came already understanding a few things about Java syntax and boolean values.
- I'll explain these right now.

`==`   `!=`   `&&`   `||`

# Logic Operators in Java

- Sometimes programs need to compare several values.
  - Java provides special operators to do this, including:

**==**

*Are two  
values equal?*

**!=**

*Are two not  
values equal?*

**&&**

*And*

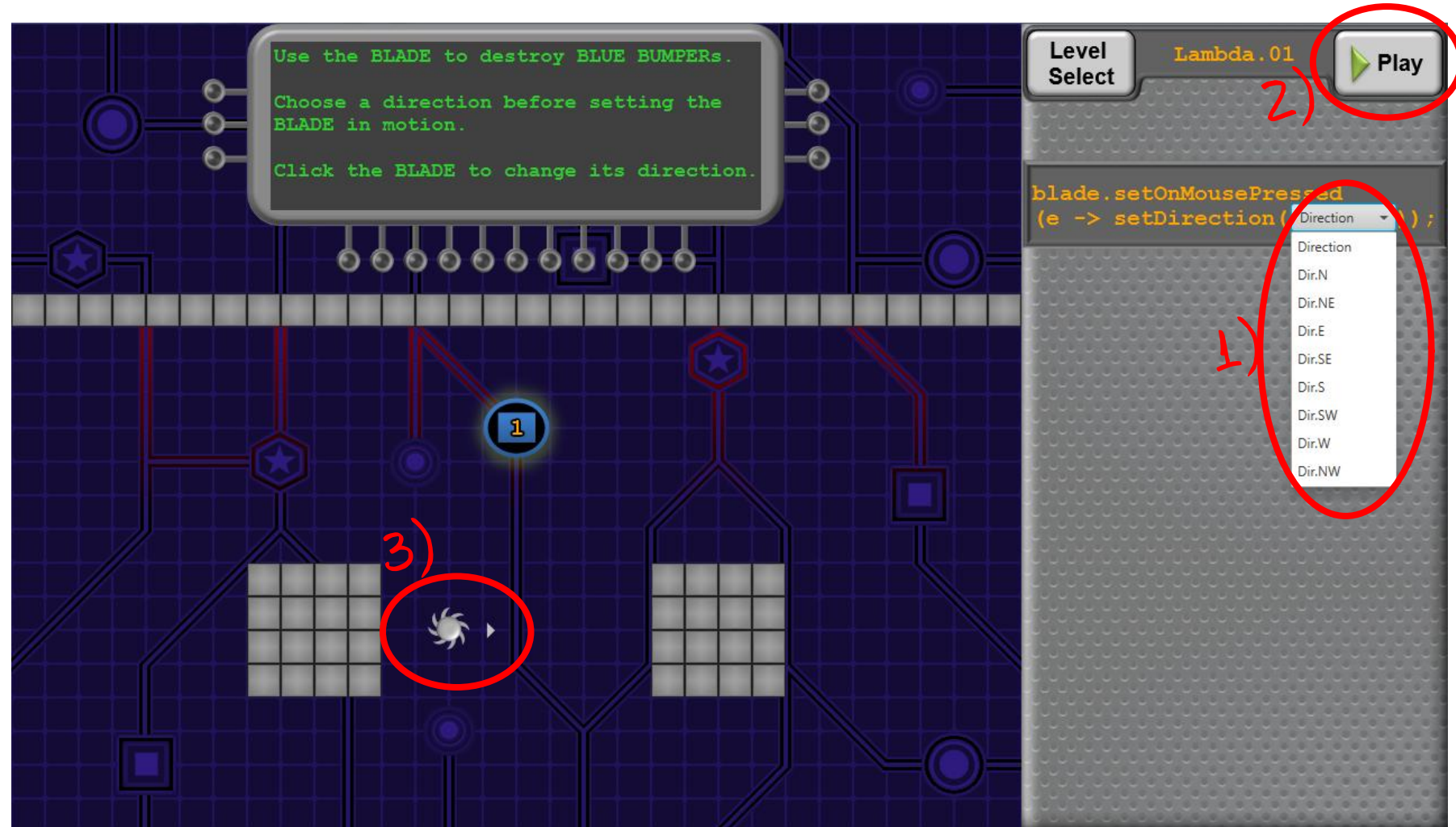
**||**

*Or*

- As you play, try to discover more about how these operators work.
  - Remember, a goal of this course is to learn by playing around.

# How to Play

1. Alter settings
2. Set the blade in motion
3. Click the blade to change its direction



## Exercise 4

- Play **Lambda Puzzles 1 through 7.**

- Destroy Blue Bumpers
- Preserve Red Bumpers

- Consider the following:

- Can you identify use-cases for lambda expressions?
- Can you figure out how the logic operators work?

*You're welcome to play  
beyond puzzle 7*

