

CMSC 422: Machine Learning

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01 Sep 2015

What is this course about?

- ▶ Finding (and exploiting) patterns in data
- ▶ Replacing “human writing code” with “human supplying data”
 - ⇒ System figures out what the person wants based on examples
 - ⇒ Need to abstract from “training” examples to “test” examples
 - ⇒ Most central issue in ML: *generalization*

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Why is machine learning so cool?

- ▶ Broad applicability
 - ▶ Finance, robotics, vision, machine translation, medicine, etc.
- ▶ Close connection between theory and practice
- ▶ Open field, lots of room for new work
- ▶ <http://www.computerworld.com/action/article.do?command=viewArticleBasic&articleId=9026623>

Course Goals

By the end of the semester, you should be able to:

- ▶ Look at a problem and identify if ML is an appropriate solution
- ▶ If so, identify what types of algorithms might be applicable
- ▶ Apply those algorithms
- ▶ Conquer the world

In order to get there, you will need to:

- ▶ Do a lot of math (calculus, linear algebra, probability)
- ▶ Do a fair amount of programming
- ▶ Work hard (this is a 3-credit class)

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I try to take your comments seriously!
(but some things won't change...)

Topics Covered

- ▶ Supervised learning: learning with a teacher
- ▶ Unsupervised learning: learning without a teacher
- ▶ Complex settings: learning in a complicated world

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- ▶ Not a zoo tour!
- ▶ Not an introduction to tools!
- ▶ You will learn how these techniques work and how to implement them.

On Piazza, linked from `http://hal3.name/:`

`piazza.com/umd/fall2015/cmsc422/home`

Reading: I expect you to do it!

(but most are ≤ 12 pages, all are ≤ 20)

Online book draft (missing some figures) linked off the web page.

(Extra credit for new/unique bugs submitted or *fixed* on GitHub!)

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Class time is for:

- ▶ Discussing questions from the reading
 - ▶ There are questions in the margins: be prepared to answer them
- ▶ Discussing homework assignments / labs
 - ▶ On each homework you must answer a “what didn’t you understand” question
- ▶ Me providing an insider’s view

Things **you** need to do **now**!

Complete Homework 00

- ▶ Due 08 Sep (that's **next Tuesday!**, by 8:00a)
- ▶ Submit using **handin**

Complete the first reading

- ▶ See syllabus
- ▶ Due by class Thursday (I mean it!)

Sign up to get mails

- ▶ Subscribe to the Piazza group.
- ▶ But be sure to actually read it!

Read the Piazza course description information!

Now, on to some real content. . .

(but first, questions?)

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- ▶ Training/testing

Classification

- ▶ How would you write a program to distinguish a **picture** of **me** from a picture of **someone else**?
- ▶ How would you write a program to determine whether a **sentence** is **grammatical** or **not**?
- ▶ How would you write a program to distinguish **cancerous cells** from **normal cells**?

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 - ⇒ Provide examples pictures of **me** and pictures of **other people** and let a *classifier* learn to distinguish the two.
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Data (“weather” prediction)

Example dataset:

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1. Class label
2. Features
3. Feature values

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A *labeled dataset* is a collection of (x, y) pairs

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Requires us to **generalize** from the training data

Ingredients for classification

Whole idea: Inject *your* knowledge into a learning system

Sources of knowledge:

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- ▶ No single learning algorithm is always good (“no free lunch”)
- ▶ Different learning algorithms work with different ways of representing the learned classifier
- ▶ When the data has nothing to say, which model is better
- ▶ Typically requires some control over **generalization**

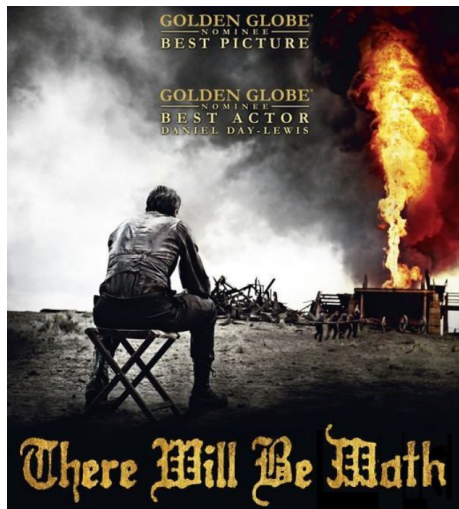
More on generalization later...

Why do we care about math?!

► **Calculus and linear algebra:**

► **Probability:**

► **Statistics:**



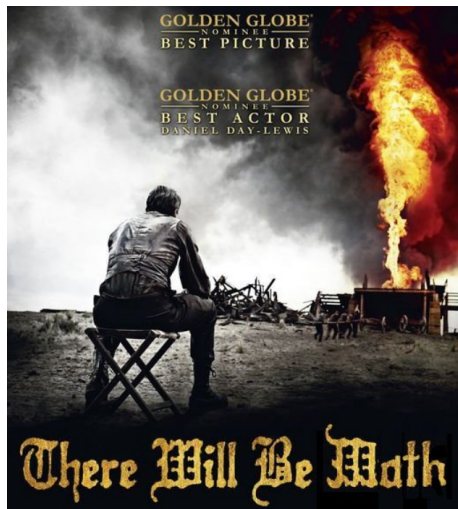
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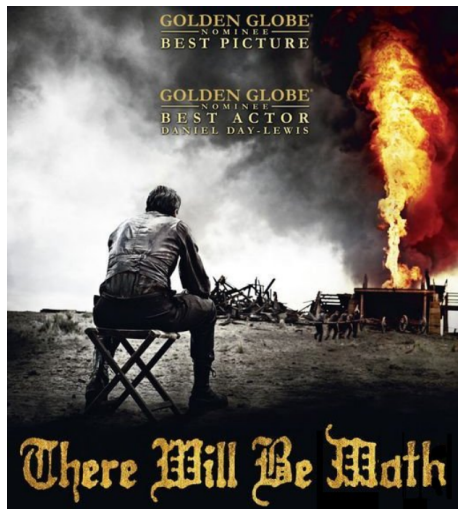
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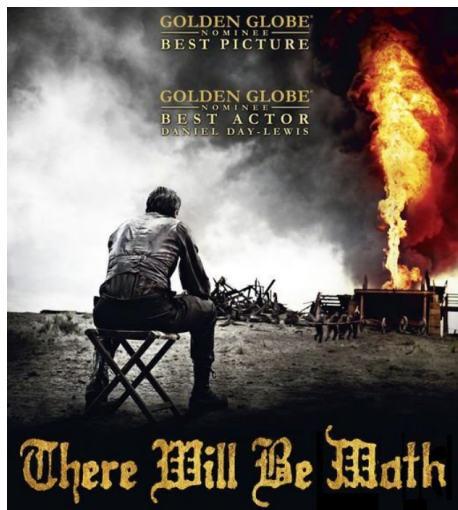
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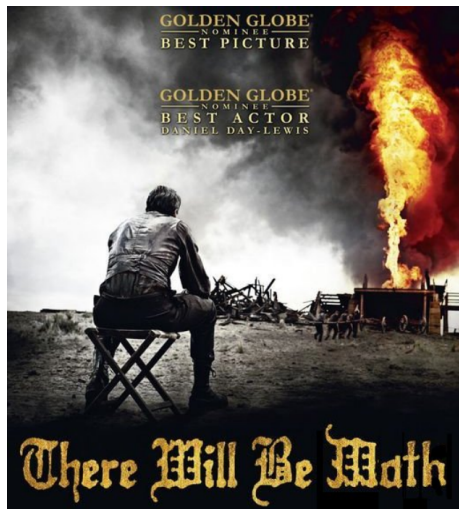
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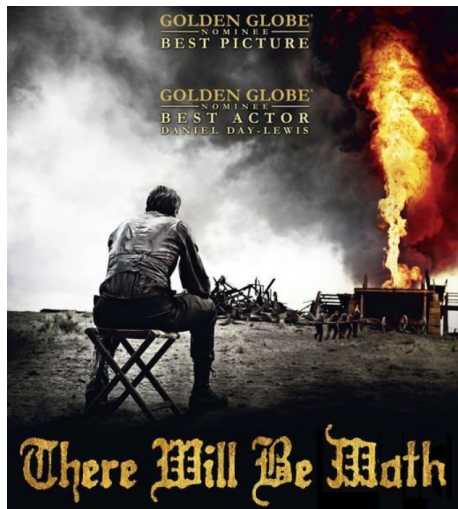
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► Statistics:

1. The analysis and interpretation of data



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Recall, **statistics** is the analysis and interpretation of data.

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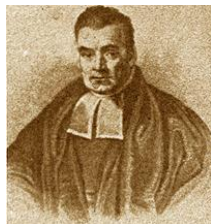
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It all started with a lady drinking tea...



History of ML?

- ▶ Initial attempts at object recognition [Rosenblatt, 1958]
- ▶ Learning to play checker [Samuel, 1959, 1963]
- ▶ Rosenblatt can't learn XOR [Minsky & Pappert, 1969]
- ▶ Symbolic learning, spectroscopy [Winston, 1975; Buchanan 1971]
- ▶ Backpropagation for neural nets [Werbos, 1974; Rumelhart, 1986]
- ▶ PAC model of learning theory [Valiant, 1984]
- ▶ Optimization enters machine learning [Bennett & Mangasarian, 1993]
- ▶ Kernel methods for non-linearity [Cortes & Vapnik, 1995]
- ▶ Machine learning behind day-to-day tasks [2005ish]
- ▶ Machine learning takes over the world [2010ish]
- ▶ Neural networks and the biggest come-back ever [2013ish]